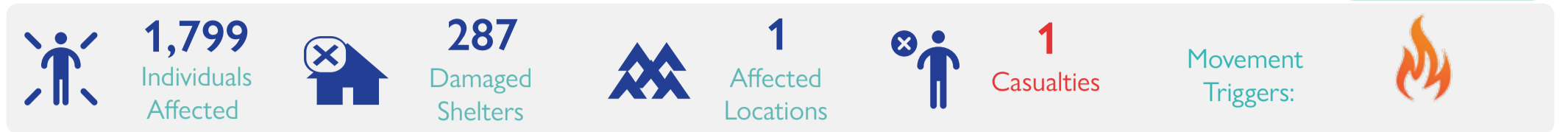


FLASH REPORT: FIRE OUTBREAK

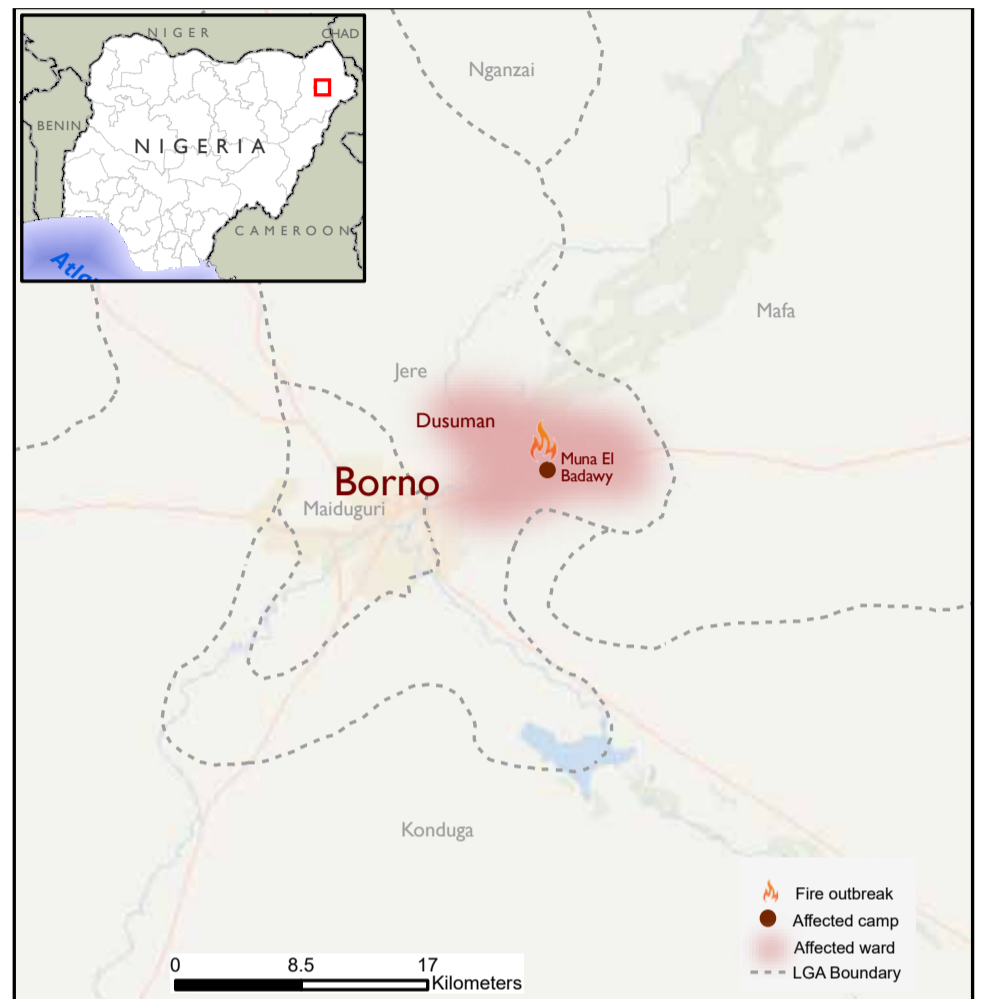
Jere LGA — Borno State

North-east — Nigeria

02 March 2024



Picture showing damaged shelters after the fire outbreak © IOM 2024



Map 1. Map showing locations affected by the fire outbreak. This map is for illustration purposes only. The boundaries and names shown, and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the International Organization for Migration.

