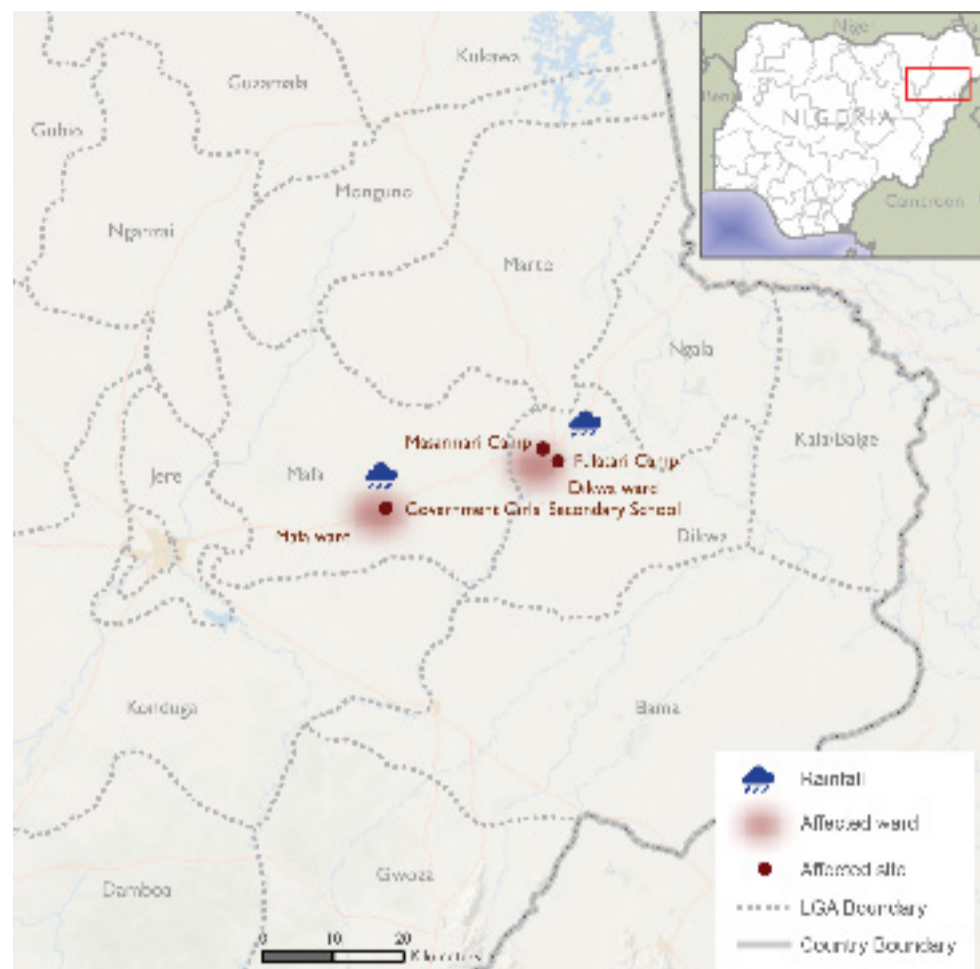




Picture showing damaged shelters after the heavy rainfall © IOM 2024



This map is for illustration purposes only. The boundaries and names shown, and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the International Organization for Migration.

**Event Overview**

On 22 July 2024, a heavy rainfall caused significant damage in several camps within the Dikwa and Mafa local government areas (LGAs) of Borno State, including Fulatari, Government Girls Secondary School (GGSS) and Masarmari camps. The intense rainfall led to the destruction and damage of shelters and personal belongings of many displaced households. In total, 265 shelters were damaged, affecting 4,444 individuals across 906 households. The affected population included 600 women, 491 men, and 1,460 children.

Of all the needs identified, food, non-food items (NFIs), and shelter were the most prevalent. WASH and shelter were also listed as a priority need in the locations affected.

Following these events, DTM (Displacement Tracking Matrix) field staff conducted rapid assessments to inform the humanitarian community and Government /partners, and to enable a targeted response.

**Priority Needs\***



\*Multiple choices selected

Fig. 1. Most needed assistance

**Demographic Breakdown**

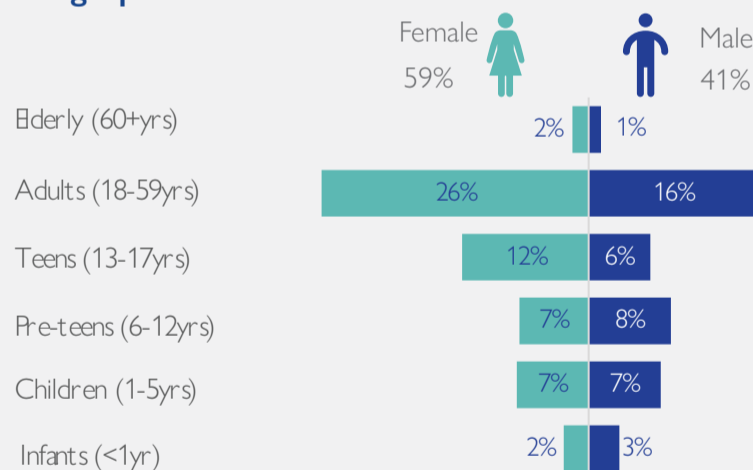


Fig. 2. Gender breakdown of affected population

LGA	Ward	Site name	Site type	Number of Affected Household	Number of Affected Individuals			Number of fully Damaged Shelters
					Male	Female	Total	
Dikwa	Dikwa	Fulatari Camp	Camp	518	1,217	1,361	2,578	0
		Masarmari		123	214	327	541	0
Mafa	Mafa	Government Girls' Secondary School		265	533	792	1,325	265
<b>Total</b>				<b>906</b>	<b>1,964</b>	<b>2,480</b>	<b>4,444</b>	<b>265</b>

**Methodology:** Crises and emergencies require the humanitarian community to act urgently. As a subcomponent of DTM's mobility tracking, flash reports utilise direct observation and a broad network of key informants to monitor sudden displacement resulting from events like natural disasters or attacks and collect information on the number, profile, and immediate needs of affected populations. In the initial 24 - 48 hours after an incident, DTM Nigeria activates a rapid assessment to document the event, urgent needs of affected individuals, demographic information, and impact. If displacement occurs, DTM Nigeria issues an Early Warning Flash/Incident report within 72 hours, notifying partners and stakeholders.

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