

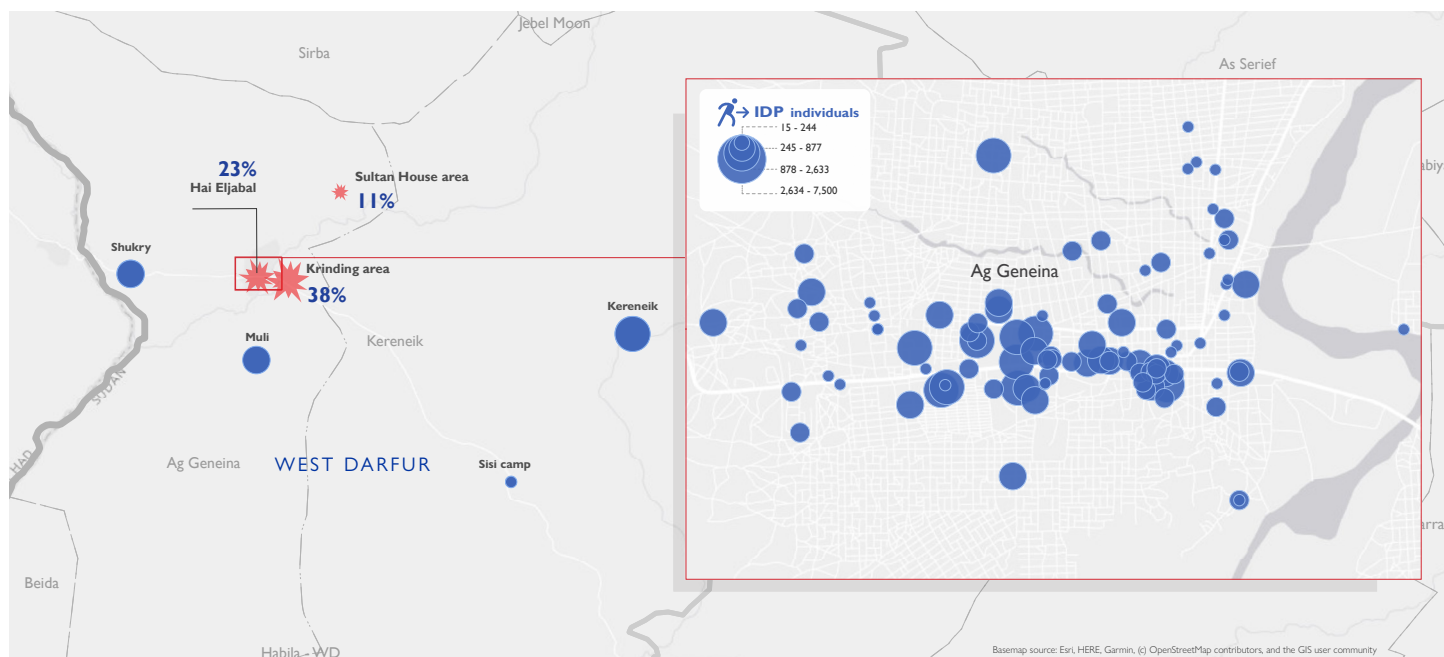
**EMERGENCY EVENT TRACKING**

Data collection: 1 July 2021

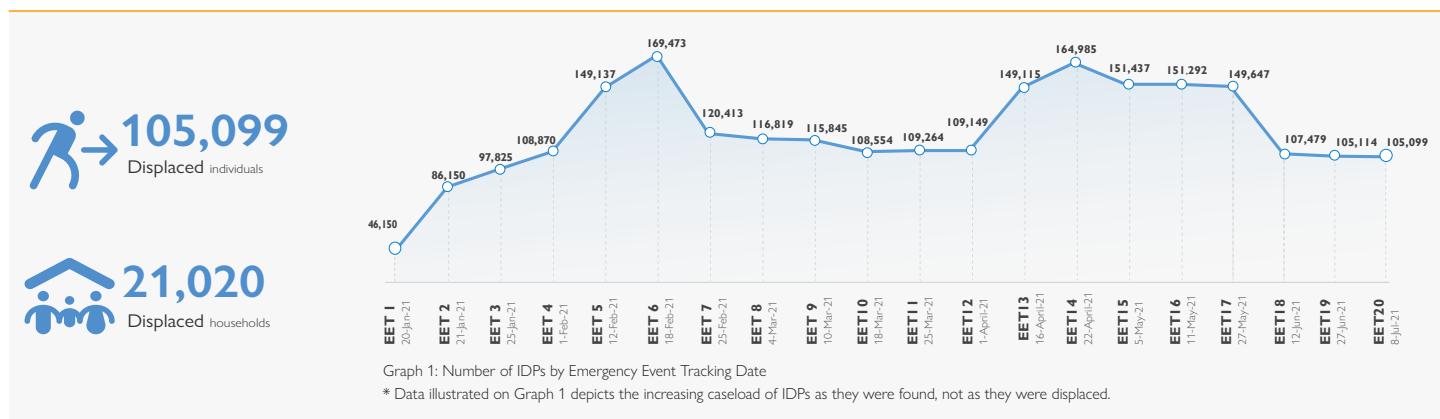
CONFLICT



The DTM Emergency Event Tracking (EET) is deployed to track sudden displacement and population movements, provide more frequent updates on the scale of displacement, and quantify the affected population when needed. As a subcomponent of the new Mobility Tracking methodology in Sudan ([Round One](#)), and activated on a need basis, EET utilises a broad network of key informants to capture best estimates of the affected population presence per location – a useful tool for humanitarian response planning and design.



## Event Overview



DTM teams activated EET to monitor the displacement of individuals affected by inter-communal conflict between Masalit and Arab tribes. Clashes initially erupted on 16 January 2021 in the Krinding area of Ag Geneina town, West Darfur. On 3rd April 2021, inter-communal conflict escalated in the Hai Eljabal area of Ag Geneina town, West Darfur, resulting in additional displacement. For more information, please see [EET\\_Ag Geneina, West Darfur\\_019](#).

