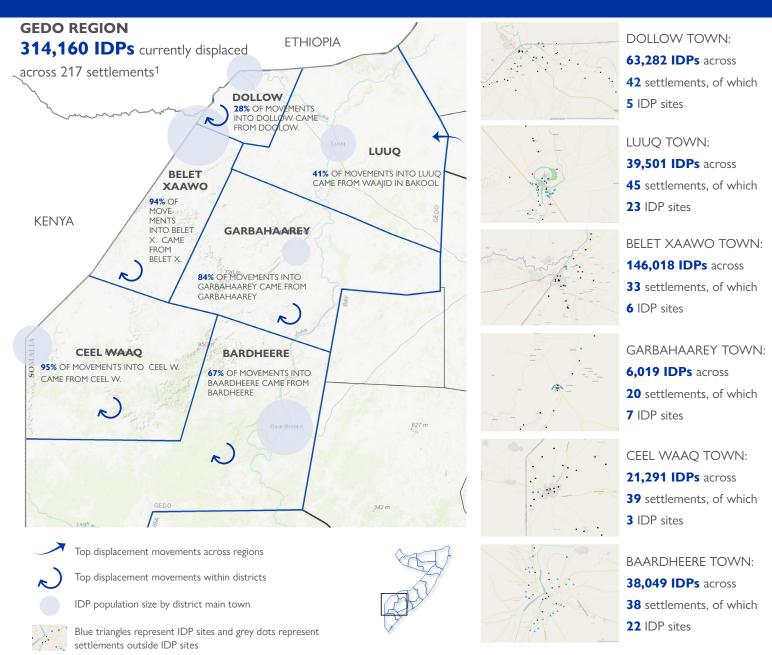


EMERGENCY TREND TRACKING (ETT) - DROUGHT INDUCED DISPLACEMENT

**GEDO REGION** 

Report 48 7 February 2023 Data collection: 28th Jan -1st Feb 2023



# POPULATION MOBILITY KEY FINDINGS<sup>3</sup>

**217** assessed settlements

**3,021** new IDP arrivals

⇔ 84% movements within the region

70% movements within the districts

**% 80%** spontaneous movements

69% first displacement

61% travel between 1-2 days

49% move by motor vehicle

On the 23rd of November 2021, the Federal Government of Somalia declared a state of emergency due to drought. Three failed consecutive rainy seasons have resulted in 90% of the country experiencing severe drought conditions. Based on previous drought induced displacement patterns, people will move from rural to urban areas in search of humanitarian services. In order to monitor drought related displacement, DTM has deployed its Emergency Trend Tracking tool.

Since November 2021, **314,160** individuals have been displaced by drought in Gedo region. An estimated **3,021 IDP** arrived to the assessed settlements since last assessment.

EMERGENCY TREND TRACKING (ETT) - DROUGHT INDUCED DISPLACEMENT **GEDO REGION** 

Report 48 7 February 2023 Data collection: 28th |an -1st Feb 2023

# SUMMARY ON FIGURES<sup>2</sup>

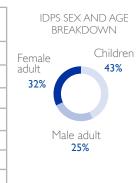
District main towns	# Settlements	# IDPs			
Baardheere	38	38,049			
Belet Xaawo	33	146,018			
Ceel Waaq	39	21,291			
Doolow	42	63,282			
Garbahaarey	20	6,019			
Luuq	45	39,501			
Grand Total	217	314,160			

% INDIVIDUALS IN IDP SITES AND OUTSIDE IDP SITES



#### **IDPS DEMOGRAPHIC PROFILE**<sup>2</sup>

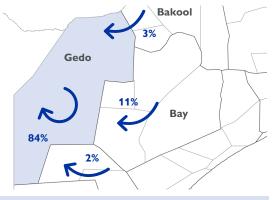
District main towns	# IDPs	# Male adults	# Female adults	# Children
Baardheere	41,797	10,551	12,137	19,109
Belet Xaawo	144,572	38,444	47,580	58,548
Ceel Waaq	21,060	7,301	7,729	6,030
Doolow	62,491	13,006	18,513	30,972
Garbahaarey	5,910	1,914	1,891	2,105
Luuq	39,451	7,303	14,995	17,153
Grand Total	315,281	78,519	102,845	133,917



### REGION OF ORIGIN3

% IDPs BY REGION OF ORIGIN

Region of origin	% IDPs
Bakool	3%
Bay	11%
Gedo	84%
Juba dhexe	2%



### EXPECTED DISPLACEMENT DURATION AND REASON FOR DISPLACEMENT LOCATION3



% IDPs BY DURATION OF INTENTION TO STAY IN CURRENT LOCATION AND MAIN REASON TO CHOOSE CURRENT DISPLACEMENT LOCATION

# **HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE AND NEEDS3**



# OF SETTLEMENTS REPORTING NO HUMANITARIAN AND/OR GOVERNMENT ACTORS PROVIDING **HUMANITARIAN RESPONSES** 

First main need

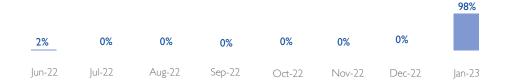
Drinking water - 47%

Second main need

Food - 48%

% IDPs BY 3 MAIN REPORTED NEEDS IN DISPLACEMENT SETTLEMENTS

# TIMELINE OF DISPLACEMENT3



% IDPs PER MONTH OF DISPLACEMENT



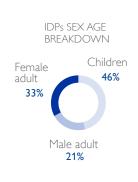
EMERGENCY TREND TRACKING (ETT) - DROUGHT INDUCED DISPLACEMENT GEDO REGION

Report 48 7 February 2023 Data collection: 28th Jan -1st Feb 2023

#### **IDP SITES - SUMMARY FIGURES**<sup>2</sup>

1	

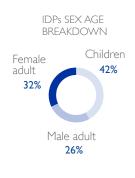
District main towns	# IDPs	# IDP sites				
Baardheere	19,063	22				
Belet Xaawo	24,300	6				
Ceel Waaq	2,549	3				
Doolow	35,125	5				
Garbahaarey	2,617	7				
Luuq	28,651	23				
Grand Total	112,305	66				



#### **OUSIDE IDP SITES - SUMMARY FIGURES**<sup>2</sup>



District main towns	# IDPs	# non - IDP sites				
Baardheere	18,986	16				
Belet Xaawo	121,718	27				
Ceel Waaq	18,742	36				
Doolow	28,157	37				
Garbahaarey	3,402	13				
Luuq	10,850	22				
Grand Total	201,855	151				



# IDP SITES - EXPECTED DISPLACEMENT DURATION AND REASON FOR DISPLACEMENT LOCATION<sup>3</sup>



% IDPs BY DURATION OF INTENTION TO STAY IN CURRENT LOCATION AND MAIN REASON TO CHOOSE CURRENT DISPLACEMENT LOCATION

# OUTSIDE IDP SITES - EXPECTED DISPLACEMENT DURATION AND REASON FOR DISPLACEMENT LOCATION<sup>3</sup>



% IDPs BY DURATION OF INTENTION TO STAY IN CURRENT LOCATION AND MAIN REASON TO CHOOSE CURRENT DISPLACEMENT LOCATION

OUTSIDE IDP SITES - HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE AND NEEDS3

