The DTM Emergency Event Tracking (EET) is deployed to track sudden displacement and population movements, provide more frequent updates on the scale of displacement, and quantify the affected population when needed. As a subcomponent of the new Mobility Tracking methodology in Sudan (Round Three), and activated on a need basis, EET utilises a broad network of key informants to capture best estimates of the affected population presence per location—a useful tool for humanitarian response planning and design.

### Event Overview

DTM teams activated EET to monitor the displacement of individuals affected by inter-communal violence in Kereneik locality, West Darfur. Clashes erupted on 4 December over a property dispute at a local market involving Arab nomads and Masalit tribe. On 22 April 2022, inter-communal clashes resumed between Arab Nomads and the Masalit tribe following the discovery of two deceased nomads on 21 April 2022 near Hashaba village—approximately 1 km West of Kereneik Town in Kereneik locality, West Darfur. For more information, please see EET Kereneik (Kereneik town), West Darfur (Update 007). Field teams report that following an improvement of the security situation in and around Kereneik Town, the reduction in the IDP caseload since the previous update can be explained by a portion of the cases returning to their locations of origin in Kereneik Town—particularly some of those that had been residing in the military camp as well as the elementary schools in the area. Field teams also indicate that returns were supported by the provision of emergency shelter by humanitarian organisations.

The eighth EET update estimates a total number of 59,547 individuals (11,772 households) currently seeking shelter in Kereneik town (69%), Um Tajok (25%), and Moriyat village (3%) in Kereneik locality, and Ag Geneina town (3%), West Darfur. The IDP caseload was originally displaced from Abuja IDP camp (27%), Hai Alsehrej (13%), Tel Erain (9%), Hai Al Jabal (4%), Salami village (4%), Hai Al Nasser (3%), Zawya village (3%), Himida village (3%), Shottak village (3%), Kamkam village (3%), Hai Al Madaris (3%), Kabara village (3%), Um Dukun Al Sad (2%), Um Dukun village (2%), Hai Abu (2%), Garara (2%), Temaid (2%), Khor Sial Al Um (1%), Kamkama (1%), and Hehmia village (1%), among other villages (9%) in Kereneik locality, West Darfur.

DTM field teams have confirmed, upon reverification, that at least 249 individuals were killed with a further 163 individuals sustaining injuries, and a total of seven individuals reported lost goods, livestock, and/or cattle. All displaced individuals are Sudanese nationals. At least 8,261 cases of additional vulnerabilities in need of assistance and support were identified by key informants through DTM’s Protection indicator. Additionally, DTM Sudan estimates that there are approximately 8,932 persons with disabilities among the IDP caseload.* Based on a ranking scale, the three priority needs across the caseload are Food, WASH (Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene), and Emergency Shelter.

### Demographics

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Age Group</th>
<th>Male (%)</th>
<th>Female (%)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>60+ Years</td>
<td>44%</td>
<td>56%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18 to 59 Years</td>
<td>19%</td>
<td>24%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6 to 17 Years</td>
<td>14%</td>
<td>17%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0 to 5 Years</td>
<td>7%</td>
<td>9%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* DTM Sudan adopts the WHO global estimate that approximately 15% of the total population is persons with disabilities (PwD).

### Priority Needs

1. Food
2. WASH
3. Emergency Shelter

### Shelter Indicator

- **40%** Displaced households in open areas
- **22%** Displaced households in host community
- **20%** Displaced households in other buildings
- **18%** Displaced households in abandoned buildings

### Vulnerabilities

- **3,559** Lactating women
- **3,193** Pregnant women
- **675** Female-headed households
- **639** Chronic diseases
- **103** Persons with disabilities
- **55** Mahawalids
- **20** Single persons
- **17** Child-headed households

### Return Intention

Data collected through the return intention indicator estimates that the displaced caseload 55,418 IDPs (93%) intend to remain in their current locations upon improvement of the security situation, with the remaining 4,129 IDPs (7%) intending to return to their locations of origin.

* DTM Sudan adopts the WHO global estimate that approximately 15% of the total population is persons with disabilities (PwD).