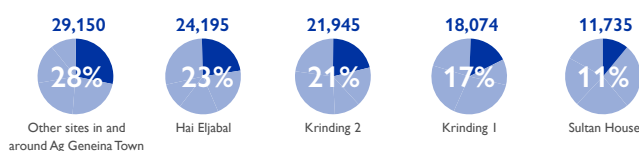
The twentieth update estimates a total number of 105,099 individuals (21,020 households) seeking shelter in Ag Geneina and its surrounding villages. The majority of the IDP caseload are currently seeking shelter in Ag Geneina (90%), with the remainder located in Kereneik (6%), Shukry (2%), and Muli (2%). Between 27 May and 12 June, IOM participated in a joint rapid verification exercise with the Humanitarian Aid Commission (HAC), WFP, WR, WCC, IAS and UNHCR to verify displaced caseloads across 48 sites in Ag Geneina town as reflected in [EET Ag Geneina, West Darfur 18](#).

At least 14,078 cases of additional vulnerabilities in need of further support and assistance were identified through DTM's protection indicator. DTM teams also indicate 291 individuals were killed and 542 sustained injuries, whilst at least 11,363 individuals lost personal belongings and livestock throughout the conflict. Consistent with the nineteenth update, based on a ranking scale, the three main priority needs for the displaced caseload in Ag Geneina town are WASH (water, sanitation, and hygiene), food and emergency shelter.

