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ETHIOPIA NATIONAL DISPLACEMENT REPORT 15

SITE ASSESSMENT ROUND 32 AND VILLAGE ASSESSMENT SURVEY ROUND 15

NOVEMBER 2022 - JANUARY 2023



USAID
FROM THE AMERICAN PEOPLE



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I. INTRODUCTION

BACKGROUND: POPULATION MOBILITY AND INTERNAL DISPLACEMENT IN ETHIOPIA

Ethiopia faces significant internal displacement. In 2021, Ethiopia recorded "the highest annual displacement figure ever recorded for a single country".¹ A significant portion of these displacements is conflict-induced, largely related to ethnic and border-based disputes. Old tensions such as the contestation of the Oromia-Somali regional border which first flared up in 2017 continue to persist, while new conflicts have also emerged. Conflict broke out in 2016 over the administrative designation of then Konso woreda in SNNP region; in 2018 Konso was formally recognized as a zone, but in the years since conflict has only continued. In April and later in June 2018, conflict which was aggravated by competition for land and resources broke out between Gedeo and Guji Oromo tribes in West Guji. It is estimated that by August 2018, 748,499 IDPs were displaced from the Gedeo-West Guji conflict alone.² In September 2020, frequent attacks from unidentified armed groups (UAGs) on the border of Benishangul Gumz region led to increasing displacement to Awi zone in Amhara region. This continued to intensify and in January 2021 displacement reached a peak of 76,000.³

In early November 2020, the regional party of Tigray allegedly attacked the Northern Command of Ethiopia's National Defense Force in Mekelle, Tigray region, prompting a military offensive from the federal government of Ethiopia. Following this, conflict broke out in the North of Ethiopia resulting in significant displacement. After a change of administration in Tigray region at the end of June 2021, the conflict moved further south into Afar and Amhara regions but began to subside around January

2022. In August 2022, the conflict resumed for a period though remained largely contained in Tigray region. On 2 November 2022, the regional party of Tigray and the Government of Ethiopia signed an agreement on a permanent cessation of hostilities.⁴

In mid-April 2021, conflict broke out in Ataye City Administration in North Shewa zone of Amhara region and the surrounding areas, which led to mass displacement in the zone. Estimated displacement following the conflict, according to government sources, reached 310,000 IDPs at its peak. Episodic fighting has continued and impacted displacement, particularly in Afar, Amhara and Oromia regions. As of January 2023, these regions had among the highest percentages of IDPs who had been forced to leave their homes due to conflict within the past year, accounting together for 65.72% of all IDPs displaced by conflict within the last year. Oromia region had the highest IDP caseload reporting to have been displaced by conflict within the last year (38.99% of displacements by conflict in the last year), followed by Somali region (27.58%).

Climate-induced displacement has become increasingly prominent in Ethiopia. Beginning in 2015, Ethiopia faced one of the strongest onsets of El Niño, a periodic heating of the eastern tropical Pacific, which reduced the kiremt rainfall⁵ and successively resulted in drought in the Southern and Southeastern parts of the country.⁶ Recent recurrent droughts have mostly affected Oromia and Somali regions, particularly the zones of Dawa, Liban, Afder, and some parts of Shabelle in the Somali region,

1. Internal Displacement Monitoring Centre, 2022. Global Report on Internal Displacement (GRID) 2022 Report. Available at: <https://www.internal-displacement.org/publications/2022-global-report-on-internal-displacement>

2. Displacement Tracking Matrix (DTM), 2018. Ethiopia — Gedeo/West Guji Rapid Response Assessment Round 2 (11 — 23 August 2018)— Host Community Dataset. Available at: <https://dtm.iom.int/datasets/ethiopia---gedeowest-guji-rapid-response---host-community-dataset---site-assessment---round>

3. Displacement Tracking Matrix (DTM), 2021. Ethiopia — National Displacement Report 8 (March - April 2021). Available at: <https://dtm.iom.int/reports/ethiopia---national-displacement-report-8-march---april-2021?close=true>

4. Reuters, 2022. Factbox: Key points in Ethiopia's ceasefire agreement. Available at: <https://www.reuters.com/world/africa/key-points-ethiopia-ceasefire-agreement-2022-11-04/>.

5. Kiremt rain is the summer rain that normally lasts between June to September. This rain is crucial for the main meher harvest. Conversely, the belg rain is the spring rain that usually spans between March to August.

6. USAID, 2016. El Niño in Ethiopia 2015 – 2016: A Real-Time Review Of Impacts And Responses. Available at: <https://www.agri-learning-ethiopia.org/wp-content/uploads/2016/06/AKLDP-El-Nino-Review-March-2016.pdf>

as well as the Borena zone in the Oromia region. In the Southern and Southeastern regions of the country, the recent deyr/hagaya rainy season began in a timely manner in October 2022, but the total amount of rainfall was inadequate, impacting crop production.⁷ Despite ongoing food assistance, acute food insecurity levels are increasing throughout the affected regions.⁸

As of January 2023, drought was the primary cause of displacement for 781,344 IDPs (24.86% of the national IDP caseload), with IDPs reporting this reason concentrated in Somali, Oromia and Afar regions. In this round, flooding also impacted the rate of displacement throughout the country, thereby highlighting the continuing effects of displacement on populations whose livelihoods are largely climate-dependent. Ethiopia continues to cope with the lasting impact of the damage to crops caused by the overflowing of the Shabelle, Ganale, and Dawa rivers in 2020. Flooding and landslide incidents in six regions affected nearly 1.1m people according to the Ethiopian

Disaster Risk Management Commission (EDRMC).⁹ As of March 2023, drought-affected areas in Oromia and Somali regions witnessed flash floods causing temporary displacement, and an increase in cholera cases was registered.¹⁰

Adding to the high mobility landscape of Ethiopia is the number and rate of returns. Following the reduction in conflict in January 2022, in many parts of Afar and Amhara regions affected by the Northern Ethiopia Crisis, returns have begun, which can be seen in the +422.5% increase in returns in Afar region and +584.44% increase in Amhara region in January and February 2022.¹¹ From November 2022 to January 2023, both spontaneous and government-led returns continued, leading to a growing rate of returning IDPs in Amhara, especially in North Gonder zone where returns increased by +410.71% compared to the August-September 2022 figures. Somali region also saw a +175.28% increase in returns originally displaced by conflict.

IOM POPULATION OBSERVATION IN ETHIOPIA

In order to capture population mobility and internal displacement in Ethiopia, the International Organization for Migration (IOM)'s Displacement Tracking Matrix (DTM) methodology is deployed to track internally displaced persons (IDPs), returning IDPs, migrants and returned migrants. IOM entered into partnership with the Ethiopia Disaster Risk Management Commission (EDRMC) in August 2016, and has since been regularly implementing DTM assessments in Ethiopia since September 2016.

DTM tools that are active in Ethiopia, include a Site Assessment (SA) which focuses on tracking internal displacement and a Village Assessment Survey (VAS) aimed at tracking returns. SA covers areas where there are reports of 20 or more IDP households, whereas VAS covers areas where there are reportedly 20 or more returning IDP households that returned on or after 1 January 2021.



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7. FEWS, October 2022 - May 2023. Food Security Outlook. Available at: <https://fews.net/east-africa/ethiopia/food-security-outlook/october-2022>

8. Ibid.

9. UNFPA, 2022. UNFPA Ethiopia Humanitarian Response Situation Report - July 2022. Available at: <https://reliefweb.int/report/ethiopia/unfpa-ethiopia-humanitarian-response-situation-report-july-2022>

10. UNFPA, 2022. UNFPA Ethiopia Humanitarian Response Situation Report - March 2023. Available at: <https://reliefweb.int/report/ethiopia/unfpa-ethiopia-humanitarian-response-situation-report-march-2023>

11. Displacement Tracking Matrix (DTM), 2022. Ethiopia — National Displacement Report 11 (December 2021 — February 2022). Available at: <https://dtm.iom.int/reports/ethiopia-national-displacement-report-11-december-2021-february-2022?close=true>

FIGURE 1: GEOGRAPHIC COVERAGE OF IOM-DTM SITE ASSESSMENT (SA) ROUND 32 AND VILLAGE ASSESSMENT SURVEY (VAS) ROUND 15 CARRIED OUT BETWEEN NOV 2022 AND JAN 2023

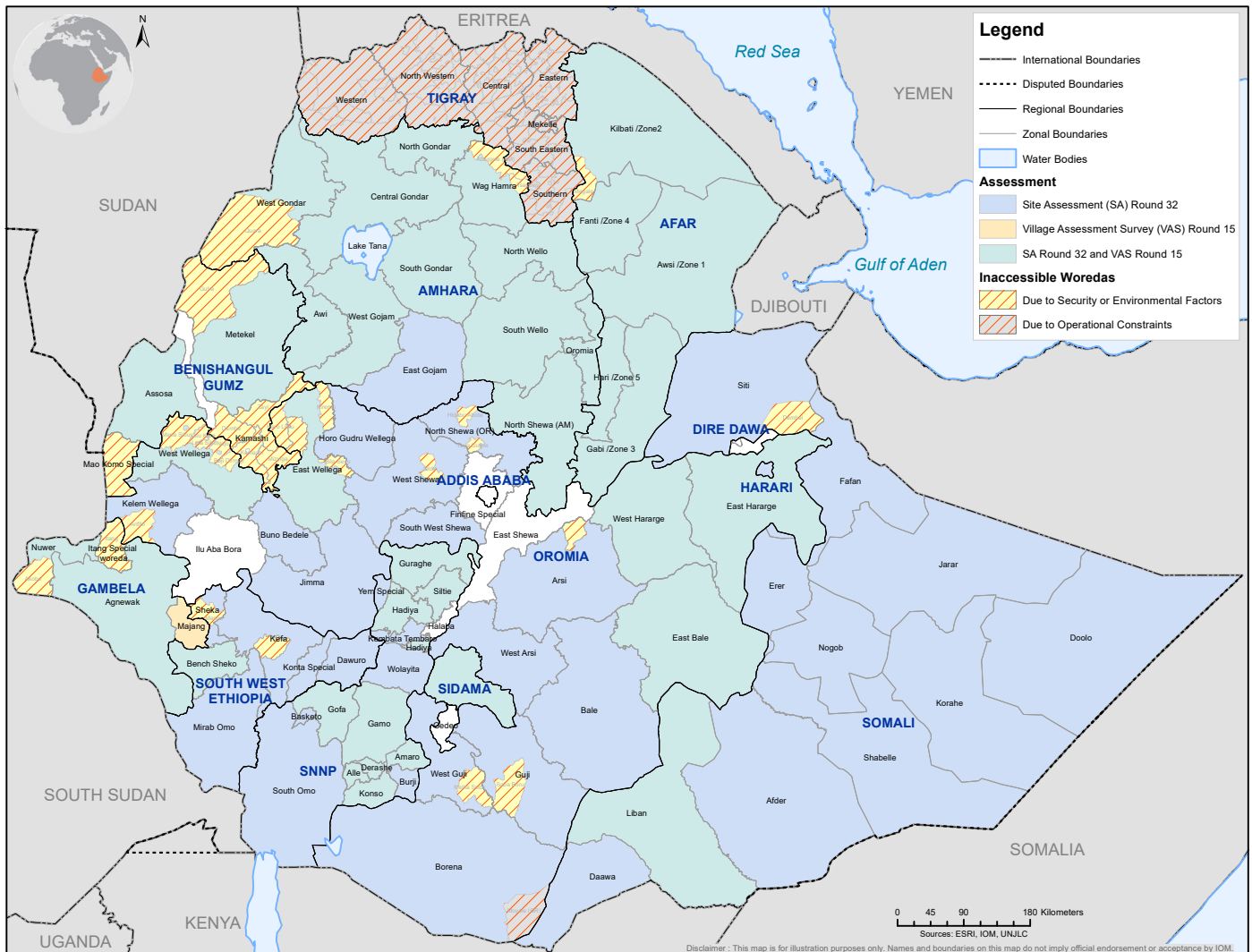


Figure 1 illustrates IOM-DTM's coverage of its Site Assessment (SA) Round 32 and Village Assessment Survey (VAS) Round 15 carried out between November 2022 and January 2023 in accessible sites and villages in Ethiopia. The areas in blue represent areas that were exclusively covered by SA, while the areas in yellow represent areas that were only covered by VAS. The areas in green represent areas where both SA and VAS were deployed. The grey areas covered in red stripes represent areas that were inaccessible due to operational constraints, while the yellow with red stripes represents areas inaccessible due to security and environmental factors.

2. SECTION I

SITE ASSESSMENT (SA)

TRACKING INTERNAL DISPLACEMENT

2.1 KEY FINDINGS: SITE ASSESSMENT (SA)

FIGURE 2: SA COVERAGE



FIGURE 3: NUMBER OF INTERNALLY DISPLACED PERSONS (IDPs) IN ASSESSED, ACCESSIBLE SITES IN ETHIOPIA¹²

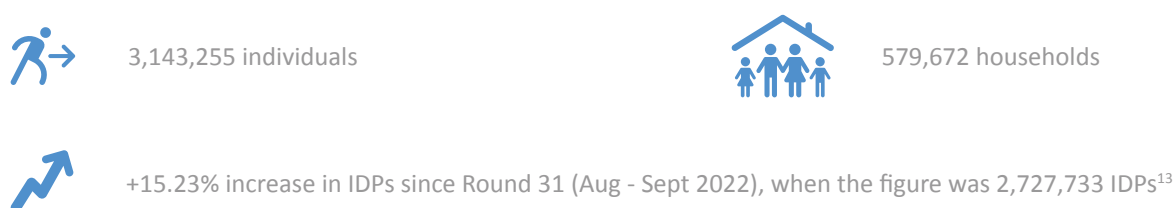


FIGURE 4: TOP 3 REASONS FOR DISPLACEMENT¹⁴

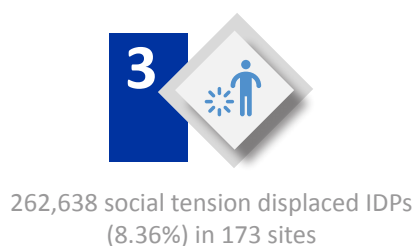
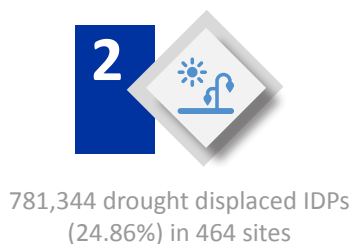


FIGURE 5: NATIONAL DISPLACEMENT CASELOAD IN ASSESSED, ACCESSIBLE SITES, BY REGION¹²

Region	No. of IDP individuals
Afar	90,034
Amhara	388,715
Benishangul Gumz ¹⁵	124,631
Dire Dawa	0
Gambela	44,504
Harari	3,037
Oromia ¹⁵	959,712
Sidama	45,838
SNNP	210,891
Somali	1,263,155
South West Ethiopia Peoples	12,738
Grand Total	3,143,255

12. Tigray region was covered in this round but due to operational constraints data was shared separately.

13. As a note, due to access constraints in Site Assessment round 31, the increase seen in Site Assessment round 32 is largely due to increased access.

14. Other reasons for displacement included: other climate-induced factors (seasonal floods, flash floods, landslides and fire) accounting for 231,278 IDPs (7.36%) and other (hydropower project, relocation, wind and swampy land) accounting for 18,253 IDPs (<1%). Please note that, due to the methodology, multiple primary causes of displacement are possible within sites.

15. Insecurity continued to pose issues for data collection in Oromia and Benishangul Gumz regions, which has likely lowered the numbers of IDPs reported for the regions.

2.2 METHODOLOGY: SITE ASSESSMENT (SA)

IOM Ethiopia employs a series of tools in its DTM. The present methodology refers to the Site Assessment (SA) tool which falls under the Mobility Tracking component of the DTM. Data for this tool is collected at the zonal, woreda and site level. Since September 2016, IOM Ethiopia has conducted 32 rounds of data collection. The DTM programme is implemented in close collaboration with the Ethiopia Disaster Risk Management Commission (EDRMC) and lower admin level counterparts.

IOM’s DTM team is composed of 192 field enumerators, under the direct supervision of 15 field focal points, and the overall supervision of the DTM team based at IOM’s Addis Ababa Country Office. The data collection methodology is divided into three administrative levels:

Zone level: Data is collected through interviews with key informants from the Disaster Risk Management Office (DRMO), community representatives, and the education and health offices. This data includes the estimated number of displaced individuals, a list of woredas within the zone that hosts displaced persons, reasons for displacement, time of arrival of IDPs and their locations.

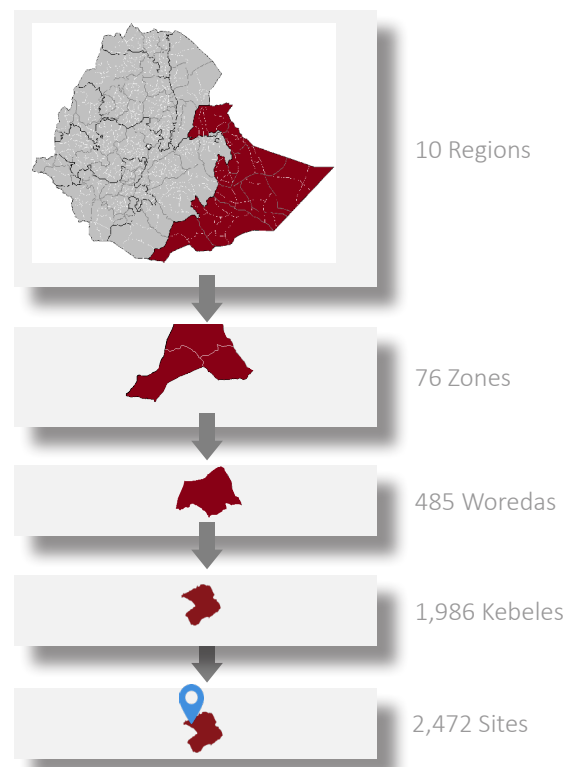
Woreda level: Information is collected through key informants at woreda level and data collected includes number of displaced households and individuals at woreda and kebele level, site typology and approximate locations of identifiable displacement sites among other indicators. The information is used to plan the roll out of the Site Assessment.

Site level: Site assessment is conducted in locations hosting a reported 20 or more IDP households defined through the previously mentioned interviews at the higher administrative levels. These locations include host communities. Information is collected through focus group discussions, key informant interviews and direct observation. Focus groups include IDP representatives, including men, women, elderly and youth. Site Assessment gathers information on IDPs including on their locations, their areas of origin, reasons for displacement, household demographics and the availability of services in their areas

of displacement. Sites with fewer than 20 households are not assessed. Demographic information was collected through representative sampling at the site level at a 95% confidence interval and a 10% margin of error. Overall, 126,907 households were interviewed to inform the demographic information and reasons for displacement.

In round 32, 367 sites were inaccessible. 258 sites had insecurity issues, mainly in West Wallaga, East Wallaga, and West Guji zones in Oromia region. 71 sites were inaccessible due to social tension, mainly in East Wallaga and Guji zones in Oromia region. 38 sites were inaccessible due to road issues, 10 of which were in Dawa zone in Somali region.

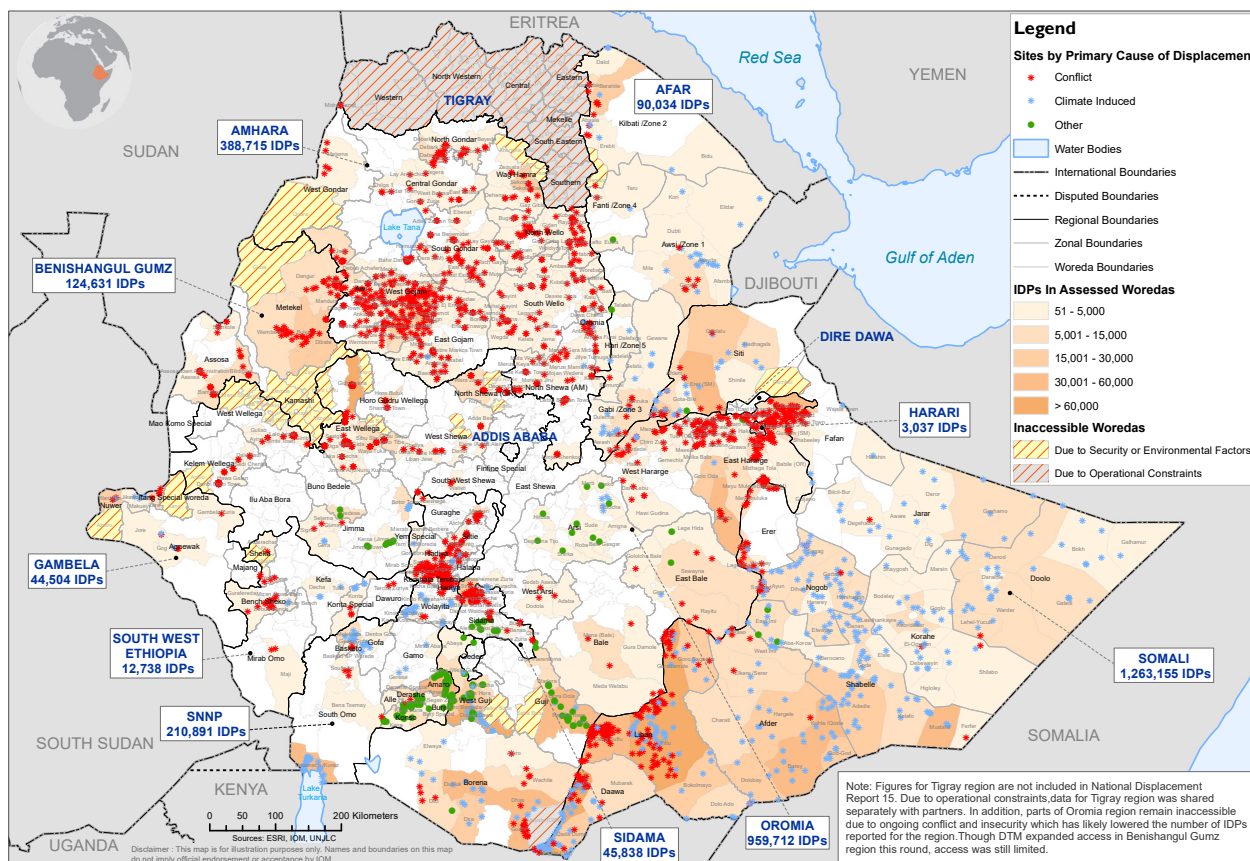
FIGURE 6: COVERAGE OF SITE ASSESSEMENT (SA) ROUND 32



2.3 OVERVIEW OF DISPLACEMENT

2.3.1 NATIONAL LEVEL

FIGURE 7: DISPLACEMENT CASELOAD IN ASSESSED, ACCESSIBLE SITES IN ETHIOPIA BASED ON IOM-DTM SITE ASSESSMENT (SA) ROUND 32 DATA COLLECTED BETWEEN NOV 2022 AND JAN 2023

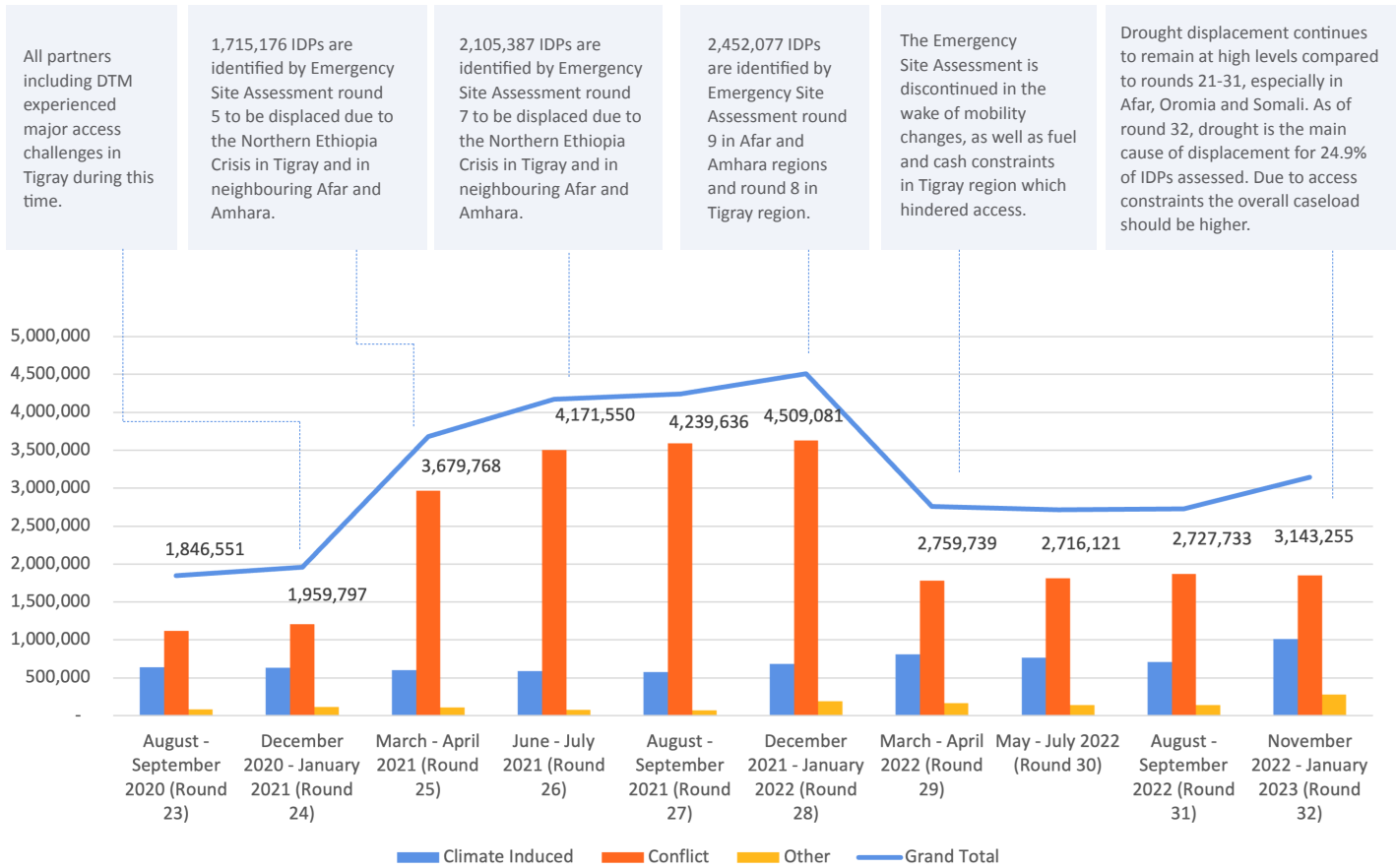


According to data collected through the SA round 32 from November 2022 to January 2023, 3.14 million IDPs (579,672 households) were internally displaced across 2,472 assessed, accessible sites in Ethiopia. This reflects a +15.23% increase of 415,522 IDPs compared to the previous round of data collection in August and September 2022. The gender breakdown of IDPs is almost equal with 1,557,332 males (49.55%) and 1,585,923 females (50.45%).

