

DISPLACEMENT TRACKING MATRIX — NIGERIA EMERGENCY TRACKING TOOL (ETT)

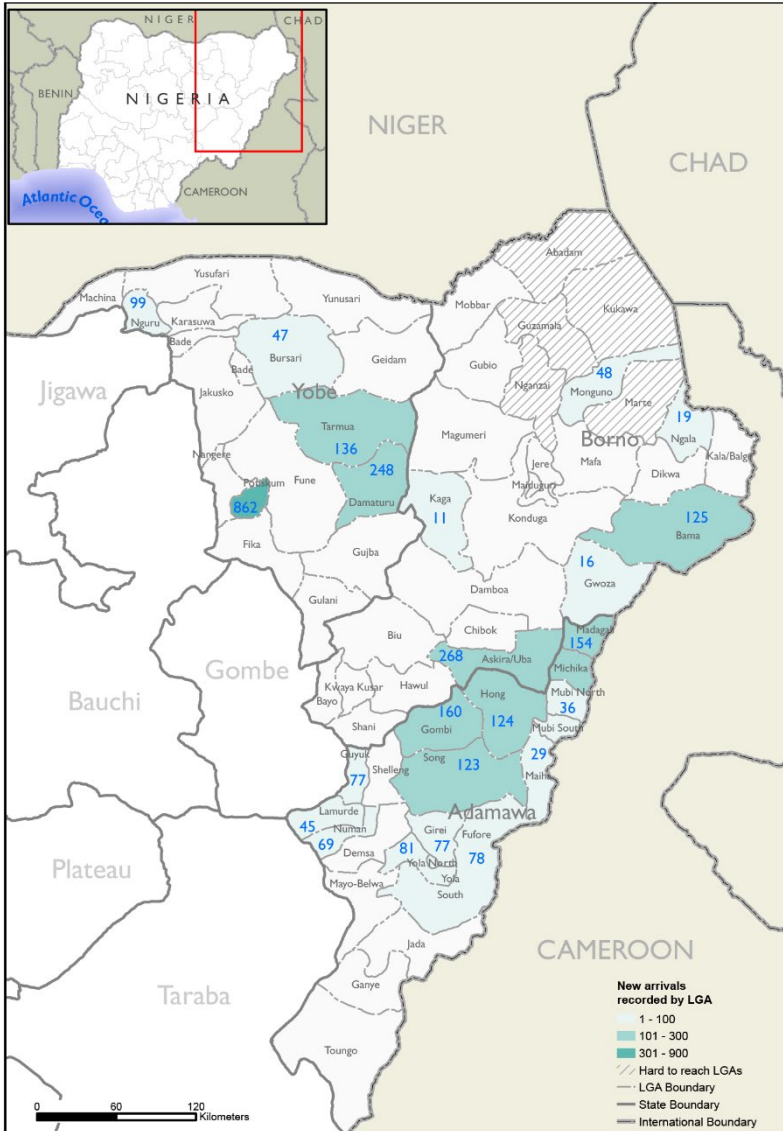
SUMMARY OF MOVEMENTS IN BORNO AND ADAMAWA STATES, 05 – 11 FEBRUARY 2024

DASHBOARD: 366

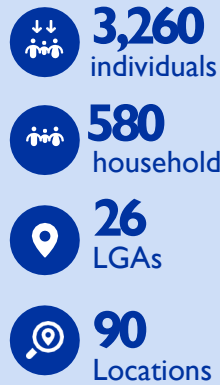
DATA COLLECTION: Week 6, 2024

DATE OF PUBLICATION: 15 February 2024

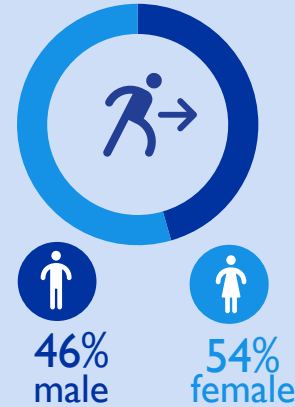
OVERVIEW OF DISPLACEMENTS



KEY FIGURES



GENDER BREAKDOWN



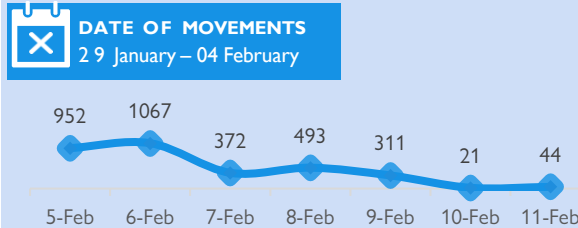
METHODOLOGY

The DTM Emergency Tracking Tool (ETT) is deployed to track and collect information on large and sudden population movements, provide frequent updates on the scale of displacement and quantify the affected population when needed. As a sub-component of the mobility tracking methodology in Nigeria, ETT utilizes direct observations and a broad network of key informants to capture the best estimates of the affected population per location, enabling targeted humanitarian response planning.

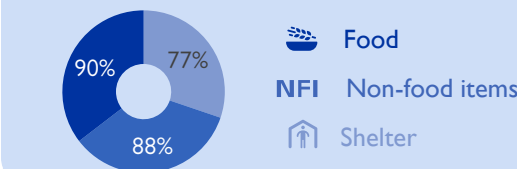
LIMITATIONS

The ETT figures reported are not cumulative of all the affected persons thus far but rather provide a snapshot of the current displacement situation on the date indicated. The data and information reported on this dashboard are related solely to the movements caused by the triggers on page two between 05 – 11 February.

