



Cross border flow monitoring points

- Official crossing point
- Unofficial crossing point
- Bus Station

These maps are for illustration purposes only, names and boundaries on these maps do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by IOM, its Member States or the US Government

Thailand



Ranong province



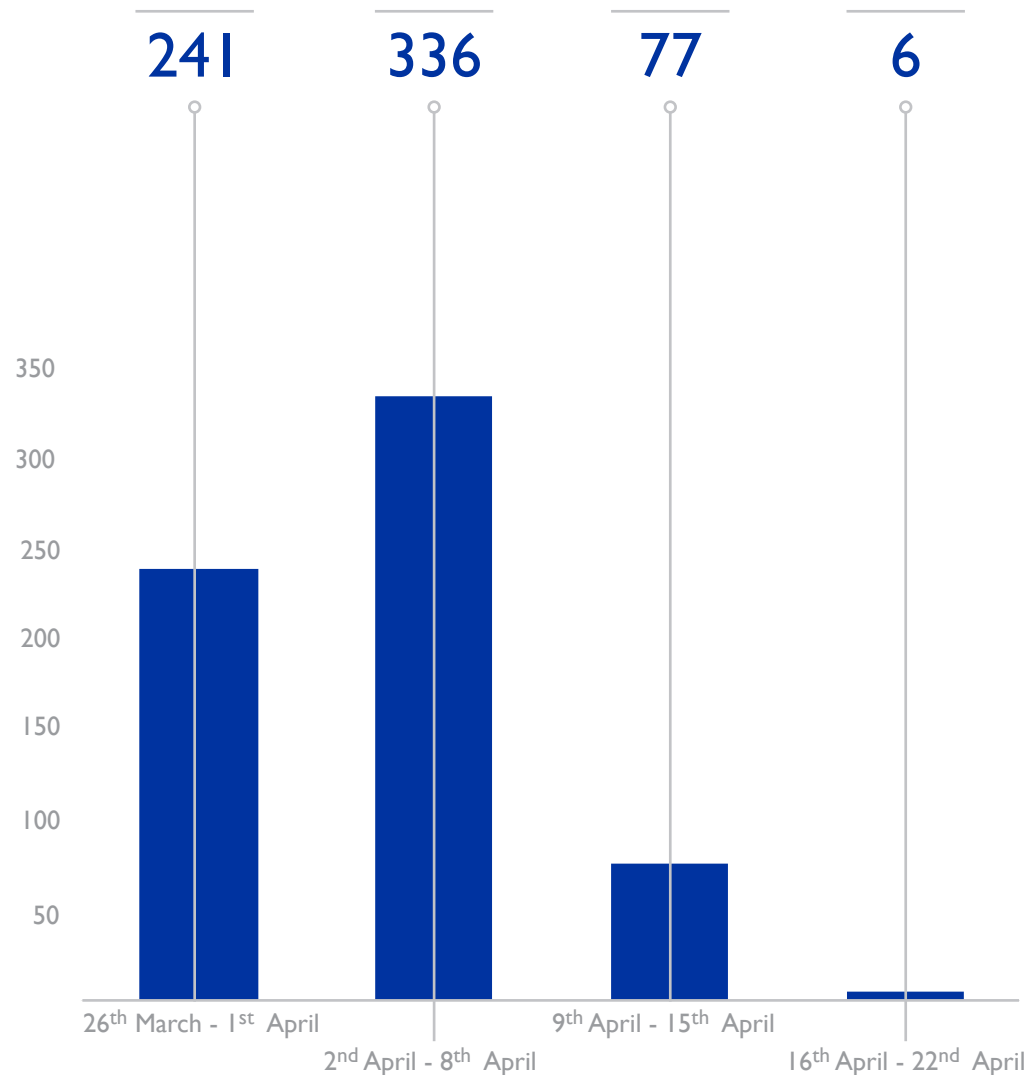
Locations in Ranong Mueang District



Locations in Kra Buri District



Weekly number of stranded migrants at IOM flow monitoring points in Ranong Province, Thailand



Since January 2020, IOM has been monitoring migration flows between Thailand and Myanmar across five different locations in Ranong province, Thailand. This report was produced with secondary data from government sources and primary data collected during observation at each location and counting at Saphan Pla and Hua Thanon.