Conflict remains the primary cause of displacement and displaced 1.85 million IDPs (58.85%), followed by drought which displaced 781,344 IDPs (24.86%), social tension which displaced 262,638 IDPs (8.36%), other climate induced factors (seasonal floods, flash floods and landslides) which displaced 231,278 IDPs (7.36%) and other reasons (swampy land) which displaced 18,253 IDPs (<1%).

Drought continues to impact displacement, with 464 assessed, accessible sites reporting drought as the main cause of displacement this round (compared to 302 sites in round 31). Some changes in drought displacement were seen in the 287 sites assessed both in round 31 and the current round. Especially noticeable between the two rounds was the +2,343.30% increase (10,662 IDPs) in one site in West Guji zone in Oromia region. Another two sites in West Guji zone reported +185.47% (3,305 IDPs) and +78.67% (2,098 IDPs) increases in drought displacement. In Borena zone, which previously had the highest number of drought IDPs in the Oromia region, one site saw a +11.84% increase (1,362 IDPs). The fifth highest increase for a site was reported in the Shabelle zone Somali region, reporting a +148.96% (715 IDPs) increase in drought induced displacement.

FIGURE 8: NUMBER OF IDPs IDENTIFIED NATIONWIDE BY IOM-DTM SINCE AUGUST-SEPTEMBER 2020 (SA ROUND 23)¹⁶



IOM Ethiopia has been collecting data on internal displacement via its SA tool for 32 rounds. In round 23 (Aug - Sept 2020), there was only a marginal increase to 1.84 million IDPs. In round 24 (Dec 2020 - Jan 2021), the number of IDPs increased to 1.95 million IDPs. In round 25 (March-April 2021), the total number of IDPs increased to 3.7 million. This increase was due to the 1.7 million IDPs displaced by the Northern Ethiopia Crisis and identified through Emergency Site Assessment (ESA) round 5.

In round 28 of SA carried out in December 2021 and January 2022, the number of IDPs increased to 4.5 million IDPs throughout the country including 2.45 million IDPs displaced by the Northern Ethiopia Crisis identified through ESA round 9 (Jan - Feb 2022) in Afar and Amhara regions and ESA round 8 (Aug 2021) in Tigray region. Since then, the ESA was discontinued, and SA was carried out nationwide including in Afar and Amhara regions. Following

returns and operational constraints, the figure for round 29 (March - April 2022) dropped to 2.76 million IDPs. As of round 30 (May - July 2022), the total IDP figure declined to 2.72 million IDPs, and in round 31 (Aug - Sep 2022) the national displacement figure stood at 2.73 million IDPs across 11 regions in locations accessed by DTM. Due to operational constraints and conflict, Tigray region was not covered in rounds 29, 30 and 31 of data collection. Afar, Amhara, Benishangul Gumz, Oromia and Somali regions also faced access constraints during the three rounds.

As of round 32 (Nov 2022 - Jan 2023), the number of IDPs increased to 3.14 million IDPs. Despite renewed access to Tigray region, the 3.14 million IDP figure does not include IDPs in Tigray. This data was shared separately due to operational constraints. The increase between round 31 and round 32 is largely due to increased access in Afar, Amhara and Somali regions.

16. Round totals include displacement data captured through previously conducted Rapid Response Assessments and Emergency Site Assessments

Overall, according to data collected during round 32 of the SA, 926,894 IDPs in the assessed sites have been displaced for less than 1 year (29.49% of the total caseload), 1,426,728 IDPs for 1-4 years (45.39%) and 789,633 IDPs for 5 years or more (25.12%).

As seen in Figure 10, the highest share of IDPs has been displaced due to conflict for 1-4 years (949,777 IDPs or 30.22% of the total national caseload). Among them, 320,403 IDPs were in Amhara (10.2% of the total national caseload).

This is followed by 514,403 IDPs who have been displaced for more than 5 years due to conflict (16.37% of caseload), 406,676 IDPs who have been displaced due to drought for less than 1 year (12.94%) and 385,562 IDPs who have been displaced by conflict for less than 1 year (12.27%).

FIGURE 9: NUMBER AND SHARE OF IDPs BY LENGTH OF DISPLACEMENT

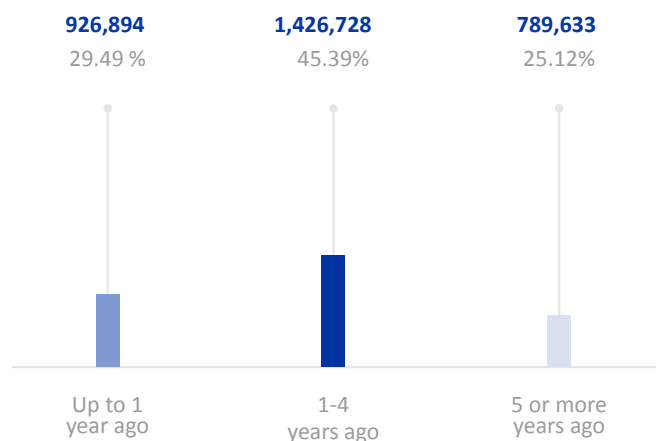


FIGURE 10: LENGTH OF DISPLACEMENT, BY REASON FOR DISPLACEMENT AND NUMBER OF IDP INDIVIDUALS

Length of displacement	Reasons for displacement	No. of IDP individuals	% IDP individuals
Up to 1 year	Conflict	385,562	12.27%
	Drought	406,676	12.94%
	Other ¹⁷	8	0.00%
	Other climate-induced ¹⁸	35,765	1.14%
	Social tension	98,883	3.15%
1-4 years	Conflict	949,777	30.22%
	Drought	169,348	5.39%
	Other ¹⁷	10,277	0.33%
	Other climate-induced ¹⁸	181,637	5.78%
	Social tension	115,689	3.68%
5 or more years	Conflict	514,403	16.37%
	Drought	205,320	6.53%
	Other ¹⁷	7,968	0.25%
	Other climate-induced ¹⁸	13,876	0.44%
	Social tension	48,066	1.53%
Sum of IDP individuals		3,143,255	100.00%

17. Other reasons for displacement include: hydropower project, relocation, wind and swampy land.

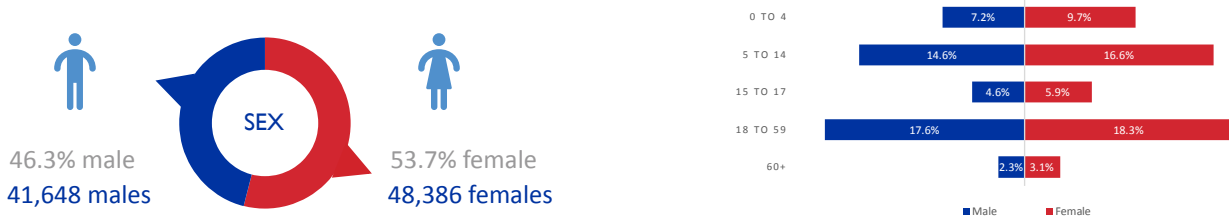
18. Other climate-induced reasons for displacement include: seasonal floods, flash floods, landslides and fire.

2.3.2 REGIONAL LEVEL

AFAR

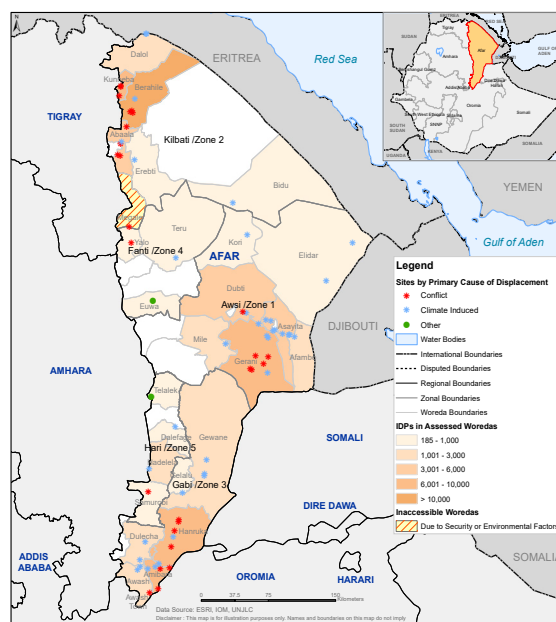


FIGURE 11: SEX-AGE BREAKDOWN OF IDPS IN AFAR



15,611 households comprising 90,034 IDPs were identified in 67 accessible sites in Afar region. These figures represent an increase of 28,611 IDPs (+46.58%) since the previous round 31 (August – September 2022). The reason for this increase can be attributed to coverage of all zones in Afar region. In the previous round, parts of Fenti (Zone 4) and Kilbati (Zone 2) could not be covered due to insecurity. Despite the overall increased coverage and number of IDPs, in this round of data collection, five sites were inaccessible due to road conditions and eight sites, mainly in Kilbati (Zone 2), due to insecurity. Conflict was the primary reason for displacement in the region affecting 56,591 IDPs (62.86%). This number is up from the last round due to coverage in Kilbati (Zone 2), with two thirds (37,879 IDPs) of conflict-induced IDPs living in 17 sites across Kilbati (Zone 2). Other climate-induced factors were the second biggest driver of displacement affecting 27,407 IDPs (30.44%) in Afar region. Drought was the third most common reason, displacing a total of 4,916 IDPs (5.46%) and the remaining 1,120 (1.24%) were displaced by other factors. Just over half (51.82%) of IDPs in Afar region have been displaced within the last year, out of which most (39,059 or 43.38% of all IDPs in Afar region) are located across 17 sites in Kilbati (Zone 2). The remaining 37.06% have been displaced between one and four years ago (across 50 sites) and 11.11% have been displaced over five years across all 67 sites. 30.27% of IDPs displaced for over five years were in 20 sites located in Gabi (Zone 3).

FIGURE 12: DISPLACEMENT CASELOAD AND CAUSES OF DISPLACEMENT IN AFAR



AMHARA

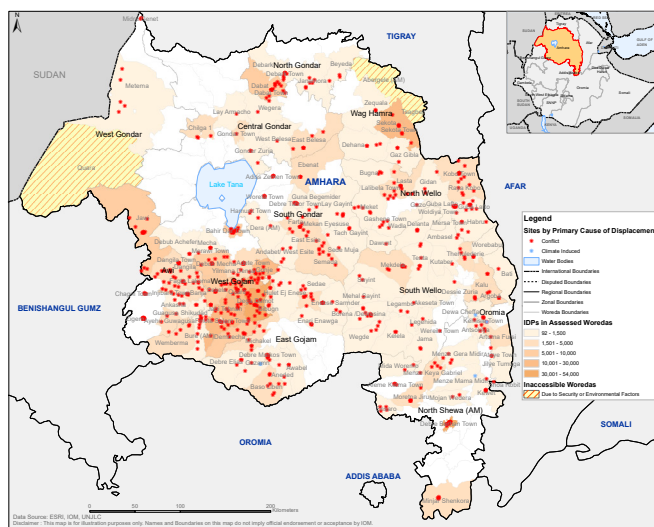


FIGURE 13: SEX-AGE BREAKDOWN OF IDPS IN AMHARA



91,316 IDP households comprising 388,715 IDPs were identified in 623 accessible sites in Amhara region.¹⁹ These figures represent a decrease of 125,233 IDPs (-24.37%) since the previous round 31 (August — September 2022). This decrease can be attributed to the fact that the security situation has improved since the last round of data collection, and returns have increased, especially to North Gondar zone. Compared to the last round, the number of IDPs initially displaced by conflict in this zone decreased by-63.2%. A total of six sites could not be covered due to insecurity, four sites in Wag Himra zone and two more sites in Oromia and West Gondar zones. Four additional sites across different zones could not be reached due to poor road conditions. Conflict remains the primary driver of displacement in Amhara region, displacing a total of 387,120 IDPs (99.59%, a -24.19% decrease since round 31). Another 1,582 IDPs (<1%) were displaced by other climate-induced factors and 13 IDPs (<1%) reported social tension as the main reason for displacement. West Gojam continued to be the zone reporting the highest caseload of conflict-induced IDPs (143,028 IDPs or 36.8% of all IDPs in Amhara region). North Shewa zone had the second-highest conflict-induced IDP caseload with 49,000 IDPs or 12.61% of all IDPs in Amhara region. 82.62% of IDPs in Amhara region have been displaced between 1 and 4 years, out of whom over two in five (42.13%) of IDPs are in West Gojam zone. The remaining 16.78% of the total regional caseload have been displaced under one year and 0.6% have been displaced over five years.

FIGURE 14: DISPLACEMENT CASELOAD AND CAUSES OF DISPLACEMENT IN AMHARA

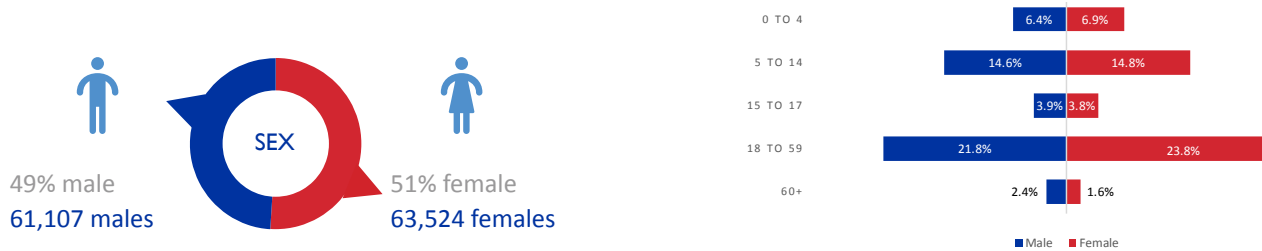


19. As a note, after data collection ended the region experienced waves of both displacement from Western Oromia and from within Amhara. Many of the IDPs have since returned but it is likely the displacement caseload is higher.

BENISHANGUL GUMZ

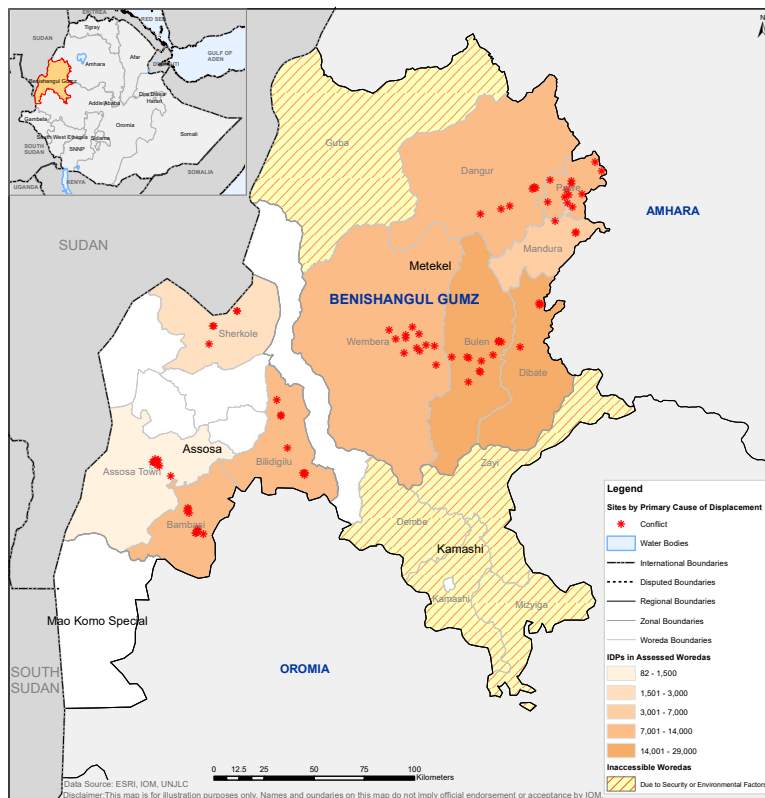


FIGURE 15: SEX-AGE BREAKDOWN OF IDPS BENISHANGUL GUMZ



23,847 households comprising 124,631 IDPs were identified in 82 accessible sites in Benishangul Gumz region. Overall this round included coverage in five new sites in the region. Kemashi zone remained inaccessible this round due to security concerns. Insecurity also prevented data collection in one site in Metekel zone covered in the previous round which previously accounted for 5,051 IDPs displaced due to conflict, indicating that displacement figures for Benishangul Gumz region should likely be higher. Conflict was the primary cause of displacement for an estimated 124,631 IDPs or 100% of the displaced population. 94.1% of IDPs in the region have been displaced between 1 and 4 years, out of which three quarters are in Metekel zone. The remaining 5.9% have been displaced under one year, with most (89.17% of IDPs displaced within this period) concentrated in 50 sites across Metekel zone.

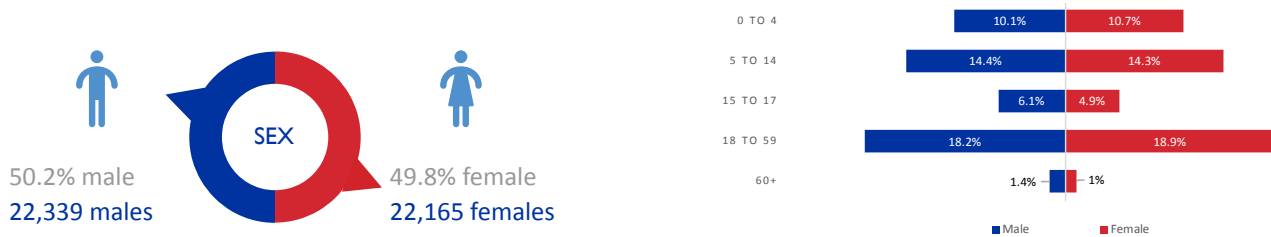
FIGURE 16: DISPLACEMENT CASELOAD AND CAUSES OF DISPLACEMENT IN BENISHANGUL GUMZ



GAMBELA

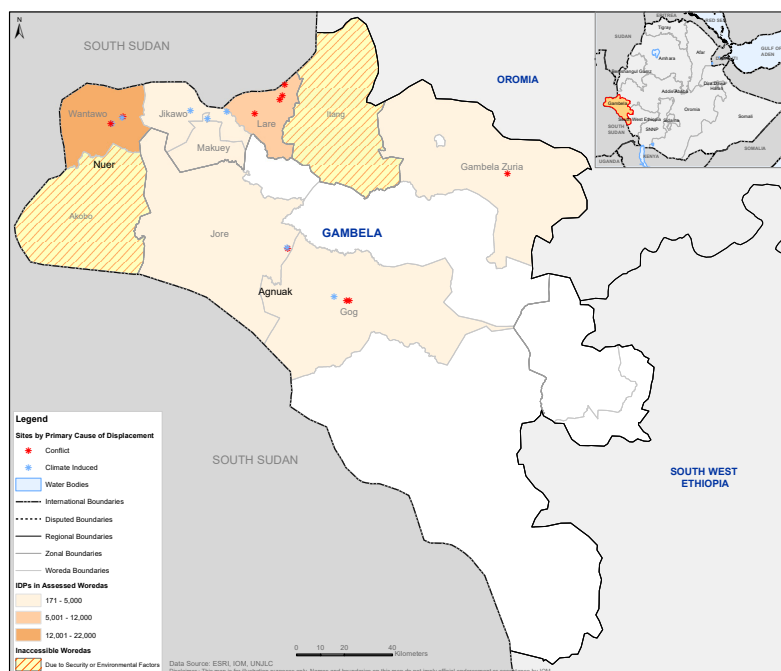


FIGURE 17: SEX-AGE BREAKDOWN OF IDPS IN GAMBELA



8,645 households comprising 44,504 IDPs were identified in 17 accessible sites covered in Gambela region. These figures represent an increase of 16,053 IDPs (+56.42%) since round 31 (August — September 2022). Though five sites closed, the increase is largely due to the coverage of five new sites in the region with higher caseloads of conflict-induced IDPs. Due to inaccessible road conditions, two sites in Nuer zone and one site in Itang Special woreda were not covered. Other climate-induced factors (seasonal floods) were the main reason for displacement for an estimated 24,987 IDPs (56.15%), pushing conflict-related displacement to the secondary reason compared to the last round. Under half of IDPs in the region were displaced by conflict (19,412 IDPs or 43.62%). Another 105 IDPs (<1%) were displaced by social tension. Over half (53.25%) of IDPs were displaced within the last year, out of which the majority are in Nuer zone (96.67% of IDPs displaced within the last year). The remaining IDPs are fairly equally split between IDPs who have been displaced over five years (26.54%, more than half in Nuer zone), and IDPs who have been displaced between 1 and 4 years (20.21%, all of whom were identified in Nuer zone).

