Context: The crisis currently affecting the Lake Chad Basin states results from a complex combination of factors, including conflict with Non-State Armed Groups, extreme poverty, underdevelopment and a changing climate, which together have triggered significant displacement of populations. As of 30 September 2022, Cameroon, Chad, Niger and Nigeria were hosting an estimated 5,828,247 affected individuals made up of Internally Displaced Persons (IDPs), Refugees (both in- and out-ofcamp) and Returnees (Former IDPs and Returnees from abroad) and.

74 per cent of the affected population (representing 4,339,352 individuals) were located in Nigeria, while 11 per cent resided in Cameroon (653,316 individuals), 9 per cent in Chad (512,411 individuals) and 6 per cent in Niger (323,168 individuals).







2,195,422 Returnees (former IDPs) +13% (Jan-Sept (38%)









377.877 IDPs

130,690 Returnees (former IDP)

13,863 Returnees From abroad

130,886 Refugees



- 381.289 IDPs
- 44.575 Returnees (former IDPs)
- 23,901 Returnees from abroad
  - 62,646 Refugees



- 2,197,824 IDPs
- 1,983,130 Returnees (former ID
- 158,398 Returnees from abroad



- 120,673 IDPs
- 130,023 Refugees
- 37,027 Returnees (former IDPs)UNHCR (31/08/2022)

Number of IDPs by region 47,000 - 70.000 70,000 - 90,000 90,000 - 230,000 230,000 - 410,000 410,000 - 1,650,000 Diffa 120,673 NIGER 37,027 381,289 Yobe CHAD 151,366 1,640,408 1,983,130 Far North Bauchi 377,877 Gombe 66,291 47,204 Adamawa 220,886 **NIGERIA** Taraba CAMEROON 71,669 200 Km

This map is for illustrative purposes only. The boundaries and names shown, and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the International Organization for Migration.

Sources and dates: DTM Cameroon (Round 24 - February 2022), DTM Chad (August 35,445 Returnees from abroad 2022), DTM Nigeria (Round 41 - June 2022), Government of Niger (28/02/2022), DREC-M/R/UNHCR Niger (August 2022), UNHCR Cameroon (31/08/2022), CNARR &

USAID