

Displacement Tracking Matrix - Nigeria Emergency Tracking Tool (ETT) - Quarterly (January - March 2020)

DTM Emergency Tracking Tool (ETT) is deployed to track and provide up-to-date information on sudden displacement and other population movements

MOVEMENTS



Arrivals 26,750 individuals

Departures 7,659 individuals

NEW ARRIVALS SCREENING BY NUTRITION PARTNERS



children (6 - 59 months) screen for malnutrition

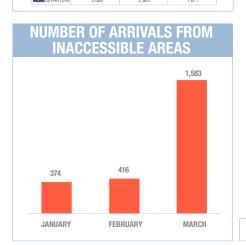
MUAC category of screened children

Green: 2,337 Yellow: 166 Red: 53





NUMBER OF ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES B 10,000 6,000 4.000

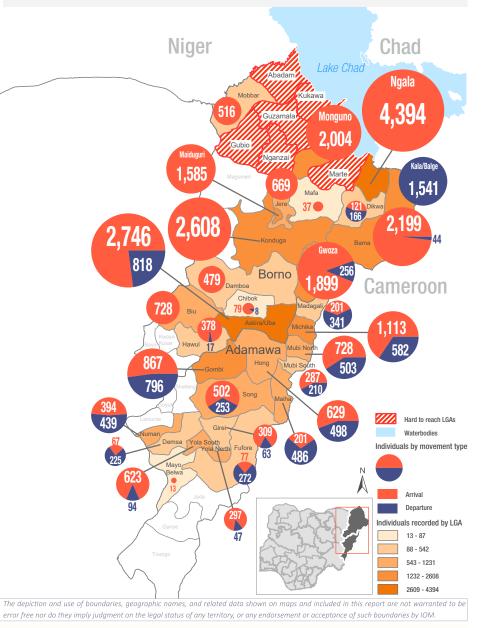


From January to March 2020, a total of 33,409 movements were recorded, composed of 26,750 arrivals and 7,659 departures. Arrivals were recorded at locations in Askira/Uba, Bama, Biu, Chibok, Damboa, Dikwa, Gwoza, Hawul, Jere, Konduga, Mafa, Maiduguri Metropolitan Council, Mobbar, Monguno and Ngala Local Government Areas (LGAs) of Borno state. Arrivals were also recorded in Demsa, Fufore, Girei, Gombi, Hong, Madagali, Maiha, Mayo-Belwa, Michika, Mubi North, Mubi South, Numan, Song, Yola North, and Yola South LGAs of Adamawa state.

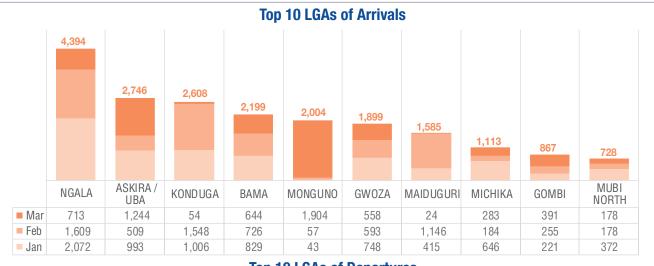
Departures were recorded in Askira/Uba, Bama, Chibok, Dikwa, Gwoza, Hawul and Kala/Balge LGAs of Borno state; Demsa, Fufore, Girei, Gombi, Hong, Madagali, Maiha, Michika, Mubi North, Mubi South, Numan, Song, Yola North and Yola South LGAs of Adamawa state also recorded departures.

Out of the 33,409 movements recorded, 4,442 movements were recorded from neighbouring countries which composed of 3,725 IDPs and 717 Returnees. Of these arrivals, 3,903 were from Cameroon, 401 from Republic of Niger and 138 from Chad. Sixty-two per cent of the new arrivals reported to have relocated due to poor living conditions, 36 per cent relocated voluntarily, 1 per cent relocated due to fear of attack, and the remaining 1 per cent relocated due to conflict/attack and improved security.

ETT assessments identified the following movement triggers: poor living conditions (31.7%), voluntary relocation (23.4%), conflict/attack (15.9%), improved security (11.6%), fear of attack (10.8%), military operations (6.3%) and involuntary relocation (0.3%).



IOM's Emergency Tracking Tool (ETT) is deployed in Nigeria's northeastern states. Only Local Government Areas (LGAs) in which the IDP population changed since the latest DTM round of assessments are represented in this report. The data has been collected by DTM staff deployed at the locations listed and cross-checked with the partners present on the ground.





Cross-border Movements 4,442 cross-border movements were recorded 88% arrived from Cameroon arrived from Niger 3% arrived from Chad 16% returned to their 84% returned as IDPs original abodes



Emergency Tracking Tool Reports Released on Movements Tracked within January to March 2020		
Report 153 (6 - 12 January 2020)	Report 158 (10 - 16 February 2020)	Report 163 (16 - 22 March 2020)
Report 154 (13 - 19 January 2020)	Report 159 (17 - 23 February 2020)	Report 164 (23 - 29 March 2020)
Report 155 (20 - 26 January 2020)	Report 160 (24 February - 1 March 2020)	Report 165 (30 March - 5 April 2020)
Report 156 (27 January - 2 February 2020)	Report 161 (2 - 8 March 2020)	
Report 157 (3 - 9 February 2020)	Report 162 (9 - 15 March 2020)	
Click Report title to view the published report & details on Google map	Note: This report includes few movements captured after the reports were published. MUAC data: as provided by UNICEF	















