

EMERGENCY EVENT TRACKING

Data collection: 25-29 October 2020

CONFLICT

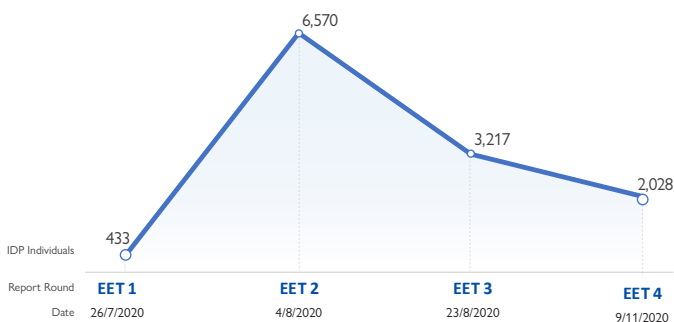


The DTM Emergency Event Tracking (EET) is deployed to track sudden displacement and population movements, provide more frequent updates on the scale of displacement and quantify the affected population when needed. As a subcomponent of the new Mobility Tracking methodology in Sudan ([Round one](#)), and activated on a need basis, EET utilises a broad network of key informants to capture best estimates of the affected population presence per location – a useful tool for humanitarian response planning and design.

Event Overview

2,028 ↓ **1,189**
IDP Individuals

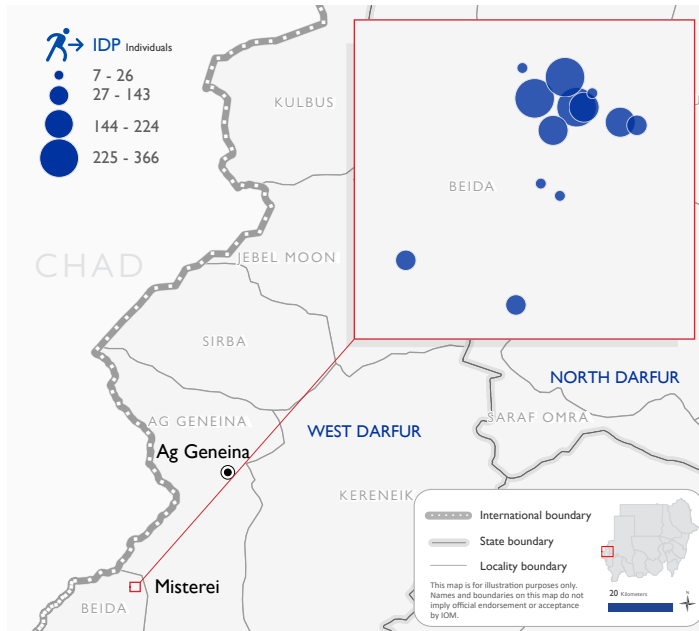
373 ↓ **223**
IDP Households



Number of IDPs by Emergency Event Tracking Date

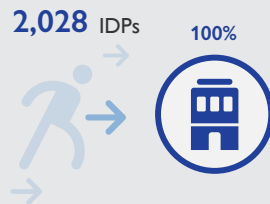
DTM teams activated EET to monitor the displacement of individuals affected by the ongoing violent clashes between Arab and Masalit tribes in Beida and Ag Geneina localities, West Darfur, since 18-20 July 2020. For more information, please see [EET_Misterei and Ag Geneina, West Darfur_003](#). The fourth update revisits Beida locality and estimates a total number of 2,028 individuals (373 households) still displaced across Mistereii town. All IDPs are continuing to shelter in schools or other public buildings, and the distribution of emergency shelters is urgently required. Field teams indicate approximately 21 deaths have occurred and 26 individuals have been injured. All 373 households report their household goods and/or livestock to be lost. At least 167 individuals (8%) report additional vulnerabilities in need of assistance and support.

Since the third EET (23 August 2020), there has been a decrease of 1,189 individuals (37%) and 223 households (37%) displaced in Mistereii town due to more families having reportedly returned to their locations of origin to begin building/rebuilding their homes as the security situation improves.

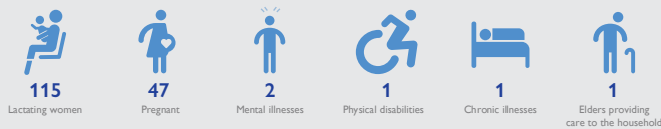


Shelter Indicator

2,028 IDPs (100%) are sheltering in schools or other public buildings. The distribution of emergency shelters is urgently required.



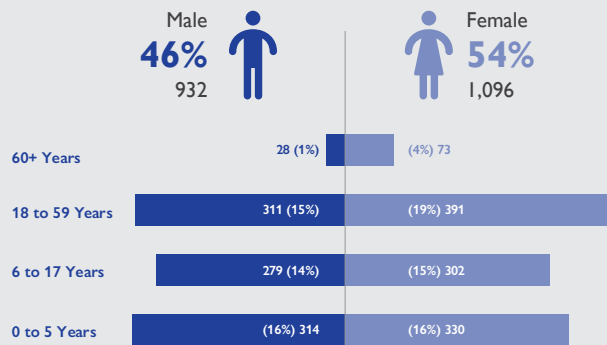
Vulnerabilities



Return Intention

Data collected through the return intention indicator suggests that the majority of the IDPs (100%) intend to return to their locations of origin upon the provision of basic services, the distribution of emergency shelters and the improvement of the security situation.

Demographics



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