

5,639 Individuals **Affected**



6 Affected Locations



958 **Damaged Shelters**



87 Casualties

Movement Trigger:



Event Overview

On 16 and 20 April 2024, armed bandits attacked the communities of Gidan Dan Sale and Maitandu in Isa North ward, Chohi in Isa South ward, Sabon Gari Area in Tidibale ward and Babudole in Tsabre ward, all in Isa local government area (LGA) of Sokoto State and the community of Gidan Dan Zara in Galadima/Yanruwa ward of Zurmi LGA in Zamfara State. There were reports of 50 injuries and 37 fatalities. The attacks affected 5,639 individuals in 1,117 households and displaced 2,950 individuals to neighboring communities and 2,689 individuals to Shinkafi town in Shinkafi North of Shinkafi LGA in Zamfara State. The displaced individuals included 3,159 children, 1,504 women and 976 men.

Of all the needs identified, food, non-food items (NFI) and shelter were the most prevalent. Other needs included security and water, sanitation and hygiene (WASH).

Following these events, DTM (Displacement Tracking Matrix) field staff conducted rapid assessments to inform the humanitarian community and Government/partners, and to enable a targeted response.

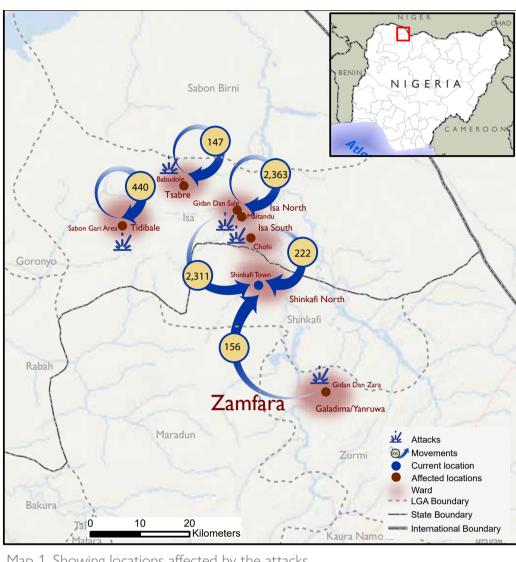
Nigeria's north-central and north-west zones are afflicted with a multi-dimensional crisis. Long-standing tensions between ethnic and religious groups often result in attacks and banditry or hirabah. These attacks involve kidnapping and grand larceny along major highways by criminal groups. During the past years, the crisis accelerated and has resulted in widespread displacement across the north-central and north-west regions.



Fig. 1. Future intentions



Fig. 2. Most needed assistance



Map 1. Showing locations affected by the attacks

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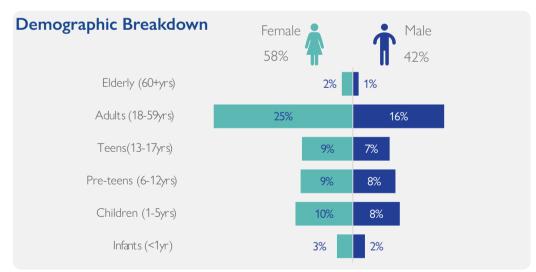


Fig. 3. Gender breakdown of affected population

State	LGA	Ward	Number of Affected Household	Number of Affected Individuals			Casualty	Number of Partially	Number of fully
				Male	Female	Total	Casualty	Damaged Shelters	Damaged Shelters
Zamfara	Zurmi	Galadima/Anruwa	26	65	91	156	5	11	32
Sokoto	lsa	Isa North	932	1,974	2,700	4,674	49	256	517
		Tidibale	88	175	265	440	21	58	23
		Tsabren Sarkin Darai	29	58	89	147	9	11	19
		Isa South	42	97	125	222	3	22	9
Total 1.117			1,117	2,369	3,270	5,639	87	358	600

Methodology: Crises and emergencies require the humanitarian community to act urgently. As a subcomponent of DTM's mobility tracking, flash reports utilise direct observation and a broad network of key informants to monitor sudden displacement resulting from events like natural disasters or attacks and collect information on the number, profile, and immediate needs of affected populations. In the initial 24 - 48 hours after an incident, DTM Nigeria activates a rapid assessment to document the event, urgent needs of affected individuals, demographic information, and impact. If displacement occurs, DTM Nigeria issues an Early Warning Flash/Incident report within 72 hours, notifying partners and stakeholders.

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