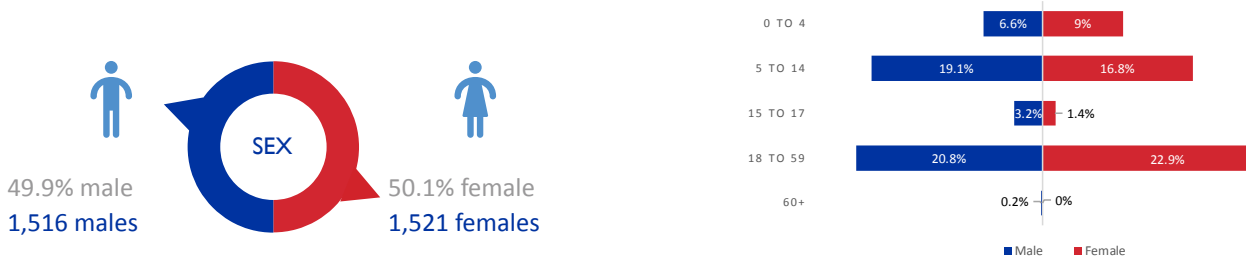
FIGURE 18: DISPLACEMENT CASELOAD AND CAUSES OF DISPLACEMENT IN GAMBELA



HARARI

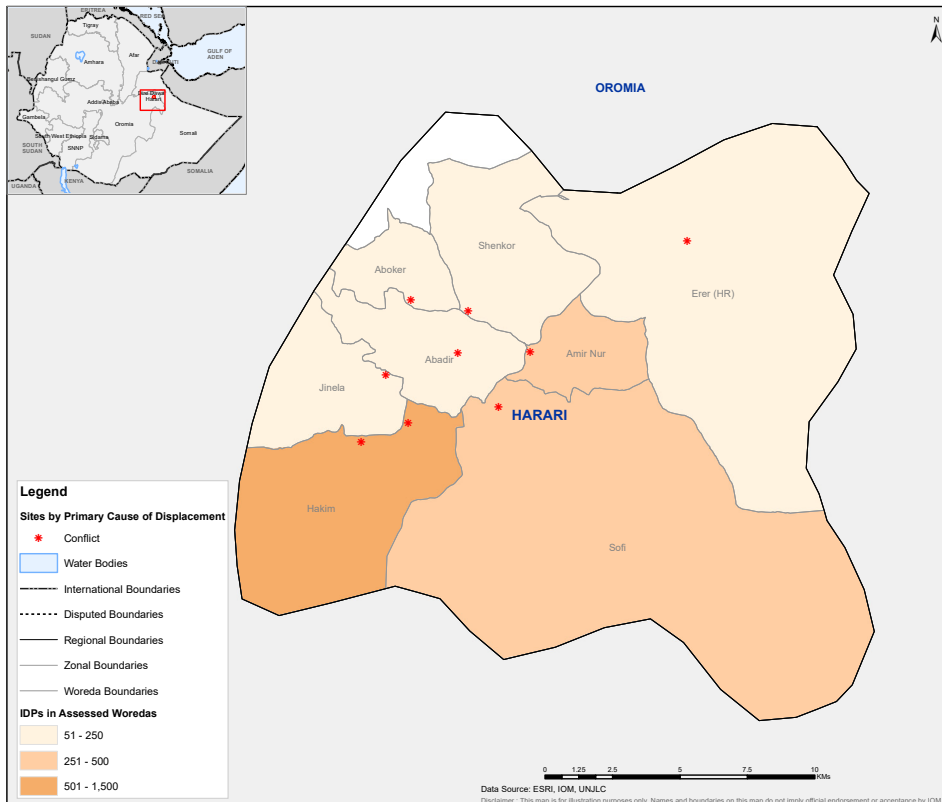


FIGURE 19: SEX-AGE BREAKDOWN OF IDPS IN HARARI



667 households comprising 3,037 IDPs were identified in 9 accessible sites in Harari region. Conflict was the main reason for displacement for an estimated 3,037 IDPs, or 100% of the displaced population. Three quarters of the displaced population in the nine sites identified in Harari region have been displaced between 1 and 4 years (74.61%). The remaining 25.39% have been displaced for five years or more.

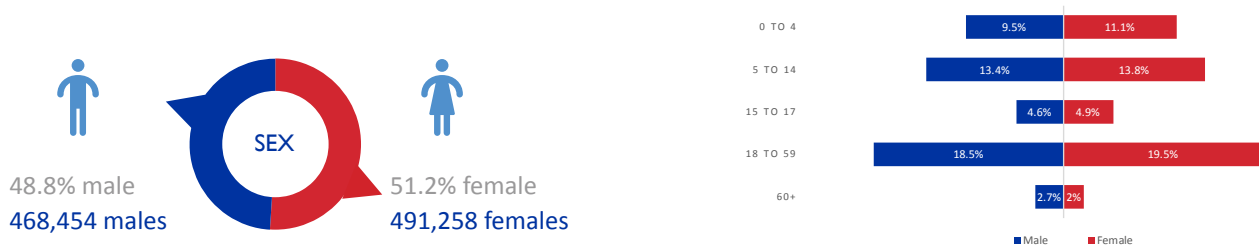
FIGURE 20: DISPLACEMENT CASELOAD AND CAUSES OF DISPLACEMENT IN HARARI



OROMIA

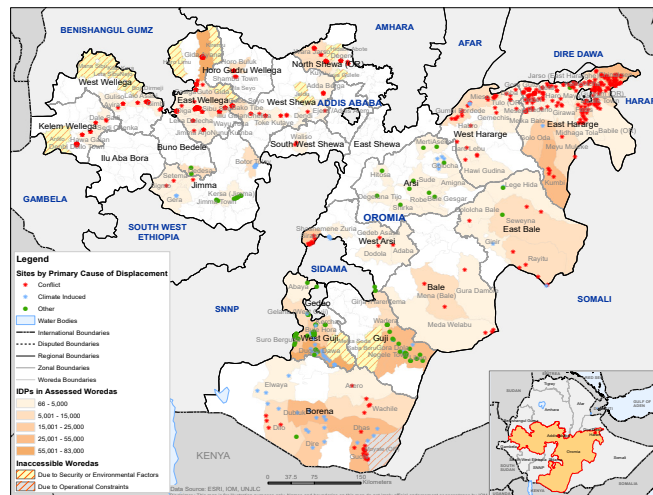


FIGURE 21: SEX-AGE BREAKDOWN OF IDPS IN OROMIA



178,991 households comprising 959,712 IDPs were identified in 663 accessible sites in Oromia region. Since the last round (August — September 2022), there has been an increase of 152,725 IDPs (+18.93%) in the region. This increase is largely due to the 113 new sites covered, primarily in East Wellega (50 sites) and Borena (13 sites) zones. Drought conditions in the region continue to worsen, especially in the zones bordering Somali region. Overall, the drought related IDP caseload grew by 62,754 IDPs, a +37.11 % increase over the last round. Borena zone has the second highest caseload of IDPs reporting drought as the main reason for displacement nationwide, with a total of 105,826 IDPs across 19 sites (representing a +25.94% increase in drought displacement in the zone). West Guji zone had the third highest caseload of IDPs reporting drought-induced displacement in any zone nationwide with 79,614 IDPs across 65 sites, a +97.17% increase in drought-induced displacement for this zone over the last round. Conflict remained the primary reason for displacement for an estimated 518,210 IDPs (54%). 231,840 IDPs (24.16%) were displaced due to drought, 186,680 IDPs were displaced by social tension (19.45%), 17,133 IDPs were displaced due to other reasons (2%)²⁰ and the remaining 5,849 IDPs by other climate-induced reasons (1.79%).²¹ Oromia region has a fairly even distribution of length of displacement ranges, with 42.04% of IDPs having been displaced under one year. The highest caseloads of IDPs reporting to have been displaced within the last year are in Borena, East Wallaga and Guji zones, altogether accounting for 64.44% of IDPs displaced in the last 12 months. 37.7% of IDPs in Oromia region were displaced between 1 and 4 years, and 20.26% have been displaced for over five years. Conflict was the main factor affecting site coverage this round with a total of 229 sites uncovered, mostly in West Wallaga (90 sites), East Wallaga (74 sites) and West Guji (40 sites) zones. Due to social tension in East Wallaga, Guji and West Arsi zones, another 49 sites were uncovered meaning that the regional displacement related to conflict should likely be higher. Another six sites mainly in East Harerge were uncovered due to road inaccessibility.

FIGURE 22: DISPLACEMENT CASELOAD AND CAUSES OF DISPLACEMENT IN OROMIA



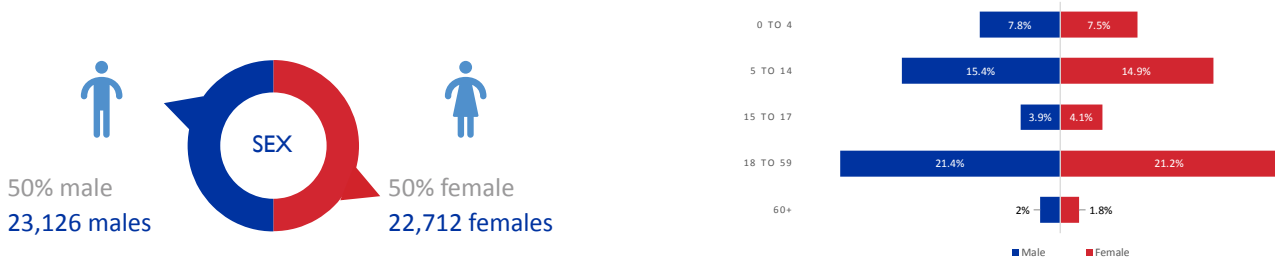
20. Other reasons include swampy land, relocation, hydropower projects, wind, landslides.

21. Other climate-induced reasons include flash floods, seasonal floods, landslides and fire.

SIDAMA

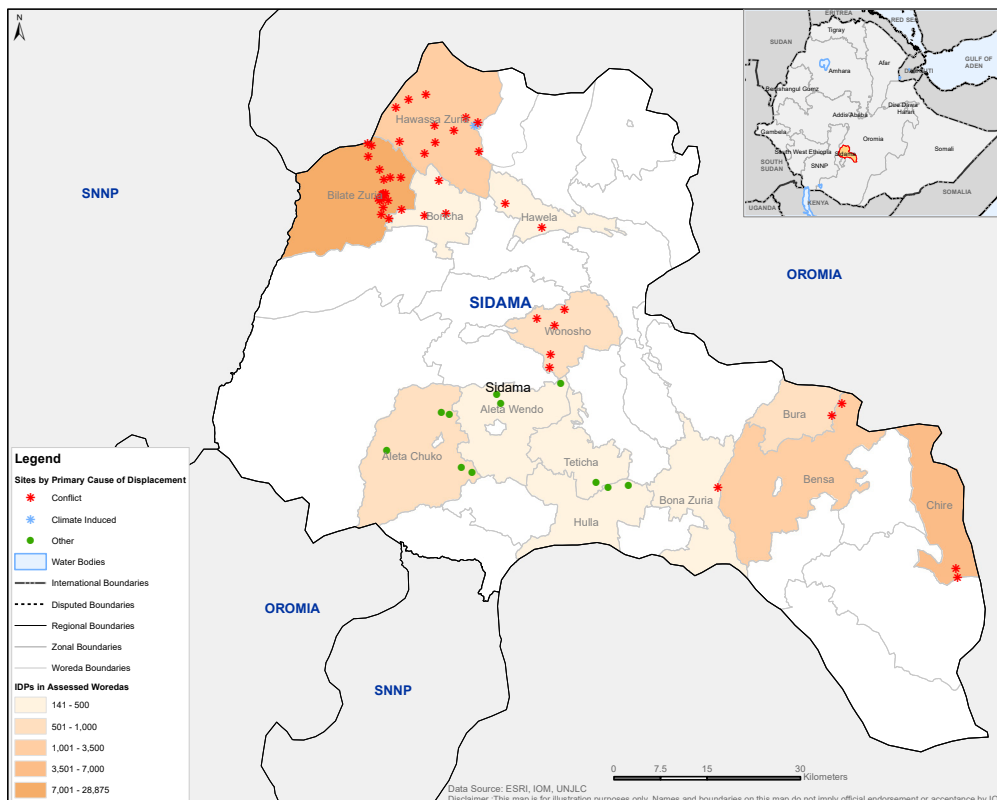


FIGURE 23: SEX-AGE BREAKDOWN OF IDPS IN SIDAMA



7,921 households comprising 45,838 IDPs were identified in 59 accessible sites in Sidama region. These figures represent a decrease of 2,601 IDPs (-5.37%) since round 31 (August — September 2022). This decrease in IDP figures is mainly due to the coverage of sites that experienced high IDP returns since the last round; this was especially evident in Bura woreda where there was a decrease of -31.74% (or 445 IDPs) since the previous round. Conflict was the primary reason for displacement for 43,396 IDPs (94.67%), followed by social tensions which displaced 1,786 IDPs (3.9%) and another 656 IDPs were displaced by other climate-induced reasons (1.43%). 88.8% of IDPs have been displaced between 1 and 4 years, and the remaining 11.2% have been displaced under one year.

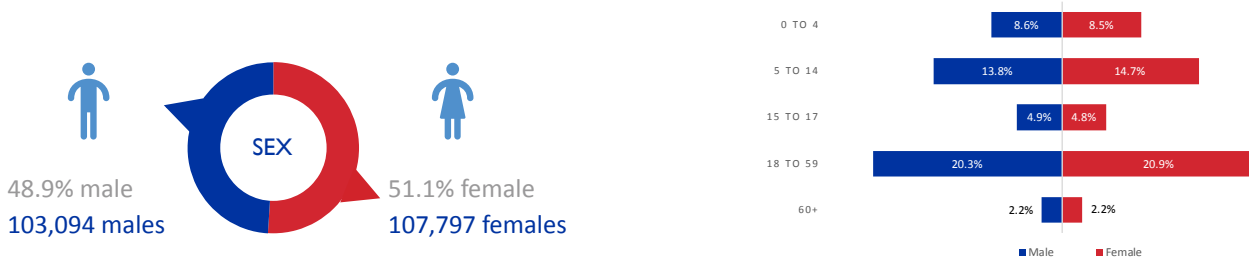
FIGURE 24: DISPLACEMENT CASELOAD AND CAUSES OF DISPLACEMENT IN SIDAMA



SNNP

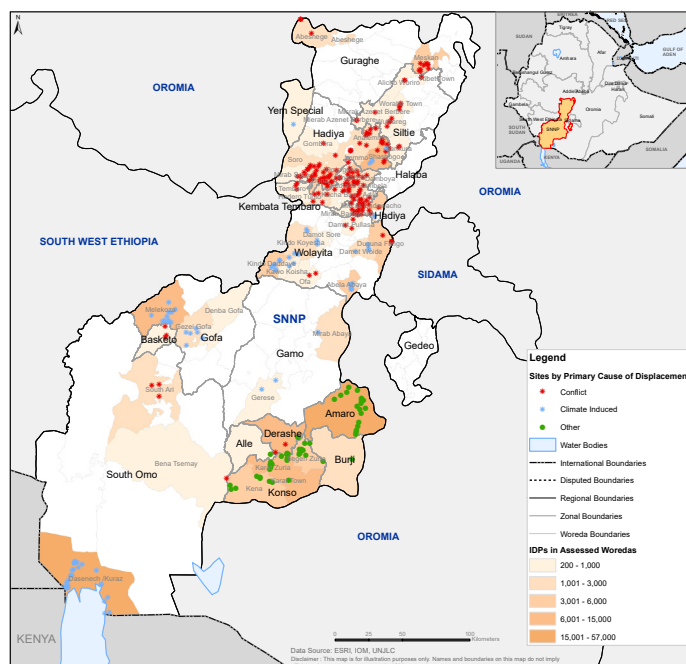


FIGURE 25: SEX-AGE BREAKDOWN OF IDPS IN SNNP



37,572 households comprising 210,891 IDPs were identified in 307 accessible sites in SNNP region. These figures represent an increase of 1,743 IDPs (+0.83%) since round 31 (August — September 2022). The increase in the IDP caseload this round is due to the coverage of 9 new sites. Despite the increase in the caseload, there was decreased coverage in six sites in Konso, Hadiya and South Omo zones due to insecurity and poor road conditions. Due to the decreased coverage in the three zones that previously hosted large numbers of conflict-induced IDPs, the number of conflict-induced displacements is significantly lower in this round, representing 55,863 IDPs (26.49%) of the regional IDP caseload (compared to 118,997 IDPs or 56.9% of the regional caseload in the last round). As a result, conflict-induced displacement is not the main reason for displacement in the region this round. Climate-induced factors such as flash floods displaced 87,786 IDPs (41.63%), and the remaining 67,242 IDPs (31.88%) were displaced by social tension. 68.96% of IDPs mainly in South Omo and Hadiya zones have been displaced between 1 and 4 years ago. One in five IDPs has been displaced for over five years (mainly in Amaro Special Woreda zone). The remaining 23,330 IDPs were displaced within the last year (11.06%), out of which 11,214 were identified in Konso zone.

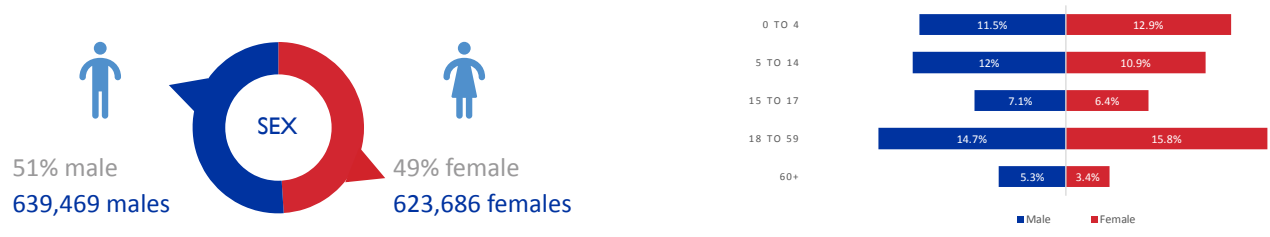
FIGURE 26: DISPLACEMENT CASELOAD AND CAUSES OF DISPLACEMENT IN SNNP



SOMALI

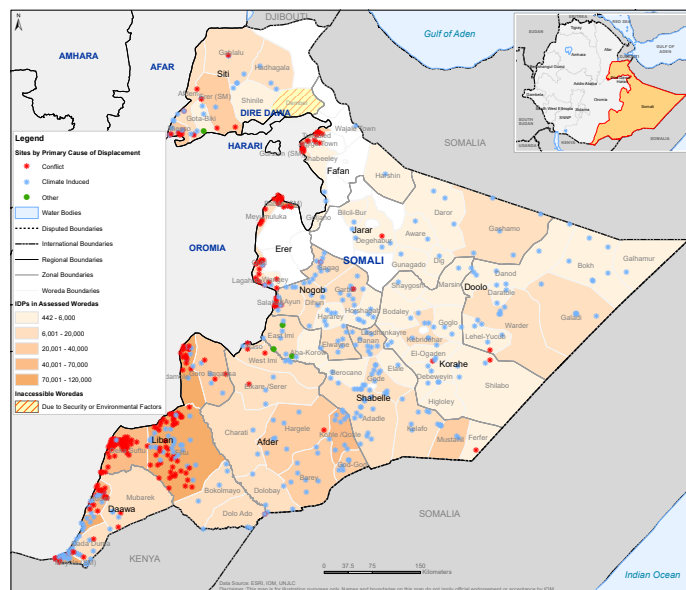


FIGURE 27: SEX-AGE BREAKDOWN OF IDPS IN SOMALI



212,612 households comprising 1,263,155 IDPs were identified in 607 accessible sites in Somali region. These figures represent an increase of 352,187 IDPs (+38.66%) since round 31 (August — September 2022). This is partly due to the increased access in Afder zone which was previously inaccessible due to insecurity, as well as the coverage of five new sites in Shabelle zone and one new site in Erer zone. Liben zone currently hosts the highest number of overall IDPs nationwide (315,337 or 10.03% of national IDP caseload), whereas Afder zone hosts the highest number of overall IDPs displaced by drought nationwide (161,657 or 5.14% of national IDP caseload displaced by drought). Due largely to the renewed coverage in Afder, the regional drought-induced IDP caseload increased by +58.9% compared to the last round. Four additional zones (out of 11 zones covered this round) saw increases in IDPs reporting drought induced displacement, most notably Liben zone which saw a +149.88% (38,930 IDPs) increase in drought induced displacements. Overall, conflict was the main reason for displacement and displaced an estimated 632,405 IDPs (50.07%), while drought displaced 544,588 IDPs (43.1%), other climate-induced factors (seasonal floods) displaced 79,350 IDPs (6.3%) and social tension displaced 6,812 IDPs (0.54%). Over two in five IDPs in Somali region have been displaced for five years or more (528,119 IDPs or 41.8%) mainly in Fafan, Liben and Siti zones. Another 30.32% (383,039 IDPs) have been displaced between 1 and 4 years ago (mainly in Afder, Dawa and Liben zones) and the remaining 27.87% were displaced within the last year, mainly in Afder and Liben zones.

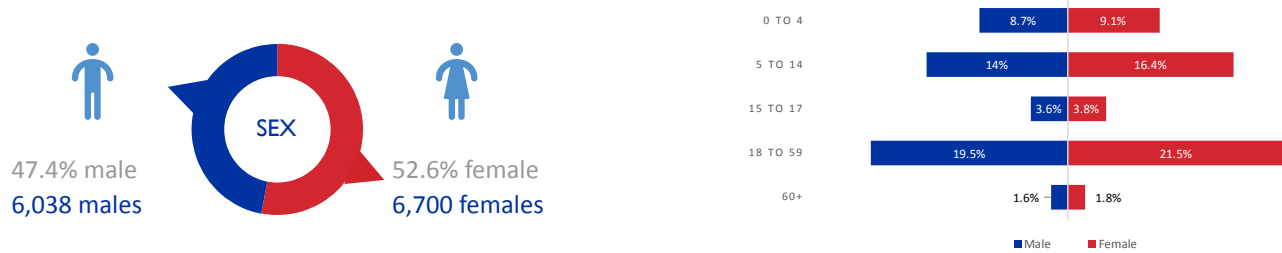
FIGURE 28: DISPLACEMENT CASELOAD AND CAUSES OF DISPLACEMENT IN SOMALI



SOUTH WEST ETHIOPIA PEOPLES

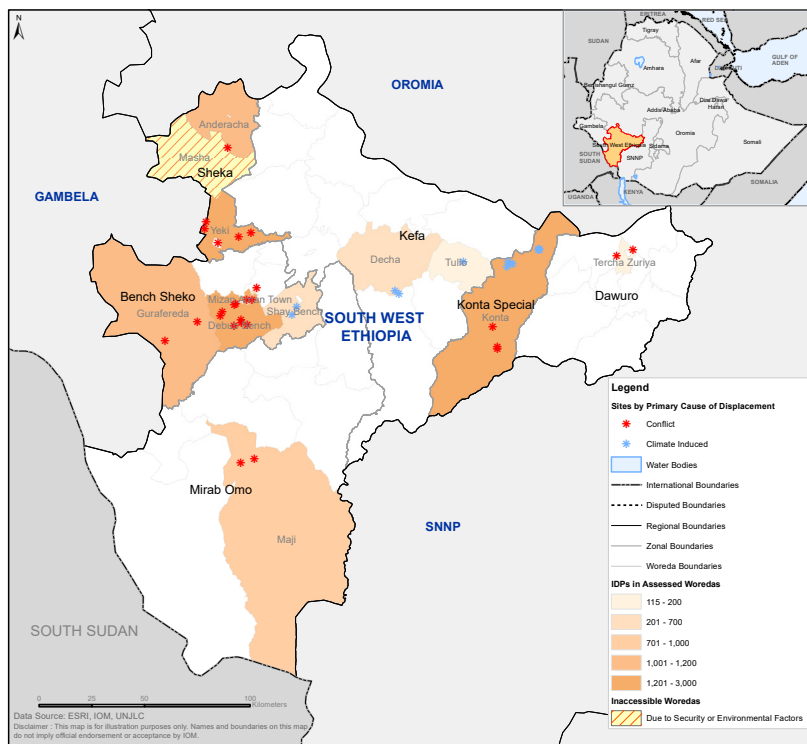


FIGURE 29: SEX-AGE BREAKDOWN OF IDPS IN SOUTH WEST ETHIOPIA PEOPLES



2,490 households comprising 12,738 IDPs were identified in 38 accessible sites in South West Ethiopia Peoples region. There was a decrease of 6,491 IDPs (-33.76%) since round 31 (August — September 2022). The decrease in the IDP caseload can be attributed to the high number of returns that took place between the rounds. Only three sites in Keffa and Mirab Omo zones were uncovered due to insecurity and one additional site was covered in Dawro zone which had been previously uncovered. Sheka zone saw the most significant decrease in the number of IDPs from 9,913 IDPs in round 31 (August — September 2022) to 3,200 IDPs in this round. This represents a decrease of 6,713 IDPs (-67.71%). Overall, conflict was the primary cause of displacement for an estimated 9,077 IDPs, or 71.26% of the displaced population, followed by other climate-induced factors (landslides) which displaced 3,661 IDPs (28.7%). All IDPs have been displaced between 1 and 4 years mostly in Bench Sheko and Konta zones.

