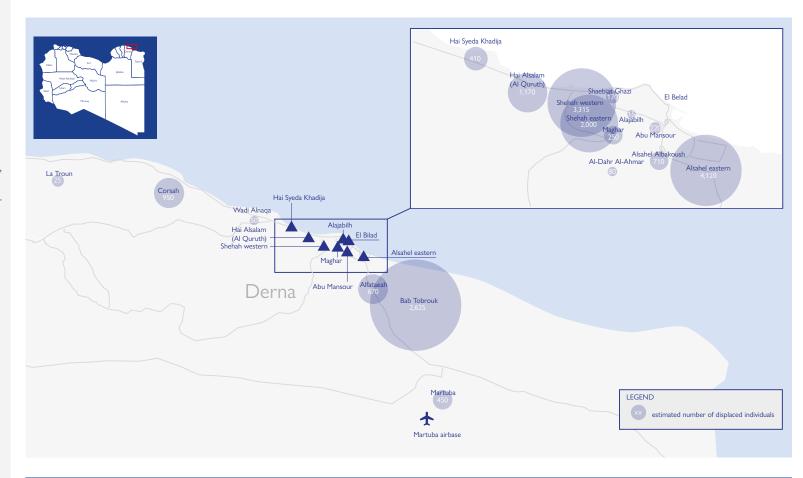
25 September 2023



HIGHLIGHTS

- On Sunday, 10 September 2023 storm Daniel made landfall in Libya causing severe weather conditions and displacing over 43,000 individuals in northeastern Libya.
- Derna is an eastern coastal city in Libya of over 100.000 inhabitants around 300 kilometres east of Benghazi and 270 kilometres west of the Libyan-Egyptian border. Prior to the onset of storm Daniel. there were 2,000 IDPs in the municipality of Derna and based on DTM data (March -April 2023), there were 8,670 migrants.
- · According to key informants there are around 16,000 displaced individuals in Derna and surrounding areas*.
- Based on field reports some roads in the affected areas are being reopened although movement between the eastern and western parts of the city continues to be heavily restricted.
- Approximately 1,300 individuals (260) families) remain in their homes in the affected areas of Alaiabilh. Abu Mansour. and Maghar, out of fear of being victims of theft due to the lack of electricity in these areas. They are in urgent need of food and non-food items as well as medical assistance. They have not received any aid.
- Throughout Derna, field teams also report severe shortages of medications including those for chronic diseases, as well as a lack of storage and pharmacists.
- According to key informants, prior to the storm there were unexploded remnants of war in the neighbourhoods of Maghar and El Bilad.

MAP 1: ESTIMATED NUMBER OF IDPS IN DERNA NEIGHBOURHOODS



* NOTE ON THE NUMBER OF DISPLACED INDIVIDUALS

The number of displaced individuals identified by key informants within Derna is likely to be an underestimation as the registration of displaced households with relevant authorities is a lengthy process taking place in a quickly evolving and dynamic context. Many displaced households are also relocating to other locations, including to western Libya, which means that the number of displaced in Derna is likely to be fluctuating. Additional key informant interviews and area assessments would be needed to have an accurate number of displaced individuals.

METHODOLOGY

The data and information used for this report was collected jointly by DTM Libya and the Libyan Red Crescent and is based on interviews with 55 key informants in 21 neighbourhoods of Derna.

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MAIN NEEDS

• Map 2 outlines the main needs of displaced individuals by location according to key informants interviewed.

HEALTH SERVICES

- Based on key informant interviews, access to a doctor and medical assistance was urgently needed in the neighbourhoods of Abu Mansour, Alajabilh, Al-Dahr Al-Ahmar, Hai Syeda Khadija, Bab Tobrouk, Corsah, Shaebiat Ghazi, Alsahel eastern, Alsheha eastern, Shehah western and Hai Alsalam (Al Quruth).
- According to key informants prior to storm Daniel making landfall in Libya, 75 per cent of public health centers, clinics and hospitals were operational and access to medicines was irregular.

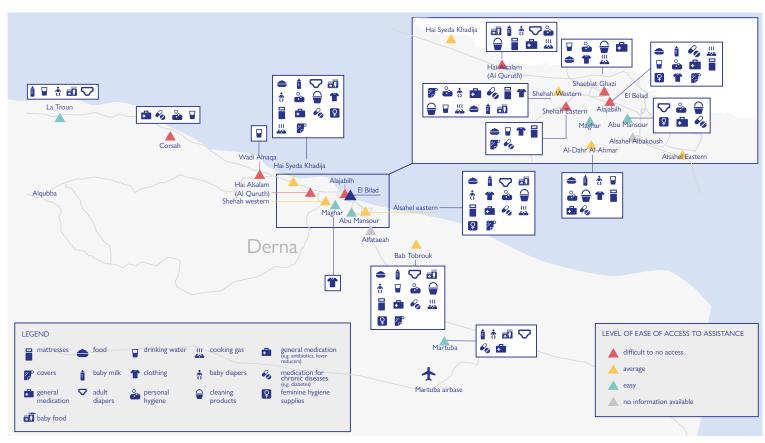
ELECTRICITY

• While the supply of electricity is improving, according to key informants it remains urgently needed in Maghar, Alajabilh, Al-Dahr Al-Ahmar, Bab Tobrouk, Corsah, Alsheha eastern and Alsheha western.