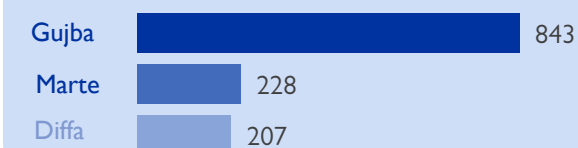
DISPLACEMENT EVOLUTION



TOP REPORTED NEEDS*



TOP AREAS OF ORIGIN



ALERT SUMMARY

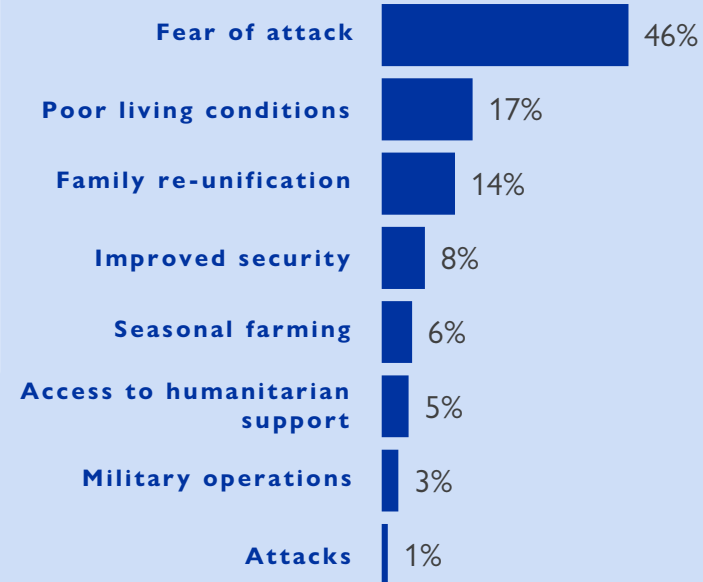
Between 05 and 11 February 2024, a total of 3,260 new arrivals were recorded at locations in Adamawa and Borno states. The new arrivals were recorded at locations in Askira/Uba, Bama, Gwoza, Kaga, Monguno and Ngala Local Government Areas (LGAs) of the most conflict-affected Borno State, in Fufore, Girei, Gombi, Guyuk, Hong, Lamurde, Madagali, Maiha, Michika, Mubi North, Mubi South, Numan, Song, Yola North and Yola South LGAs of Adamawa State and Busari, Damaturu, Nguru, Potiskum and Tarmuwa LGAs of Yobe State.

ETT assessments identified the following movement triggers: fear of attack (1,490 individuals or 46%), poor living conditions (549 individuals or 17%), family re-unification (442 individuals or 14%), improved security (278 individuals or 8%), seasonal farming (183 individuals or 6%), access to humanitarian support (180 individuals or 5%), military operations (101 individuals or 3%) and attacks (37 individuals or 1%).