FIGURE 30: DISPLACEMENT AND CAUSES OF DISPLACEMENT IN SOUTH WEST ETHIOPIA PEOPLES



3. SECTION 2

VILLAGE ASSESSMENT SURVEY (VAS)

TRACKING RETURNS

3.1 KEY FINDINGS: VILLAGE ASSESSEMENT SURVEY (VAS)

FIGURE 31: VAS COVERAGE



FIGURE 32: NUMBER OF RETURNING IDPs AND HOST COMMUNITY MEMBERS IN ASSESSED, ACCESSIBLE VILLAGES IN ETHIOPIA²²



FIGURE 33: TOP 3 INITIAL REASONS FOR DISPLACEMENT²⁴

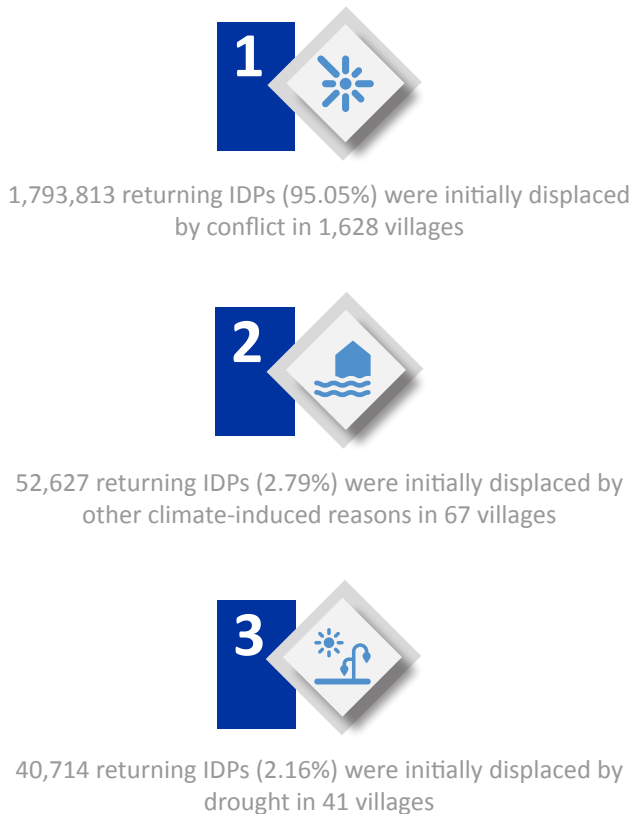


FIGURE 34: NATIONAL RETURN CASELOAD, IN ASSESSED, ACCESSIBLE VILLAGES, BY REGION²²

Region	No. of returning IDPs
Afar	163,204
Amhara	1,386,272
Benishangul Gumz ²²	73,536
Dire Dawa	0
Gambela	38,281
Harari	0
Oromia ²²	82,191
Sidama	10,188
SNNP ²²	102,914
Somali	2,973
South West Ethiopia Peoples	27,595
Grand Total	1,887,154

22. Oromia, Benishangul Gumz and SNNP regions had access constraints this round due to insecurity and/or road inaccessibility which affected the return caseload. The VAS was carried out in Tigray region this round and due to operational constraints this data was shared separately.

23. As a note, due to access constraints in the Village Assessment Survey round 14, the increase seen in the Village Assessment Survey round 15 is largely due to increased access.

24. Climate-induced reasons for initial displacement included flash floods, landslides and fire. Please note that, due to the methodology, multiple primary causes of initial displacement are possible within villages.

3.2 METHODOLOGY: VILLAGE ASSESSMENT SURVEY (VAS)

The Village Assessment Survey (VAS) was used for the first time in IOM Ethiopia in July 2019 in response to the government-led return movement in an effort to capture return trends and sectoral needs in areas reporting high return concentrations. This is the 15th round of VAS data collection.

VAS targets villages with reported returns equal to or greater than 20 returning IDP households that returned from 1 January 2021, and collects data on returning IDPs, returned migrants and host community members. The purpose of VAS is to assess the capacity of villages to absorb returns through the availability of services with a focus on livelihoods and reintegration.

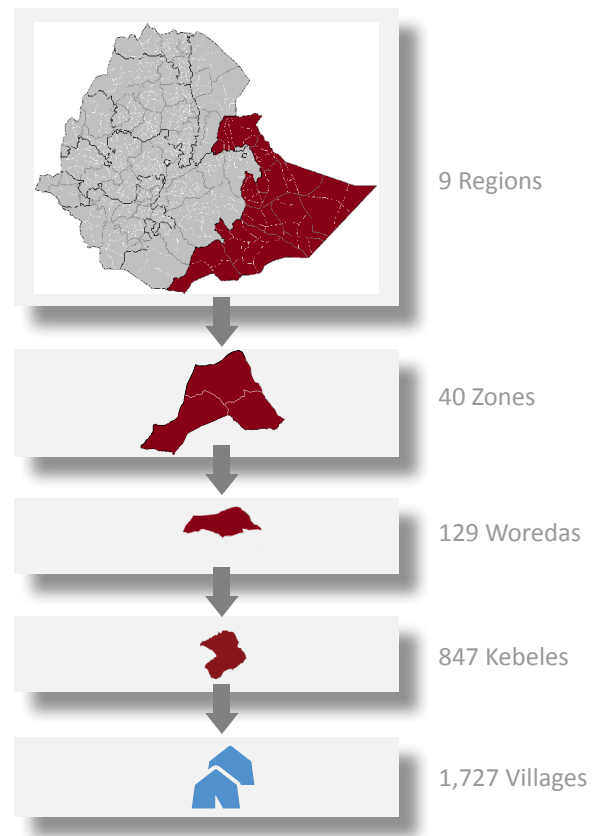
DTM works closely with national, zonal and woreda level officials who serve as key informants in identifying villages with high returns. At the village level, DTM collects its data through focus group discussions, key informants and through direct observation. Focus groups are made up of 7 individuals whereby each focus group must comprise 2 individuals over the age of 65 years of age, 1 individual under 18 years of age and 2 females. In villages where they are present, all 3 population categories, namely returning IDPs, returned migrants and host community members must also be represented in the focus group.

Demographic information was collected through representative sampling at the village level at a 95% confidence interval and a 10% margin of error. Overall, 103,741 households were interviewed to inform the demographic information and reasons for displacement.

All VAS data is collected in close collaboration with the Ethiopia Disaster Risk Management Commission (EDRMC). All data is electronically collected through survey forms designed in Kobo. The data collection period for this round of VAS was 25 November 2022 to 9 January 2023.

For round 15 of VAS, a total of 84 villages could not be accessed. 46 villages were inaccessible due to insecurity issues out of which 36 were in Oromia region, mainly in East Wallaga. Another 5 villages in Konso zone in SNNP region could not be reached due to insecurity. The remaining 5 villages affected by insecurity were in Beneshangul Gumz and Afar regions. The other 38 villages could not be reached this round due to road inaccessibility mainly in South Wollo and North Shewa zones in Amhara region and Bench Sheko zone in South West Ethiopia Peoples region.

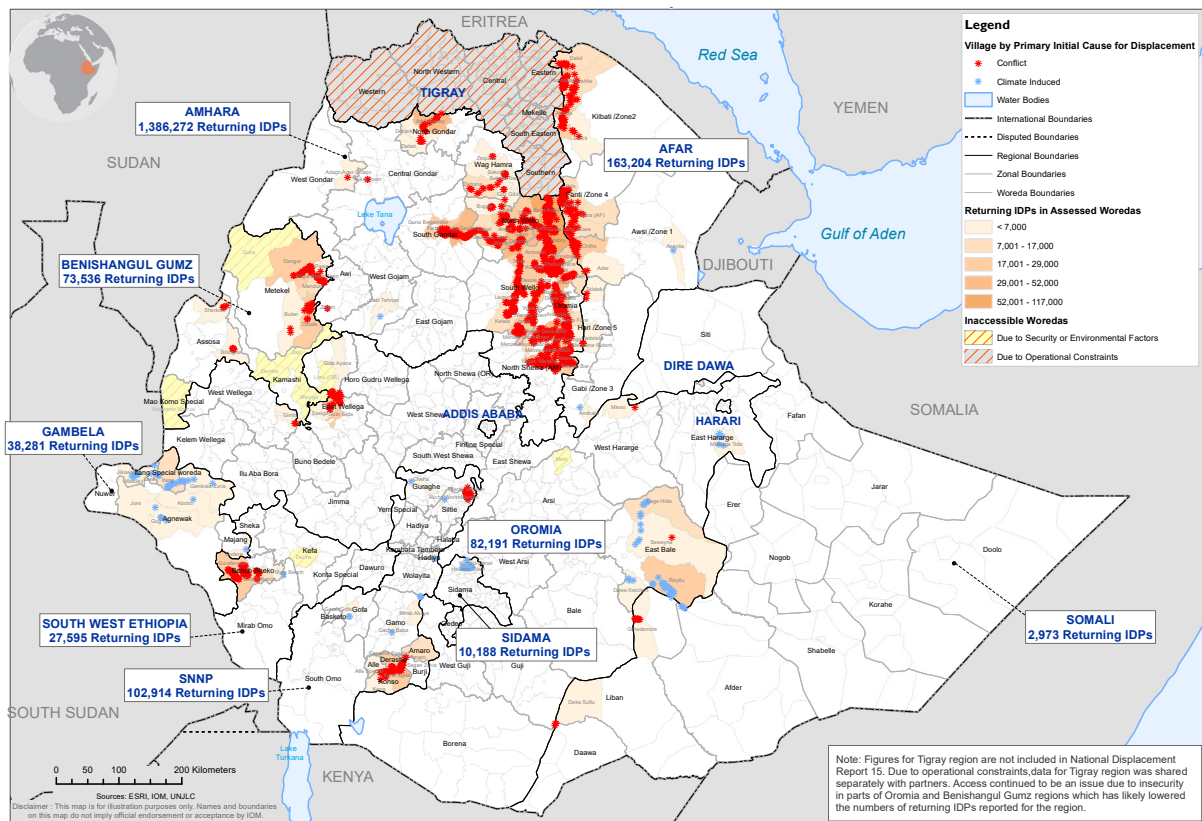
FIGURE 35: COVERAGE OF VILLAGE ASSESSEMENT SURVEY (VAS) ROUND 15



3.3 OVERVIEW OF RETURN

3.3.1 NATIONAL LEVEL

FIGURE 36: RETURNING IDP CASELOAD IN ASSESSED, ACCESSIBLE VILLAGES IN ETHIOPIA BASED ON IOM-DTM VILLAGE ASSESSMENT SURVEY (VAS) ROUND 15 DATA COLLECTED BETWEEN NOV 2022 AND JAN 2023



As of January 2023, there were an estimated 1.89 million returning IDPs (424,162 households) across 1,727 assessed, accessible villages. The increase in the number of returning IDPs can be partly attributed to a reduction in conflict enabling renewed access to villages in Afar region. There was also increased coverage in Amhara and new villages covered in Gambela regions where coverage was affected by insecurity before.

The largest returning IDP caseload is in Amhara region with an estimated total of 1,386,272 returning IDPs (334,728 households) in 1,139 assessed, accessible villages. Amhara witnessed a decrease of 125,326 returning IDPs (-8.29%). Conflict was the cause of initial displacement for 1,385,919 returning IDPs in Amhara region (99.97%) and other climate-induced factors were the main cause for 353 returning IDPs (<1%).²⁵ North Shewa, North Wollo and South Wollo zones in Amhara region host the highest number of returning IDPs in Ethiopia (accounting for 58.62% of the national return caseload). Over half (52.33%) of returning

IDPs in Amhara region returned between 6 months and 1 year ago.

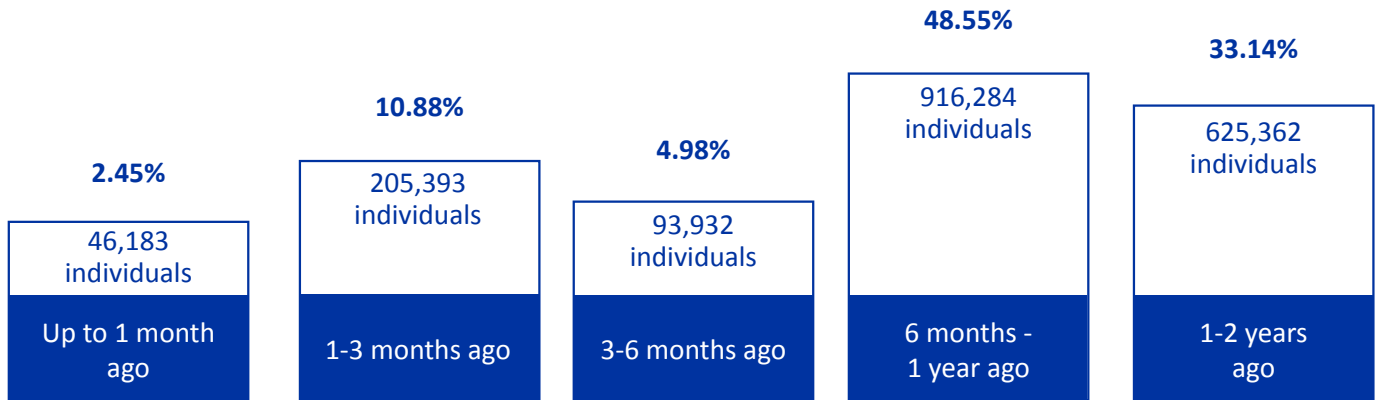
Afar region hosts the second highest returning IDP caseload with 163,204 returning IDPs (27,337 households) across 177 assessed, accessible villages. Conflict was the reason for initial displacement for 161,994 returning IDPs in 175 assessed, accessible villages (99.26%). Most returning IDPs in Afar region returned in the last 1-6 months (72.24%).

SNNP region hosts the third highest number of returning IDPs with an estimated 102,914 returning IDPs (16,099 households) across 91 assessed, accessible villages. There was an increase of 22,521 returning IDPs (+28.01%) since the previous round. Conflict was the primary reason for initial displacement for 100,543 returning IDPs in 82 assessed, accessible villages (97.7%). 74.75% of returning IDPs in SNNP region returned between 6 months and 2 years prior to the assessment.

25. Other climate-induced factors include flash flood, TIGRAY seasonal flood, fire and landslides.

Among the estimated 1,887,154 returning IDPs in the assessed 1,727 villages, as seen in Figure 37, almost half of them had returned between 6 months and 1 year prior to the assessment (916,284 individuals or 48.55%) and a third had returned between 1 and 2 years prior (625,362 individuals, 33.14%).

FIGURE 37: TIMELINE OF RETURN TO THE VILLAGE OF ORIGIN

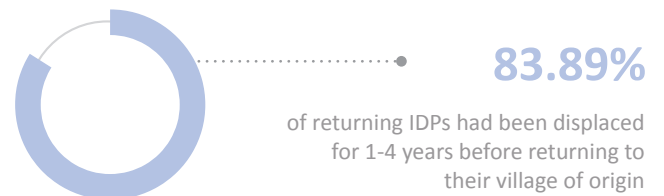
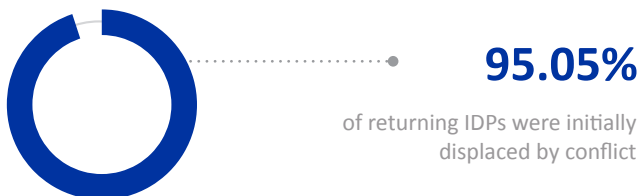


As seen in Figure 38, conflict was the primary initial cause of displacement for 1,793,813 returning IDPs (95.05%). Other climate-induced factors such as flash floods, seasonal floods, fire and landslides were the second most cited initial cause of displacement (52,627 or 2.79% of returning IDPs), and drought was the third most common reported initial cause of displacement (40,714 returning IDPs or 2.16%).

Overall, most of the returning IDPs had been displaced for 1-4 years before returning to their village of origin (1,583,166 individuals or 83.89% of the national caseload), as seen in Figure 39. This is followed by 303,692 individuals who had been displaced for less than a year (16.09%) and 296 individuals who had been displaced for 5 years or more (0.02%) before returning to their village of origin.

FIGURE 38: PRIMARY INITIAL CAUSE OF DISPLACEMENT OF RETURNING IDPs

FIGURE 39: LENGTH OF INITIAL DISPLACEMENT OF RETURNING IDPs



3.3.2 REGIONAL LEVEL

AFAR

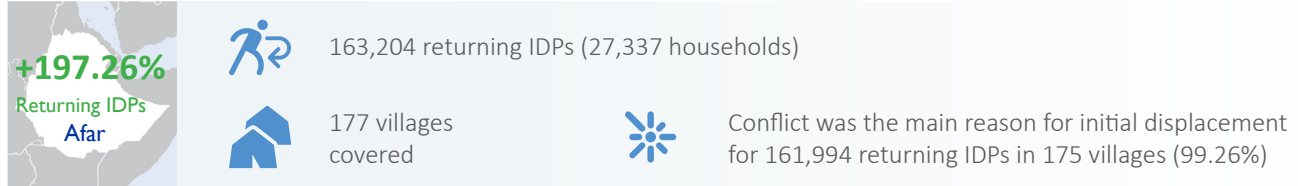
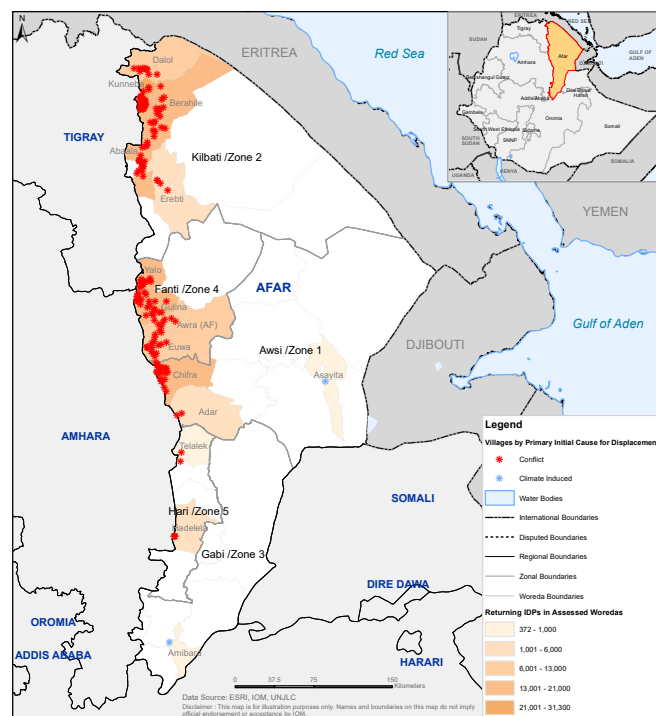


FIGURE 40: SEX-AGE BREAKDOWN OF RETURNING IDPS IN AFAR



27,337 households comprising 163,204 returning IDPs were identified in 177 accessible villages in Afar region. These figures represent an increase of 108,301 returning IDPs (+197.26%) since the previous round 14 (August — September 2022). The increase is mainly due to the reduction in armed conflict in Fenti (Zone 4) allowing access to 59 villages uncovered in the previous round. Kilbati (Zone 2) and Awsi (Zone 1) also saw increases in coverage due to the improved security situation (+41 and +15 villages respectively). A total of three sites in Awsi (Zone 1), Gabi (Zone 3) and Hari (Zone 5) were not covered this round due to road access issues and insecurity. The highest concentration of returns are seen in Kilbati (Zone 2) which account for 83,391 returning IDPs in the region (51.48%). Conflict was the main reason for initial displacement for 161,994 returning IDPs in 175 villages (99.26%), followed by 1,210 returning IDPs reporting other climate-induced factors (flash floods) as the main reason for initial displacement in two villages (0.74%).

FIGURE 41: RETURNEE CASELOAD AND CAUSES OF INITIAL DISPLACEMENT IN AFAR



AMHARA

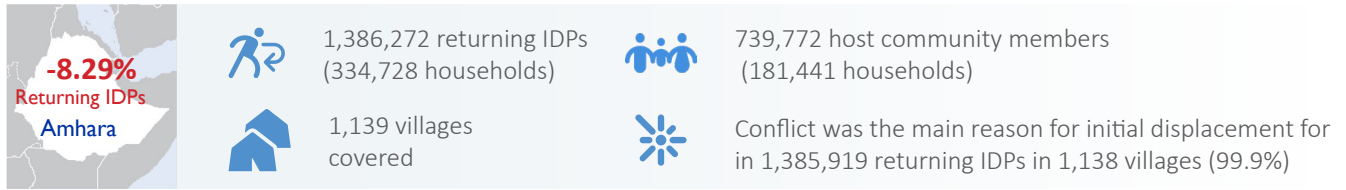
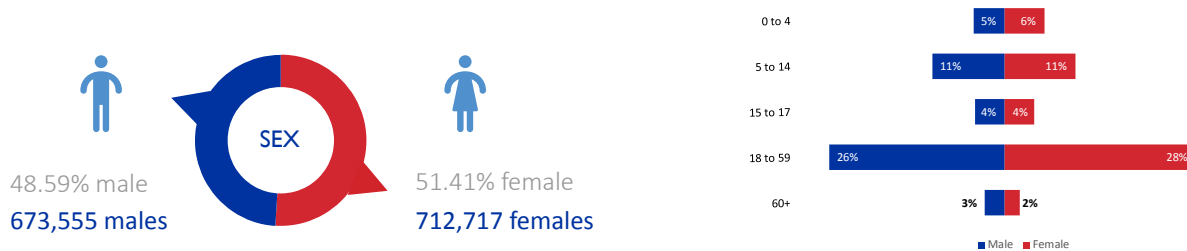
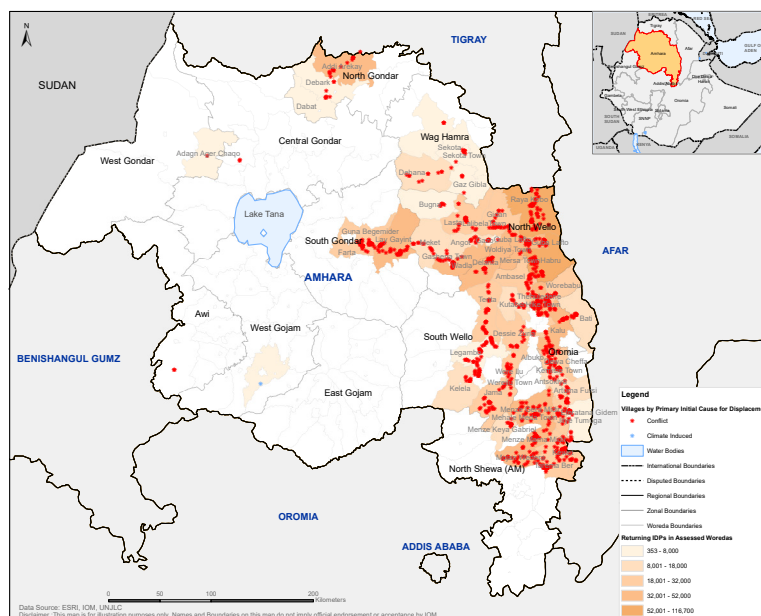


FIGURE 42: SEX-AGE BREAKDOWN OF RETURNING IDPS IN AMHARA



334,728 households comprising 1,386,272 returning IDPs were identified in 1,139 accessible villages in Amhara region.²⁶ These figures represent a decrease of 125,326 returning IDPs (-8.29%) since the previous round 14 (August – September 2022). This round saw increased coverage in the previously uncovered Awi/Agew, Central Gonder, and West Gojam zones. Despite increased coverage, there was a decrease in the number of returning IDPs assessed this round due to the reintegration of returning IDPs into the villages of origin in almost 100 villages in the region. While in the last round of data collection all returning IDPs reported conflict as the primary initial reason for displacement, one village covered this round in West Gojam zone cited other climate-induced factors as the main reason for initial displacement (353 returning IDPs or <1%). The remaining 1,385,919 returning IDPs were initially displaced by conflict (99.9%). Despite the decrease in the regional returning IDP figure, an increase was observed in North Gonder, where returns increased by +410.71% compared to round 14. A total of 20 villages could not be accessed due to poor road conditions which hampered data collection, so the caseload of returning IDPs in Amhara region should likely be higher. Most of the inaccessible villages were located in South Wollo zone.

