

DISPLACEMENT TRACKING MATRIX — NIGERIA EMERGENCY TRACKING TOOL (ETT)

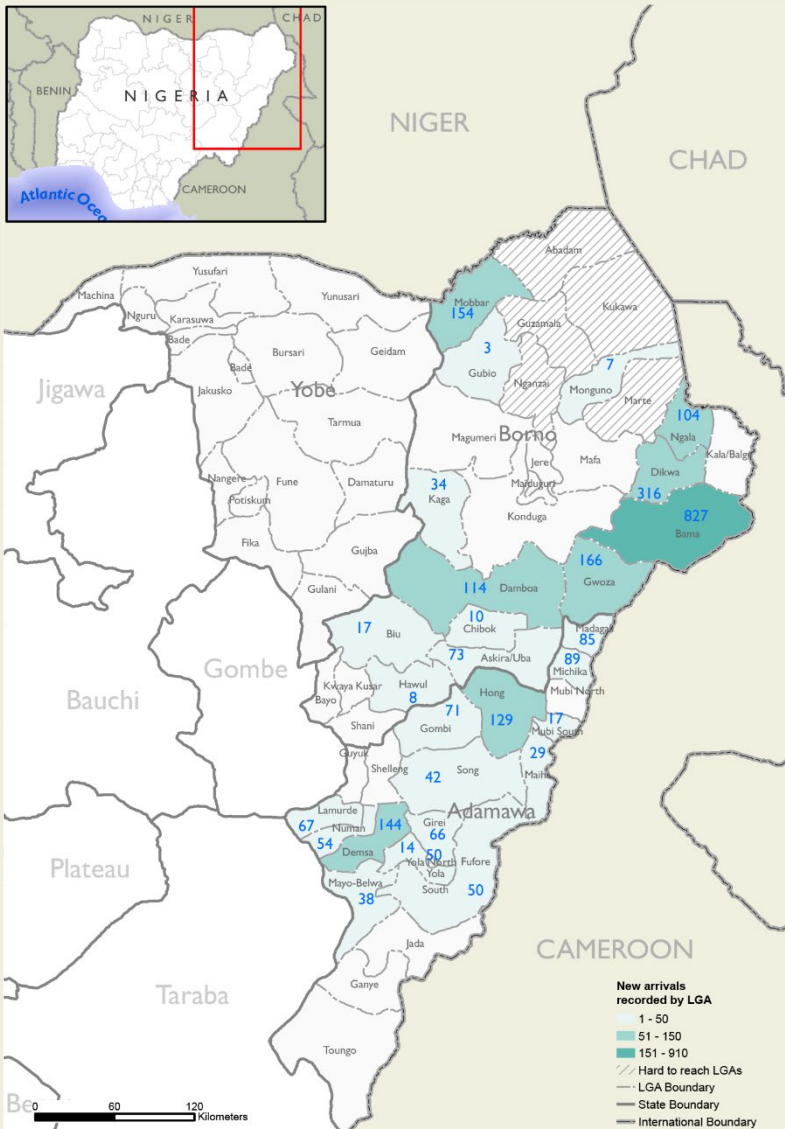
SUMMARY OF MOVEMENTS IN BORNO AND ADAMAWA STATES, 22 – 28 July 2024