BANKING SERVICES

• Key informants mentioned that the resumption of banking services was in urgent need in Alajabilh, Hai Syeda Khadija, Bab Tobrouk, Corsah, Shaebiat Ghazi, Alsahel eastern, Alsheha eastern and Alsheha western.

MAP 2: MAIN NEEDS BY LOCATION



(1) No information was available for Assahel Albakoush and Alfataeh

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ACCESS TO AID

• Based on key informant interviews, access to assistance in the 24 hours prior to the the assessment (21 September 2023) was rated as most difficult in the neighbourhoods of Corsah, Alajabilh, Hai Syeda Khadija, Hai Alsalam (Al Quruth), Shehah eastern, Wadi Alnaga and Shaebiat Ghazi (map 3).

SPECIFIC NEEDS

Individuals with restricted mobility

· Key informants in Maghar, Alajabilh, Hai Syeda Khadija, Bab Tobrouk, Alsahel eastern, Alsheha eastern and La Troun identified wheelchairs and walking aids as being urgently needed.

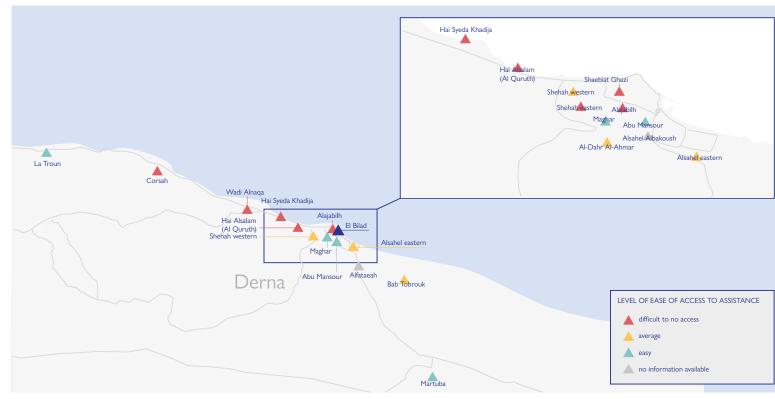
Psychosocial support

 According to key informants psychosocial support and activities have been implemented for those who have been affected, including children, by the Libyan Red Crescent as well as citizens themselves in the neighbourhood of Abu Mansour. No activities reportedly took place in other neighourhoods. There was no information available for Alsahel Albakoush and Alfateah.

Adults & elderly

· Key informants listed adult diapers as being urgently needed in Abu Mansour, Hai Syeda Khadija, Bab Tobrouk, Alsahel eastern, Hai Alsalam (Al Quruth), La Troun and Martuba.

MAP 3: LEVEL OF EASE OF ACCESS TO AID IN PAST 24 HOURS



(1) No information was available for Assahel Albakoush and Alfataeh.

Women

• Key informants in Abu Mansour, Alajabilh, Almuahasha, Hai Syeda Khadija, Bab Tobrouk, Shaebiat Ghazi, Assahel eastern, Shehah western and Martubah reported feminine hygiene products as urgently needed. "Women's clothing" (e.g. abayas and scarves) were listed as being urgently in need in Al-Dahr Al-Ahmar, Hai Syeda Khadija, Bab Tobrouk, Shaebiat Ghazi, Assahel eastern. Shehah western and Alsheha eastern.

Infants

- Key informants listed diapers (for babies) as being urgently needed in Maghar, Alajabilh, Shehah western, Al-Dahr Al-Ahmar, Hai Syeda Khadija, Bab Tobrouk, Assahel eastern, Hai Alsalam (Al Quruth) and La Troun. · Key informants identified baby food as
- being urgently needed in Hai Syeda Khadija, Bab Tobrouk, Assahel eastern, Hai Alsalam, (Al Quruth), Shehah western, La Troun and Martuba.

Children

 Key informants listed activities for children as being missing in Hai Syeda Khadija, Bab Tobrouk, Corsah, Assahel eastern and Martuba.

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COLLECTIVE ACCOMMODATIONS HOSTING DISPLACED INDIVIDUALS

AL-KHOLOD SCHOOL 49 individuals (25 families) / no migrant

Availability of services



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• Key informants report that one pregnant woman is among the displaced population hosted in this school. There are two cases of hypertension, three of neurological diseases and one case of asthma.

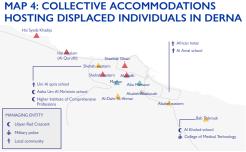
COLLEGE OF MEDICAL TECHNOLOGY 70 families (including 7 migrant families) Availability of services

Items or services needed

Availability of services



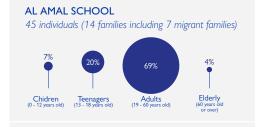






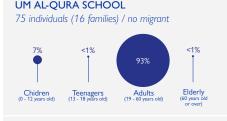


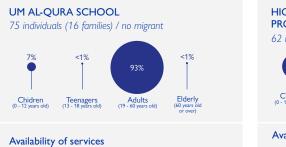




• Key informants report that are ten cases of diabetes,

ten of hypertension and two of asthma.









suffer from chronic diseases. They identified one case

of diabetes and two of hypertension.

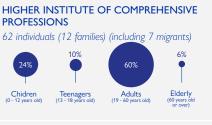


• Key informants identified one case of cardiovascular disease, one of diabetes, two of hypertension and one of neurological disease. There is one pregnant woman.





• Key informants identified one case of diabetes and thirteen of hypertension.





women and individuals who suffer from chronic diseases among the displaced population hosted in