

Emergency Tracking Tool | Movement Alert 99

21 February 2024



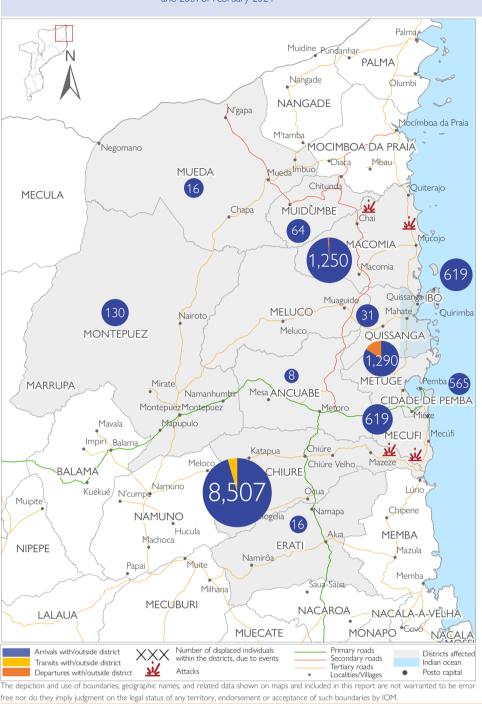
Ancuabe, Chiure, Erati, Ibo, Macomia, Mecufi, Metuge, Montepuez, Muidumbe, Pemba and Quissanga districts, Northern Mozambique











Between 22 December 2023 to 20 February 2024, a series of sporadic attacks and fear of attacks by Non-state Armed Groups in Macomia, Chiure, Mecufi, Mocimboa da Praia, and Muidumbe triggered the cumulative displacement 26,690 individuals/6,760 families. [For more see Emergency Tracking Online Dashboard]. Although included within this cumulative displacement estimate - the current Movement Alert #99 reports on recent attacks recorded in Macomia, Chiure and Mecufi between 8 to 20 February that displaced 13,088 individuals. Montepuez, Mecufi, Erati and Ibo. Movements in the region continue to be dynamic within districts and between Cabo Delgado and Nampula. Within the last 24 hours a signifigant influx of arrivals from Chiure to Erati have received across communities in Namapa Sede. Interviews with families are ongoing across registration points in Namapa. Within this reporting period, arrivals of displaced families have been mapped across villages of Ancuabe, Chiure, Erati, Ibo, Macomia, Mecufi, Metuge, Montepuez, Muidumbe, Pemba and Quissanga

Of the total individuals displaced between 8-20 February, 846 families with 3,627 individuals have taken refuge in displacement centers of Chiure (Maningane, Muajaja, Kuphe, Namitua, Nahavara, Meriha, and Namisir), 288 families with 823 individuals have taken refuge in displacement centers of Macomia (Xinavane, Nanga A and Nanga B), 66 families with 284 individuals have taken refuge in displacement centers of Metuge (Ntocota, Bandar, Ngunga) 27 families with 118 individuals have taken refuge in displacement centers of Montepuez (Ujama, Ntele), 10 families with 19 individuals have taken refuge in displacement centers of Muidumbe (Lutete) 2 families with 16 individuals have taken refuge in displacement centers of Mueda (Lyanda) and 3 families with 8 individuals have taken refuge in displacement centers of Ancuabe (Cujupane, Nanjua).

Owing to prevailing security concerns in the region reported by displaced families, intentions on duration of their stay in current locations of displacement sites and host communities remains uncertain. The objective of the Emergency Tracking Tool (ETT) - Movement Alert is to collect information on large and sudden population movements, providing humanitarian response partners with data on IDPs to support effective humanitarian response. Information is collected through key informants' interviews or direct observation. This alert provides basic information on displacements, and additional information can be shared upon request.

URGENT NEEDS

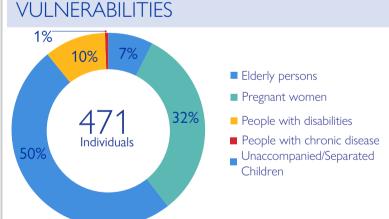


Urgent needs are calculated by weighting the total number of IDP arrivals in each group against the stated priority

DEMOGRAPHIC PROFILE

Women 285 2,961 23%

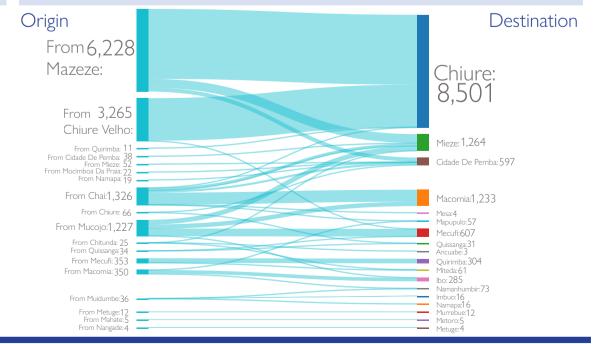




TREND: DISPLACED INDIVIDUALS

4,000 3,453 3,500 Spikes in daily movements 3,000 due to increased attacks 2,465 2,500 1,875 2,000 1,500 1,083 1,000 329 415 500 252 8-Feb 9-Feb 10-Feb 11-Feb 12-Feb 13-Feb 14-Feb 15-Feb 16-Feb 17-Feb 18-Feb 19-Feb 20-Feb

MOVEMENT FLOW (DEPARTURE FROM POSTO TO DISTRICT)



Supported by:













