



# EMERGENCY TRACKING TOOL (ETT)

The DTM Emergency Tracking Tool (ETT) is deployed to track and to collect information on large and sudden population movements, provide frequent updates on the scale of displacement and quantify the affected population when needed. As a subcomponent of the Mobility Tracking methodology in Nigeria, ETT utilises direct observation and a broad network of key informants to capture best estimates of the affected population per location, enabling targeted humanitarian response planning.

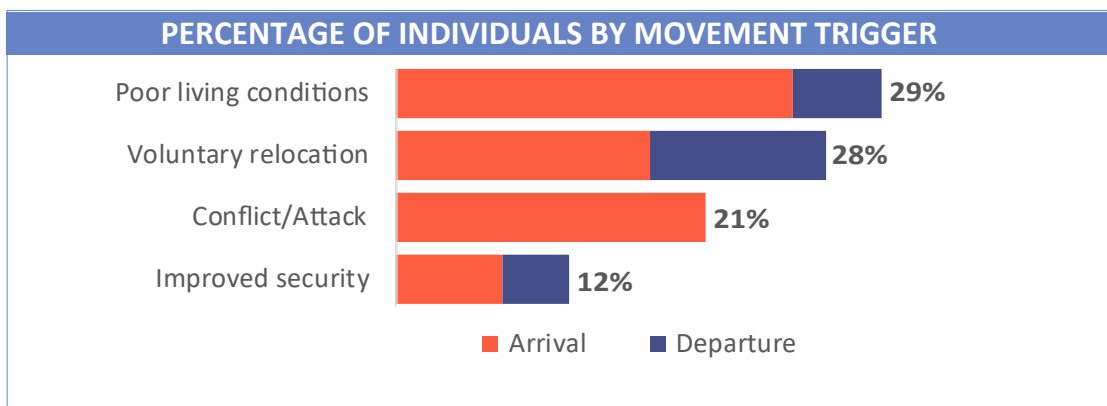
## ETT Report: No. 220 | 19 - 25 April 2021

MOVEMENTS	NEW ARRIVAL SCREENING BY NUTRITION PARTNERS
<p><b>Arrivals:</b> 2,144 individuals</p> <p><b>Departures:</b> 665 individuals</p>	<p><b>54</b> Children (6-59 months) screened for malnutrition</p> <p><b>MUAC category of screened children</b></p> <p>Green: 44   Yellow: 7   Red: 3</p>

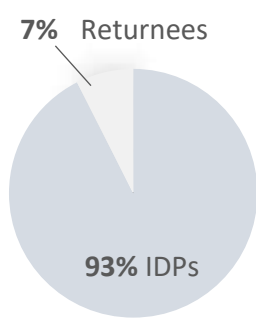
In the states Borno and Adamawa, a total of 2,809 movements were recorded, comprising 2,144 arrivals and 665 departures, between 19 and 25 April 2021. Arrivals were recorded at locations in Askira/Uba, Bama, Biu, Gwoza, Hawul and Monguno Local Government Areas (LGAs) of the most conflict-affected state of Borno and in Fufore, Girei, Gombi, Hong, Lamurde, Madagali, Maiha, Michika, Mubi North, Mubi South, Numan, Song, Yola North and Yola South LGAs of Adamawa.

Departures were recorded in Askira/Uba, Gwoza and Kala/Balge LGAs of Borno, and Demsa, Fufore, Gombi, Hong, Madagali, Maiha, Michika, Mubi North, Numan and Yola North LGAs of Adamawa.