Stranded migrants are here defined as migrants who want to return to their home country but are unable to do so due to border restrictions and regulations.



660 Stranded migrants*

48% MEN

44% WOMEN

4% CHILDREN

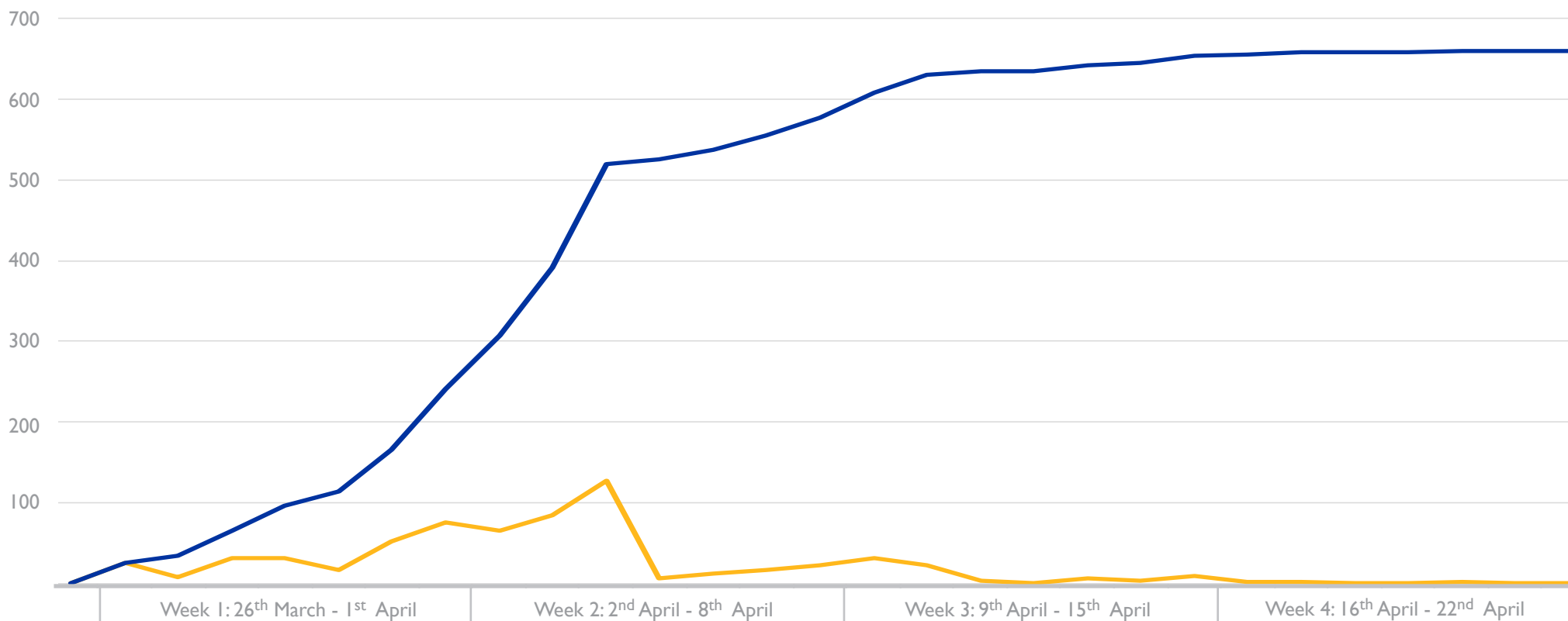
When asked about their plans for the future most stranded migrants reported the intention to stay in Ranong Province and wait to cross to Myanmar regularly.

After registering a 39 per cent increase in the number of stranded migrants in week 2 as compared to week 1, this number steadily decreased during week 3 and week 4.

Counted across 5 locations between March 26th and April 22nd.

New and cumulative number of stranded migrants at IOM flow monitoring points in Ranong Province, Thailand

Cumulative cases New cases



*Note: Gender was unknown in 4% of the cases.



2,826 Cumulative COVID-19 cases in Thailand as of 22 April 2020

15 New COVID-19 cases in Thailand on 22 April 2020

New and cumulative number of COVID-19 cases in Thailand and policy responses in Ranong Province