FIGURE 43: RETURNEE CASELOAD AND CAUSES OF INITIAL DISPLACEMENT IN AMHARA



26. As a note, after data collection ended the region experienced waves of both displacement from Western Oromia and from within Amhara. Many of the IDPs have since returned so it is likely the returning IDP caseload is higher.

BENISHANGUL GUMZ

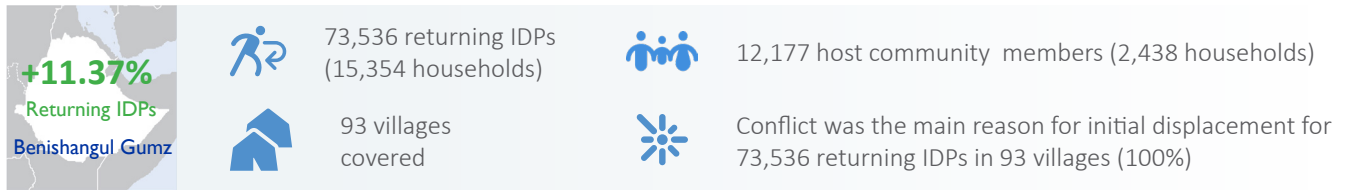
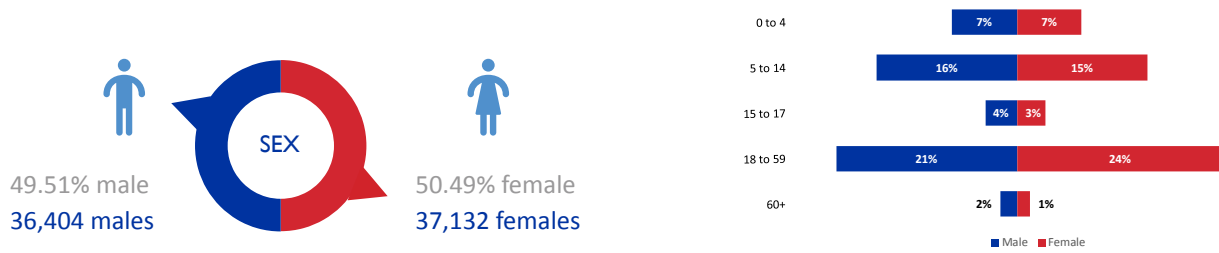
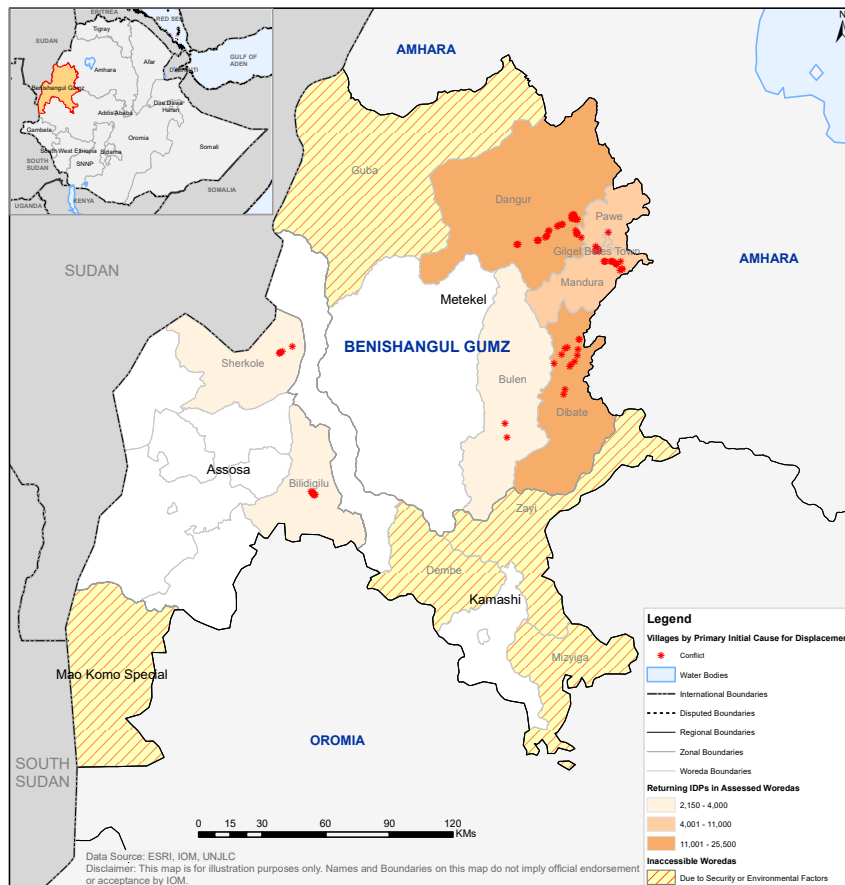


FIGURE 44: SEX-AGE BREAKDOWN OF RETURNING IDPS IN BENISHANGUL GUMZ



15,354 households comprising 73,536 returning IDPs were identified in 93 accessible villages in Benishangul Gumz region. These figures represent an increase of 7,506 returning IDPs (+11.37%) since the previous round 14 (August – September 2022). Villages in Kemashi zone remain uncovered and insecurity in Metekel zone hampered data collection in four villages. Conflict was the main reason for initial displacement for returning IDPs in all 93 villages (100%).

FIGURE 45: RETURNEE CASELOAD AND CAUSES OF INITIAL DISPLACEMENT IN BENISHANGUL GUMZ



GAMBELA

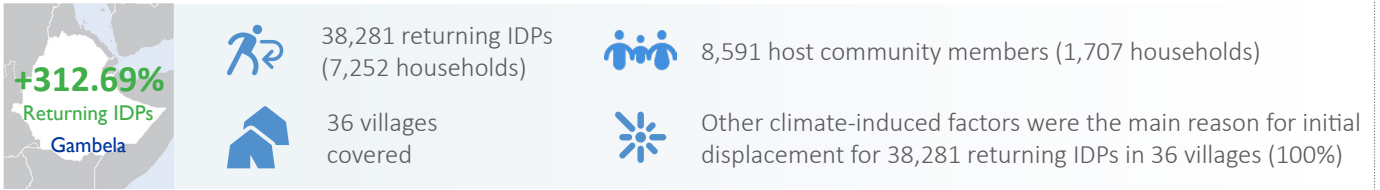
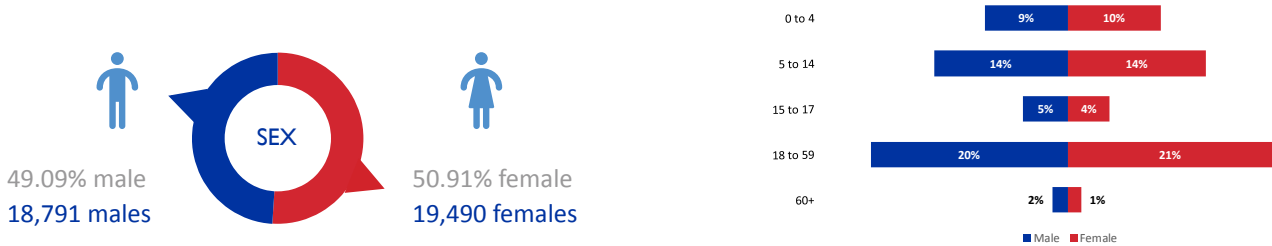
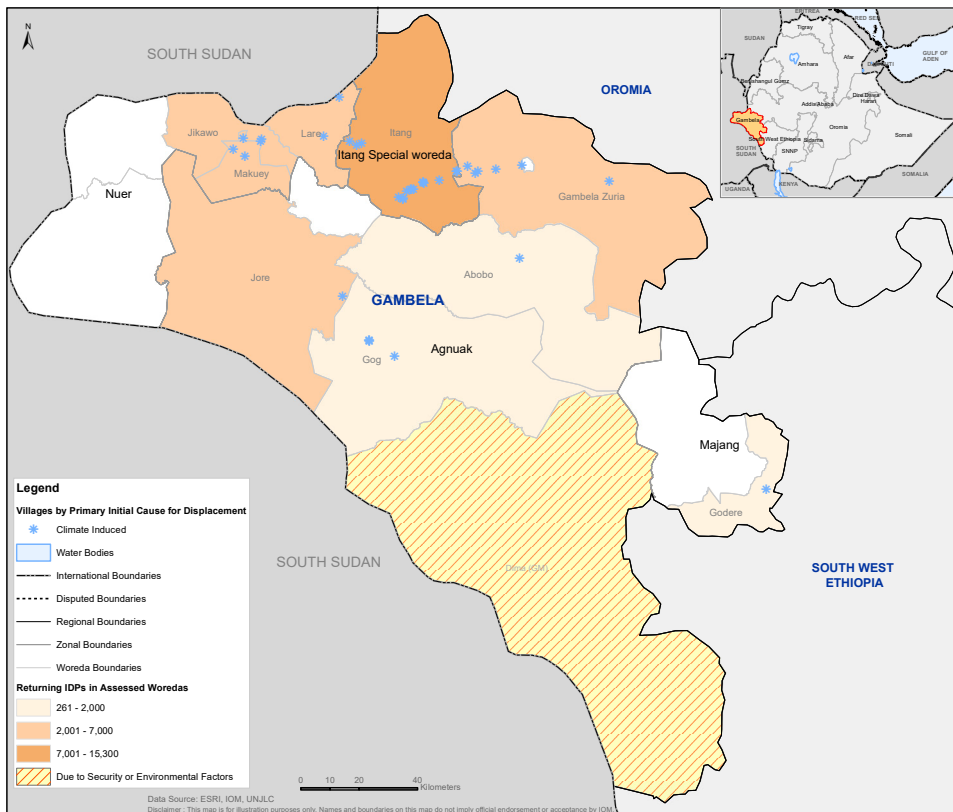


FIGURE 46: SEX-AGE BREAKDOWN OF RETURNING IDPS IN GAMBELA



7,252 households comprising 38,281 returning IDPs were identified in 36 accessible villages in Gambela region. This represents an increase of 29,005 returning IDPs (+312.69%) since the previous round 14 (August — September 2022). The reason for the significant increase in the number of returning IDPs can be attributed to the coverage of 24 new villages, mostly in Itang Special Woreda, Agnuak and Nuer zones. Despite increased coverage, road accessibility was still an issue which restricted access to villages mainly in Agnuak zone and Itang Special Woreda. It is likely the number of returning IDPs is higher in the region. Climate-induced factors were the main cause of initial displacement for all returning IDPs in 36 villages (100%).

FIGURE 47: RETURNEE CASELOAD AND CAUSES OF INITIAL DISPLACEMENT IN GAMBELA



OROMIA

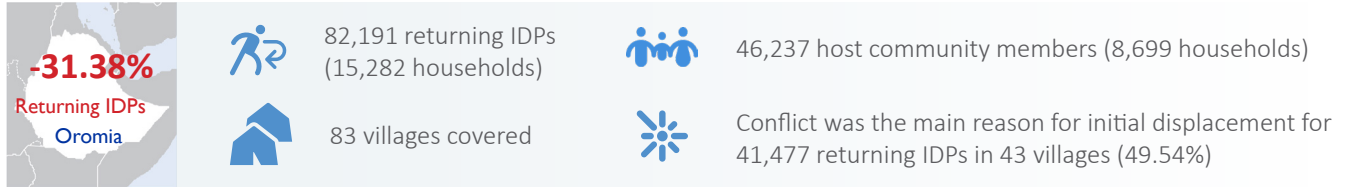
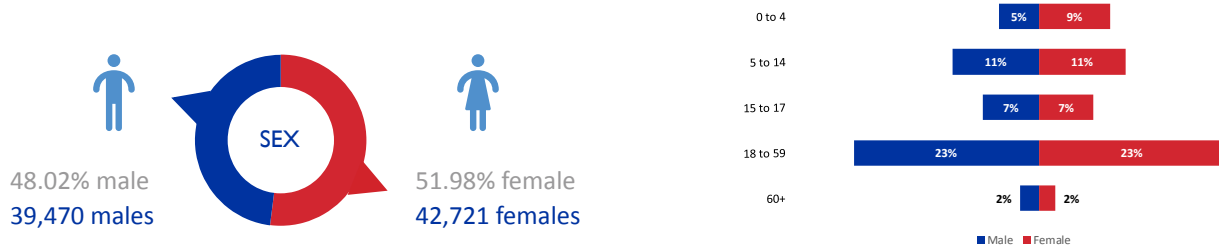
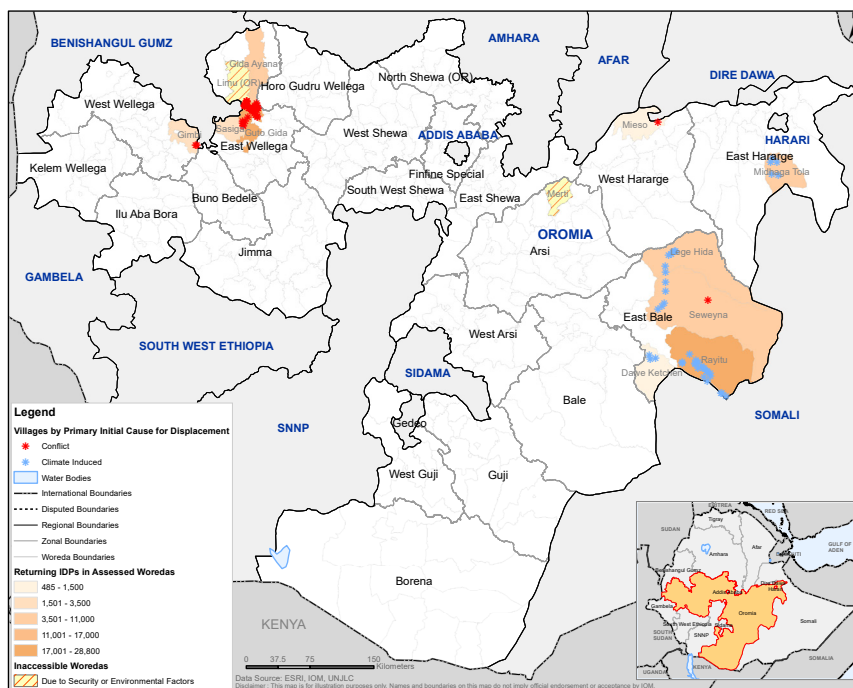


FIGURE 48: SEX-AGE BREAKDOWN OF RETURNING IDPS IN OROMIA



15,282 households comprising 82,191 returning IDPs were identified in 83 accessible villages in Oromia region. The decrease of 37,588 returning IDPs (-31.38%) in Oromia region can be attributed to decreased coverage this round, which mainly impacted East Wallaga and Arsi zones (25 villages in total uncovered). This is reflected in the lower number of returning IDPs reporting conflict as the main initial reason for displacement, as these two zones accounted for most of the conflict-induced returning IDPs in the last round. Conflict was reported as the main initial reason for displacement for 41,477 returning IDPs in 43 villages (50.46%) closely followed by drought. The latter was the main initial displacement reason for 40,714 returning IDPs in 40 villages (49.54%). Overall, the number of returning IDPs reporting drought as the primary initial cause of displacement rose by +2,940 returning IDPs (+7.78% change from the last round).

FIGURE 49: RETURNEE CASELOAD AND CAUSES OF INITIAL DISPLACEMENT IN OROMIA



SIDAMA

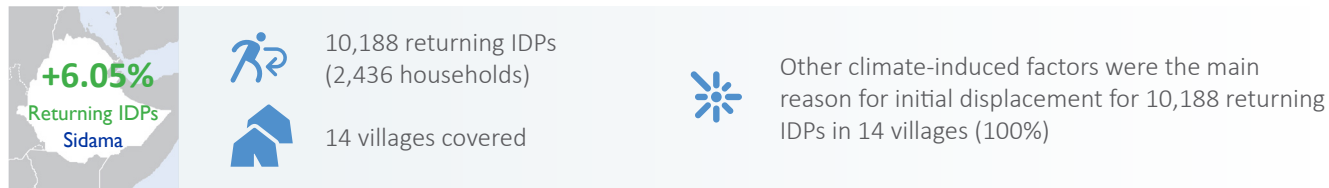
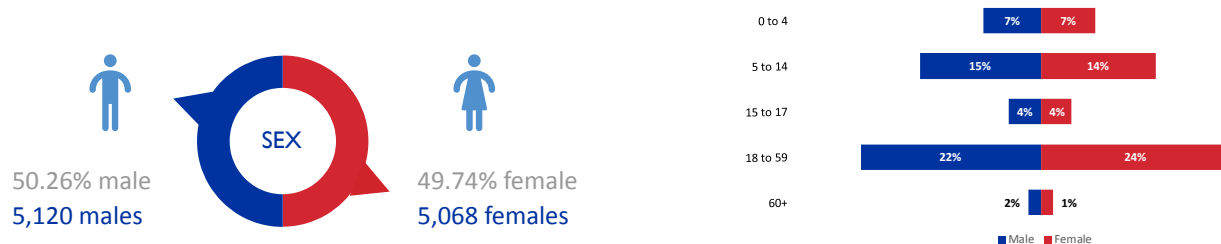
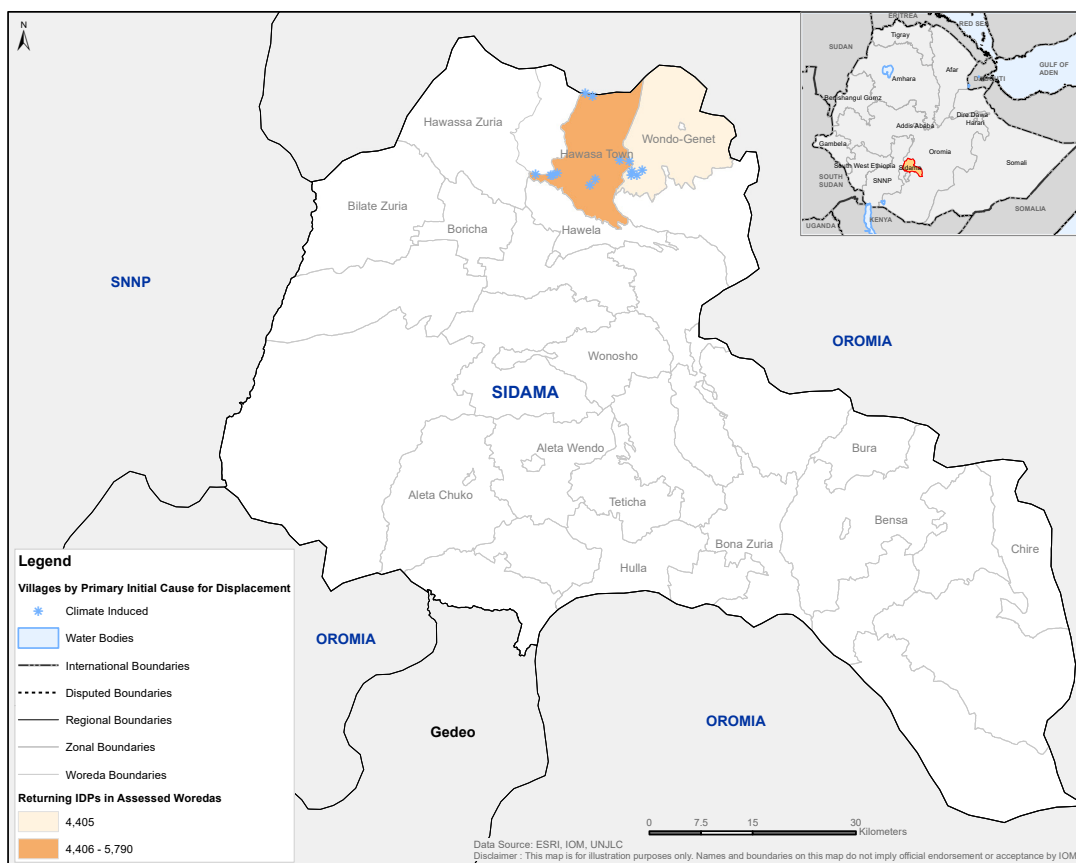


FIGURE 50: SEX-AGE BREAKDOWN OF RETURNING IDPS IN SIDAMA



2,436 households comprising 10,188 returning IDPs were identified in 14 accessible villages in Sidama region. The increase of +581 returning IDPs (+6.05%) can be attributed to the return of IDPs from Bench Sheko zone in South West Ethiopia Peoples region. Returning IDPs in Sidama region continue to be fairly equally split between Hawassa Ketema Astedader zone (56.76%) and Zone 1 (43.24%). Climate-induced factors (flash floods) were the main initial reason for displacement for all returning IDPs in 14 villages (100%).