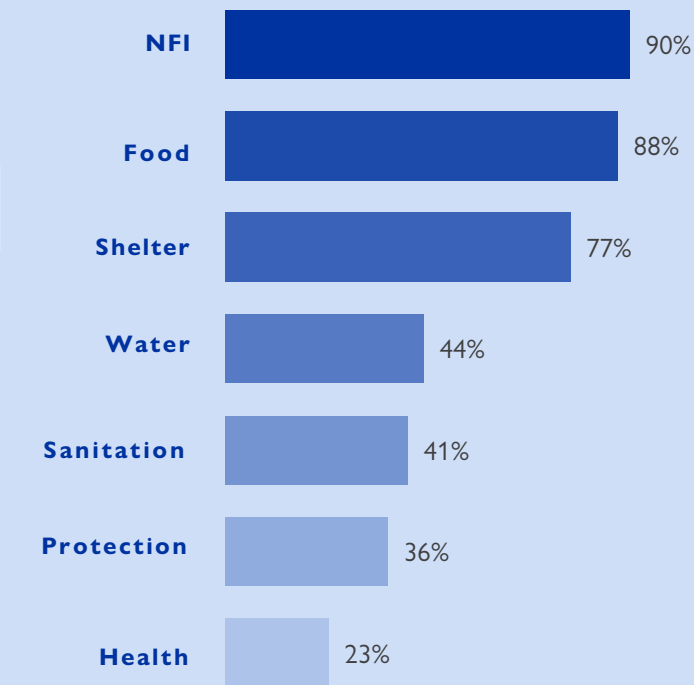
This map is for illustration purposes only. Names and boundaries on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by IOM.

*Multiple-choice response

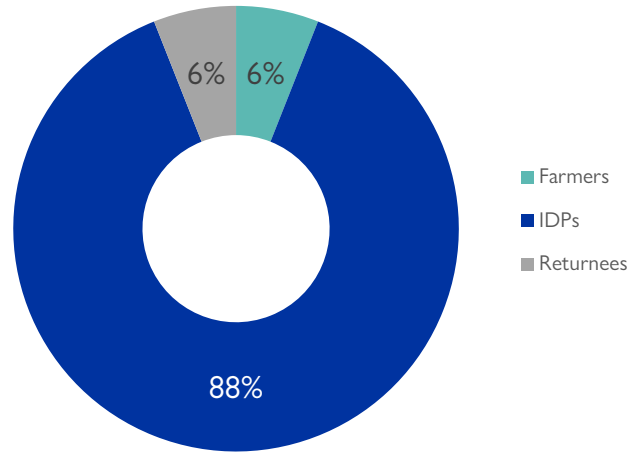
PERCENTAGE OF INDIVIDUALS BY MOVEMENT TRIGGER



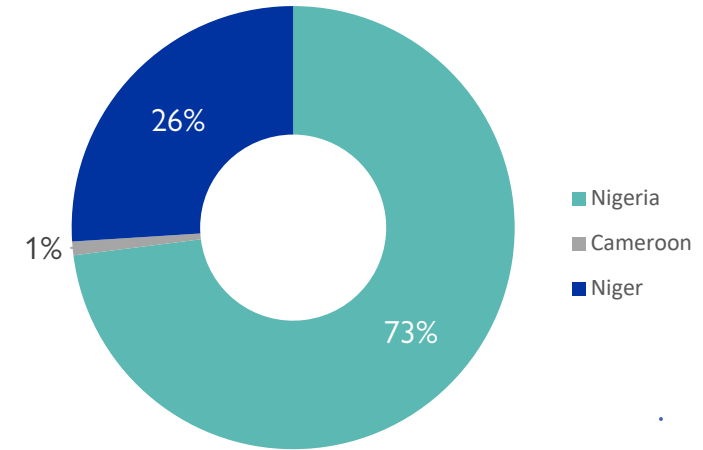
NEEDS EVOLUTION*



ARRIVING POPULATION



COUNTRY OF DEPARTURE OF THE POPULATION



NEW ARRIVALS SCREENING BY NUTRITION PARTNERS



132 MUAC

Green: 123

Yellow: 5

Red: 4

Children (6 – 59 months)
Screened for malnutrition.
Category of screened children.

