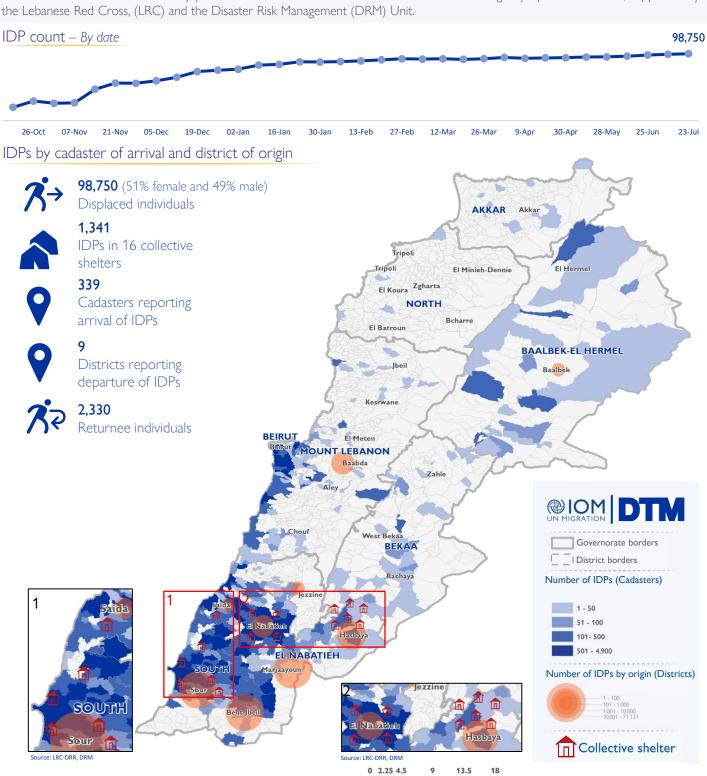


MOBILITY SNAPSHOT – Round 40

Report Production Date: 25 July 2024 | Data collected up till 4 pm on 23 July 2024

Overview

Armed confrontations have been occurring at the Southern Lebanese border since the 8 October 2023. As a consequence, several thousand families from South Lebanon have fled their homes. The International Organization for Migration (IOM) conducts daily monitoring of population movements, with the objective of informing preparedness and response planning. Population numbers for collective shelters have been directly provided from the data collected at the level of the emergency operations rooms, supported by the Lebanese Red Cross, (LRC) and the Disaster Risk Management (DRM) Unit.



This map is for illustration purposes only. Names and boundaries on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by IOM.

Displacement within Lebanon – By district of arrival

2) disaries of annual					
Governorate	District	# of Cadasters	# of Locations	IDPs	
South	Sour	52	63	27,820	
El Nabatieh	El Nabatieh	38	38	19,362	
South	Saida	44	56	11,340	
Mount Lebanon	Baabda	13	20	11,335	
Beirut	Beirut	7	12	6,268	
El Nabatieh	Bent Jbeil	22	22	5,619	
Mount Lebanon	Aley	16	27	5,111	
Mount Lebanon	El Meten	21	26	3,363	
Mount Lebanon	Chouf	19	33	2,267	
El Nabatieh	Marjaayoun	14	14	1,880	
Baalbek-El Hermel	Baalbek	22	24	1,641	
El Nabatieh	Hasbaya	12	13	856	
Bekaa	West Bekaa	6	6	463	
Mount Lebanon	Jbeil	9	9	429	
Bekaa	Rachaya	8	9	242	
Baalbek-El Hermel	El Hermel	4	5	208	
Bekaa	Zahle	10	10	190	
Mount Lebanon	Kesrwane	3	3	149	
Akkar	Akkar	10	12	135	
South	Jezzine	4	4	34	
North	El Batroun	2	2	26	
North	El Koura	2	2	6	
North	El Minieh-Dennie	1	1	6	
Total		339	411	98,750	

Other 24% Sour 28%

Beirut 6%

Baabda 11% El Nabatieh

Saida 11% 20%

Chart 1: IDPs distribution by district of arrival

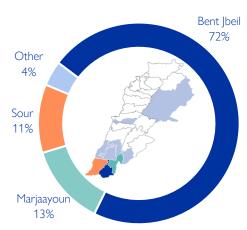
As of 23 July, Lebanon has recorded 98,750 internally displaced persons (IDPs), showing a 1% increase since 9 July. IDPs have sought safety in 411 locations (villages or neighbourhoods) across 339 cadasters throughout Lebanon. Displacement has been observed in 23 out of the 26 districts across all eight governorates. Most of the IDPs (76%) are in five districts out of the total 23 districts hosting IDPs—specifically, Sour, El Nabatieh, Saida, Baabda, and Beirut.