FIGURE 51: RETURNEE CASELOAD AND CAUSES OF INITIAL DISPLACEMENT IN SIDAMA



SNNP

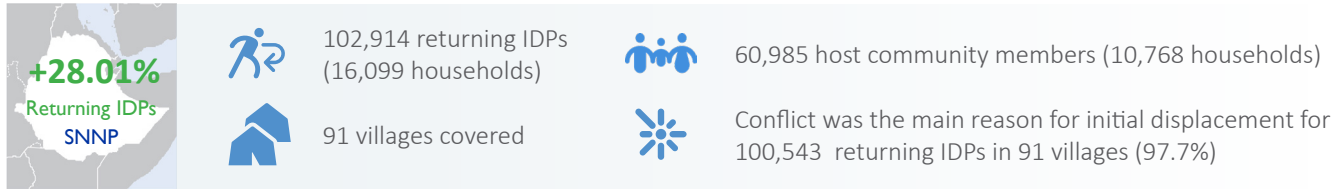
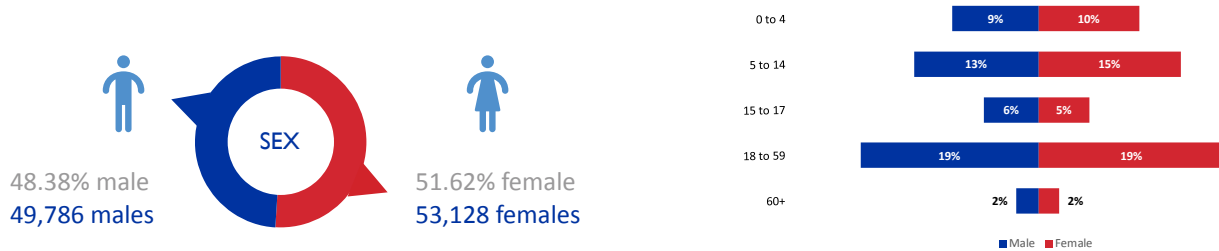
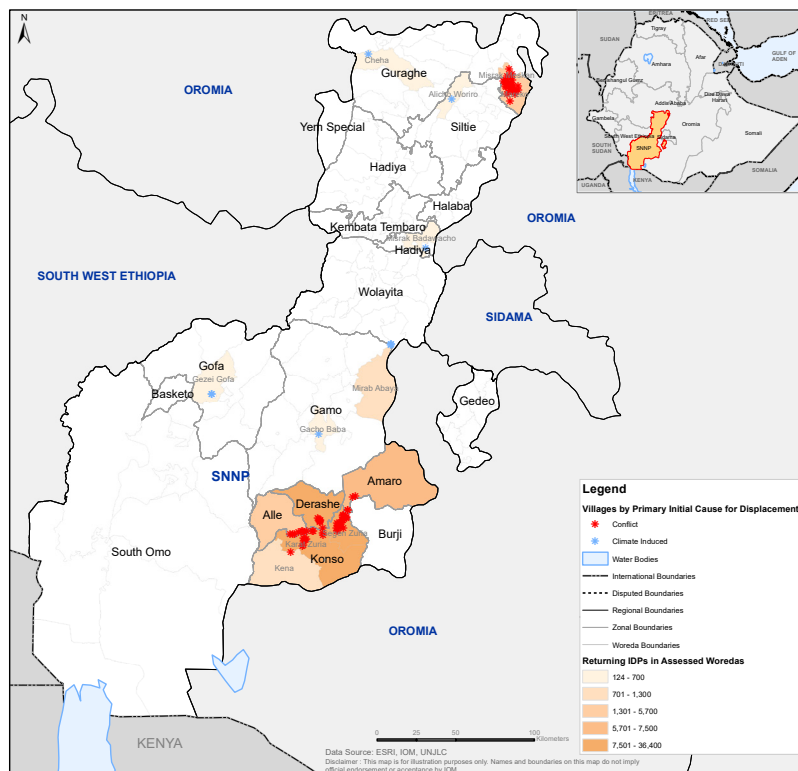


FIGURE 52: SEX-AGE BREAKDOWN OF RETURNING IDPS IN SNNP



16,099 households comprising 102,914 returning IDPs were identified in 91 accessible villages in SNNP region. There was an increase of +22,521 returning IDPs (+28.01%) which can be largely attributed to the renewed coverage of 15 villages in Gurage zone previously uncovered due to insecurity. In addition, six new villages in Derashe Special woreda were covered, leading to increases in the number of returning IDPs in those areas. Due to insecurity, five villages in Konso zone remained inaccessible. Despite this, Konso zone continued to have the highest concentration of returning IDPs in the region, with 56,705 returning IDPs (55.10%), most of whom were assessed in Segen Zuria woreda. It is likely that the number of returning IDPs in the area is higher. Conflict was the primary reason for initial displacement for returning IDPs in 82 villages (97.7%), followed by landslides in six villages (1.6%), fire in two villages (<1%), seasonal flooding in one village (<1%) and drought in one village (<1%).

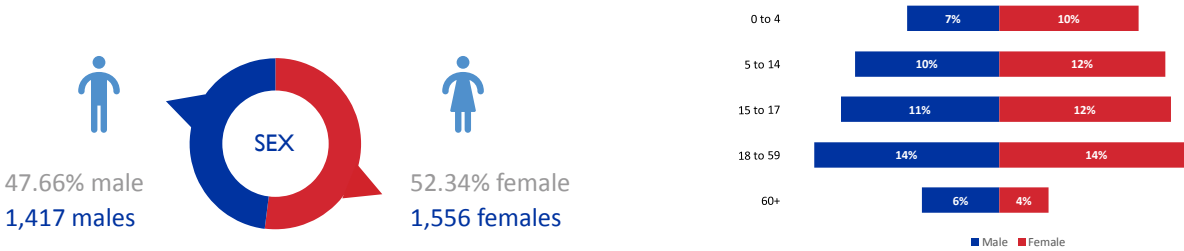
FIGURE 53: RETURNEE CASELOAD AND CAUSES OF INITIAL DISPLACEMENT IN SNNP



SOMALI

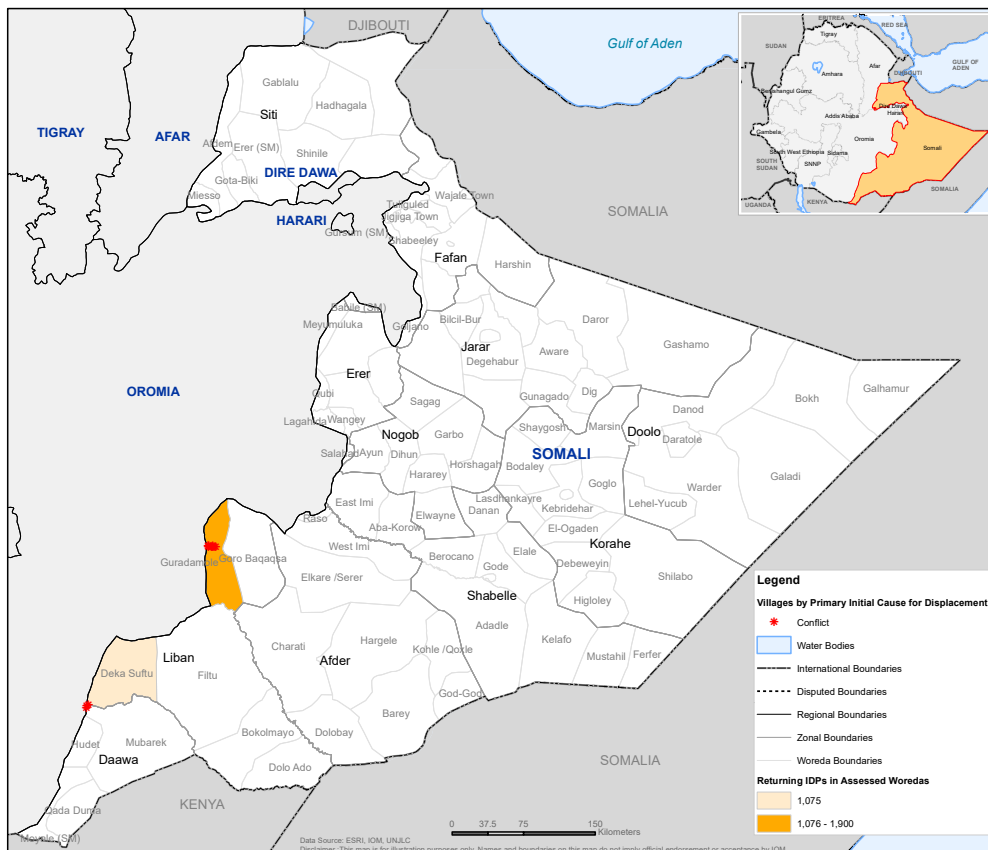


FIGURE 54: SEX-AGE BREAKDOWN OF RETURNING IDPS IN SOMALI



472 households comprising 2,973 returning IDPs were identified in 11 accessible villages in Liben zone of Somali region. There was an increase of 1,893 returning IDPs (+175.28%) compared to the previous round 14 (August – September 2022), largely due to eight additional villages covered in the latest round. The majority of returning IDPs are returning to drought-affected areas in Liben zone. Conflict was the main initial reason for displacement for returning IDPs in all 11 villages assessed (100%).

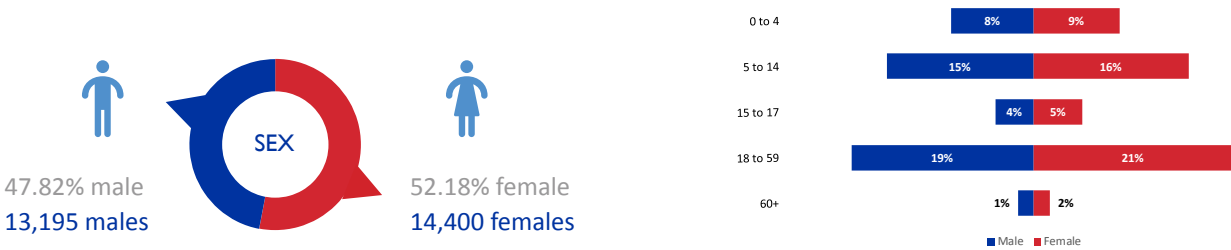
FIGURE 55: RETURNEE CASELOAD AND CAUSES OF INITIAL DISPLACEMENT IN SOMALI



SOUTH WEST ETHIOPIA PEOPLES

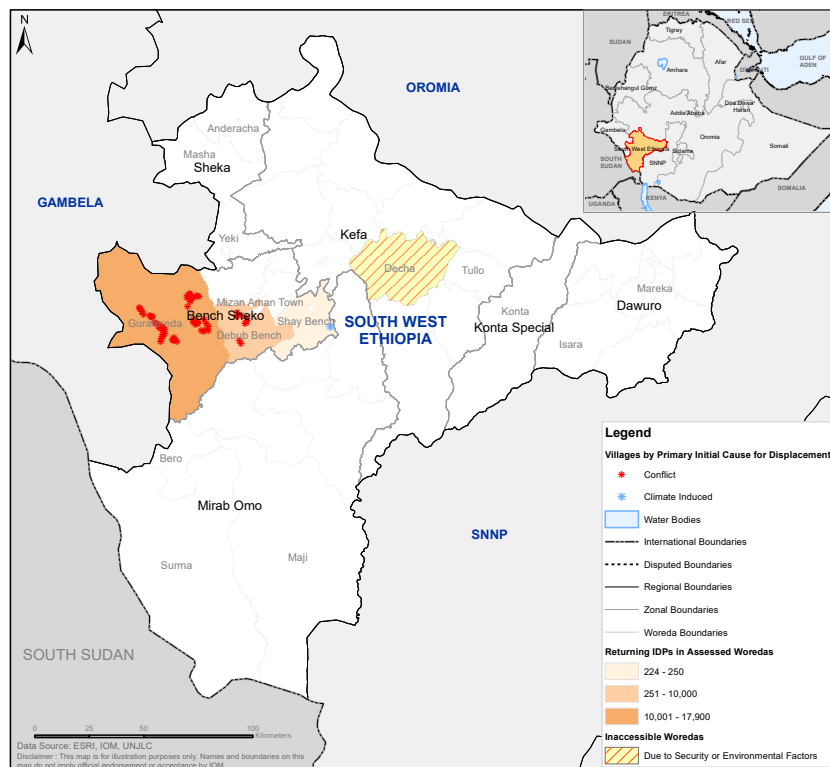


FIGURE 56: SEX-AGE BREAKDOWN OF RETURNING IDPS IN SOUTH WEST ETHIOPIA PEOPLES



5,202 households comprising 27,595 returning IDPs were identified in 83 accessible villages in South West Ethiopia Peoples region. There was a decrease of 2,773 returning IDPs (-9.13%) since the previous round 14 (August — September 2022). The decrease is due to poor road conditions that hampered data collection efforts in nine villages, five of which were in Bench Sheko zone and the remaining four in Keffa zone. Conflict was the main reason for initial displacement for returning IDPs in 82 villages (99.19%), while other climate-induced factors were the reason for initial displacement for returning IDPs in one village (0.81%).

FIGURE 57: RETURNEE CASELOAD AND CAUSES OF INITIAL DISPLACEMENT IN SOUTH WEST ETHIOPIA PEOPLES



4. ANNEXES

4.1 SUMMARY TABLE OF DISPLACEMENT

AFAR

Zone	Woreda	Primary Cause	Sites Opened Before 2022			Sites Opened During 2022			Total HH	Total Individuals	Total Sites
			HH	Individuals	Sites	HH	Individuals	Sites			
Awsi (Zone 1)	Afambo	Other climate induced	365	2,254	3	0	0	0	365	2,254	3
Awsi (Zone 1)	Aysaita	Other climate induced	255	1,556	3	450	2,698	2	705	4,254	5
Awsi (Zone 1)	Dubti	Other climate induced	524	3,199	2	0	0	0	524	3,199	2
Awsi (Zone 1)	Elidar	Drought	166	964	2	0	0	0	166	964	2
Awsi (Zone 1)	Mile	Other climate induced	200	1,197	1	0	0	0	200	1,197	1
Awsi (Zone 1)	Kurri	Drought	56	325	1	0	0	0	56	325	1
Awsi (Zone 1)	Gerani	Conflict	1,149	6,898	5	0	0	0	1,149	6,898	5
Awsi (Zone 1)	Gerani	Drought	0	0	0	40	247	1	40	247	1
Awsi (Zone 1)	Gerani	Other climate induced	0	0	0	135	803	2	135	803	2
Awsi (Zone 1)	Dubti City Administration	Conflict	0	0	0	65	396	1	65	396	1
Awsi (Zone 1) Total			2,715	16,393	17	690	4,144	6	3,405	20,537	23
Fenti (Zone 4)	Teru	Drought	37	204	1	0	0	0	37	204	1
Fenti (Zone 4)	Ewa	Other	69	421	1	0	0	0	69	421	1
Fenti (Zone 4)	Yalo	Conflict	148	906	1	0	0	0	148	906	1
Fenti (Zone 4) Total			254	1,531	3	0	0	0	254	1,531	3
Gabi (Zone 3)	Amibara	Conflict	645	3,894	2	150	924	1	795	4,818	3
Gabi (Zone 3)	Amibara	Other climate induced	334	1,959	1	232	1,368	2	566	3,327	3
Gabi (Zone 3)	Awash Fentale	Other climate induced	290	1,833	2	0	0	0	290	1,833	2
Gabi (Zone 3)	Dulecha	Other climate induced	372	2,159	2	0	0	0	372	2,159	2
Gabi (Zone 3)	Galalu	Other climate induced	50	282	1	0	0	0	50	282	1
Gabi (Zone 3)	Gewane	Other climate induced	300	1,765	2	150	882	1	450	2,647	3
Gabi (Zone 3)	Hanruka	Conflict	755	4,480	4	0	0	0	755	480	4
Gabi (Zone 3)	Hanruka	Other climate induced	450	2,723	1	0	0	0	450	2,723	1
Gabi (Zone 3)	Awash City Administration	Conflict	211	1,331	1	0	0	0	211	1,331	1
Gabi (Zone 3) Total			3,407	20,426	16	532	3,174	4	3,939	23,600	20
Hari (Zone 5)	Dalfagi	Drought	30	185	1	0	0	0	30	185	1
Hari (Zone 5)	Hadelela	Drought	301	1,793	1	0	0	0	301	1,793	1
Hari (Zone 5)	Simurobi Gele'alo	Conflict	54	356	1	0	0	0	54	356	1
Hari (Zone 5)	Telalak	Other	40	246	1	0	0	0	40	246	1
Hari (Zone 5) Total			425	2,580	4	0	0	0	425	2,580	4
Kilbati (Zone 2)	Berahile	Conflict	0	0	0	4,160	21,099	3	4,160	21,099	3
Kilbati (Zone 2)	Berahile	Drought	62	397	1	0	0	0	62	397	1
Kilbati (Zone 2)	Bidu	Other climate induced	150	925	1	0	0	0	150	925	1
Kilbati (Zone 2)	Dalul	Other climate induced	238	1,346	1	70	438	1	308	1,784	2
Kilbati (Zone 2)	Erebt	Drought	35	215	1	0	0	0	35	215	1
Kilbati (Zone 2)	Koneba	Conflict	0	0	0	1,376	8,364	3	1,376	8,364	3
Kilbati (Zone 2)	Megale	Conflict	0	0	0	900	5,451	1	900	5,451	1
Kilbati (Zone 2)	Ab Ala	Conflict	0	0	0	501	2,965	4	501	2,965	4
Kilbati (Zone 2)	Ab Ala	Drought	0	0	0	96	586	1	96	586	1
Kilbati (Zone 2) Total			485	2,883	4	7,103	38,903	13	7,588	41,786	17
Grand total			7,286	43,813	44	8,325	46,221	23	15,611	90,034	67

AMHARA

Zone	Woreda	Primary Cause	Sites Opened Before 2022			Sites Opened During 2022			Total HH	Total Individuals	Total Sites
			HH	Individuals	Sites	HH	Individuals	Sites			
Awil/Agew	Chagni	Conflict	463	1,950	3	86	294	1	549	2,244	4
Awil/Agew	Guagusa Shikudad	Conflict	192	675	3	-	-	-	192	675	3
Awil/Agew	Dangila	Conflict	394	1,571	7	-	-	-	394	1,571	7
Awil/Agew	Fagta Lakoma	Conflict	1,038	4,548	16	-	-	-	1,038	4,548	16
Awil/Agew	Jawi	Conflict	1,918	7,576	12	-	-	-	1,918	7,576	12
Awil/Agew	Zigem	Conflict	826	4,345	10	-	-	-	826	4,345	10
Awil/Agew	Ankasha	Conflict	95	290	3	-	-	-	95	290	3
Awil/Agew	Ayehu Guagusa	Conflict	757	3,063	4	-	-	-	757	3,063	4
Awil/Agew	Banja	Conflict	549	2,445	8	-	-	-	549	2,445	8
Awil/Agew	Injibara City Administration	Conflict	252	871	4	-	-	-	252	871	4
Awil/Agew	Dangila City Administration	Conflict	259	994	5	-	-	-	259	994	5
Awil/Agew Total			6,743	28,328	75	86	294	1	6,829	28,622	76
Bahir Dar	Belay Zeleke Sub City	Conflict	332	1,243	3	-	-	-	332	1,243	3
Bahir Dar	AtseTewodros Sub City	Conflict	756	3,039	4	-	-	-	756	3,039	4
Bahir Dar	Dagmawi Menilik Sub City	Conflict	209	889	4	-	-	-	209	889	4
Bahir Dar	Tana Sub City	Conflict	135	551	2	-	-	-	135	551	2
Bahir Dar Total			1,432	5,722	13	-	-	-	1,432	5,722	13
Central Gonder	Gonder Zuria	Conflict	315	1,077	2	25	112	1	340	1,189	3
Central Gonder	East Belesa	Conflict	428	1,884	6	-	-	-	428	1,884	6
Central Gonder	Lay Armacheho	Conflict	258	1,478	1	-	-	-	258	1,478	1
Central Gonder	Chilga I	Conflict	296	1,256	2	178	861	1	474	2,117	3
Central Gonder	Gonder City Administration	Conflict	555	2,775	1	-	-	-	555	2,775	1
Central Gonder	West Belesa	Conflict	149	549	1	-	-	-	149	549	1
Central Gonder	Wogera	Conflict	192	797	2	-	-	-	192	797	2
Central Gonder Total			2,193	9,816	15	203	973	2	2,396	10,789	17
East Gojam	Baso Liben	Conflict	1,060	3,636	7	-	-	-	1,060	3,636	7
East Gojam	Goncha Siso Enese	Conflict	578	2,145	6	38	147	1	616	2,292	7
East Gojam	Debre Markos	Conflict	559	2,342	7	46	214	1	605	2,556	8
East Gojam	Enbise Sar Midir	Conflict	204	783	2	48	181	1	252	964	3
East Gojam	Guzamn	Conflict	72	304	2	-	-	-	72	304	2
East Gojam	Guzamn	Other climate induced	130	591	2	-	-	-	130	591	2
East Gojam	Awabel	Conflict	98	403	2	-	-	-	98	403	2
East Gojam	Merto Lemariyam City Admin.w	Conflict	234	892	5	-	-	-	234	892	5
East Gojam	Michakel	Conflict	715	2,469	7	-	-	-	715	2,469	7
East Gojam	Aneded	Conflict	94	368	3	-	-	-	94	368	3
East Gojam	Bibugn	Conflict	640	2,506	4	50	188	1	690	2,694	5
East Gojam	Debre Elias	Conflict	162	670	3	-	-	-	162	670	3
East Gojam	Enarj Enawga	Conflict	197	651	4	-	-	-	197	651	4
East Gojam	Hulet Ej Enese	Conflict	292	1,149	7	-	-	-	292	1,149	7
East Gojam	Sede	Conflict	343	1,024	3	-	-	-	343	1,024	3
East Gojam Total			5,378	19,933	64	182	730	4	5,560	20,663	68
North Gonder	Debark	Conflict	172	581	4	-	-	-	172	581	4
North Gonder	Dabat	Conflict	1,518	6,640	11	-	-	-	1,518	6,640	11
North Gonder	Dabat City Administration	Conflict	678	2,400	4	-	-	-	678	2,400	4
North Gonder	Debark City Administration	Conflict	4,251	14,571	3	-	-	-	4,251	14,571	3
North Gonder	Janamora	Conflict	276	583	6	-	-	-	276	583	6
North Gonder	Beyeda	Conflict	241	632	3	-	-	-	241	632	3
North Gonder Total			7,136	25,407	31	-	-	-	7,136	25,407	31
North Shewa (R3)	Minjar Shenkora	Conflict	391	1,512	4	-	-	-	391	1,512	4
North Shewa (R3)	Menz Keya Gabriel	Conflict	568	2,713	5	-	-	-	568	2,713	5
North Shewa (R3)	Debrebirhan City Admin.	Conflict	5,344	26,346	10	2,424	6,015	3	7,768	32,361	13
North Shewa (R3)	Menz Gera Midir	Conflict	181	624	4	-	-	-	181	624	4

