

COVID-19 Point of Entry Dashboard: North East Nigeria.

International Organization for Migration
The UN Migration Agency



Monthly Snapshot April, 2021



3
Points of Entry



1,079

Total movements (incoming and outgoing) observed

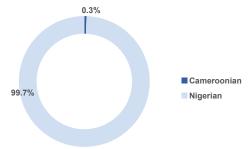
OVERVIEW

During the COVID-19 pandemic, IOM's Displacement Tracking Matrix (DTM), in collaboration with the World Health Organization (WHO), monitors the movements to and from Nigeria's Adamawa and Borno States in the North East Nigeria. Assessments are conducted at Points of Entry located along the border with Cameroon.

During the period 01 - 30 April 2021, 1,079 movements were observed at three Points of Entry in Borno state. Of the total movements recorded, 675 were incoming from the Far North Region in Cameroon and 1 from N'djamena in Chad. Additionally, 403 outgoing movements were recorded from Borno State to the Far North Region in Cameroon.

A range of data is collected during the assessments to better inform on travellers' nationalities, sex, reasons for moving, mode of transportation and timeline of movement as shown in figures 1 to 4 below:

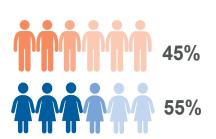
NATIONALITIES OF TRAVELLERS (FIG. 1)



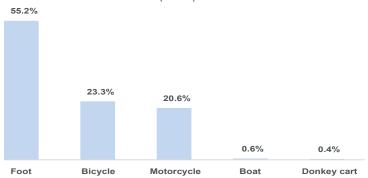
REASONS FOR MOVEMENT (FIG. 3)

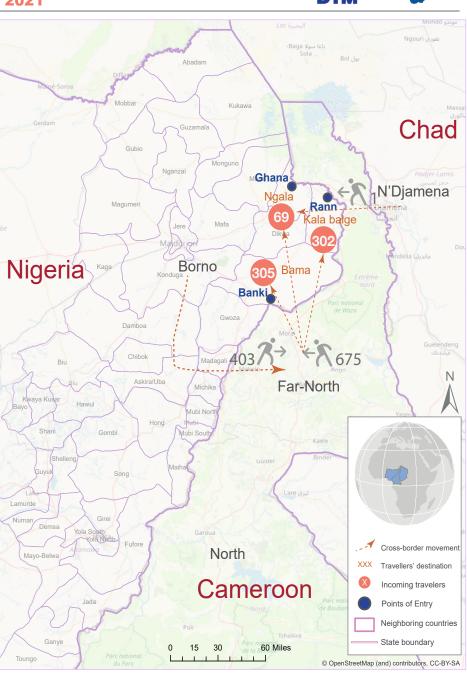
Reasons for Movement	Number of Individuals	Percentage
Movement Due to Fear of Covid-19	12	1%
Family Visit	196	18%
Seasonal	216	20%
Economic Migration	269	25%
Short Term Local Movement	386	36%
Grand Total	1,079	100%

SEX (FIG. 2)



MODE OF TRANSPORTATION (FIG. 4)





SOURCE: ESRI, IOM & OPENSTREETMAP (OSM

The map is for illustration purposes only. The depiction and use of boundaries, geographic names and related data shown are not warranted to be error free not do they imply judgment on the legal status of any territory, or any endorsement or acceptance of such boundaries by IOM.

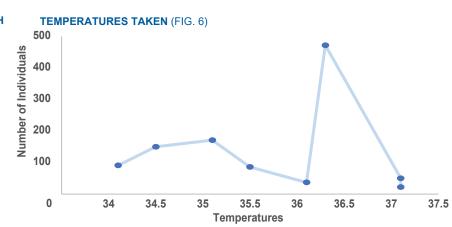
PASSENGERS HEALTH SCREENING

Enumerators stationed at Points of Entry conduct interviews with travellers and collect information about travellers' points of departures, intended destination, vulnerabilities, reasons for travel and mode of transportation. Additional questions concerning the COVID-19 pandemic are asked to determine if travellers exhibit any symptoms of COVID-19; if they recently were in contact with individuals exhibiting symptoms of COVID-19 or might have died from

Furthermore, the assessments serve to evaluate whether travellers sought medical care or took medication in the 24 hours preceding the interviews and to verify whether they are aware of whom to call in case of emergency. The results are shown in figures 5 to 10.

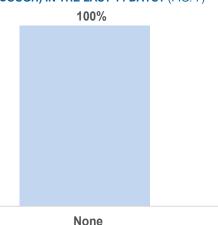
HAVE YOU SOUGHT ANY MEDICAL CARE IN ANY HEALTH FACILITY WITHIN THE LAST 14 DAYS? (FIG. 5)



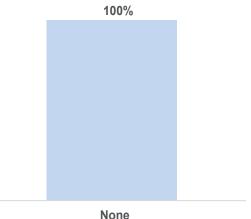


VULNERABILITIES 137 **Breastfeeding Pregnant Walking Difficulty Single Parents**

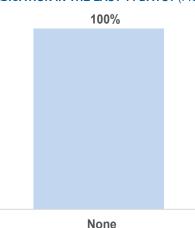
HAVE YOU HAD ANY OF THESE SYMPTOMS (FEVER, COUGH) IN THE LAST 14 DAYS? (FIG. 7)







HAVE YOU TAKEN ANY OF THE FOLLOWING **MEDICATION IN THE LAST 14 DAYS?** (FIG. 9)



"When quoting, paraphrasing, or in any other way using the information mentioned in this report, the source needs to be stated appropriately as follows: "Source: Displacement Tracking Matrix (DTM) of the International Organization for Migration (IOM), May 2021"