Event Overview

On 2 March 2024, a fire broke out in Muna El-Badawy camp in Jere Local Government Area (LGA) of Borno State. The fire damaged and destroyed the shelters and belongings of numerous displaced households. There was a report of one fatality and no injuries reported. The fire impacted 287 emergency shelters, affecting 1,799 individuals in 257 households. The affected individuals included 1,539 children, 131 women and 129 men.

Of all the needs identified, food, shelter and non-food items (NFI) were the most prevalent. Other needs included water, sanitation and hygiene (WASH) and psychosocial support. As a preventive measure against fire outbreaks, most communities need fire-resistant materials for their shelters and detached shelters.

Following these events, DTM (Displacement Tracking Matrix) field staff conducted rapid assessments to inform the humanitarian community and Government/partners, and to enable a targeted response.

Demographic Breakdown

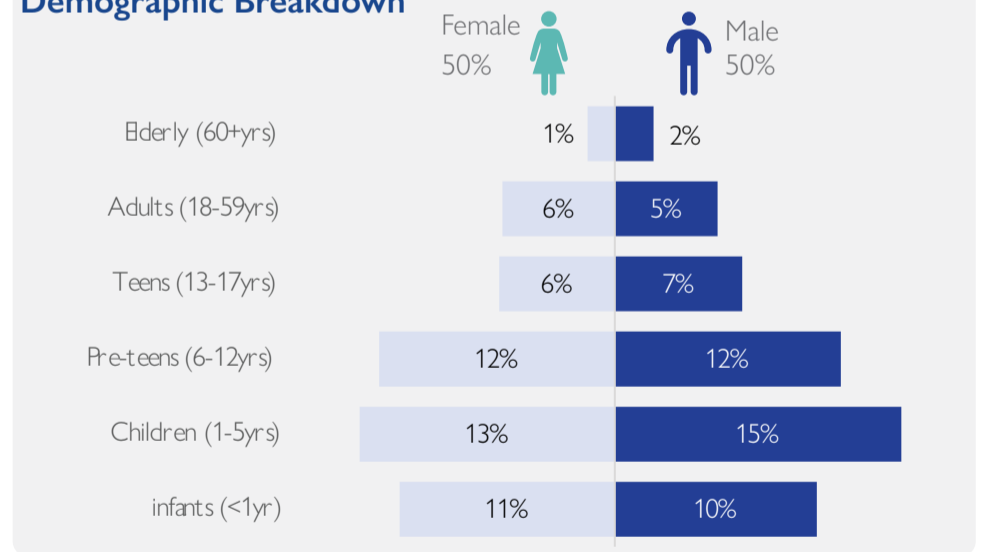


Fig. 2. Gender breakdown of affected population

Priority Needs*



*Multiple choices selected

Fig. 1. Most needed assistance

LGA	Ward	Number of Affected Household	Number of Affected Individuals			Casualty	Number of Partially Damaged Shelters	Number of Damaged Shelters
			Male	Female	Total			
JERE	DUSUMAN	257	889	910	1,799	1	3	284
Total		257	889	910	1,799	1	3	284

Methodology: Crises and emergencies require the humanitarian community to act urgently. As a subcomponent of DTM’s mobility tracking, flash reports utilise direct observation and a broad network of key informants to monitor sudden displacement resulting from events like natural disasters or attacks and collect information on the number, profile, and immediate needs of affected populations. In the initial 24 - 48 hours after an incident, DTM Nigeria activates a rapid assessment to document the event, urgent needs of affected individuals, demographic information, and impact. If displacement occurs, DTM Nigeria issues an Early Warning Flash/Incident report within 72 hours, notifying partners and stakeholders.

Disclaimer: The opinions expressed in the report are those of the authors and do not necessarily reflect the views of the International Organization for Migration (IOM). The designations employed and the presentation of material throughout the report do not imply the expression of any opinion whatsoever on the part of IOM concerning the legal status of any country, territory, city or area, or its authorities, or concerning its frontiers or boundaries.

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