Zone	Woreda	Primary Cause	Sites Opened Before 2022			Sites Opened During 2022			Total HH	Total Individuals	Total Sites
			HH	Individuals	Sites	HH	Individuals	Sites			
North Shewa (R3)	Ensaro	Conflict	346	945	4	-	-	-	346	945	4
North Shewa (R3)	Moretna Jiru	Conflict	-	-	-	47	136	1	47	136	1
North Shewa (R3)	Ataye City Administration	Conflict	150	625	1	64	175	1	214	800	2
North Shewa (R3)	Kewet	Conflict	-	-	-	25	92	1	25	92	1
North Shewa (R3)	Shoa Robit City Admin.	Conflict	91	168	1	991	4,286	3	1,082	4,454	4
North Shewa (R3)	Antsokiya	Conflict	99	394	2	33	149	1	132	543	3
North Shewa (R3)	Menz Mama Midir	Other climate induced	43	164	1	-	-	-	43	164	1
North Shewa (R3)	Mida Weremo	Conflict	-	-	-	114	317	2	114	317	2
North Shewa (R3)	Alem Ketema City Admin.	Conflict	323	1,223	3	150	580	1	473	1,803	4
North Shewa (R3)	Mojan Wedera	Conflict	-	-	-	233	1,059	2	233	1,059	2
North Shewa (R3)	Enewari City Administration	Conflict	491	1,641	4	-	-	-	491	1,641	4
North Shewa (R3) Total			8,027	36,355	39	4,081	12,809	15	12,108	49,164	54
North Wollo	Habru	Conflict	319	1,217	6	28	100	1	347	1,317	7
North Wollo	Wadla	Conflict	149	509	3	-	-	-	149	509	3
North Wollo	Gazo	Conflict	56	178	1	-	-	-	56	178	1
North Wollo	Guba Lafto	Conflict	34	112	1	-	-	-	34	112	1
North Wollo	Kobo	Conflict	67	242	2	-	-	-	67	242	2
North Wollo	Meresa City Administration	Conflict	189	542	2	-	-	-	189	542	2
North Wollo	Woldiya City Administration	Conflict	354	1,110	7	-	-	-	354	1,110	7
North Wollo	Lalibela City Administration	Conflict	502	1,568	5	-	-	-	502	1,568	5
North Wollo	Lasta	Conflict	907	2,860	10	-	-	-	907	2,860	10
North Wollo	Dawunt	Conflict	229	814	1	-	-	-	229	814	1
North Wollo	Meket	Conflict	222	851	4	-	-	-	222	851	4
North Wollo	Filakit City Administration	Conflict	493	1,641	2	-	-	-	493	1,641	2
North Wollo	Gashena City Administration	Conflict	363	1,351	1	-	-	-	363	1,351	1
North Wollo	Gidan	Conflict	187	616	2	-	-	-	187	616	2
North Wollo	Hara City Administration	Conflict	206	709	5	20	88	1	226	797	6
North Wollo	Kobo City Administration	Conflict	378	1,372	4	-	-	-	378	1,372	4
North Wollo	Raya Kobo	Conflict	619	2,171	10	-	-	-	619	2,171	10
North Wollo	Bugna	Conflict	89	202	2	101	317	1	190	519	3
North Wollo Total			5,363	18,065	68	149	505	3	5,512	18,570	71
Oromia	Bati	Conflict	-	-	-	42	200	1	42	200	1
Oromia	Dewa Cheffa	Conflict	-	-	-	34	131	1	34	131	1
Oromia	Dewa Cheffa	Other climate induced	-	-	-	184	827	2	184	827	2
Oromia	Artuma Fursi	Conflict	510	2,450	5	-	-	-	510	2,450	5
Oromia	Jille Timuga	Conflict	36	165	1	-	-	-	36	165	1
Oromia	Kemissie City Administration	Conflict	58	262	2	142	665	1	200	927	3
Oromia Total			604	2,877	8	402	1,823	5	1,006	4,700	13
South Gonder	Anda Bet	Conflict	273	1,043	4	-	-	-	273	1,043	4
South Gonder	Debre Tabor City Admin.	Conflict	378	1,340	6	-	-	-	378	1,340	6
South Gonder	Esite	Conflict	943	3,305	7	-	-	-	943	3,305	7
South Gonder	Farta	Conflict	46	145	2	-	-	-	46	145	2
South Gonder	Addis Zemen City Admin.	Conflict	276	848	4	-	-	-	276	848	4
South Gonder	Dera	Conflict	147	663	3	-	-	-	147	663	3
South Gonder	Guna Begemdir	Conflict	227	869	1	-	-	-	227	869	1
South Gonder	Nefas Mewicha City Admin.	Conflict	106	400	2	-	-	-	106	400	2
South Gonder	Sede Muja	Conflict	354	1,438	2	-	-	-	354	1,438	2
South Gonder	Woreta City Administration	Conflict	200	764	3	20	79	1	220	843	4
South Gonder	Ebenat	Conflict	451	1,670	3	-	-	-	451	1,670	3
South Gonder	Mekane Eyesus City Admin.	Conflict	401	1,605	3	-	-	-	401	1,605	3
South Gonder	Simada	Conflict	809	3,153	8	-	-	-	809	3,153	8
South Gonder	Hamusit City Administration	Conflict	67	264	1	-	-	-	67	264	1
South Gonder	Lay Gayint	Conflict	41	143	2	-	-	-	41	143	2
South Gonder	Tach Gayint	Conflict	273	1,200	2	-	-	-	273	1,200	2
South Gonder	Wegeda City Administration	Conflict	268	1,073	2	-	-	-	268	1,073	2
South Gonder Total			5,260	19,923	55	20	79	1	5,280	20,002	56

Zone	Woreda	Primary Cause	Sites Opened Before 2022			Sites Opened During 2022			Total HH	Total Individuals	Total Sites
			HH	Individuals	Sites	HH	Individuals	Sites			
South Wollo	Mekdela	Conflict	656	2,304	6	25	89	1	681	2,393	7
South Wollo	Wegde	Conflict	124	453	4	-	-	-	124	453	4
South Wollo	Kalu	Conflict	707	2,744	2	-	-	-	707	2,744	2
South Wollo	Mehal Sayint	Conflict	215	767	1	-	-	-	215	767	1
South Wollo	Borena	Conflict	154	670	4	-	-	-	154	670	4
South Wollo	Thehulederie	Conflict	888	2,574	3	538	1,416	1	1,426	3,990	4
South Wollo	Ambasel	Conflict	127	412	1	-	-	-	127	412	1
South Wollo	Jama	Conflict	47	192	2	-	-	-	47	192	2
South Wollo	Were Ilu City Administration	Conflict	56	223	1	-	-	-	56	223	1
South Wollo	Kelela	Conflict	238	840	3	-	-	-	238	840	3
South Wollo	Kutaber	Conflict	181	703	1	-	-	-	181	703	1
South Wollo	Leghida	Conflict	38	116	1	-	-	-	38	116	1
South Wollo	Mekane Selam City Admin.	Conflict	546	2,026	5	-	-	-	546	2,026	5
South Wollo	Tenta	Conflict	252	970	5	31	111	1	283	1,081	6
South Wollo	Worebabu	Conflict	45	128	1	142	364	2	187	492	3
South Wollo	Akesta City Administration	Conflict	54	185	1	-	-	-	54	185	1
South Wollo	Dessie Zuria	Conflict	-	-	-	201	618	1	201	618	1
South Wollo	Legambo	Conflict	78	298	2	-	-	-	78	298	2
South Wollo	Harbu City Administration	Conflict	395	1,792	2	137	561	1	532	2,353	3
South Wollo	Sayint	Conflict	40	127	1	50	201	1	90	328	2
South Wollo	Delanta	Conflict	161	597	3	-	-	-	161	597	3
South Wollo Total			5,002	18,121	49	1,124	3,360	8	6,126	21,481	57
Special Woreda	Argoba	Conflict	1,209	4,498	4	-	-	-	1,209	4,498	4
Special Woreda Total			1,209	4,498	4	-	-	-	1,209	4,498	4
Wag Himra	Dehana	Conflict	295	1,156	3	53	198	1	348	1,354	4
Wag Himra	Gaz Gibla	Conflict	323	1,105	3	-	-	-	323	1,105	3
Wag Himra	Sekota	Conflict	213	697	2	3,102	16,088	2	3,315	16,785	4
Wag Himra	Ziquala	Conflict	236	935	2	-	-	-	236	935	2
Wag Himra	Sekota City Administration	Conflict	1,719	8,310	2	1,569	5,343	1	3,288	13,653	3
Wag Himra Total			2,786	12,203	12	4,724	21,629	4	7,510	33,832	16
West Gojam	Sekela	Conflict	1,444	6,954	13	-	-	-	1,444	6,954	13
West Gojam	Dega Damot	Conflict	10,836	53,801	21	-	-	-	10,836	53,801	21
West Gojam	Quarit	Conflict	4,189	23,342	21	-	-	-	4,189	23,342	21
West Gojam	Jabi Tehnan	Conflict	3,710	18,665	17	-	-	-	3,710	18,665	17
West Gojam	Wemberma	Conflict	337	1,621	4	-	-	-	337	1,621	4
West Gojam	Finote Selam City Admin.	Conflict	84	453	4	-	-	-	84	453	4
West Gojam	Adet	Conflict	844	4,107	5	-	-	-	844	4,107	5
West Gojam	Bure	Conflict	206	1,203	6	-	-	-	206	1,203	6
West Gojam	Debub Achefer	Conflict	233	816	2	-	-	-	233	816	2
West Gojam	Dembecha	Conflict	1,472	7,303	10	-	-	-	1,472	7,303	10
West Gojam	Yilmana Densa	Conflict	638	2,972	5	-	-	-	638	2,972	5
West Gojam	Bure City Administration	Conflict	474	2,831	7	-	-	-	474	2,831	7
West Gojam	Debub Mecha	Conflict	1,229	5,897	5	-	-	-	1,229	5,897	5
West Gojam	Gonji	Conflict	2,571	11,447	12	-	-	-	2,571	11,447	12
West Gojam	Merawi Town	Conflict	164	743	3	-	-	-	164	743	3
West Gojam	Semen Mecha	Conflict	185	873	5	-	-	-	185	873	5
West Gojam Total			28,616	143,028	140	-	-	-	28,616	143,028	140
West Gonder	Metema	Conflict	388	1,430	5	-	-	-	388	1,430	5
West Gonder	Midre Genet	Conflict	208	807	2	-	-	-	208	807	2
West Gonder Total			596	2,237	7	-	-	-	596	2,237	7
Grand total			80,345	346,513	580	10,971	42,202	43	91,316	388,715	623

BENISHANGUL GUMZ

Zone	Woreda	Primary Cause	Sites Opened Before 2022			Sites Opened During 2022			Total HH	Total Individuals	Total Sites
			HH	Individuals	Sites	HH	Individuals	Sites			
Asosa	Bilidigilu	Conflict	1,600	7,838	7	868	5,208	1	2,468	13,046	8
Asosa	Sherkole	Conflict	355	1,860	5	-	-	-	355	1,860	5
Asosa	Bambasi	Conflict	2,829	13,615	10	-	-	-	2,829	13,615	10
Asosa	Assosa	Conflict	24	82	1	-	-	-	24	82	1
Asosa Total			4,808	23,395	23	868	5,208	1	5,676	28,603	24
Assosa Town Administration	Woreda 1	Conflict	66	292	2	118	509	3	184	801	5
Assosa Town Administration	Woreda 2	Conflict	100	429	3	-	-	-	100	429	3
Assosa Town Total			166	721	5	118	509	3	284	1,230	8
Metekel	Dangura	Conflict	2,335	8,929	4	1,132	4,986	3	3,467	13,915	7
Metekel	Mandura	Conflict	653	3,327	3	361	1,816	1	1,014	5,143	4
Metekel	Pawe Special	Conflict	1,233	5,401	9	481	1,997	2	1,714	7,398	11
Metekel	Bulen	Conflict	4,593	27,564	10	260	1,269	2	4,853	28,833	12
Metekel	Dibat	Conflict	4,501	28,013	4	-	-	-	4,501	28,013	4
Metekel	Wenbera	Conflict	2,338	11,496	12	-	-	-	2,338	11,496	12
Metekel Total			15,653	84,730	42	2,234	10,068	8	17,887	94,798	50
Grand total			20,627	108,846	70	3,220	15,785	12	23,847	124,631	82

GAMBELA

Zone	Woreda	Primary Cause	Sites Opened Before 2022			Sites Opened During 2022			Total HH	Total Individuals	Total Sites
			HH	Individuals	Sites	HH	Individuals	Sites			
Agnuak	Gog	Conflict	755	4,102	2	-	-	-	755	4,102	2
Agnuak	Gog	Other climate induced	-	-	-	40	208	1	40	208	1
Agnuak	Jore	Conflict	75	405	1	-	-	-	75	405	1
Agnuak	Jore	Other climate induced	-	-	-	81	410	1	81	410	1
Agnuak	Gambella Zuria	Conflict	-	-	-	32	171	1	32	171	1
Agnuak Total			830	4,507	3	153	789	3	983	5,296	6
Nuer	Jikawo	Other climate induced	849	4,280	2	-	-	-	849	4,280	2
Nuer	Lare	Conflict	1,691	8,875	3	543	2,715	1	2,234	11,590	4
Nuer	Wantawo	Conflict	575	3,144	2	-	-	-	575	3,144	2
Nuer	Wantawo	Other climate induced	-	-	-	3,580	17,900	2	3,580	17,900	2
Nuer	Makuey	Other climate induced	-	-	-	424	2,294	1	424	2,294	1
Nuer Total			3,115	16,299	7	4,547	22,909	4	7,662	39,208	11
Grand Total			3,945	20,806	10	4,700	23,698	7	8,645	44,504	17

HARARI

Zone	Woreda	Primary Cause	Sites Opened Before 2022			Sites Opened During 2022			Total HH	Total Individuals	Total Sites
			HH	Individuals	Sites	HH	Individuals	Sites			
Harari	Erer Woldiya	Conflict	47	234	1	-	-	-	47	234	1
Harari	Abadir	Conflict	25	126	1	-	-	-	25	126	1
Harari	Abo Ker	Conflict	30	163	1	-	-	-	30	163	1
Harari	Amir Nur	Conflict	85	321	1	-	-	-	85	321	1
Harari	Hakim	Conflict	324	1,472	2	-	-	-	324	1,472	2
Harari	Jenela	Conflict	32	198	1	-	-	-	32	198	1
Harari	Shenkor	Conflict	23	51	1	-	-	-	23	51	1
Harari	Sofi	Conflict	101	472	1	-	-	-	101	472	1
Harari Total			667	3,037	9	-	-	-	667	3,037	9
Grand Total			667	3,037	9	-	-	-	667	3,037	9

OROMIA

Zone	Woreda	Primary Cause	Sites Opened Before 2022			Sites Opened During 2022			Sites Opened During 2023			Total HH	Total Indiv	Total Sites
			HH	Indiv.	Sites	HH	Indiv.	Sites	HH	Indiv.	Sites			
Arsi	Degeluna Tijo	Social tension	33	150	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	33	150	1
Arsi	Gololcha Arsi	Social tension	28	94	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	28	94	1
Arsi	Gololcha Arsi	Other climate induced	404	2,116	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	404	2,116	5
Arsi	Merti	Social tension	24	125	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	24	125	1
Arsi	Amigna	Social tension	41	154	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	41	154	1
Arsi	Bele Gesgar	Social tension	30	128	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	30	128	1
Arsi	Hitosa	Social tension	24	89	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	24	89	1
Arsi	Robe	Social tension	157	584	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	157	584	1
Arsi	Shirka	Social tension	156	456	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	156	456	1
Arsi	Sude	Social tension	25	92	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	25	92	1
Arsi	Aseko	Social tension	22	76	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	22	76	1
Arsi Total			944	4,064	15	-	-	-	-	-	-	944	4,064	15
Bale	Meda Welabu	Conflict	770	3,925	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	770	3,925	3
Bale	Delo Mena	Conflict	1,140	5,667	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,140	5,667	2
Bale	Gura Damole	Conflict	247	1,058	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	247	1,058	1
Bale Total			2,157	10,650	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,157	10,650	6
Borena	Guchi	Conflict	9,110	51,076	12	-	-	-	-	-	-	9,110	51,076	12
Borena	Guchi	Drought	-	-	-	517	2,585	1	-	-	-	517	2,585	1
Borena	Arero	Conflict	518	3,945	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	518	3,945	1
Borena	Wachile	Conflict	1,216	6,225	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,216	6,225	4
Borena	Dhaas	Conflict	450	2,819	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	450	2,819	1
Borena	Dhaas	Drought	-	-	-	7,512	41,121	3	-	-	-	7,512	41,121	3
Borena	Dire	Drought	-	-	-	4,438	24,937	5	-	-	-	4,438	24,937	5
Borena	Dillo	Conflict	930	5,985	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	930	5,985	4
Borena	Dillo	Drought	-	-	-	316	1,929	2	-	-	-	316	1,929	2
Borena	Dillo	Social tension	203	1,394	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	203	1,394	1
Borena	Elwaye	Drought	-	-	-	785	4,592	3	-	-	-	785	4,592	3
Borena	Dubuluk	Drought	-	-	-	5,933	30,662	5	-	-	-	5,933	30,662	5
Borena Total			12,427	71,444	23	19,501	105,826	19	-	-	-	31,928	177,270	42
Bunno Bedele	Dedesa	Other	1,287	7,476	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,287	7,476	2
Bunno Bedele Total			1,287	7,476	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,287	7,476	2
East Bale	Lege Hida	Drought	-	-	-	29	158	1	-	-	-	29	158	1
East Bale	Lege Hida	Social tension	44	208	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	44	208	1
East Bale	Rayitu	Conflict	264	1,445	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	264	1,445	2
East Bale	Ginir	Drought	-	-	-	64	346	1	-	-	-	64	346	1
East Bale	Gololcha Bale	Conflict	33	66	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	33	66	1
East Bale	Dawe Serer	Conflict	901	4,239	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	901	4,239	3
East Bale	Dawe Serer	Drought	-	-	-	510	3,066	1	-	-	-	510	3,066	1
East Bale	Sewena	Conflict	1,053	5,028	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,053	5,028	2
East Bale	Sewena	Social tension	36	176	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	36	176	1
East Bale Total			2,331	11,162	10	603	3,570	3	-	-	-	2,934	14,732	13
East Harerge	Babile	Conflict	969	4,533	17	-	-	-	-	-	-	969	4,533	17
East Harerge	Chinaksen	Conflict	6,655	33,817	36	-	-	-	-	-	-	6,655	33,817	36
East Harerge	Fedis	Conflict	3,204	13,328	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,204	13,328	10
East Harerge	Gursum	Conflict	1,374	10,613	23	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,374	10,613	23
East Harerge	Kersa	Conflict	412	1,721	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	412	1,721	5
East Harerge	Kumbi	Conflict	5,551	32,575	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,551	32,575	4
East Harerge	Malka Balo	Conflict	473	1,104	6	94	477	2	-	-	-	567	1,581	8
East Harerge	Meyu Muluke	Conflict	1,034	5,185	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,034	5,185	2
East Harerge	Midega Tola	Conflict	302	1,364	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	302	1,364	7
East Harerge	Goro Gutu	Conflict	738	3,085	9	-	-	-	-	-	-	738	3,085	9
East Harerge	Kombolcha	Conflict	88	331	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	88	331	3
East Harerge	Bedeno	Conflict	124	527	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	124	527	2

Zone	Woreda	Primary Cause	Sites Opened Before 2022			Sites Opened During 2022			Sites Opened During 2023			Total HH	Total Indiv	Total Sites
			HH	Indiv.	Sites	HH	Indiv.	Sites	HH	Indiv.	Sites			
East Harerge	Deder	Conflict	766	2,569	14	-	-	-	-	-	-	766	2,569	14
East Harerge	Garo Muti	Conflict	208	656	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	208	656	6
East Harerge	Girawa	Conflict	152	644	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	152	644	4
East Harerge	Haro Maya	Conflict	130	595	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	130	595	6
East Harerge	Haro Maya	Other	43	194	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	43	194	1
East Harerge	Jarso	Conflict	1,573	7,403	9	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,573	7,403	9
East Harerge	Kurfa Chele	Conflict	54	209	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	54	209	1
East Harerge	Meta	Conflict	376	1,504	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	376	1,504	6
East Harerge	Golo Oda	Drought	4,136	15,488	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,136	15,488	1
East Harerge	Awaday Administrative Town	Conflict	98	534	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	98	534	1
East Harerge	Babile Administrative Town	Conflict	142	759	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	142	759	1
East Harerge	Deder Administrative Town	Conflict	970	4,252	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	970	4,252	8
East Harerge	Haro Maya Admin. Town	Conflict	92	386	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	92	386	1
East Harerge Total			29,664	143,376	183	94	477	2	-	-	-	29,758	143,853	185
East Wallaga	Diga	Conflict	631	3,638	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	631	3,638	8
East Wallaga	Sasiga	Conflict	72	417	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	72	417	2
East Wallaga	Gida Ayana	Conflict	5,858	31,766	13	8,454	45,589	18	-	-	-	14,312	77,355	31
East Wallaga	Guto Gida	Conflict	577	3,199	9	-	-	-	-	-	-	577	3,199	9
East Wallaga	Nekemte Town	Conflict	3,404	18,112	27	2,995	12,957	33	-	-	-	6,399	31,069	60
East Wallaga	Gobu Seyo	Conflict	1,236	6,846	4	182	832	1	-	-	-	1,418	7,678	5
East Wallaga	Leqa Dullacha	Conflict	80	408	1	132	671	2	-	-	-	212	1,079	3
East Wallaga	Sibu Sire	Conflict	1,788	9,701	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,788	9,701	6
East Wallaga	Wayu Tuka	Conflict	-	-	-	573	2,907	3	-	-	-	573	2,907	3
East Wallaga	Jimma Arjo	Conflict	-	-	-	195	969	1	-	-	-	195	969	1
East Wallaga	Nunu Kumba	Conflict	-	-	-	367	2,362	4	-	-	-	367	2,362	4
East Wallaga Total			13,646	74,087	70	12,898	66,287	62	-	-	-	26,544	140,374	132
Guji	Girja (Harenfema)	Social tension	-	-	-	598	5,332	2	-	-	-	598	5,332	2
Guji	Goro Dola	Drought	-	-	-	4,270	21,350	1	-	-	-	4,270	21,350	1
Guji	Goro Dola	Social tension	3,155	16,280	3	1,630	9,045	1	-	-	-	4,785	25,325	4
Guji	Liben	Drought	-	-	-	1,938	9,954	2	-	-	-	1,938	9,954	2
Guji	Liben	Social tension	2,245	12,858	8	3,010	16,919	4	-	-	-	5,255	29,777	12
Guji	Negele City Administration	Social tension	596	3,124	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	596	3,124	1
Guji	Wadera	Social tension	1,134	6,110	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,134	6,110	3
Guji Total			7,130	38,372	15	11,446	62,600	10	-	-	-	18,576	100,972	25
Horo Gudru Wallaga	Horo Buluk	Conflict	-	-	-	1,070	6,023	6	-	-	-	1,070	6,023	6
Horo Gudru Wallaga	Shambu Town	Conflict	-	-	-	6,872	36,473	3	-	-	-	6,872	36,473	3
Horo Gudru Wallaga Total			-	-	-	7,942	42,496	9	-	-	-	7,942	42,496	9
Jimma	Botor Tollay	Drought	750	3,976	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	750	3,976	4
Jimma	Botor Tollay	Other climate induced	481	2,433	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	481	2,433	2
Jimma	Kersa	Other	855	4,495	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	855	4,495	7
Jimma	Sigmo	Conflict	27	75	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	27	75	1
Jimma	Gera	Other climate induced	220	920	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	220	920	2
Jimma	Gumay	Conflict	48	96	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	48	96	1
Jimma	Jimma Town	Other	612	2,828	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	612	2,828	2
Jimma	Setema	Conflict	40	70	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	40	70	1
Jimma Total			3,033	14,893	20	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,033	14,893	20
Kellem Wallaga	Dale Sadi	Conflict	182	962	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	182	962	2
Kellem Wallaga	Chenka Sadi	Conflict	130	749	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	130	749	2
Kellem Wallaga	Dambi Dolo	Conflict	2,575	12,861	10	1,069	4,985	6	482	2,657	1	4,126	20,503	17
Kellem Wallaga	Hawa Galan	Conflict	814	4,137	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	814	4,137	6
Kellem Wallaga Total			3,701	18,709	20	1,069	4,985	6	482	2,657	1	5,252	26,351	27
North Shewa (R4)	Kuyu	Conflict	415	2,931	4	491	3,260	5	-	-	-	906	6,191	9
North Shewa (R4)	Wara Jarso	Conflict	2,038	9,110	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,038	9,110	7
North Shewa (R4)	Degem	Conflict	492	2,058	3	377	1,278	3	-	-	-	869	3,336	6
North Shewa (R4)	Fiche Town	Conflict	-	-	-	134	718	3	-	-	-	134	718	3

