

KEY FIGURES

7,428

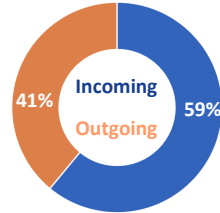


Total movements observed

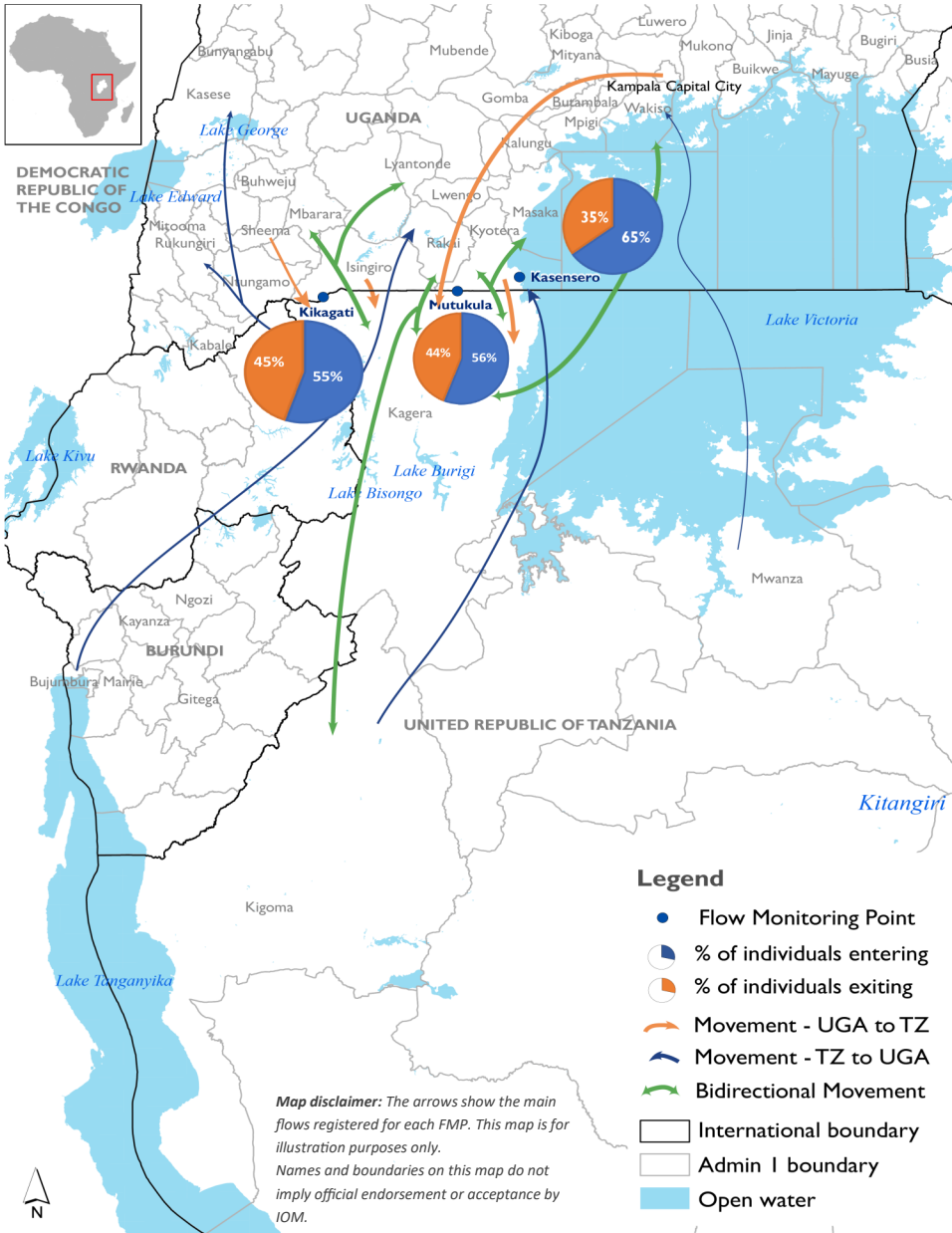
03



Flow Monitoring Points



MOVEMENT ILLUSTRATION



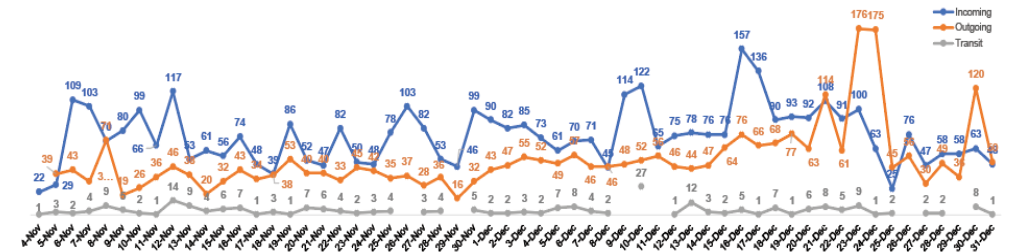
OVERVIEW AND TRENDS

The survey was conducted along the Uganda - United Republic of Tanzania border in two (2) months (November and December 2020) and three (3) Flow Monitoring Points (Mutukula, Kasensero and Kikagati) were established to track movements in response to Strengthening surveillance and building robust early warning systems to help prevent, detect and respond to COVID-19 Public Health threats.

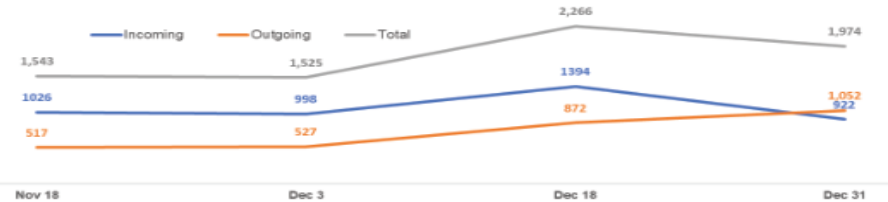
Over the reporting period, a total of 7,428 movements were observed at the Flow Monitoring Points (FMPs) and 123 were internal. The movements originated from various countries and United Republic of Tanzania was dominant with a total of 3,699. The movements also included 1,993 Ugandans moving in and out of the nation through the FMPs. Other countries of origin include; Burundi (642), Democratic Republic of Congo (89), South Africa (48), Kenya (36), Zambia (30) and Others (39).

In the month of November and December 2020 at the FMPs, the incoming flows were at 58% greater than the number of the flows that were outgoing (42%).