DASHBOARD: 390

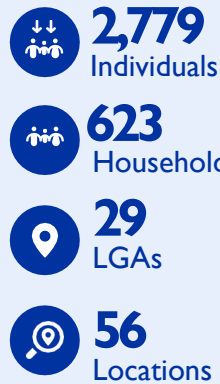
DATA COLLECTION: Week 29, 2024

DATE OF PUBLICATION: 02 August 2024

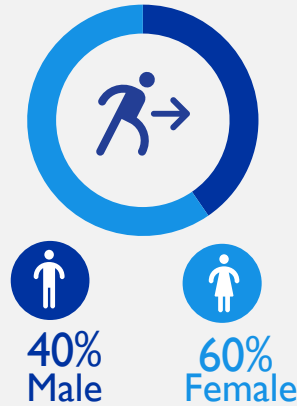
OVERVIEW OF DISPLACEMENTS



KEY FIGURES



GENDER BREAKDOWN



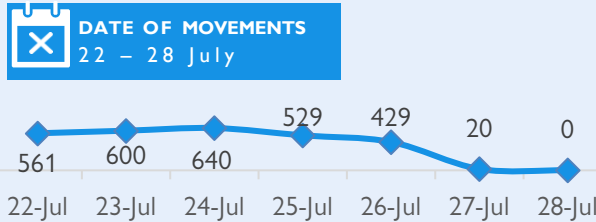
METHODOLOGY

The DTM Emergency Tracking Tool (ETT) is deployed to track and collect information on large and sudden population movements, provide frequent updates on the scale of displacement and quantify the affected population when needed. As a sub-component of the mobility tracking methodology in Nigeria, ETT utilizes direct observations and a broad network of key informants to capture the best estimates of the affected population per location, enabling targeted humanitarian response planning.

LIMITATIONS

The ETT figures reported are not cumulative of all the affected persons thus far but rather provide a snapshot of the current displacement situation on the date indicated. The data and information reported on this dashboard are related solely to the movements caused by the triggers on page two between 22 – 28 July.

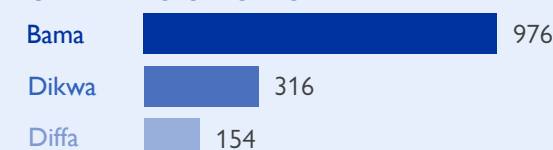
DISPLACEMENT EVOLUTION



TOP REPORTED NEEDS*



TOP AREAS OF ORIGIN



ALERT SUMMARY

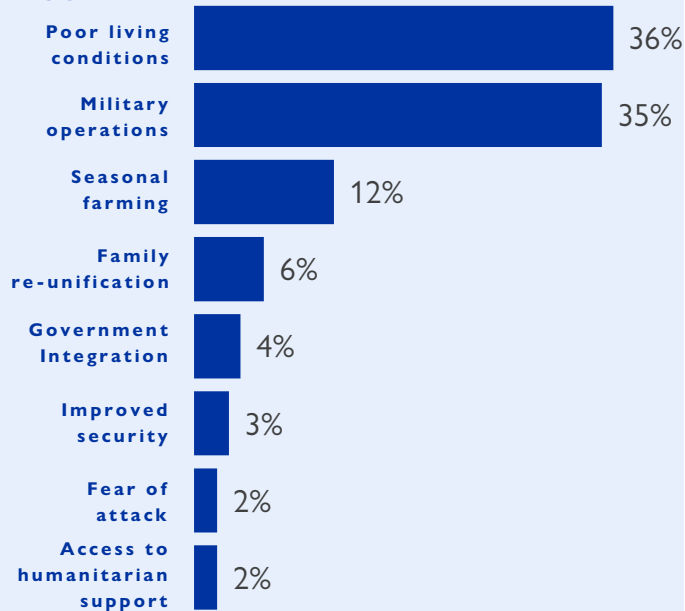
Between 22 and 28 July 2024, a total of 2,779 new arrivals were recorded at locations in Adamawa and Borno states. The new arrivals were recorded at locations in Askira/Uba, Bama, Biu, Chibok, Damboa, Dikwa, Gubio, Gwoza, Hawul, Kaga, Kala Balge, Mobbar, Monguno and Ngala Local Government Areas (LGAs) of the most conflict-affected Borno State, and in Demsa, Fufore, Girei, Gombi, Hong, Lamurde, Madagali, Maiha, Mayo-Belwa, Michika, Mubi South, Numan, Song, Yola North and Yola South LGAs of Adamawa State.

ETT assessments identified the following movement triggers: poor living conditions (999 individuals or 36%), military operation (961 individuals or 35%), seasonal farming (334 individuals or 12%), family re-unification (181 individuals or 6%), government reintegration (105 individuals or 4%), improved security (92 individuals or 3%), fear of attack (58 individuals or 2%) and access to humanitarian support (49 individuals or 2%).

