



EMERGENCY TRACKING TOOL (ETT)

DTM Emergency Tracking Tool (ETT) is deployed to track and provide up-to-date information on sudden displacement and other population movements

ETT Report: No. 206 | 11 - 17 January 2021

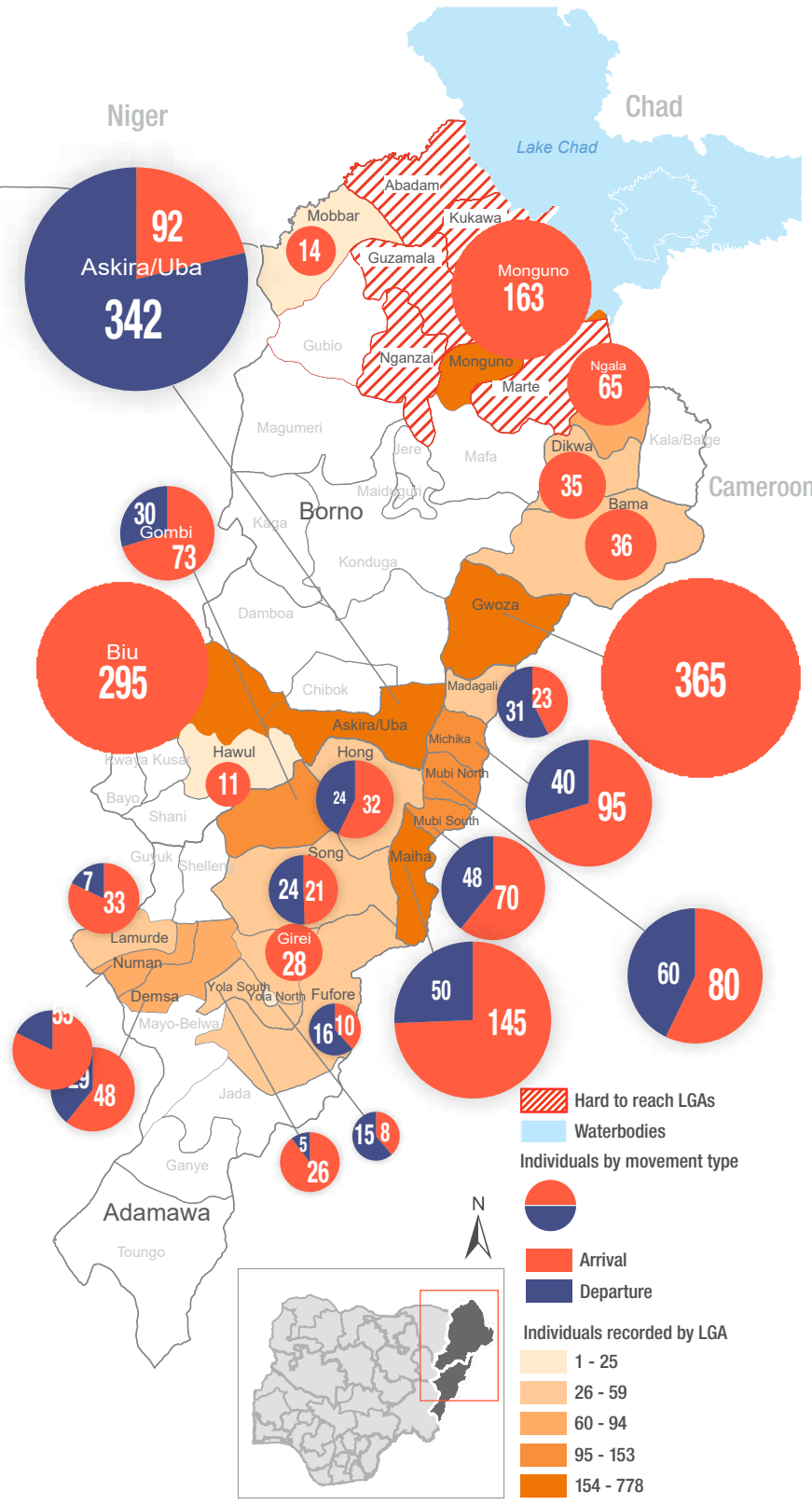
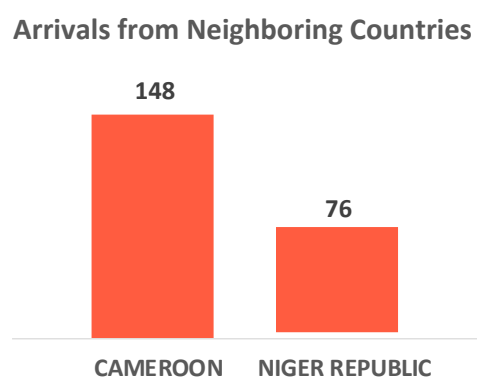
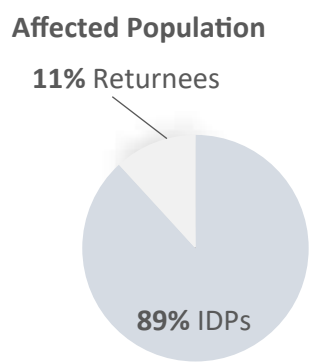
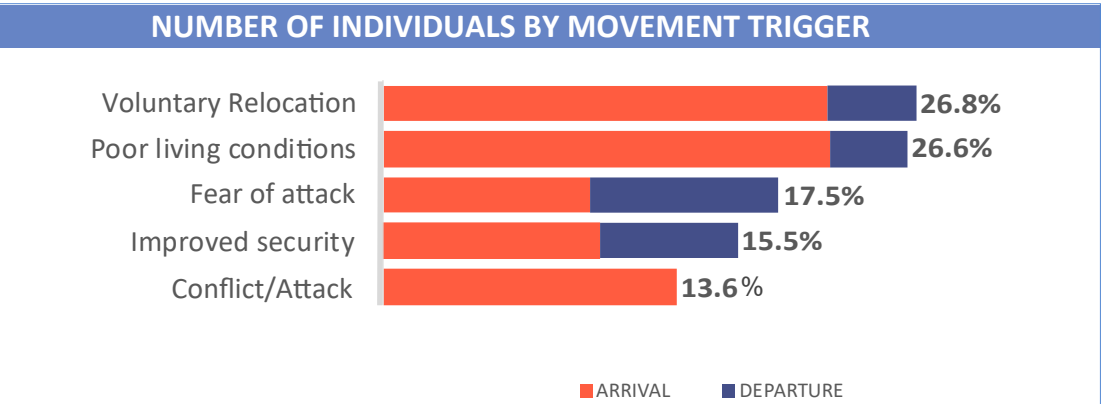
MOVEMENTS	NEW ARRIVAL SCREENING BY NUTRITION PARTNERS
<p>Arrivals: 1,833 individuals</p> <p>Departures: 723 individuals</p>	<p>137 Children (6-59 months) screened for malnutrition</p> <p>MUAC category of screened children</p> <p>Green: 131 Yellow: 5 Red: 1</p>

The DTM Emergency Tracking Tool (ETT) is deployed to track and to collect information on large and sudden population movements, provide frequent updates on the scale of displacement and quantify the affected population when needed. As a subcomponent of the Mobility Tracking methodology in Nigeria, ETT utilises direct observation and a broad network of key informants to capture best estimates of the affected population per location, enabling targeted humanitarian response planning.

A total of 2,556 movements were recorded, comprising 1,833 arrivals and 723 departures, between 11 and 17 January 2020. Arrivals were recorded at locations in Askira/Uba, Bama, Biu, Dikwa, Gwoza, Hawul, Mobbar, Monguno and Ngala Local Government Areas (LGAs) of the most conflict-affected Nigerian State of Borno. Arrivals were also recorded in Demsa, Fufore, Girei, Gombi, Hong, Lamurde, Madagali, Maiha, Michika, Mubi North, Mubi South, Numan, Song, Yola North and Yola South LGAs of the state of Adamawa.

Departures were recorded in Askira/Uba LGAs of Borno; Demsa, Fufore, Gombi, Hong, Lamurde, Madagali, Maiha, Michika, Mubi North, Mubi South, Numan, Song, Yola North and Yola South LGAs of Adamawa.

ETT assessments identified the following movement triggers: voluntary relocation (684 individuals or 26.8%), poor living conditions (679 individuals or 26.6%), fear of attack (447 individuals or 17.5%), improved security (398 individuals or 15.5%), and conflict/attack (348 individuals or 13.6%).



* Movements in Kala/Balge were captured by ETT outreach staff in the LGA

SUMMARY OF MAJOR MOVEMENTS

Askira/Uba: 92 arrivals and 342 departures were recorded in Askira/Uba LGA of Borno state. The arrivals included 51 from Hong, 17 from Mubi North, 5 from Madagali LGAs of Adamawa state, 19 from Askira/Uba LGA of Borno state. The departures included 168 to Maiha, 84 to Ganye, 11 to Mubi South, 6 to Hong LGAs of Adamawa state and 73 to Askira/Uba LGA of Borno state. 46 per cent relocated due to fear of attack, 26 per cent of the movements recorded were triggered by poor living conditions, 25 per cent were as a result of improved security and 3 per cent relocated voluntarily.

Gwoza: 365 arrivals were recorded in Gwoza LGA of Borno state. The arrivals included 168 from Mubi North, 62 from Yola North, 32 from Fufore and 12 from Hong LGAs of Adamawa state, 70 from Marwa region in Cameroon, 18 from Abuja Municipal Area Council of the Federal Capital Territory and 3 from Gwoza LGA of Borno state. All of the movements recorded were triggered by poor living conditions.

Biu: 295 arrivals were recorded in Biu LGA of Borno state. All arrivals were from Biu LGA of Borno state. 96 per cent of the movements recorded in Biu LGA were as a result of conflict/attack and 4 per cent were triggered by fear of attack..

Maiha: 145 arrivals and 50 departures were recorded in Maiha LGA of Adamawa state. All arrivals were from Askira/Uba LGA of Borno state. The departures included 24 to Mubi North, 18 to Girei and 8 to Yola North LGAs of Adamawa state. 74 per cent of the movements recorded were due to fear of attack, 17 per cent were due to poor living conditions and 9 per cent were as a result of improved security in locations of origin.

NEW ARRIVAL MALNUTRITION SCREENING SUMMARY (CHILDREN 6-59 MONTHS)

An exhaustive nutrition screening using mid-upper arm circumference (MUAC) and Oedema for acute malnutrition was conducted by Sector partners for 236 children of 6-59 months. Of the 137 children screened, the MUAC reading was 1 (from accessible area) in the Red category, 5 were in the Yellow category and 137 were measured in the Green category. No case of Oedema was reported in the 5 LGAs that we received reports from.

The results also include 23 children from neighboring countries (1 in Bama, 7 in Gwoza, 5 in Mobbar and 10 in Ngala). Of all the 23 children measured, 1 was recorded in the Red category, 20 in the Green category and the remaining 2 in the Yellow category. All children found with acute malnutrition have been admitted for treatment. Please note, the data presented are not surveillance results and should be interpreted with caution.

LGA	MUAC Categories						Total
	Green (>12.5cm)		Yellow (11.5cm - 12.5cm)		Red (<11.5cm)		
	Inaccessible	Accessible	Inaccessible	Accessible	Inaccessible	Accessible	
Bama	5	0	1	1	0	0	7
Dikwa	0	24	0	0	0	0	24
Gwoza	0	84	0	0	0	0	84
Mobbar	0	5	0	0	0	0	5
Ngala	0	13	0	3	0	1	17
Total	5	126	1	4	0	1	137

■ Nourished
 ■ Moderate Acute Malnutrition (MAM)
 ■ Severe Acute Malnutrition (SAM)

Please note, the data presented are not surveillance results and should be interpreted with caution.

Table 1. Details of movements by locations of assessment and locations of arrival / departure - only movements with at least 19 persons are listed below

Tracking location			Movement location			ARRIVAL	DEPARTURE	GRAND TOTAL
STATE	LGA	WARD	STATE	LGA	WARD			
ADAMAWA	DEMSA	BORRONG	ADAMAWA	DEMSA	DONG	21	-	21
	GIREI	GIREI II	ADAMAWA	MADAGALI	HYAMBULLA	19	-	19
	GOMBI	GARKIDA	ADAMAWA	JADA	MAPIO	25	-	25
		GOMBI NORTH		GOMBI	GARKIDA	-	24	24
	HONG	KWARHI	ADAMAWA	YOLA SOUTH	NAMTARI	-	24	24
	MADAGALI	HYAMBULA	ADAMAWA	MUBI SOUTH	GUDE	23	-	23
	MAIHA	MAYONGULI	BORNO	ASKIRA/UBA	GIWI/WOMDEO	19	-	19
		SORAU A				59	-	59
		SORAU B				67	-	67
	MICHIKA	MADZI	ADAMAWA	MICHIKA	ZAH	20	-	20
		MICHIKA I			MADZI	-	40	40
		SUKUMU/TILLIJO			MUBI NORTH	MIJILU	37	-
	MUBI NORTH	KOLERE	ADAMAWA	MICHIKA	MINKISI WURO NGIKI	24	-	24
		MIJILU			SONG	SONG GARI	-	20
	MUBI SOUTH	GUDE	ADAMAWA	HONG	KWARHI	23	-	23
BORNO			MADAGALI	HYAMBULLA	-	23	23	
SONG	SONG GARI	ADAMAWA	GWOZA	GWOZA WAKANE/BULABULIN	32	-	32	
BORNO	ASKIRA/UBA	ASKIRA EAST	ADAMAWA	HONG	MAYO LOPE	51	-	51
		GIWI/WOMDEO	BORNO	MAIHA	SORAU B	-	168	168
		HUSARA/TAMPUL		ASKIRA/UBA	MUSSA	-	31	31
		UBA		ASKIRA EAST	-	42	42	
		UVU/UDA		MUSSA	19	-	19	
	BIU	DUGJI	BORNO	BIU	MANDARA GIRAU	-	84	84
	GWOZA	GWOZA WAKANE/BULABULIN	ADAMAWA	MUBI NORTH	LOKUWA	283	-	283
				FUFURE	PARIYA	120	-	120
				MUBI NORTH	DAWARE	32	-	32
				YOLA NORTH	NGUROLADI	48	-	48
	MONGUNO	MONGUNO	CAMEROON	MARWA	MAYO TSANGYA	46	-	46
				GUZAMALA	GUDUMBALI	70	-	70
				GUBIO	GUBIO	57	-	57
	NGALA	NGALA WARD	CAMEROON	NIGER REPUBLIC	SHETTIMARI	44	-	44
				MARWA	MAKARI	62	-	62
					65	-	65	

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When quoting, paraphrasing or in anyway using the information mentioned in this report, the source needs to be stated appropriately as follows: "Source: International Organization for Migration [month, year], Displacement Tracking Matrix (DTM)".

* MUAC data is provided by UNICEF

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