

Kereneik (Kereneik Town), West Darfur UPDATE 10: 19 OCTOBER 2022



EMERGENCY EVENT TRACKING

Data collection: 26 September 2022

As a subcomponent of the Mobility Tracking methodology (Round Four), the Emergency Event Tracking (EET) tool is deployed to track sudden displacement, provide more frequent updates on the scale of displacement, and quantify the affected population when needed.

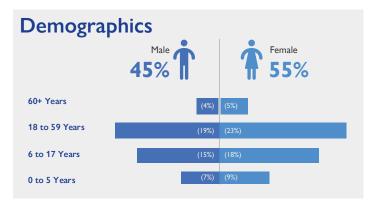
Event Overview



DTM teams activated EET to monitor the displacement of individuals affected by inter-communal violence in Kereneik locality, West Darfur. Clashes erupted on 4 December over a property dispute at a local market involving Arab nomads and Masalit tribe. On 22 April 2022, inter-communal clashes resumed between Arab Nomads and the Maslit tribe following the discovery of two deceased nomads on 21 April 2022 near Hashaba village - approximately 1km West of Kereneik Town in Kereneik locality, West Darfur. For more information, please see EET Kereneik (Kereneik town), West Darfur (Update 009).

The tenth EET update estimates a total number of 28,485 individuals (5,520 households) currently seeking shelter in Kereneik Town (67%), Um Tajok (22%), Morayat (4%), in Kereneik locality, and Ag Geneina Town (7%) in Ag Geneina locality, West Darfur. Field teams report that, following an improvement of the security situation in and around Kereneik Town, the reduction in the IDP caseload since the previous update can be largely explained by a portion of the caseload returning to their locations of origin - largely to participate in the harvest season. The IDP caseload was originally displaced from Abuja IDP camp (54%), Um Dowain (9%), Hameeda (4%), Shootak (4%), Kamkama (4%), Zawya (3%), Hai Alsehrej (3%), Garaa (3%), Kabara (2%), Um Dukun Al Sad (2%), Temaid (2%), Azerni (2%), Tangaki (1%), Haraza Teman (1%), Hehmiad (1%), Hashaba Andro (1%) villages, among other locations (4%) in Kereneik locality, West Darfur.

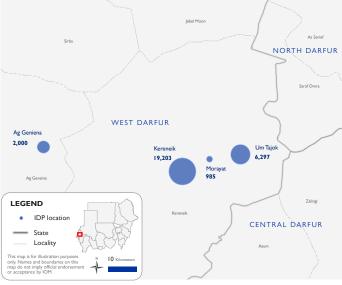
All displaced individuals are Sudanese nationals. At least 3,968 cases of additional vulnerabilities in need of assistance and support were identified by key informants through DTM's Protection indicator. Additionally, DTM Sudan estimates that there are approximately 4,273 persons with disabilities among the IDP caseload.* Based on a ranking scale, the three priority needs across the caseload are Food, Non-Food Items and Emergency Shelter.

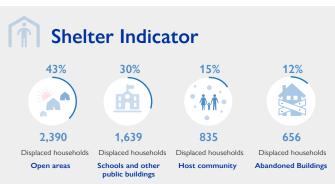


Return Intention

Data collected through the return intention indicator estimates that the entire displaced caseload (100%) intends to return to their locations of origin upon improvement of the security situation











The opinions expressed in the report are those of the authors and do not necessarily reflect the views of the International Organization for Migration (IOM). The designations employed and the presentation of material throughout the report do not imply the expression of any opinion whatsoever on the part of IOM concerning the legal status of any country, territory, city or area, or of its authorities, or concerning its frontiers or boundaries.

IOM is committed to the principle that humane and orderly migration benefits migrants and society. As an intergovernmental organization, IOM acts with its partners in the international community to: assist in the meeting of operational challenges of migration; advance understanding of migration issues; encourage social and economic development through migration; and uphold the human dignity and well-being of migrants.











^{*} DTM Sudan adopts the WHO global estimate that approximately 15% of the total population are persons with disabilities (PwD)