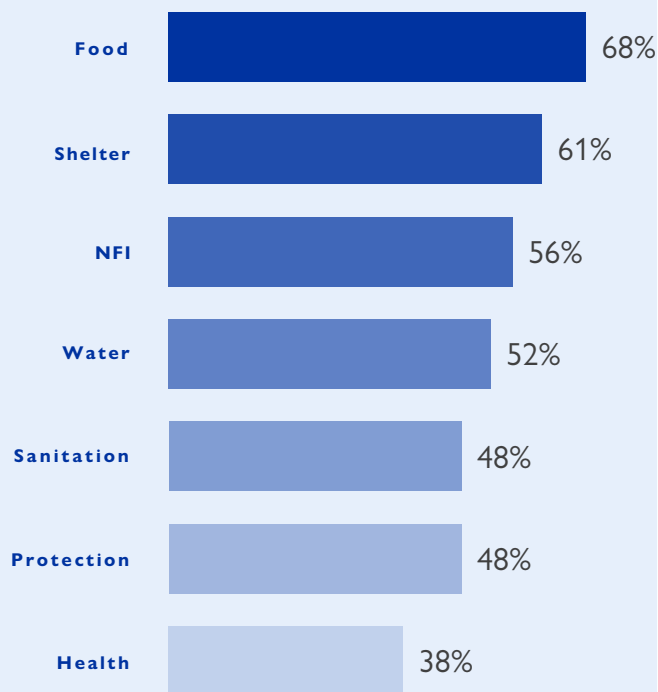
This map is for illustration purposes only. Names and boundaries on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by IOM.

*Multiple-choice response

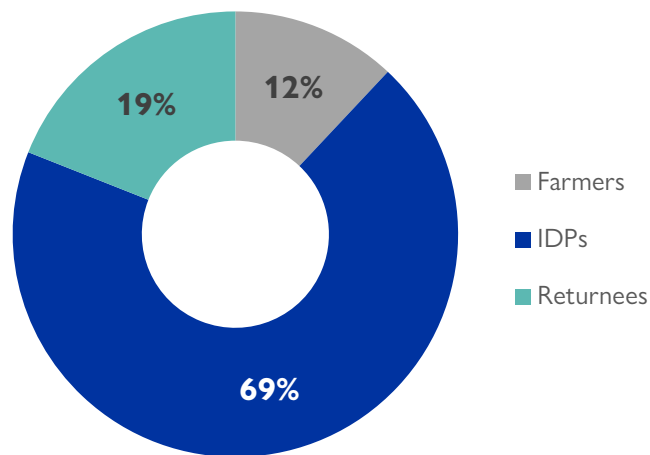
PERCENTAGE OF INDIVIDUALS BY MOVEMENT TRIGGER



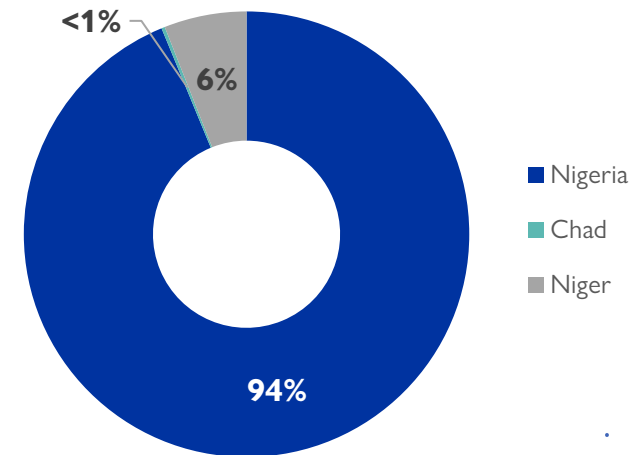
NEEDS EVOLUTION*



ARRIVING POPULATION



COUNTRY OF DEPARTURE OF THE POPULATION



NEW ARRIVALS SCREENING BY NUTRITION PARTNERS



350 MUAC

Children (6 – 59 months)
Screened for malnutrition.
Category of screened children.

Green: 238

Yellow: 61

Red: 51

MALNUTRITION SCREENING SUMMARY OF THE NEW ARRIVALS (CHILDREN 6 – 59 MONTHS)

Between 22 and 28 July 2024, an exhaustive nutrition screening using Mid-Upper Arm Circumference (MUAC) and oedema for acute malnutrition was conducted by sector partners for 350 children aged 6-59 months. Of the 350 children screened, the MUAC reading indicated that 51 were recorded in the red category, 61 in the yellow category and 238 in the green category. No case of oedema was reported in the five LGAs assessed.

