DISPLACEMENT TRACKING MATRIX CENTRAL SAHEL & LIPTAKO GOURMA

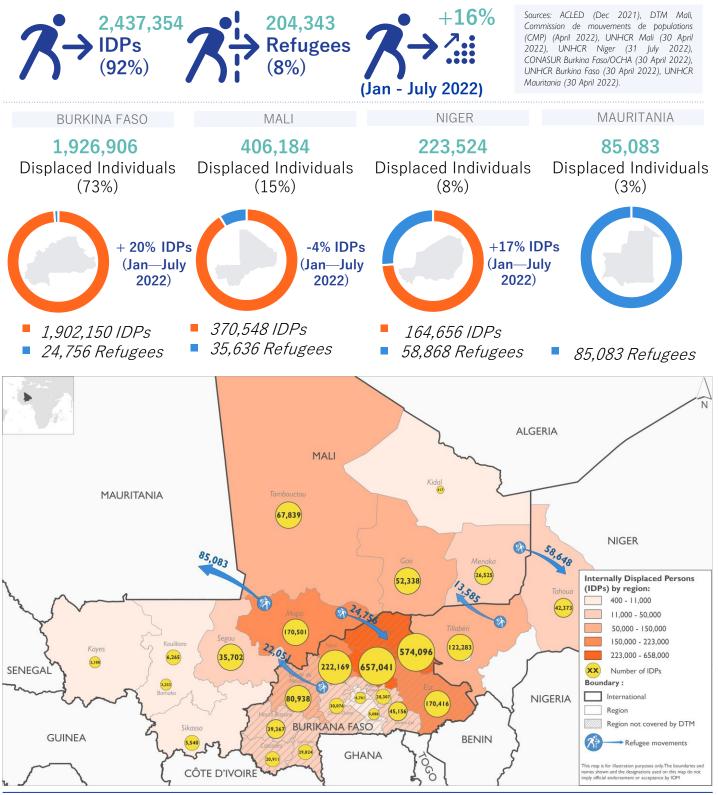
Monthly Dashboard #31

31 July 2022

Context: The Central Sahel area, and in particular the Liptako Gourma region, which borders Burkina Faso, Mali and Niger, is affected by a complex crisis involving growing competition over dwindling resources; climatic variability; demographic pressure; high levels of poverty; disaffection and a lack of livelihood opportunities; communal tensions; the absence of state institutions and basic services; and violence related to organized crime and Non-State Armed Groups. The crisis has led to the death of an estimated 5,000 people in 2021 (as of 31 December) and triggered significant displacement of populations in the four affected countries.

As of 31 July 2022, 2,641,697 individuals have been displaced, including 2,437,354 Internally Displaced Persons (92% of the displaced population) and 204,343 Refugees (8% of the displaced population). Seventy-three per cent of the displaced population (1,902,150 individuals) were located in Burkina Faso, while 15 per cent resided in Mali (406,184 individuals), 8 per cent in Niger (223,524 individuals) and 3 per cent in Mauritania (85,083 individuals).

NB: Displacements may also be linked to the crisis affecting Northern Mali since 2012.



INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATION FOR MIGRATION (IOM) Contact: RODakar-DataResearch@iom.int https://displacement.iom.int http://rodakar.iom.int When quoting, paraphrasing or in any way using the information mentioned in this report, the source needs to be stated appropriately as follows: "Source: International Organization for Migration (IOM), (Month, Year), Displacement Tracking Matrix (DTM)".

Ministry of Foreign Affali

DTM ACTIVITIES IN THE LIPTAKO GOURMA ARE SUPPORTED BY: