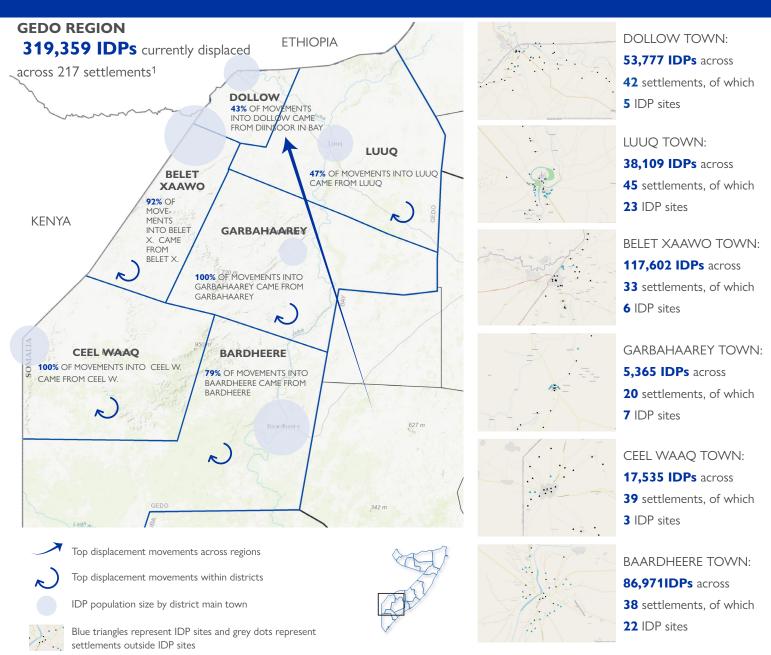


EMERGENCY TREND TRACKING (ETT) - DROUGHT INDUCED DISPLACEMENT

GEDO REGION

Report 34 01 November 2022 Data collection: 22 to 26 October 2022



POPULATION MOBILITY KEY FINDINGS³

217 assessed settlements

5,962 new IDP arrivals

78% movements within the region

72% movements within the districts

7→ 100% spontaneous movements

97% first displacement

50% travel between 1-2 days

58% move by Animals

On the 23rd of November 2021, the Federal Government of Somalia declared a state of emergency due to drought. Three failed consecutive rainy seasons have resulted in 90% of the country experiencing severe drought conditions. Based on previous drought induced displacement patterns, people will move from rural to urban areas in search of humanitarian services. In order to monitor drought related displacement, DTM has deployed its Emergency Trend Tracking tool.

Since November 2021, **319,359** individuals have been displaced by drought in Gedo region. An estimated **5,962 IDP** arrived to the assessed settlements since last assessment.

EMERGENCY TREND TRACKING (ETT) - DROUGHT INDUCED DISPLACEMENT GEDO REGION

Report 34 01 November 2022 Data collection: 22 to 26 October 2022

SUMMARY ON FIGURES²

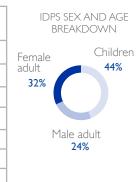
District main towns	# Settlements	# IDPs		
Baardheere	38	86,971		
Belet Xaawo	33	117,602		
Ceel Waaq	39	17,535		
Doolow	42	53,777		
Garbahaarey	20	5,365		
Luuq	45	38,109		
Grand Total	217	319,359		

% INDIVIDUALS IN IDP SITES AND OUTSIDE IDP SITES



IDPS DEMOGRAPHIC PROFILE²

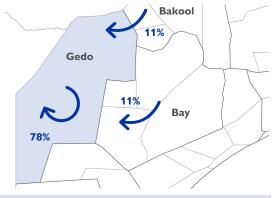
District main towns	# IDPs	# Male adults	# Female adults	# Children
Baardheere	86,971	21,207	26,414	39,350
Belet Xaawo	117,602	29,286	36,512	51,804
Ceel Waaq	17,535	6,102	6,448	4,985
Doolow	53,777	11,071	16,073	26,633
Garbahaarey	5,365	1,639	1,696	2,030
Luuq	38,109	7,072	14,606	16,431
Grand Total	319,359	76,377	101,749	141,233



REGION OF ORIGIN3

% IDPs BY REGION OF ORIGIN

Region of origin	% IDPs
Bakool	11%
Bay	11%
Gedo	78%

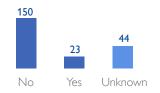


EXPECTED DISPLACEMENT DURATION AND REASON FOR DISPLACEMENT LOCATION³



% IDPs BY DURATION OF INTENTION TO STAY IN CURRENT LOCATION AND MAIN REASON TO CHOOSE CURRENT DISPLACEMENT LOCATION

HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE AND NEEDS3



OF SETTLEMENTS REPORTING HUMANITARIAN AND/OR GOVERNMENT ACTORS PROVIDING HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE First main need Drinking water - 59%

Second main need Food - 70%

Third main need Cash - 45%

% IDPs BY 3 MAIN REPORTED NEEDS IN DISPLACEMENT SETTLEMENTS

TIMELINE OF DISPLACEMENT3



% IDPs PER MONTH OF DISPLACEMENT

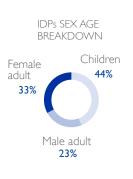
EMERGENCY TREND TRACKING (ETT) - DROUGHT INDUCED DISPLACEMENT **GEDO REGION**

Report 34 01 November 2022 Data collection: 22 to 26 October 2022

IDP SITES - SUMMARY FIGURES²



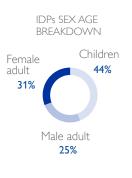
District main towns	# IDPs	# IDP sites
Baardheere	44,680	22
Belet Xaawo	18,738	6
Ceel Waaq	2,108	3
Doolow	33,194	5
Garbahaarey	2,370	7
Luuq	28,148	23
Grand Total	129,238	66



OUSIDE IDP SITES - SUMMARY FIGURES²



District main towns	# IDPs	# non - IDP sites					
Baardheere	42,291	16					
Belet Xaawo	98,864	27					
Ceel Waaq	15,427	36					
Doolow	20,583	37					
Garbahaarey	2,995	13					
Luuq	9,961	22					
Grand Total	190,121	151					



IDP SITES - EXPECTED DISPLACEMENT DURATION AND REASON FOR DISPLACEMENT LOCATION3



% IDPs BY DURATION OF INTENTION TO STAY IN CURRENT LOCATION AND MAIN REASON TO CHOOSE CURRENT DISPLACEMENT LOCATION

OUTSIDE IDP SITES - EXPECTED DISPLACEMENT DURATION AND REASON FOR DISPLACEMENT LOCATION3



% IDPs BY DURATION OF INTENTION TO STAY IN CURRENT LOCATION AND MAIN REASON TO CHOOSE CURRENT DISPLACEMENT LOCATION

IDP SITES - HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE AND NEEDS3



Unknown

First main need Second main need

Third main need



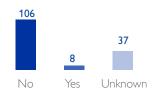
Drinking water - 42%

Food- 56%

Cash - 24%

OF SETTLEMENTS REPORTING HUMANITARIAN % IDPs BY 3 MAIN REPORTED NEEDS IN AND/OR GOVERNMENT ACTORS PROVIDING DISPLACEMENT SETTLEMENTS **HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE**

OUTSIDE IDP SITES - HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE AND NEEDS3



OF SETTLEMENTS REPORTING HUMANITARIAN AND/OR GOVERNMENT ACTORS PROVIDING **HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE**

First main need Drinking water - 72% Food - 79% Second main need Third main need Cash - 61%

> % IDPs BY 3 MAIN REPORTED NEEDS IN DISPLACEMENT SETTLEMENTS



EMERGENCY TREND TRACKING (ETT) - DROUGHT INDUCED DISPLACEMENT GEDO REGION

Report 34 01 November 2022 Data collection: 22 to 26 October 2022

POPULATION CHANGES BETWEEN ROUNDS BY DISTRICT2

										# IDPs p	er round									
District main town	Round 15 (10/06- 15/06)	Round 16 (18/06- 22/06)	Round 17 (25/06- 29/06)	Round 18 (02/07- 06/07)	Round 19 (10/07- 14/07)	Round 20 (16/07- 20/07)	Round 21 (23/07- 27/07)	Round 22 (30/07- 03/08)	Round 23 (06/08- 10/08)	Round 24 (13/08- 17/08)	Round 25 (20/08- 24/08)	Round 26 (27/08- 31/08)	Round 27 (03/09- 07/09)	Round 28 (10/09- 14/09)	Round 29 (17/09- 21/09)	Round 30 (24/09- 28/09)	Round 31 (01/10- 05/10)	Round 32 (08/10- 12/10)	Round 33 (15/10- 19/10)	Round 34 (22/10- 26/10)
Baardheere	65,361	65,568	65,521	65,633	66,067	67,103	65,775	68,500	72,098	75,687	75,419	78,003	78,727	77,765	79,201	79,893	81,911	83,780	85,484	86,971
Belet Xaawo	74,802	76,632	77,856	78,654	80,016	83,394	85,544	88,058	90,448	92,318	94,902	97,428	99,864	102,626	105,128	107,444	109,802	112,370	114,896	117,602
Ceel Waaq	11,268	11,719	12,209	12,678	13,034	13,389	13,727	14,049	14,314	14,567	14,840	15,113	15,374	15,667	15,989	16,311	16,645	16,949	17,232	17,535
Doolow	32,485	33,533	34,711	35,917	36,811	37,845	38,812	40,150	41,148	42,425	43,571	45,004	46,264	47,442	48,853	50,077	50,903	51,666	52,809	53,777
Garbahaarey	3,280	3,265	3,385	3,440	3,430	3,585	3,695	3,780	3,878	4,103	4,053	4,285	4,467	4,574	4,655	4,782	4,979	5,188	5,273	5,365
Luuq	35,482	35,566	35,662	35,836	36,129	36,388	36,585	36,600	36,726	36,726	36,995	37,109	37,236	37,362	37,502	37,598	37,783	37,843	37,924	38,109
Total	222,678	226,283	229,344	232,158	235,487	241,704	244,138	251,137	258,612	265,826	269,780	276,942	281,932	285,436	291,328	296,105	302,023	307,796	313,618	319,359

									# Se	ttlements co	vered per ro	und								
District main	Round 15	Round 16	Round 17	Round 18	Round 19	Round 20	Round 21	Round 22	Round 23	Round 24	Round 25	Round 26	Round 27	Round 28	Round 29	Round 30	Round 31	Round 32	Round 33	Round 34
town	(10/06-	(18/06-	(25/06-	(02/07-	(10/07-	(16/07-	(23/07-	(30/07-	(06/08-	(13/08-	(20/08-	(27/08-	(03/09-	(10/09-	(17/09-	(24/09-	(01/10-	(08/10-	(15/10-	(22/10-
	15/06)	22/06)	29/06)	06/07)	14/07)	20/07)	27/07)	03/08)	10/08)	17/08)	24/08)	31/08)	07/09)	14/09)	21/09)	28/09)	05/10)	12/10)	19/10)	26/10)
Baardheere	38	38	38	38	38	38	38	38	38	38	38	38	38	38	38	38	38	38	38	38
Belet Xaawo	32	33	33	33	33	33	33	33	33	33	33	33	33	33	33	33	33	33	33	33
Ceel Waaq	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39
Doolow	42	42	42	42	42	42	42	42	42	42	42	42	42	42	42	42	42	42	42	42
Garbahaarey	20	19	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20
Luuq	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45
Total	216	216	217	217	217	217	217	217	217	217	217	217	217	217	217	217	217	217	217	217

INFORMATION ON THE COMMUNITY OF ORIGIN3



% KEY INFORMANTS WHO REPORTED THAT ALL THOSE WHO LIVED IN THE IDPS COMMUNITIES OF ORIGIN FLED



Livelihood activities

11% 11%

Guarding No funds property to travel

to lave

% INDIVIDUALS BY REASON FOR STAYING BEHIND IN THE IDPs COMMUNITIES OF ORIGIN



EMERGENCY TREND TRACKING (ETT) - DROUGHT INDUCED DISPLACEMENT GEDO REGION

Report 34 01 November 2022 Data collection: 22 to 26 October 2022

CONTEXT AND METHODOLOGY

The Emergency Tracking Tool (ETT) is one of DTM's global components and the objective is to quickly collect information on sudden displacements or population movements triggered by conflicts, natural disasters and/or organized/spontaneous returns. The data collected is of a rapid nature and to help prioritise humanitarian response. It includes information on population groups, displacement location, date and reasons of displacement and priority needs.

As the drought continues to worsen with displacement increasing in Somalia DTM is piloting an ETT tool in Gedo region to monitor displacement trends and hotspots in support of operational planning. During the 2017 drought, DTM Somalia conducted a country wide ETT and the data from that period indicated the highest numbers of displaced individuals were observed in Bay, Banadir and Gedo regions. Based on this and due to IOM's operational presence in Gedo region, DTM decided to deploy an ETT pilot in Gedo region. In addition, based on previous drought induced displacement patterns, the humanitarian community expects that people will move from rural to urban areas in search of humanitarian services. Consequently, this pilot, which concentrates only on drought induced displacements, focuses on the main urban centers and surrounding villages for each district.

This pilot has been set-up in two steps:

1- A "baseline assessment" – as on the 23rd of November 2021, the Federal Government of Somalia declared a state of emergency due to drought, the first round of data collection (between January 23, 2022 and February 7, 2022) was a baseline exercise to collect the number of individuals that had been displaced by drought since November 2021.

2- For the following rounds of data collection, DTM enumerators continue to collect the number of individuals that had been displaced by drought since November 2021. However, by comparing the updated IDPs figures to the baseline or previous rounds, DTM team can inform the response on new arrivals and departures for each settlement, as well as on key indicators on the new arrivals (region of origin, humanitarian needs and assistance, timeline of displacement, etc.).

The data is collected through Key Informant Interviews (KIIs) at the settlement level, from Saturday to Wednesday every week. All locations assessed are monitored each week.

LIMITATIONS

The data is collected through Key Informant Interviews (KIIs), consequently the findings should be considered as estimates. The data is also captured for the "majority of the people displaced within a location". For example, the place of origin assessed for the IDPs in one location, is the place of origin of the majority of these IDPs. The detailed information on all places of origin is not collected and reported.

The information provided is related to a specific event (ongoing drought) and does not provide an overview of all population movements within a location. Moreover, the exercise covers the main urban centres and surrounding areas in each district, consequently none of the districts have a full coverage. The GPS coordinates collected can be approximations and are not always exact locations.

DISCLAMERS AND DEFINITIONS

The maps in this report are for illustrative purposes only. Representations and the use of boundaries and geographical names on these maps may include errors and do not imply judgment of the legal status of a territory, nor official recognition or acceptance of these boundaries by IOM.

Definitions:

Urban settlements: neighborhoods located in the main administrative town of each district.

Rural settlements: villages outside of cities and towns.

IDP sites: camp and camp-like settings hosting IDPs.

Spontaneous displacement: is an individual or group who initiate and proceed with their migration plans without any outside assistance from the federal/regional authorities or any other type of international or national assistance. Organized movement is characterized by external support to the persons on the move, the support could be logistical or financial.

Drought induced displacements: people are displaced totally or partially because of the drought.