

## REGIONAL DISPLACEMENT TRACKING MATRIX (DTM) 25 September 2019 **LAKE CHAD BASIN CRISIS – MONTHLY DASHBOARD #13**

Context: The crisis currently affecting the Lake Chad Basin states results from a complex combination of factors, including conflict with Non-State Armed Groups, extreme poverty, underdevelopment and a changing climate, which together have triggered significant displacement of populations. As of 25 September 2019, Cameroon, Chad, Niger and Nigeria were hosting an estimated 4,602,569 affected individuals made up of Internally Displaced Persons (IDPs), Refugees (both in- and out-of-camp), Returnees (Former IDPs and Returnees from abroad) and Third Country Nationals (TCNs). 80 per cent of the affected population (representing 3,661,052 individuals) were located in Nigeria, while 10 per cent resided in Cameroon (487,691 individuals), 6 per cent in Niger (258,899 individuals) and 4 per cent in Chad (194,927 individuals).



2,532,125 IDPs (55%)



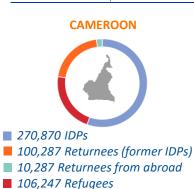
1,619,599 Returnees (former IDPs) (35%)

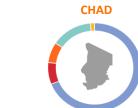




**241,787** Refugees (5%)





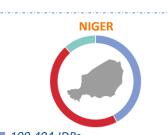




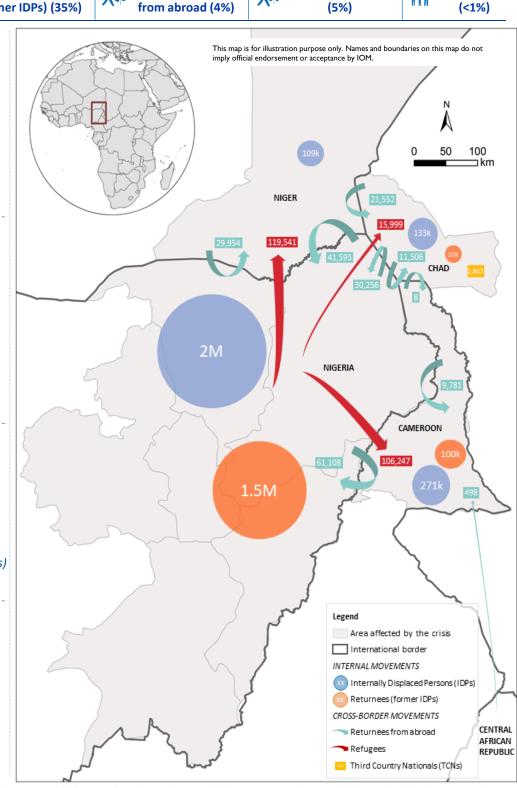
- 33,058 Returnees from abroad ■ 15,999 Refugees
- 2,802 TCNs



- **2,018,513 IDPs**
- 1,509,582 Returnees (former IDPs)
- 132,957 Returnees from abroad



- 109,404 IDPs
- 29,954 Returnees from abroad
- 119,541 Refugees



Sources and dates: DTM Cameroon (Round 19 - August 2019), DTM Chad (Round 8 - April 2019), DTM Nigeria (Round XXVIII - July 2019), Government of Niger (5/09/2019), DRECM-R/UNHCR Niger (September 2018), UNHCR Cameroon (31/08/2019), CNARR & UNHCR (31/08/2019).