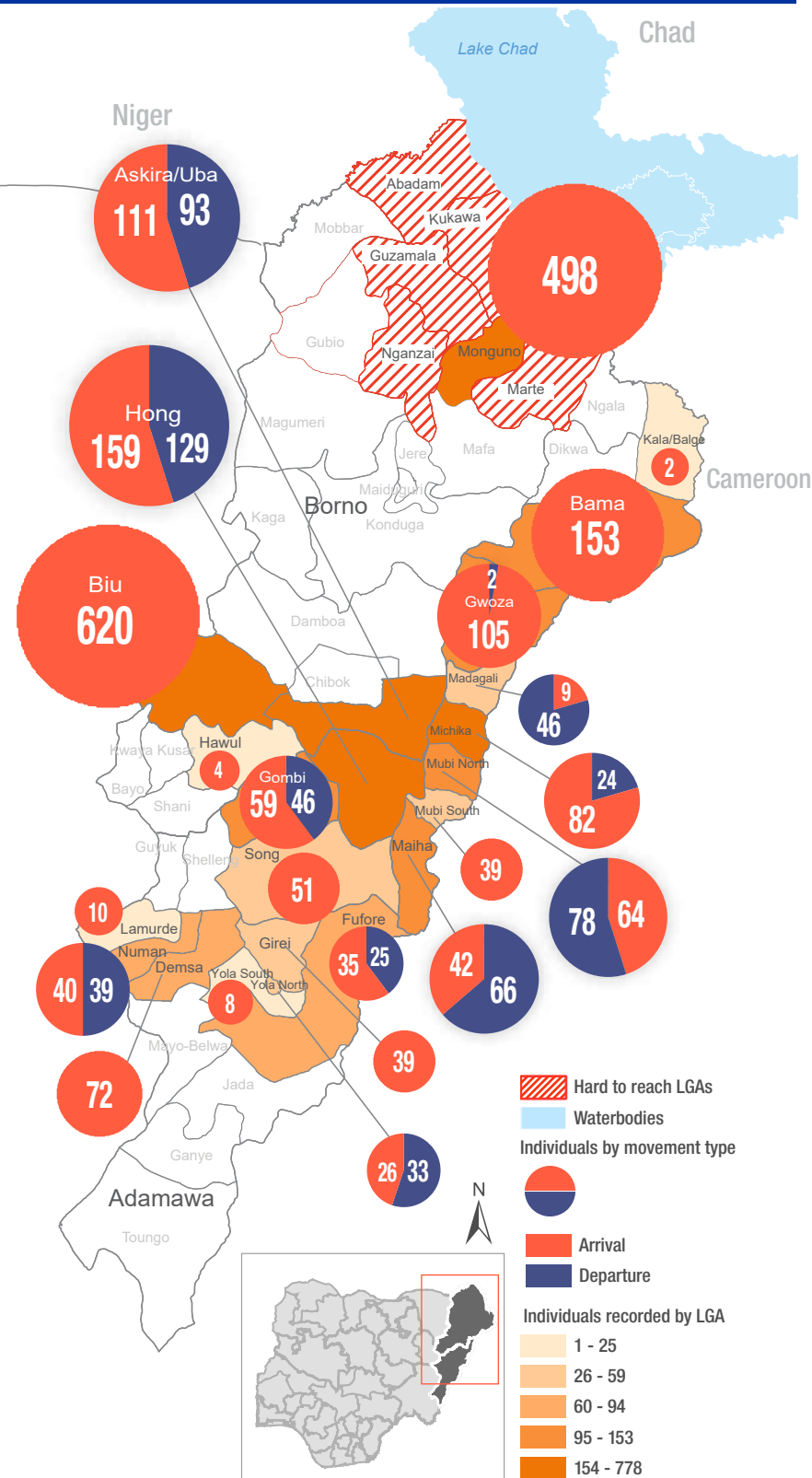
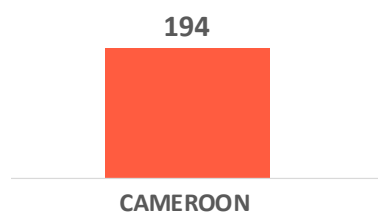
ETT assessments identified the following movement triggers: poor living conditions (970 individuals or 35%), voluntary relocation (861 individuals or 31%), conflict/attack (620 individuals or 22%) and improved security (345 individuals or 12%).



### Affected Population



### Arrivals from neighbouring Countries



\* Movements in Kala/Balge were captured by ETT outreach staff in the LGA

## SUMMARY OF MAJOR MOVEMENTS

**Biu:** 620 arrivals were recorded in Biu LGA of Borno State. All arrivals were from within Biu LGA in Borno State. All the movements recorded were caused by conflicts/attacks.

**Monguno:** 498 arrivals were recorded in Monguno LGA of Borno State. The arrivals included 242 individuals from Nganzai LGA in Borno State, 145 individuals from Guzamala LGA in Borno State and 111 individuals from Kukawa LGA in Borno State. All the movements recorded were due to poor living conditions.

**Hong:** 159 arrivals and 129 departures were recorded in Hong LGA of Adamawa State. The arrivals included 102 individuals from Hong LGA in Adamawa State and 57 individuals from Askira/Uba LGA in Borno State. The departures included 87 individuals to Hong LGA in Adamawa State and 42 individuals to Askira/Uba LGA in Borno State. Sixty-six per cent of the movements recorded were voluntary relocation, 20 per cent of individuals relocated as a result of the improved security situation in areas of origin and 14 per cent of individuals relocated due to poor living conditions.

**Askira/Uba:** 111 arrivals and 93 departures were recorded in Askira/Uba LGA of Borno State. The arrivals included 41 individuals from Hong LGA in Adamawa State, 25 individuals from Song LGA in Adamawa State and 22 individuals from Yola North LGA in Adamawa State, 18 individuals from Jalingo LGA in Taraba State and 5 individuals from Askira/Uba LGA in Borno State. The departures included 67 individuals to Hong LGA in Adamawa State, 18 individuals to Mubi North LGA in Adamawa State and 8 individuals to Chibok LGA in Borno State. Fifty per cent of individuals relocated as a result of the improved security situation in areas of origin, 29 per cent of the movements recorded were due to poor living conditions and 21 per cent of individuals relocated voluntarily.

## NEW ARRIVAL MALNUTRITION SCREENING SUMMARY (CHILDREN 6-59 MONTHS)

An exhaustive nutrition screening using mid-upper arm circumference (MUAC) and oedema for acute malnutrition was conducted by sector partners for 54 children of 6-59 months. Of the 54 children screened, the MUAC reading indicated that 3 children were recorded in the red category, 7 children in the yellow category and 44 children in the green category. No case of oedema was reported in the 2 LGAs assessed.

The results also included 42 children who arrived from neighbouring countries (31 in Bama and 13 in Gwoza). Of all the 42 children measured, 2 were recorded in the red category, 36 in the green category and the remaining 4 in the yellow category. All children found with acute malnutrition have been admitted for treatment. Please note, the data presented are not surveillance results and should be interpreted with caution.

LGA	MUAC Categories						Total
	Green (>12.5cm)		Yellow (11.5cm - 12.5cm)		Red (<11.5cm)		
	Inaccessible	Accessible	Inaccessible	Accessible	Inaccessible	Accessible	
Bama	26	2	3	2	0	3	36
Gwoza	15	1	2	0	0	0	18
<b>Total</b>	<b>109</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>54</b>

■ Nourished

■ Moderate Acute Malnutrition (MAM)

■ Severe Acute Malnutrition (SAM)

Please note, the data presented are not surveillance results and should be interpreted with caution.

**Table 1. Details of movements by locations of assessment and locations of arrival / departure - only movements with at least 25 persons are listed below**

Tracking location			Movement location			ARRIVAL	DEPARTURE	GRAND TOTAL	
STATE	LGA	WARD	STATE	LGA	WARD				
ADAMAWA	DEMSA	DEMSA	ADAMAWA	NUMAN	NUMAN	-	24	24	
	FUFORE	PARIYA	ADAMAWA	GIREI	GERENG	-	25	25	
	GIREI	GIREI I	ADAMAWA	MADAGALI	MADAGALI	29	-	29	
	GOMBI	GOMBI SOUTH	ADAMAWA	HONG	GARAHA	26	-	26	
				MICHIKA	MINKISI WURO NGIKI	-	33	33	
	HONG	GARAHA	ADAMAWA	HONG	THILBANG	49	-	49	
				HONG	SHANGUI	53	-	53	
				BORNO	ASKIRA UBA	ZADAWA/GIWI	57	-	57
				ADAMAWA	HONG	GARAHA	-	87	87
	UBA	BORNO	ASKIRA UBA	MUSSA	-	42	42		
	MADAGALI	MADAGALI	ADAMAWA	GIREI	GIREI I	-	29	29	
	MAIHA	SORAU 'A'	ADAMAWA	MAIHA	SORAU 'A'	-	48	48	
		SORAU 'B'		MUBI NORTH	DIGIL	28	-	28	
	MICHIKA	GARTA/GHUNCHI	ADAMAWA	MICHIKA	THUKUDOU/SUFUKU/ZAH	36	-	36	
		MINKISI/WURO NGIKI		GOMBI	GOMBI SOUTH	46	-	46	
		TUMBARA/NGABILI		MUBI NORTH	BETSO	-	24	24	
	MUBI NORTH	BETSO	ADAMAWA	MICHIKA	TUMBARA/NGABILI	24	-	24	
		DIGIL		MAIHA	SORAU 'B'	-	28	28	
		LOKUWA		MUBI NORTH	BAHULI	-	24	24	
	MUBI SOUTH	MUGULBU/YADAFI	ADAMAWA	FUFORE	GURIN	26	-	26	
NUMAN	IMBURU	ADAMAWA	GUYUK	GUYUK	-	29	29		
SONG	DUMNE	BORNO	ASKIRA UBA	LASSA	25	-	25		
YOLA NORTH	JAMBUTU	ADAMAWA	GIREI	JERA BONYO	-	33	33		
			GUYUK	DUMNA	26	-	26		
BORNO	ASKIRA/UBA	LASSA	SONG	DUMNE	25	-	25		
		MUSSA	ADAMAWA	HONG	UBA	41	-	41	
		ZADAWA/HAUSARI	HONG	GARAHA	-	57	57		
	BAMA	BUDUWA/BULA CHIRABE	CAMEROON	MARWA	MORA	132	-	132	
	BIU	KENKEN	BORNO	BIU	BURATAI	426	-	426	
		ZARAWUYAKU		BIU	MANDARA GIRAU	194	-	194	
	GWOZA	PULKA/BOKKO	BORNO	GWOZA	GAVA/AGAPALWA	32	-	32	
			CAMEROON	MARWA	MORA	62	-	62	
	MONGUNO	MONGUNO	BORNO	NGANZAI	GAJIRAM	242	-	242	
				GUZAMALA	MODURI	145	-	145	
KUKAWA				KUKAWA	111	-	111		

The depiction and use of boundaries, geographic names, and related data shown on maps and included in this report are not warranted to be error free nor do they imply judgment on the legal status of any territory, or any endorsement or acceptance of such boundaries by IOM.

When quoting, paraphrasing or in anyway using the information mentioned in this report, the source needs to be stated appropriately as follows: "Source: International Organization for Migration [month, year], Displacement Tracking Matrix (DTM)".

\* MUAC data is provided by UNICEF

For more information or to report an alert, please contact:

Henry Kwenin, DTM Project Coordinator: [hkwenin@iom.int](mailto:hkwenin@iom.int) | +234 903 8852 524

Dave Bercasio, Emergency Coordinator: [dbercasio@iom.int](mailto:dbercasio@iom.int) | +234 907 5070 001

DTM information products: <http://dtm.iom.int/nigeria>