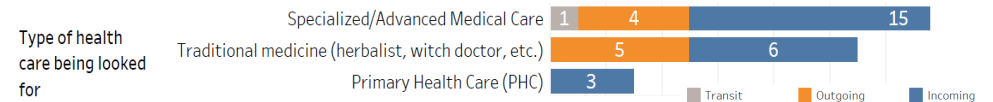
DAILY OBSERVATIONS FROM 4TH NOVEMBER TO 31ST DECEMBER 2020



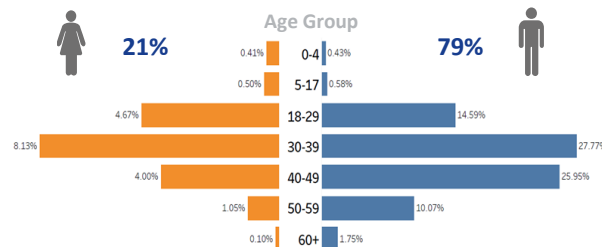
BIWEEKLY OBSERVATIONS FROM 4TH NOVEMBER TO 31ST DECEMBER 2020



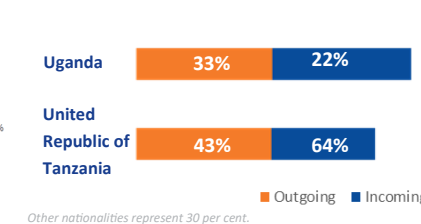
HEALTH CARE MOVEMENTS



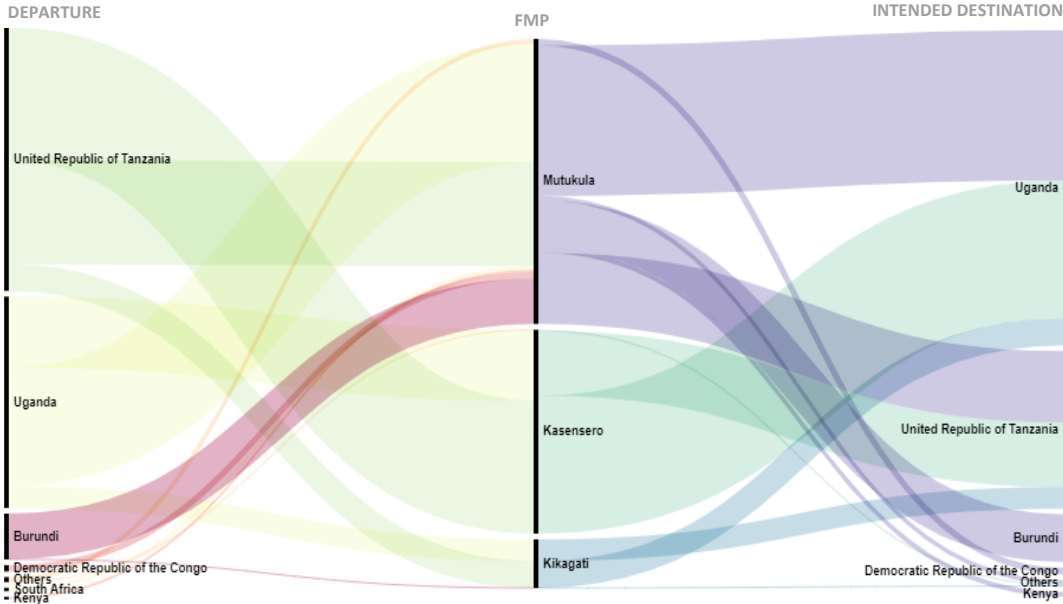
DEMOGRAPHIC



NATIONALITY



UGANDA – UNITED REPUBLIC OF TANZANIA BORDER FLOWS



MOVEMENT FLOWS

MUTUKULA FMP

In the period of reporting, Mutukula FMP registered 4,003 that is 53% of the total flows. And 49% were individuals recorded as incoming to Uganda and 38% outgoing while 5% were on transit.

KIKAGATI FMP

Kikagati FMP reported 684 individuals from November to December 2020. Incoming flows recorded were 55% and 45% were outgoing. The FMR registered 9% of the total number of flows (7,551) on the Uganda—United Republic of Tanzania border.

KASENSERO FMP

A total of 2,864 individual were recorded at the period of reporting at Kasensero and these make 38% of the total flow at the border. This is the second busy point of entry after Mutukula at the border. The individuals entering Uganda were 68% and exiting flows were 31% while less than 2% were recorded to be on transit.

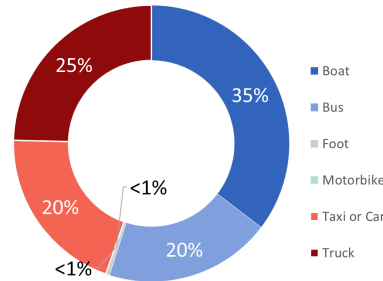
REASONS FOR MOVING

	Total	Incoming	Outgoing
Economic Reasons	58%	71%	41%
Return to Habitual Residence	26%	11%	47%
Visit Family	7%	6%	8%
Education	3%	5%	<1%
Buy Goods Personal Consumption	2%	3%	<1%
Health Care	1%	1%	<1%
Travel to Collect Aid	<1%	<1%	<1%
Others	3%	3%	4%

