FLASH REPORT: FIRE OUTBREAK

Magumeri and Monguno LGAs — Borno State

North-east — Nigeria

513

Individuals

Affected





88

Damaged

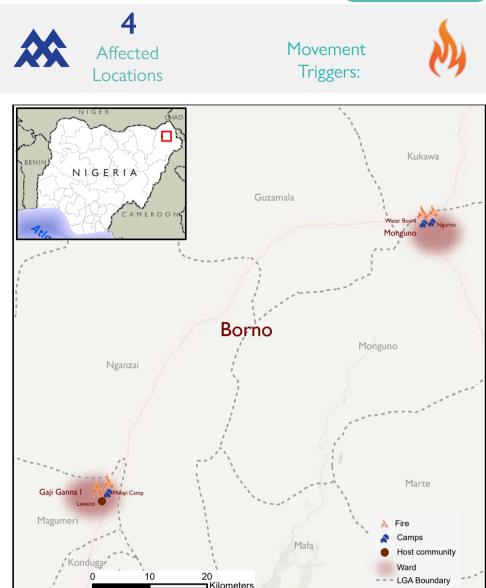
Shelters

Damaged shelters after the fire outbreak in Lawanti Host community in Magumeri LGA © IOM 2024

Event Overview

On 15 and 17 April 2024, fires broke out in Malayi camp and Lawanti host community in Gaji Ganna I ward of Magumeri Local Government Area (LGA) and in Ngurno and Water Board camps in Monguno ward of Monguno LGA, all in Borno State. The fires damaged and destroyed shelters and belongings of numerous displaced households. There were no reports of fatalities and injuries. The fires impacted 88 emergency shelters, affecting 513 individuals in 88 households. The affected individuals included 361 children, 81 women and 71 men.

Of all the needs identified, shelter, food and non-food items (NFI) were the most prevalent. Other needs included water, sanitation and hygiene (WASH) and health.



Map 1. Map showing locations affected by the fire outbreak This map is for illustration purposes only. The boundaries and names shown, and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the International Organization for Migration.

Following these events, DTM (Displacement Tracking Matrix) field staff conducted rapid assessments to inform the humanitarian community and Government/partners, and to enable a targeted response.



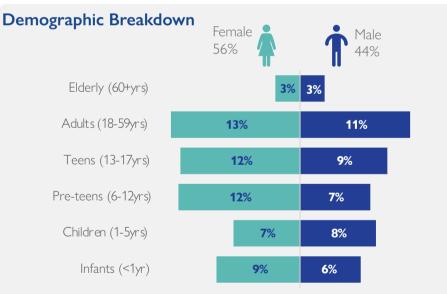


Fig. 2. Gender breakdown of affected population

LGA	Ward	Number of Affected Household	Number of Affected Individuals			Number of fully Damaged
			Male	Female	Total	Shelters
Magumeri	Gaji Ganna I	72	202	240	442	74
Monguno	Monguno	14	24	47	71	14
Total		86	226	287	513	88

Methodology: Crises and emergencies require the humanitarian community to act urgently. As a subcomponent of DTM's mobility tracking, flash reports utilise direct observation and a broad network of key informants to monitor sudden displacement resulting from events like natural disasters or attacks and collect information on the number, profile, and immediate needs of affected populations. In the initial 24 - 48 hours after an incident, DTM Nigeria activates a rapid assessment to document the event, urgent needs of affected individuals, demographic information, and impact. If displacement occurs, DTM Nigeria issues an Early Warning Flash/Incident report within 72 hours, notifying partners and stakeholders.

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Fig. 1. Most needed assistance