Among the 350 children screened, 39 arrived from neighbouring countries (37 in Mobbar LGA and 2 in Monguno LGA); of all the 39 children measured; 38 were in green, one was in yellow and none in the red category. All children found with acute malnutrition have been admitted to the treatment programme.

LGA	MUAC Categories						Total
	Green (≥12.5cm)		Yellow (11.5cm – 12.5cm)		Red (<11.5cm)		
	Inaccessible	Accessible	Inaccessible	Accessible	Inaccessible	Accessible	
Bama	155	0	47	0	44	0	246
Gwoza	28	0	7	0	3	0	38
Mobbar	0	36	0	1	0	0	37
Monguno	0	2	0	0	0	0	2
Ngala	0	17	0	6	0	4	27
Total	183	55	54	7	47	4	350

Please note, the data presented above are not surveillance results and should be interpreted with caution.

■ Nourished

■ Moderate Acute Malnutrition (MAM)

■ Severe Acute Malnutrition (SAM)

*Multiple-choice response

DISPLACEMENT BREAKDOWN – only the movements with 16 persons and above are listed below.

State	Arrival location		Movement location			Number of individuals
	LGA	Ward	State	LGA	Ward	
Adamawa	Demsa	Dong	Adamawa	Shelleng	Gundo	87
		Gwamba		Ganye	Gamu	25
		Kpasham		Lamurde	Lafiya	32
	Fufore	Beti	Adamawa	Girei	Girei I	24
				Yola South	Adarawo	26
	Girei	Gereng	Adamawa	Gombi	Garkida	31
		Girei I		Madagali	Hyambula	35
	Gombi	Duwa	Adamawa	Hong	Bangshika	22
		Guyaku		Mubi South	Mugulbu/ Yadafa	35
	Hong	Bangshika	Adamawa	Hong	Thilbank	38
		Garaha		Gombi	Garkida	58
		Hong		Yola North	Jambutu	16
	Lamurde	Lafiya	Adamawa	Lamurde	Waduku	18
		Waduku		Lamurde	Lafiya	49
	Madagali	Babel	Borno	Gwoza	Kurana Bassa/Ngoshe - Sama'A	27
		K/Wuro Ngayandi	Adamawa	Mubi North	Betso	27
		Shelmi/Sukur/Vapura				18
	Maiha	Pakka	Adamawa	Fufore	Ribadu	18
	Mayo - Belwa	Mayo Farang	Adamawa	Mayo-Belwa	Mayo Farang	38
	Michika	Bazza Margi	Adamawa	Gombi	Gombi North	16
		Michika I		Girei	Jera Bakari	38
		Minkisi/Wuro Ngiki		Song	Song Waje	23
	Mubi South	Gude	Borno	Askira/Uba	Dille/Huyum	17
Numan	Sabon Pegi	Adamawa	Fufore	Ribadu	21	
			Yola South	Ngurore	18	
Song	Dumne	Adamawa	Mubi North	Yelwa	21	
			Yola North	Yelwa	21	
Borno	Askira/Uba	Askira Esat	Borno	Gwoza	Gwoza Wakane/Bulabulin	18
		Lassa			Bitu/Izge	40
	Bama	Buduwa/Bula Chirabe	Borno	Bama	Andara/Ajiri/Wulba	450
		Shehuri/Hausari/Mairi			Dipchari/Jere/Dar-Jamal/Kotembe	68
	Biu	Dugja	Borno	Biu	Buratai	17
					Dambo	Dambo
	Dikwa	Dikwa	Borno	Dikwa	Ufaye/Gujile	179
	Gwoza	Gwoza Wakane/Bulabulin	Borno	Gwoza	Johode/Chikide/Kughum	18
		Pulka/Bokko		Bama	Dipchari/Jere/Dar-Jamal/Kotembe	122
	Kaga	Ngamdu	Borno	Kaga	Shettimari	19
	Mobbar	Damasak	Niger	Diffa	Diffa	140
Ngala	Ngala	Borno	Konduga	Auno/Chabbol	96	