# IDP SITES - HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE AND NEEDS3



# OF SETTLEMENTS REPORTING NO HUMANITARIAN AND/OR GOVERNMENT ACTORS PROVIDING HUMANITARIAN RESPONSES First main need



Food - 65%

Second main need

Non-Food iems (NFI) - 32%

% IDPs BY 3 MAIN REPORTED NEEDS IN DISPLACEMENT SETTLEMENTS



# OF SETTLEMENTS REPORTING NO HUMANITARIAN AND/OR GOVERNMENT ACTORS PROVIDING HUMANITARIAN RESPONSES

First main need Drinking water - 69%
Second main need Food - 70%

% IDPs BY 3 MAIN REPORTED NEEDS IN DISPLACEMENT SETTLEMENTS



EMERGENCY TREND TRACKING (ETT) - DROUGHT INDUCED DISPLACEMENT GEDO REGION

Report 48 7 February 2023 Data collection: 28th Jan -1st Feb 2023

### POPULATION CHANGES BETWEEN ROUNDS BY DISTRICT2

										# IDPs p	er round									
District main	Round 29	Round 30	Round 31	Round 32	Round 33	Round 34	Round 35	Round 36	Round 37	Round 38	Round 39	Round 40	Round 41	Round 42	Round 43	Round 44	Round 45	Round 46	Round 47	Round 48
town	(17/09-	(24/09-	(01/10-	(08/10-	(15/10-	(22/10-	(29/10-	(5/11-	(12/11-	(19/11-	(26/11-	(03/12-	(10/12-	(17/12-	(24/12-	(31/12/2022-	(07/01-	(14/01-	(21/01-	(28/01-
	21/09)	28/09)	05/10)	12/10)	19/10)	26/10)	2/11)	9/11)	16/11)	23/11)	30/11)	06/12)	14/12)	21/12)	29/12)	05/01/2023)	11/01)	18/01)	25/01)	01/02)
Baardheere	79,201	79,893	81,911	83,780	85,484	86,971	89,066	89,866	91,118	94,602	86,518	94,803	96,608	59,309	39,068	39,565	42,420	42,260	41,797	38,049
Belet Xaawo	105,128	107,444	109,802	112,370	114,896	117,602	120,610	124,042	126,344	130,168	87,023	133,402	134,944	136,576	138,262	139,754	141,362	142,904	144,572	146,018
Ceel Waaq	15,989	16,311	16,645	16,949	17,232	17,535	17,838	18,130	18,436	18,749	44,685	19,291	19,457	19,729	19,959	20,250	20,520	20,751	21,060	21,291
Doolow	48,853	50,077	50,903	51,666	52,809	53,777	45,208	54,992	55,356	56,116	54,520	57,657	58,292	59,065	59,829	60,458	61,186	61,755	62,491	63,282
Garbahaarey	4,655	4,782	4,979	5,188	5,273	5,365	5,613	5,718	5,840	5,517	19,933	5,638	5,619	5,622	5,768	5,722	5,806	5,853	5,910	6,019
Luuq	37,502	37,598	37,783	37,843	37,924	38,109	47,553	38,350	38,436	35,504	54,968	47,211	38,963	39,024	39,124	39,191	39,307	39,392	39,451	39,501
Total	291,328	296,105	302,023	307,796	313,618	319,359	325,888	331,098	335,530	343,649	347,647	358,002	353,883	319,325	302,010	304,940	310,601	312,915	315,281	314,160
									# Se	ttlements co	vered per ro	ound						ı		-
District main	(Round 29	(Round 30	(Round 31	(Round 32	(Round 33	(Round 34	(Round 35	Round 36	Round 37	Round 38	Round 39	Round 40	Round 41	Round 42	Round 43	Round 44	Round 45	Round 46	Round 47	Round 48
town	(17/09- 21/09)	(24/09- 28/09)	(01/10- 05/10)	(08/10- 12/10)	(15/10- 19/10)	(22/10- 26/10)	(29/10- 2/11)	(5/11 -9/11)	(12/11- 16/11)	(19/11- 23/11)	(26/11- 30/11)	(03/12- 06/12)	(10/12- 14/12)	(17/12- 21/12)	(24/12- 29/12)	(31/12/2022- 05/01/2023)	(07/01- 11/01)	(14/01- 18/01)	(21/01- 25/01)	(28/01- 01/02)
Baardheere	38	38	38	38	38	38	38	38	38	38	38	38	38	38	38	38	38	38	38	38
Belet Xaawo	33	33	33	33	33	33	33	33	33	38	33	33	33	33	33	33	33	33	33	33
Ceel Waaq	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39
Doolow	42	42	42	42	42	42	42	42	42	42	42	42	42	42	42	42	42	42	42	42