### Displaced Caseload Located Outside of Ag Geneina Town

Displacement sites	# IDP Individuals	# IDP Households
Kereneik	6,640	1,328
Shukry	2,250	450
Muli	1,600	321
Sisi camp	175	35
<b>Grand Total</b>	<b>10,665</b>	<b>2,134</b>

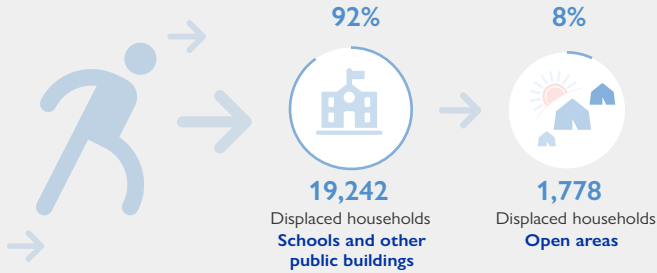
### Places of Origin<sup>1</sup>



<sup>1</sup> Where possible, the Krinding area has been further disaggregated into the respective villages of Droti, Um Dowin and Darelneem, as well as Krinding 1 and Krinding 2 IDP camps (reflected in EET 008 to 019 datasets).



## Shelter Indicator



## Priority Needs (Ranking scale)

AG GENEINA TOWN



**1** WASH (Water, Sanitation and Hygiene)



**2** FOOD



**3** EMERGENCY SHELTER



**4** NFI NON-FOOD ITEMS

Through its shelter indicator, DTM identified 19,242 IDP households (92%) sheltering in schools and other public buildings dispersed across Ag Geneina town, as well as Muli village and Sisi camp. The remaining caseload of 1,778 IDP households (8%) are gathering in open areas of Shukry and Kereneik villages.

Of the 105,099 IDPs located in Ag Geneina town and its surrounding villages, 55,320 (53%) are female and 49,779 (47%) are male. Further disaggregation by age indicates 18 to 59 as the predominant age category (17% female, 15% male), followed by ages 6 to 17 (16% female, 14% male), 0 to five (15% female, 14% male), and 60 and over (5% female, 4% male).

At least 14,078 cases of additional vulnerabilities in need of further support and assistance were identified through DTM's protection indicator. Lactating and malnourished made up 24 and 17 per cent respectively, followed by pregnant individuals (16%), female-headed households (13%), child-headed households (7%), elders providing care to their households (6%), single parents (5%), unaccompanied elders (5%), physically disabled (2%), mental illnesses (2%), chronic illnesses (1%), and unaccompanied minors (1%).

Based on a ranking scale, the three main priority needs for the displaced caseload in Ag Geneina are WASH (water, sanitation, and hygiene), food and emergency shelter.

Data on return intention, demographics, protection indicators and priority needs are subject to further verification through registration activities. Displacement figures collected through this activity are further refined with each data collection round to reduce any discrepancies that may result from the miscorrelation of the EET methodology and that of DTM registration activities linked to direct humanitarian assistance.



## Return Intention

Data collected through the return intention indicator suggests that all IDPs in Ag Geneina town and its surrounding villages (100%) intend to return to their locations of origin upon improvement of the security situation.

## Vulnerabilities



3,401  
Lactating women



2,365  
Malnourished



2,292  
Pregnant



1,827  
Female-headed households



941  
Child-headed households



867  
Elders providing care to their households



760  
Single parents



648  
Unaccompanied elders



300  
Physical disabilities



293  
Mental illnesses

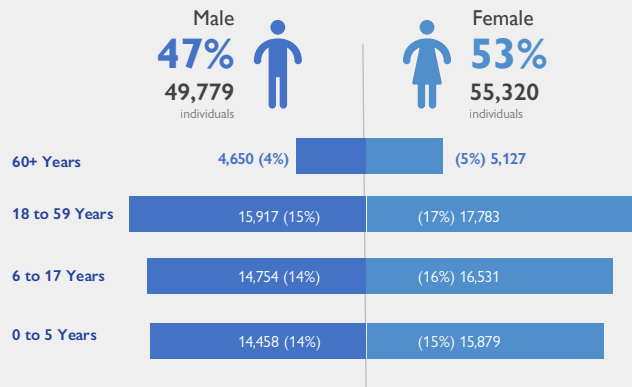


205  
Chronic illnesses



179  
Unaccompanied minors

## Demographics



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