

EMERGENCY EVENT TRACKING

Data collection: 30 November 2021

CONFLICT



The DTM Emergency Event Tracking (EET) is deployed to track sudden displacement and population movements, provide more frequent updates on the scale of displacement, and quantify the affected population when needed. As a subcomponent of the new Mobility Tracking methodology in Sudan (Round Two), and activated on a need basis, EET utilises a broad network of key informants to capture best estimates of the affected population presence per location – a useful tool for humanitarian response planning and design.

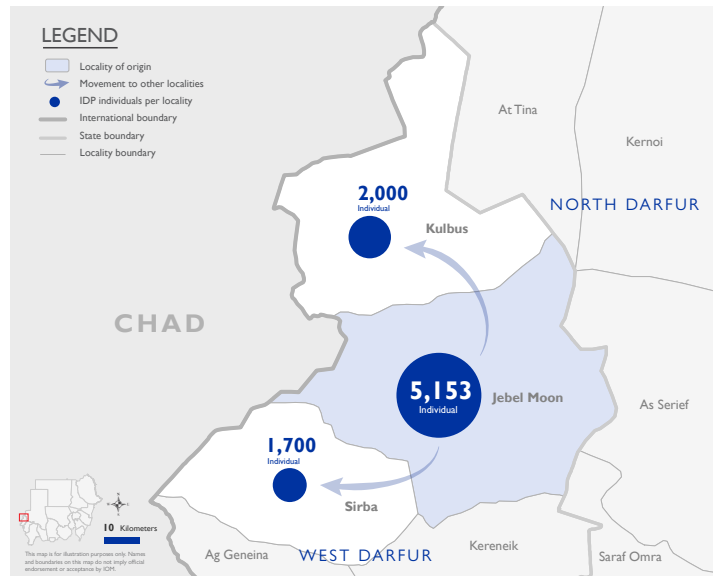
Event Overview



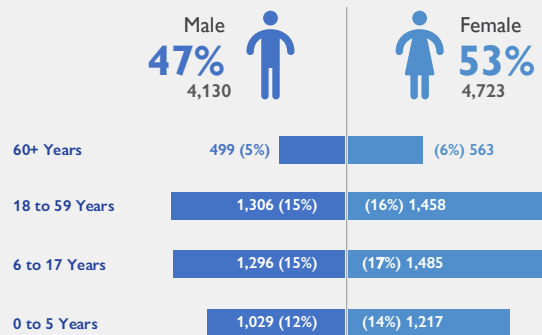
DTM teams activated EET to monitor the displacement of individuals affected by inter-communal clashes between Arab nomads and farmers from the Misseriya tribe in Jebel Moon locality, West Darfur on 9 October 2021 over an issue of land accessibility. Field teams report that all individuals displaced from the first update later returned to their locations of origin. On 20 November 2021, inter-communal clashes escalated further between the two groups in and around Khazan Kajo village, Jebel Moon locality. For more information, please see EET Jebel Moon, West Darfur (Update 002). Field teams indicate that two additional villages in Jebel Moon locality were burnt down on 26 and 27 November 2021. More specifically, 230 houses were destroyed in Haskenita village and 180 houses were destroyed in Gozjegi village.

The third EET update estimates that a total number of 8,853 individuals (1,721 households) have been displaced across West Darfur to Jebel Moon (39%), Hajleja (13%), and Selea (6%) villages in Jebel Moon locality, as well as Werywery village (23%) in Kulbus locality, and Worof village (19%) in Sirba locality. The IDP caseload was originally displaced from Haskenita (23%), Gozmino (20%), Gozjegi (19%), Umsayala (11%), and other villages (27%) in Jebel Moon locality. What is more, in addition to this IDP caseload, field teams from North Darfur indicate that approximately 20 households have sought shelter further afield in Hai Al Wada in Saraf Omra Town, Saraf Omra locality. Additionally, some 12,000 - 13,000 individuals have reportedly crossed into Chad.

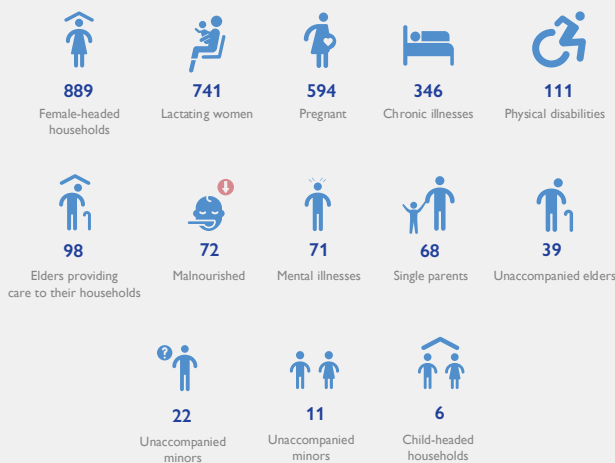
DTM field teams have confirmed that at least six individuals were killed, with a further six individuals sustaining injuries. At least 1,255 individuals report lost personal belongings and livestock throughout the conflict. All displaced individuals are Sudanese nationals. At least 3,068 cases of additional vulnerabilities in need of further support and assistance were identified through DTM's protection indicator. Based on a ranking scale, the three main priority needs for the displaced caseload are Emergency Shelter, and Non-Food-Items (NFIs), and Food.



Demographics



Vulnerabilities



Return Intention

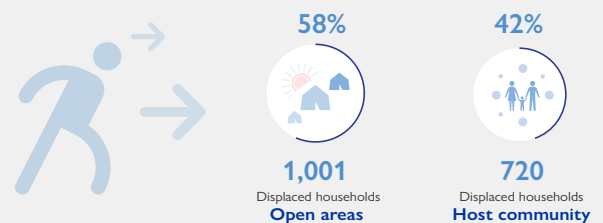
Data collected through the return intention indicator suggests that all IDPs (100%) intend to return to their locations of origin upon improvement of the security situation.

Priority needs

Ranking scale



Shelter Indicator



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