# INFORMATION ON THE COMMUNITY OF ORIGIN<sup>3</sup>

Garbahaarev

Luug

Yes 54% No 46%

% KEY INFORMANTS WHO REPORTED THAT ALL THOSE WHO LIVED IN THE IDPS COMMUNITIES OF ORIGIN FLED



Livelihood activities

15%

Guarding property

7/0

No funds to travel 3%

Not safe to leave

% INDIVIDUALS BY REASON FOR STAYING BEHIND IN THE IDPs COMMUNITIES OF ORIGIN



# DISPLACEMENT TRACKING MATRIX (DTM) - SOMALIA EMERGENCY TREND TRACKING (ETT) - DROUGHT INDUCED DISPLACEMENT

Report 48 7 February 2023 Data collection: 28th Jan -1st Feb 2023

### CONTEXT AND METHODOLOGY

The Emergency Tracking Tool (ETT) is one of DTM's global components and the objective is to quickly collect information on sudden displacements or population movements triggered by conflicts, natural disasters and/or organized/spontaneous returns. The data collected is of a rapid nature and to help prioritise humanitarian response. It includes information on population groups, displacement location, date and reasons of displacement and priority needs.

As the drought continues to worsen with displacement increasing in Somalia DTM is piloting an ETT tool in Gedo region to monitor displacement trends and hotspots in support of operational planning. During the 2017 drought, DTM Somalia conducted a country wide ETT and the data from that period indicated the highest numbers of displaced individuals were observed in Bay, Banadir and Gedo regions. Based on this and due to IOM's operational presence in Gedo region, DTM decided to deploy an ETT pilot in Gedo region. In addition, based on previous drought induced displacement patterns, the humanitarian community expects that people will move from rural to urban areas in search of humanitarian services. Consequently, this pilot, which concentrates only on drought induced displacements, focuses on the main urban centers and surrounding villages for each district.

This pilot has been set-up in two steps:

1- A "baseline assessment" – as on the 23rd of November 2021, the Federal Government of Somalia declared a state of emergency due to drought, the first round of data collection (between January 23, 2022 and February 7, 2022) was a baseline exercise to collect the number of individuals that had been displaced by drought since November 2021.

2- For the following rounds of data collection, DTM enumerators continue to collect the number of individuals that had been displaced by drought since November 2021. However, by comparing the updated IDPs figures to the baseline or previous rounds, DTM team can inform the response on new arrivals and departures for each settlement, as well as on key indicators on the new arrivals (region of origin, humanitarian needs and assistance, timeline of displacement, etc.).

The data is collected through Key Informant Interviews (KIIs) at the settlement level, from Saturday to Wednesday every week. All locations assessed are monitored each week.

**GEDO REGION** 

### **LIMITATIONS**

The data is collected through Key Informant Interviews (KIIs), consequently the findings should be considered as estimates. The data is also captured for the "majority of the people displaced within a location". For example, the place of origin assessed for the IDPs in one location, is the place of origin of the majority of these IDPs. The detailed information on all places of origin is not collected and reported.

The information provided is related to a specific event (ongoing drought) and does not provide an overview of all population movements within a location. Moreover, the exercise covers the main urban centres and surrounding areas in each district, consequently none of the districts have a full coverage. The GPS coordinates collected can be approximations and are not always exact locations.

#### **DISCLAMERS AND DEFINITIONS**

The maps in this report are for illustrative purposes only. Representations and the use of boundaries and geographical names on these maps may include errors and do not imply judgment of the legal status of a territory, nor official recognition or acceptance of these boundaries by IOM.

#### **Definitions:**

Urban settlements: neighborhoods located in the main administrative town of each district.

Rural settlements: villages outside of cities and towns.

IDP sites: camp and camp-like settings hosting IDPs.

Spontaneous displacement: is an individual or group who initiate and proceed with their migration plans without any outside assistance from the federal/regional authorities or any other type of international or national assistance. Organized movement is characterized by external support to the persons on the move, the support could be logistical or financial.

Drought induced displacements: people are displaced totally or partially because of the drought.