DURATION OF STAY

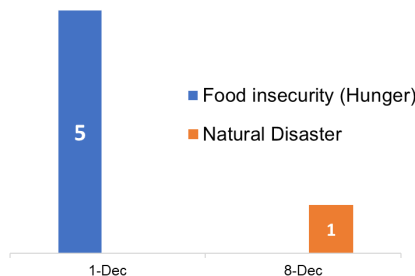
	Total	Incoming	Outgoing
Less than a day	21%	32%	6%
1 day to 1 week	22%	28%	12%
More than 1 week and up to 3 months	39%	29%	53%
More than 3 months and up to 6 months	3%	3%	2%
More than 6 months and up to 12 months	1%	1%	2%
More than 1 year	4%	3%	6%
I am not planning to leave	8%	3%	14%
I don't know	3%	2%	5%

MEANS OF TRANSPORT



FORCED MOVEMENTS

Food insecurity (5) and Natural Disasters (1) were the main drivers with a total of 6 observations. In the month of December.



VULNERABILITY AND FLOW DIRECTION

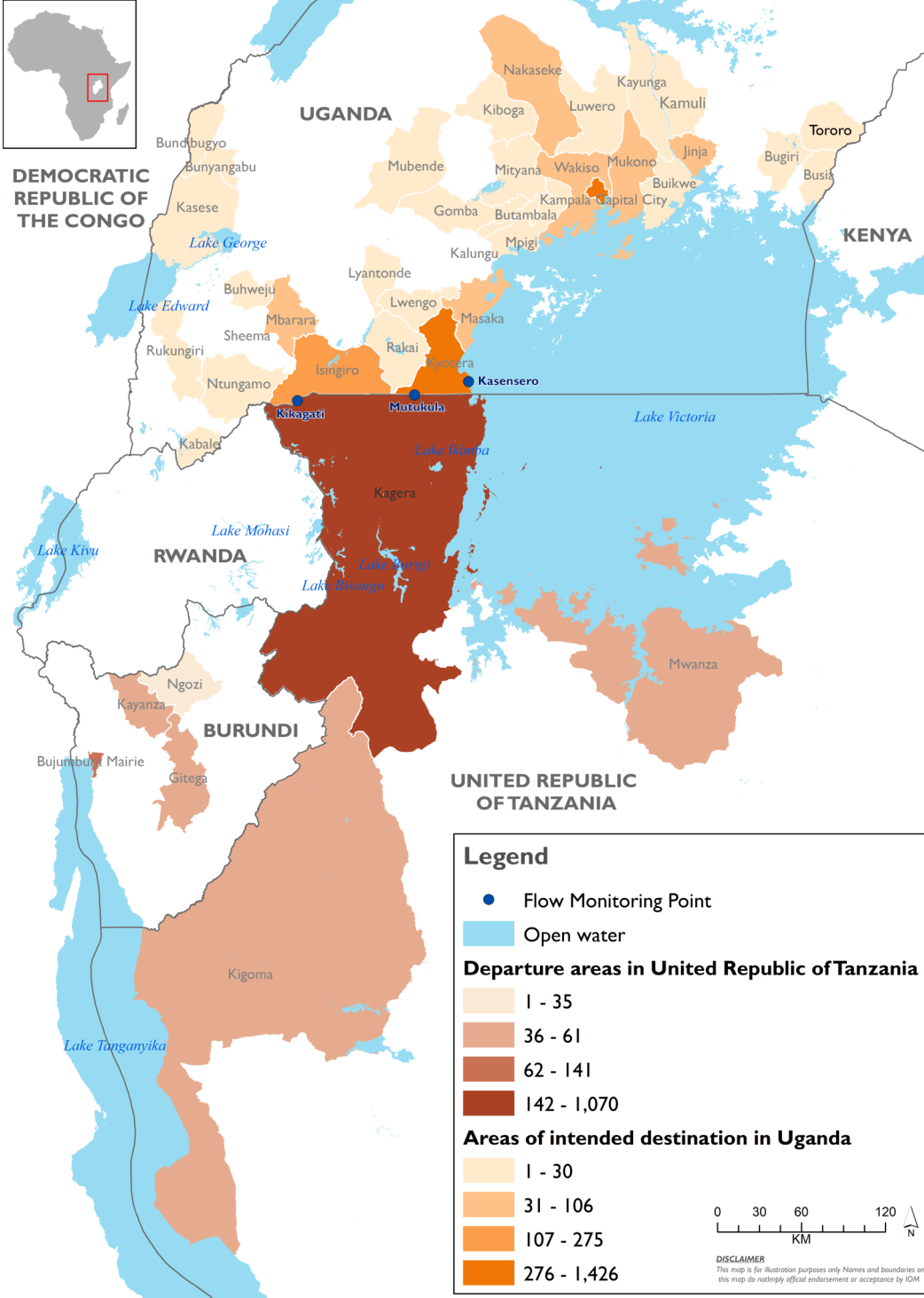
Number of vulnerabilities tracked in observed population per flow direction - incoming and outgoing.