MALNUTRITION SCREENING SUMMARY OF THE NEW ARRIVALS (CHILDREN 6 – 59 MONTHS)

Between 05 and 11 February 2024, an exhaustive nutrition screening using mid upper arm circumference (MUAC) and oedema for acute malnutrition was conducted by sector partners for 132 children of 6-59 months. Of the 132 children screened, the MUAC reading indicated that four were recorded in the red category, five in the yellow category and 123 in the green category. No case of oedema was reported in the five LGAs assessed.

Among the 132 children screened, 54 arrived from neighbouring countries (1 in Gwoza, 2 in Ngala and 51 in Mobbar); of all the 54 children measured; 53 were in green, one was in yellow and none in the red category. All children found with acute malnutrition have been admitted to the treatment programme.

LGA	MUAC Categories						Total
	Green (≥12.5cm)		Yellow (11.5cm – 12.5cm)		Red (<11.5cm)		
	Inaccessible	Accessible	Inaccessible	Accessible	Inaccessible	Accessible	
Bama	48	6	1	2	0	0	57
Gwoza	2	2	0	0	1	0	5
Mobbar	0	50	0	1	0	0	51
Monguno	10	0	1	0	3	0	14
Ngala	3	2	0	0	0	0	5
Total	63	60	2	3	4	0	132

Please note, the data presented above are not surveillance results and should be interpreted



*Multiple-choice response

DISPLACEMENT BREAKDOWN — only the movements with 23 persons and above are listed below.

State	Arrival location		Movement location			Number of individuals
	LGA	Ward	State	LGA	Ward	
Adamawa	Fufore	Beti	Adamawa	Song	Song Waje	28
		Gurin		Fufore	Beti	27
		Fufofre		Girei	Girei I	23
	Girei	Damare	Adamawa	Madagali	Hyambula	24
		Dakri				33
	Gombi	Gombi North	Adamawa	Hong	Garaha	44
		Garkida			Hildi	29
	Guyuk	Guyuk	Adamawa	Guyuk	Banjiram	26
					Dumna	29
	Hong	Garaha	Adamawa	Hong	Shangui	32
		Hushere Zum		Girei	Girei I	25
		Mayo Lope		Gombi	Gombi North	29
	Madagali	Madagali	Adamawa	Michika	Garta / Ghunchi	23
			Borno	Dambo	Dambo	27
	Michika	Moda / Dlaka / Ghenjuwa	Adamawa	Yola North	Jambutu	23
		Tumbara / Ngabili		Maiha	Tambajam	24
		Wamblimi / Tilli		Gombi	Tawa	24
	Mubi South	Lamorde	Adamawa	Madagali	Madagali	26
		Mugulbu/ Yadafa	Borno	Bama	Lawanti / Malam / Mastari / Abbaram	29
	Song	Song Waje	Adamawa	Fufore	Beti	28
Lamurde	Lafiya	Adamawa	Lamurde	Ribadu	24	
				Waduku	27	
Borno	Askira/Uba	Husara / Tampul	Borno	Chibok	Pemi	30
		Askira East		Askira / Uba	Mussa	48
		Uba			Zadawa/Hausari	42
	Bama	Shehuri / Hausari / Mairi	Borno	Bama	Mbuliya/Goniri/Siraja	38
		Buduwa / Bula Chirabe	Adamawa	Fufore	Fufore	24
Monguno	Monguno	Borno	Kukawa	Kekeno	26	
Yobe	Damaturu	Nayinawa	Niger Republic	Diffa	Kaula	248
	Nguru	Nglaiwa	Niger Republic	Diffa	Kaula	37
			Yobe	Geidam	Ma'Anna/Dagambi	62
	Tarmuwa	Babangjda	Niger Republic	Diffa	Ngjjime	136
	Bursari	Garun Dole / Garin Alkali	Niger Republic	Diffa	Gurai	47
	Potiskum	Bolewa 'B'	Niger Republic	Diffa	Ngjjime	375
			Yobe	Geidam	Balle/Gallaba/Meleri	74
Yobe			Gujba	Gujba	207	
	Dogo Nini	Borno	Marte	Kulli	206	