Displacement within Lebanon — By district of departure

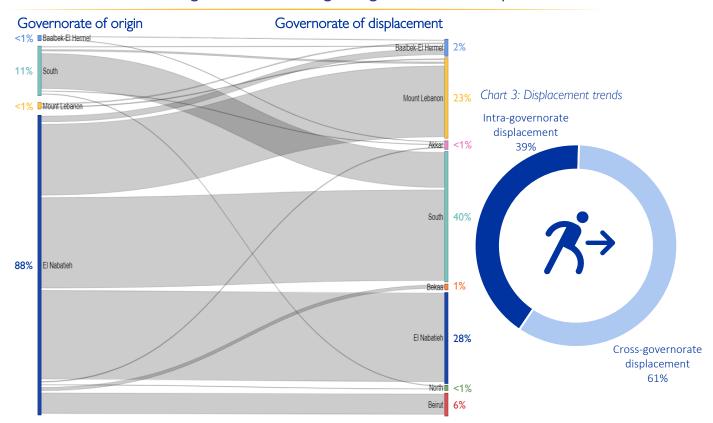
Governorate	District	IDPs
El Nabatieh	Bent Jbeil	71,131
El Nabatieh	Marjaayoun	12,366
South	Sour	11,278
El Nabatieh	Hasbaya	2,755
El Nabatieh	El Nabatieh	907
Mount Lebanon	Baabda	274
South	Saida	26
South	Jezzine	7
Baalbek-El Hermel	Baalbek	6
Total		98,750

The majority of IDPs (96%) originate from three districts. These three districts span along the Southern border of Lebanon. Specifically, 72% are from Bent Jbeil, 13% are from Marjaayoun, and 11% are from Sour. The remaining 4% originate from six different districts, Hasbaya, El Nabatieh, Baabda, Saida, Jezzine, and Baalbek.

Chart 2: IDPs distribution by district of departure



Movement of IDPs from governorate of origin to governorate of displacement



Overall, 61% of the displacement has occurred outside the boundaries of the IDPs' governorate of origin. While 88% (87,159) of the IDPs originate from El Nabatieh, of this population 68% fled to locations outside the boundaries of El Nabatieh governorate. However, in the South governorate, where 11% (11,311) of IDPs originated, 96% of these IDPs chose to move internally within the governorate.

Arrivals in the last week — (16 July to 23 July)

Governorate	District	# of Cadasters	# of Locations	IDPs
El Nabatieh	El Nabatieh	16	16	532
South	Sour	17	17	212
South	Saida	5	7	141
El Nabatieh	Bent Jbeil	9	9	107
El Nabatieh	Marjaayoun	4	4	82
Mount Lebanon	Aley	2	2	30
Baalbek-El Hermel	Baalbek	2	2	14
Mount Lebanon	Baabda	1	1	13
Bekaa	Rachaya	1	1	11
South	Jezzine	1	1	7
El Nabatieh	Hasbaya	1	1	5
Akkar	Akkar	1	1	4
Mount Lebanon	Chouf	1	1	2
Total		61	63	1,160

In the past week, 1,130 new displacements have been recorded in 61 cadasters across 13 districts. These individuals might be experiencing displacement for the first time or undergoing secondary movement. These individuals have arrived from Bent Jbeil, Sour, Marjaayoun, El Nabatieh, Hasbaya.

Return within Lebanon — By district *

Governorate	District	# of Cadasters	# of Locations	Returnees
El Nabatieh	Bent Jbeil	2	2	2,135
El Nabatieh	Marjaayoun	1	1	195
Total		3	3	2,330

As of 23 July, 2,330 returnees have been identified in Bent Ibeil and Marjaayoun districts. These individuals have returned from Sour, Beirut and Marjaayoun districts.

st An IDP is identified as a returnee only if they have returned and stayed for over a week in their place of origin.

IDPs distribution by shelter type – By Governorate



Around 82% of IDPs are currently living in host settings, while 15% have opted for rental housing. Another 2% have relocated to their secondary residences. Around 1% are housed in 16 collective shelters.

Of the 82% in host settings, 25,276 are co-living with non-internally displaced families, while 55,790 reside separately. Notably, 20% of the 81,066 individuals in host settings are living in overcrowded conditions according to the perception of IOM DTM key informants.

In Sour, there are presently five collective shelters accommodating 864 IDPs; in Hasbaya, there are six collective shelters hosting 165 IDPs; in El Nabatieh there are four collective shelter hosting 82 IDPs; and in Saida, there is one collective shelter hosting 230 IDPs.



Displacement demographics

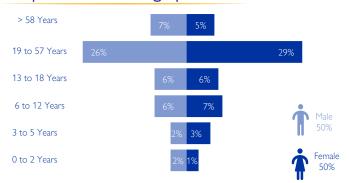


Chart 4: Displacement demographics - Based on Round 39

33% of IDPs are children (< 18 years), while 34% are female adults and 33% are male adults.

Note: These figures represent sample data of 2 households per location provided by key informants and do not reflect the entire IDP population in each area.

Methodology

The objective of the Mobility Snapshot is to support the humanitarian community in preparedness and response planning. Multi-layered data is routinely captured through Rounds using a suite of methodological tools designed to track and monitor displacement. These tools are in line with the DTM Global Methodological Framework.

Data is collected nationwide through a combination of face-to-face and remote data collection methods, utilizing a network of over 44 enumerators and 3,600 key informants. These key informants consist of government officials, mukhtars, community representatives, and neighborhood focal points.

The following citation is required when using any data and information included in this information product: "International Organization for Migration (IOM), July 2024. DTM Mobility Snapshot, Round 40 IOM, Lebanon". For more information on terms and conditions of DTM reports and information products, please refer to https://dtm.iom.int/terms-and-conditions.