51 vulnerabilities were tracked in incoming population, and 110 vulnerabilities were tracked in outgoing movements

Incoming	51
Outgoing	110

VULNERABILITY PROFILE

 Unaccompanied children	1%
 Pregnant and/or lactating women	1%
 People with disabilities	<1%
 Elderly	<1%



VULNERABILITY RANKING

Number of vulnerabilities tracked in observed population by areas of departure and intended destination for the flows.

Top departure area (admin2) outside Uganda and main reason for moving

Area (admin2)	Vulnerabilities	Main reason for moving
Bukoba	43	Return to habitual residence (34%)
Kyerwa	19	Buy goods for personal consumption (12%)
Gitega	4	Economic reasons (3%)

Top 3 intended destination areas (admin2) inside Uganda and main reason for moving

Area (admin2)	Vulnerabilities	Main reason for moving
Kampala Capital City	54	Return to habitual residence (33%)
Kyotera	26	Return to habitual residence (16%)
Isingiro	4	Economic reasons (5%)

METHODOLOGY

The Displacement Tracking Matrix (DTM) is implemented by the International Organization for Migration (IOM) in Uganda at the border with Tanzania, with the Danish funding. DTM flow monitoring is a component of DTM used to derive quantitative estimates of the flow of individuals, track and monitor cross-border movement and population mobility to better inform on nature, volume, direction and drivers of migration, including the risk of trafficking and smuggling of migrants. The exercise counts the number of people passing through FMPs in both directions, informing on migration trends and patterns, migrants' place of origin, intended destination, reasons for moving and their socio-demographic characteristics. Data is collected on tablets/phones through interviews with people on the move, Key Informants (KI) and direct observation. Information is triangulated with other official or unofficial sources, when available.

This report includes three(3) FMPs present along the Uganda/Tanzania border and are operated by DTM Uganda. This is in contrast to previous reports which only included FMPs operated within Uganda borders. For this reason, the findings in this report are from the 4th of November to the 31st of December 2020

LIMITATIONS

The FMPs are strategically placed to capture the most characteristic migration flows, and to complement the information captured through official PoEs established by the government authorities. Hence not all migration flows between two countries are covered by the existing FMPs, namely Mutukula, Kasensero and Kikagati. The findings presented in this report are limited to the representation of flows in the location specified above, in view of defining a profile of the migration flows. Data collection is carried out seven days a week during the day from 7:00 to 19:00.

Legend

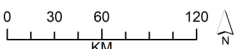
- Flow Monitoring Point
- Open water

Departure areas in United Republic of Tanzania

- 1 - 35
- 36 - 61
- 62 - 141
- 142 - 1,070

Areas of intended destination in Uganda

- 1 - 30
- 31 - 106
- 107 - 275
- 276 - 1,426



0 30 60 120
KM

DISCLAIMER
This map is for illustration purposes only Names and boundaries on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by IOM