Zone	Woreda	Primary Cause	Sites Opened Before 2022			Sites Opened During 2022			Sites Opened During 2023			Total HH	Total Indiv	Total Sites
			HH	Indiv.	Sites	HH	Indiv.	Sites	HH	Indiv.	Sites			
North Shewa (R4) Total			2,945	14,099	14	1,002	5,256	11	-	-	-	3,947	19,355	25
South West Shewa	Waliso	Conflict	-	-	-	66	236	1	-	-	-	66	236	1
South West Shewa	Waliso Town	Conflict	31	114	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	31	114	1
South West Shewa Total			31	114	1	66	236	1	-	-	-	97	350	2
West Arsi	Gedeb Asasa	Conflict	52	229	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	52	229	1
West Arsi	Shashemene Zuria	Other climate induced	54	266	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	54	266	2
West Arsi	Siraro	Conflict	3,317	17,450	9	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,317	17,450	9
West Arsi	Adaba	Conflict	71	344	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	71	344	1
West Arsi	Dodola	Conflict	41	169	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	41	169	1
West Arsi	Bishan Guracha City Admin.	Other climate induced	21	109	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	21	109	1
West Arsi Total			3,556	18,567	15	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,556	18,567	15
West Guji	Dugeda Dawa	Drought	8,944	54,015	14	3,127	21,045	3	-	-	-	12,071	75,060	17
West Guji	Dugeda Dawa	Social tension	1,010	6,805	3	113	675	1	-	-	-	1,123	7,480	4
West Guji	Galana	Drought	-	-	-	293	1,465	1	-	-	-	293	1,465	1
West Guji	Galana	Social tension	1,227	5,584	1	589	4,003	2	-	-	-	1,816	9,587	3
West Guji	Suro Barguda	Social tension	2,269	11,521	6	1,648	8,240	4	-	-	-	3,917	19,761	10
West Guji	Abaya	Other	276	2,140	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	276	2,140	1
West Guji	Abaya	Social tension	104	589	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	104	589	1
West Guji	Bule Hora	Drought	100	637	1	274	1,835	4	-	-	-	374	2,472	5
West Guji	Bule Hora	Social tension	2,839	19,660	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,839	19,660	2
West Guji	Kerca Town	Social tension	1,854	11,004	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,854	11,004	2
West Guji	Bule Hora Town	Social tension	3,922	25,909	8	1,700	10,781	11	-	-	-	5,622	36,690	19
West Guji Total			22,545	137,864	39	7,744	48,044	26	-	-	-	30,289	185,908	65
West Harerge	Bordode	Conflict	1,656	8,013	8	132	663	1	-	-	-	1,788	8,676	9
West Harerge	Bordode	Drought	255	1,279	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	255	1,279	2
West Harerge	Doba	Conflict	154	807	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	154	807	3
West Harerge	Mieso	Conflict	1,427	7,528	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,427	7,528	8
West Harerge	Daro Lebu	Conflict	590	3,086	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	590	3,086	3
West Harerge	Gemechis	Conflict	33	84	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	33	84	1
West Harerge	Hawi Gudina	Conflict	70	350	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	70	350	1
West Harerge	Shanan Dhuuggo	Conflict	26	85	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	26	85	1
West Harerge	Chiro Town	Conflict	43	75	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	43	75	1
West Harerge	Gelemso Administrative Town	Conflict	87	302	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	87	302	1
West Harerge	Hirna Administrative Town	Conflict	151	454	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	151	454	2
West Harerge	Machara Administrative Town	Conflict	44	184	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	44	184	1
West Harerge Total			4,536	22,247	32	132	663	1	-	-	-	4,668	22,910	33
West Shewa	Dendi	Conflict	34	84	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	34	84	1
West Shewa	Ambo Town	Conflict	220	1,015	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	220	1,015	2
West Shewa	Adda Berga	Conflict	701	3,644	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	701	3,644	4
West Shewa	Bako Tibe	Conflict	1,009	3,489	6	587	2,547	4	-	-	-	1,596	6,036	10
West Shewa	Liben Jawi	Conflict	70	347	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	70	347	3
West Shewa	Toke Kutaye	Conflict	-	-	-	120	713	2	-	-	-	120	713	2
West Shewa	Cheliya	Conflict	-	-	-	64	271	1	-	-	-	64	271	1
West Shewa	Ejere (Addis Alem)	Conflict	-	-	-	101	507	1	-	-	-	101	507	1
West Shewa	Ilu Galan	Conflict	-	-	-	295	1,454	2	-	-	-	295	1,454	2
West Shewa Total			2,034	8,579	16	1,167	5,492	10	-	-	-	3,201	14,071	26
West Wallaga	Lalo Asabi	Conflict	112	636	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	112	636	2
West Wallaga	Gimbi	Conflict	247	1,295	1	100	503	1	-	-	-	347	1,798	2
West Wallaga	Gimbi Town	Conflict	838	4,763	6	1,296	6,728	7	-	-	-	2,134	11,491	13
West Wallaga	Ayira	Conflict	76	397	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	76	397	1
West Wallaga	Guliso	Conflict	173	914	2	36	184	1	-	-	-	209	1,098	3
West Wallaga Total			1,446	8,005	12	1,432	7,415	9	-	-	-	2,878	15,420	21
Grand Total			113,413	603,708	493	65,096	353,347	169	482	2,657	1	178,991	959,712	663

SIDAMA

Zone	Woreda	Primary Cause	Sites Opened Before 2022			Sites Opened During 2022			Total HH	Total Individuals	Total Sites
			HH	Individuals	Sites	HH	Individuals	Sites			
Zone I	Belate Zuria	Conflict	4,859	28,874	20	-	-	-	4,859	28,874	20
Zone I	Hawassa Zuria	Conflict	619	2,900	11	-	-	-	619	2,900	11
Zone I	Hawassa Zuria	Other climate induced	113	546	2	-	-	-	113	546	2
Zone I	Bensa	Conflict	465	2,325	1	-	-	-	465	2,325	1
Zone I	Bona Zuria	Conflict	21	143	1	-	-	-	21	143	1
Zone I	Boricha	Conflict	84	313	3	-	-	-	84	313	3
Zone I	Chiri	Conflict	464	2,569	1	621	4,176	1	1,085	6,745	2
Zone I	Hawela	Conflict	83	377	2	-	-	-	83	377	2
Zone I	Hula	Social tension	72	456	2	-	-	-	72	456	2
Zone I	Wonosho	Conflict	151	872	5	-	-	-	151	872	5
Zone I	Aleta Wondo	Social tension	63	389	3	-	-	-	63	389	3
Zone I	Bura	Conflict	-	-	-	170	957	1	170	957	1
Zone I	Teticha	Social tension	23	141	1	-	-	-	23	141	1
Zone I	Aleta Chuko	Social tension	113	800	5	-	-	-	113	800	5
Zone I Total			7,130	40,705	57	791	5,133	2	7,921	45,838	59
Grand Total			7,130	40,705	57	791	5,133	2	7,921	45,838	59

SNNP

Zone	Woreda	Primary Cause	Sites Opened Before 2022			Sites Opened During 2022			Total HH	Total Individuals	Total Sites
			HH	Individuals	Sites	HH	Individuals	Sites			
Alle Special Woreda	Alle Special Woreda	Social tension	-	-	-	41	304	1	41	304	1
Alle Special Woreda Total			-	-	-	41	304	1	41	304	1
Amaro Special Woreda	Amaro Special Woreda	Social tension	8,460	43,686	18	-	-	-	8,460	43,686	18
Amaro Special Woreda Total			8,460	43,686	18	-	-	-	8,460	43,686	18
Basketo	Basketo SP Woreda	Conflict	76	454	3	-	-	-	76	454	3
Basketo Total			76	454	3	-	-	-	76	454	3
Burji Special Woreda	Burji	Social tension	219	1,647	2	-	-	-	219	1,647	2
Burji Special Woreda Total			219	1,647	2	-	-	-	219	1,647	2
Derashe Special Woreda	Derashe Special Woreda	Conflict	-	-	-	519	3,295	2	519	3,295	2
Derashe Special Woreda	Derashe Special Woreda	Social tension	570	3,405	2	-	-	-	570	3,405	2
Derashe Special Woreda Total			570	3,405	2	519	3,295	2	1,089	6,700	4
Gamo	Mirab Abaya	Other climate induced	287	1,864	1	-	-	-	287	1,864	1
Gamo	Gerese	Other climate induced	49	309	2	-	-	-	49	309	2
Gamo Total			336	2,173	3	-	-	-	336	2,173	3
Gofa	Demba Gofa	Other climate induced	45	270	1	-	-	-	45	270	1
Gofa	Geze Gofa	Other climate induced	300	1,851	5	-	-	-	300	1,851	5
Gofa	Melo Koza	Other climate induced	1,372	8,240	10	123	800	1	1,495	9,040	11
Gofa Total			1,717	10,361	16	123	800	1	1,840	11,161	17
Gurage	Meskan	Conflict	792	5,428	9	-	-	-	792	5,428	9
Gurage	Abeshege	Conflict	173	1,059	2	186	1,140	2	359	2,199	4
Gurage Total			965	6,487	11	186	1,140	2	1,151	7,627	13
Hadiya	Dune	Conflict	833	5,771	21	-	-	-	833	5,771	21
Hadiya	Misrak Badawacho	Conflict	533	3,670	15	-	-	-	533	3,670	15
Hadiya	Misrak Badawacho	Other climate induced	-	-	-	28	169	1	28	169	1
Hadiya	Analememo	Conflict	72	284	2	-	-	-	72	284	2
Hadiya	Shashogo	Conflict	371	2,519	10	-	-	-	371	2,519	10
Hadiya	Shashogo	Other climate induced	564	4,047	4	-	-	-	564	4,047	4
Hadiya	Soro	Conflict	428	2,980	11	-	-	-	428	2,980	11
Hadiya	Mierab Badawacho	Conflict	115	631	4	-	-	-	115	631	4
Hadiya	Gembora	Conflict	52	356	1	-	-	-	52	356	1

Zone	Woreda	Primary Cause	Sites Opened Before 2022			Sites Opened During 2022			Total HH	Total Individuals	Total Sites
			HH	Individuals	Sites	HH	Individuals	Sites			
Hadiya	Lemo	Conflict	483	2,372	5	-	-	-	483	2,372	5
Hadiya	Mirab Soro	Conflict	134	817	4	-	-	-	134	817	4
Hadiya	Fonko City Administration	Conflict	320	1,478	5	-	-	-	320	1,478	5
Hadiya Total			3,905	24,925	82	28	169	1	3,933	25,094	83
Kembata Tembaro	Kediada Gamella	Conflict	331	2,443	10	-	-	-	331	2,443	10
Kembata Tembaro	Anigacha	Conflict	685	5,254	16	-	-	-	685	5,254	16
Kembata Tembaro	Daniboya	Conflict	199	1,564	6	-	-	-	199	1,564	6
Kembata Tembaro	Kacha Bira	Conflict	125	827	3	-	-	-	125	827	3
Kembata Tembaro	Doya Gena	Conflict	148	872	4	-	-	-	148	872	4
Kembata Tembaro	Hadero Tunito	Conflict	205	1,407	5	-	-	-	205	1,407	5
Kembata Tembaro	Tembaro	Conflict	67	467	3	-	-	-	67	467	3
Kembata Tembaro	Adilo	Conflict	66	350	2	-	-	-	66	350	2
Kembata Tembaro Total			1,826	13,184	49	-	-	-	1,826	13,184	49
Konso	Karat Zuria	Social tension	516	3,335	2	850	5,681	11	1,366	9,016	13
Konso	Segen Zuria	Social tension	234	1,459	3	446	2,724	6	680	4,183	9
Konso	Kolme Cluster	Social tension	-	-	-	448	3,211	6	448	3,211	6
Konso	Kena	Social tension	165	997	2	-	-	-	165	997	2
Konso	Karat Ketema	Social tension	-	-	-	106	670	1	106	670	1
Konso Total			915	5,791	7	1,850	12,286	24	2,765	18,077	31
Silti	Mierab Azenet Berbere	Conflict	155	554	2	-	-	-	155	554	2
Silti	Misrak Azenet Berbere	Conflict	33	200	1	-	-	-	33	200	1
Silti	Sankura	Conflict	74	361	2	-	-	-	74	361	2
Silti	Wilbareg	Conflict	224	792	4	-	-	-	224	792	4
Silti	Worabe Ketema Astedader	Conflict	233	939	4	-	-	-	233	939	4
Silti	Alicho Woriro	Conflict	108	618	2	-	-	-	108	618	2
Silti	Kibet Town Administration	Conflict	31	376	1	21	119	1	52	495	2
Silti Total			858	3,840	16	21	119	1	879	3,959	17
South Omo	Bena Tsemay	Conflict	-	-	-	196	899	1	196	899	1
South Omo	Dasenech (Kuraz)	Other climate induced	11,641	56,358	26	-	-	-	11,641	56,358	26
South Omo	South Ari (Bako Gazer)	Conflict	-	-	-	282	1,291	3	282	1,291	3
South Omo Total			11,641	56,358	26	478	2,190	4	12,119	58,548	30
Wolayita	Diguna Fango	Conflict	405	2,452	2	103	668	2	508	3,120	4
Wolayita	Kindo Dida	Other climate induced	595	4,264	7	-	-	-	595	4,264	7
Wolayita	Kindo Koysya	Other climate induced	273	1,631	5	-	-	-	273	1,631	5
Wolayita	Abela Abaya	Other climate induced	600	3,785	4	205	1,260	2	805	5,045	6
Wolayita	Damot Sore	Other climate induced	110	770	2	-	-	-	110	770	2
Wolayita	Damot Weydie	Other climate induced	178	1,261	4	-	-	-	178	1,261	4
Wolayita	Kawo Koysya	Other climate induced	90	576	2	-	-	-	90	576	2
Wolayita	Ofa	Conflict	53	349	2	-	-	-	53	349	2
Wolayita	Damot Pulasa	Conflict	86	516	2	74	444	1	160	960	3
Wolayita Total			2,390	15,604	30	382	2,372	5	2,772	17,976	35
Yem	Yem Special Woreda	Other climate induced	66	301	1	-	-	-	66	301	1
Yem Total			66	301	1	-	-	-	66	301	1
Grand Total			33,944	188,216	266	3,628	22,675	41	37,572	210,891	307

SOMALI

Zone	Woreda	Primary Cause	Sites Opened Before 2022			Sites Opened During 2022			Sites Opened During 2023			Total HH	Total Indiv	Total Sites
			HH	Indiv.	Sites	HH	Indiv.	Sites	HH	Indiv.	Sites			
Afder	Chereti/Weyib	Drought	319	1,915	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	319	1,915	1
Afder	Chereti/Weyib	Other climate induced	876	5,367	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	876	5,367	1
Afder	Dolobay	Drought	2,544	15,215	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,544	15,215	4
Afder	Dolobay	Other climate induced	507	3,042	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	507	3,042	1
Afder	Hargele	Conflict	-	-	-	-	-	-	267	1,606	1	267	1,606	1
Afder	Hargele	Drought	2,185	12,890	4	2,236	13,625	3	-	-	-	4,421	26,515	7
Afder	Raso	Conflict	1,338	8,047	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,338	8,047	2
Afder	Raso	Drought	332	1,965	1	250	1,463	1	-	-	-	582	3,428	2
Afder	Bare	Drought	4,848	29,006	7	430	2,525	1	-	-	-	5,278	31,531	8
Afder	God God	Drought	2,239	13,067	3	1,190	7,147	2	-	-	-	3,429	20,214	5
Afder	Qoohle	Drought	6,028	35,991	7	2,893	17,278	4	-	-	-	8,921	53,269	11
Afder	Serer/Elkere	Conflict	490	2,939	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	490	2,939	1
Afder	Serer/Elkere	Drought	-	-	-	2,030	11,964	3	-	-	-	2,030	11,964	3
Afder	West Imi	Conflict	180	1,051	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	180	1,051	1
Afder	West Imi	Other climate induced	1,463	8,673	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,463	8,673	3
Afder Total			23,349	139,168	36	9,029	54,002	14	267	1,606	1	32,645	194,776	51
Dawa	Hudet	Conflict	10,292	60,433	20	-	-	-	-	-	-	10,292	60,433	20
Dawa	Hudet	Drought	-	-	-	1,458	8,516	11	-	-	-	1,458	8,516	11
Dawa	Moyale	Conflict	11,384	68,515	9	-	-	-	-	-	-	11,384	68,515	9
Dawa	Moyale	Drought	2,697	16,191	7	4,618	27,435	16	-	-	-	7,315	43,626	23
Dawa	Mubarak	Conflict	560	3,238	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	560	3,238	2
Dawa	Mubarak	Drought	1,180	6,856	3	187	1,388	1	-	-	-	1,367	8,244	4
Dawa	Qadhahumo	Conflict	821	4,762	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	821	4,762	3
Dawa	Qadhahumo	Drought	1,853	10,962	8	313	1,852	3	-	-	-	2,166	12,814	11
Dawa Total			28,787	170,957	52	6,576	39,191	31	-	-	-	35,363	210,148	83
Doolo	Boh	Drought	514	2,749	5	43	205	1	-	-	-	557	2,954	6
Doolo	Danod	Drought	998	5,108	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	998	5,108	5
Doolo	Daratole	Drought	239	1,192	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	239	1,192	4
Doolo	Gal Hamer	Drought	94	442	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	94	442	1
Doolo	Lahel Yu'Ub	Conflict	240	1,408	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	240	1,408	1
Doolo	Lahel Yu'Ub	Drought	689	4,043	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	689	4,043	3
Doolo	Warder	Drought	1,588	9,184	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,588	9,184	6
Doolo	Geladi	Drought	1,158	6,135	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,158	6,135	5
Doolo Total			5,520	30,261	30	43	205	1	-	-	-	5,563	30,466	31
Erer	Lagahida	Conflict	2,047	12,283	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,047	12,283	6
Erer	Lagahida	Drought	270	1,621	1	310	1,860	1	-	-	-	580	3,481	2
Erer	Mayamuluqo	Conflict	1,399	8,391	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,399	8,391	4
Erer	Salahad	Conflict	1,714	10,254	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,714	10,254	8
Erer	Salahad	Drought	-	-	-	725	4,351	2	-	-	-	725	4,351	2
Erer	Qubi	Conflict	1,191	7,144	6	236	1,417	1	-	-	-	1,427	8,561	7
Erer	Qubi	Drought	-	-	-	150	908	1	-	-	-	150	908	1
Erer	Wangay	Conflict	137	823	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	137	823	2
Erer Total			6,758	40,516	27	1,421	8,536	5	-	-	-	8,179	49,052	32
Fafan	Babile	Conflict	19,567	117,414	15	-	-	-	-	-	-	19,567	117,414	15
Fafan	Gursum	Conflict	1,255	7,532	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,255	7,532	6
Fafan	Hareshen	Drought	95	608	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	95	608	1
Fafan	Tuliguled	Conflict	4,285	25,634	4	705	4,231	3	-	-	-	4,990	29,865	7
Fafan	Jjiga	Conflict	303	1,888	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	303	1,888	3
Fafan	Jigjiga City Administration	Conflict	180	1,080	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	180	1,080	1
Fafan	Goljano	Drought	-	-	-	525	3,157	2	-	-	-	525	3,157	2
Fafan	Tog-Wajale	Drought	-	-	-	93	558	1	-	-	-	93	558	1
Fafan Total			25,685	154,156	30	1,323	7,946	6	-	-	-	27,008	162,102	36

Zone	Woreda	Primary Cause	Sites Opened Before 2022			Sites Opened During 2022			Sites Opened During 2023			Total HH	Total Indiv	Total Sites
			HH	Indiv.	Sites	HH	Indiv.	Sites	HH	Indiv.	Sites			
Jarar	Aware	Drought	784	4,778	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	784	4,778	2
Jarar	Daror	Drought	471	2,850	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	471	2,850	3
Jarar	Dig	Drought	269	1,647	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	269	1,647	1
Jarar	Gashamo	Drought	2,469	14,909	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,469	14,909	5
Jarar	Gunagado	Drought	481	2,916	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	481	2,916	1
Jarar	Bil'ilbur	Drought	220	1,409	1	40	248	1	-	-	-	260	1,657	2
Jarar	Degehabur	Conflict	46	279	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	46	279	1
Jarar	Degehabur	Drought	245	1,489	1	255	1,559	2	-	-	-	500	3,048	3
Jarar Total			4,985	30,277	15	295	1,807	3	-	-	-	5,280	32,084	18
Korahe	Bodaley	Drought	82	487	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	82	487	1
Korahe	El-ogaden	Conflict	63	377	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	63	377	1
Korahe	El-ogaden	Drought	260	1,558	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	260	1,558	2
Korahe	Goglo	Drought	475	2,800	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	475	2,800	4
Korahe	Kebridehar	Drought	532	3,145	5	160	960	1	-	-	-	692	4,105	6
Korahe	Kebridehar	Other climate induced	516	3,064	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	516	3,064	1
Korahe	Marsin	Drought	503	2,268	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	503	2,268	2
Korahe	Shilabo	Conflict	155	930	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	155	930	1
Korahe	Shilabo	Drought	398	2,389	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	398	2,389	3
Korahe	Higolay	Drought	108	646	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	108	646	1
Korahe	Laasdhankayre	Drought	110	645	1	150	888	1	-	-	-	260	1,533	2
Korahe	Shekosh	Drought	-	-	-	150	899	1	-	-	-	150	899	1
Korahe	Dobaweyn	Drought	409	2,454	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	409	2,454	2
Korahe	Dobaweyn	Other climate induced	94	561	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	94	561	2
Korahe Total			3,705	21,324	26	460	2,747	3	-	-	-	4,165	24,071	29
Liben	Deka Sefu	Conflict	7,085	42,457	45	948	5,673	7	-	-	-	8,033	48,130	52
Liben	Deka Sefu	Drought	-	-	-	73	435	1	-	-	-	73	435	1
Liben	Dolo Odo	Conflict	450	2,700	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	450	2,700	1
Liben	Dolo Odo	Drought	1,410	8,467	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,410	8,467	3
Liben	Filtu	Conflict	6,760	40,394	28	-	-	-	-	-	-	6,760	40,394	28
Liben	Filtu	Drought	142	852	2	2,770	16,606	22	-	-	-	2,912	17,458	24
Liben	Filtu	Other climate induced	150	899	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	150	899	2
Liben	Karsa Dulla	Conflict	4,733	28,238	13	676	4,029	8	-	-	-	5,409	32,267	21
Liben	Karsa Dulla	Drought	-	-	-	305	1,825	2	-	-	-	305	1,825	2
Liben	Goro Baqaqsa	Conflict	1,572	9,424	2	326	1,992	1	-	-	-	1,898	11,416	3
Liben	Goro Baqaqsa	Drought	886	5,234	2	1,656	9,881	3	-	-	-	2,542	15,115	5
Liben	Guradamole	Conflict	12,079	72,072	7	5,931	34,903	8	-	-	-	18,010	106,975	15
Liben	Guradamole	Drought	350	2,023	1	1,742	10,339	4	-	-	-	2,092	12,362	5
Liben	Boqolmaayo	Drought	-	-	-	640	3,826	4	-	-	-	640	3,826	4
Liben	Boqolmaayo	Other climate induced	2,178	13,068	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,178	13,068	1
Liben Total			37,795	225,828	107	15,067	89,509	60	-	-	-	52,862	315,337	167
Nogob	Dihun	Drought	1,266	7,560	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,266	7,560	6
Nogob	Elwayne	Drought	1,036	6,179	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,036	6,179	7
Nogob	Gerbo	Conflict	32	182	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	32	182	1
Nogob	Gerbo	Drought	2,160	12,990	11	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,160	12,990	11
Nogob	Segeg	Conflict	45	273	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	45	273	1
Nogob	Segeg	Drought	1,002	6,013	4	648	3,890	5	-	-	-	1,650	9,903	9
Nogob	Ayun	Conflict	50	300	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	50	300	1
Nogob	Ayun	Drought	-	-	-	1,400	8,398	5	-	-	-	1,400	8,398	5
Nogob	Hararey	Drought	-	-	-	525	3,153	5	-	-	-	525	3,153	5
Nogob	Horashagah	Drought	-	-	-	897	5,393	7	-	-	-	897	5,393	7
Nogob Total			5,591	33,497	31	3,470	20,834	22	-	-	-	9,061	54,331	53
Shabelle	Abaqaro	Drought	215	1,224	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	215	1,224	1
Shabelle	Adadle	Drought	2,201	11,694	10	600	3,108	6	-	-	-	2,801	14,802	16
Shabelle	Adadle	Other climate induced	625	3,281	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	625	3,281	4
Shabelle	Berano	Drought	110	690	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	110	690	1

Zone	Woreda	Primary Cause	Sites Opened Before 2022			Sites Opened During 2022			Sites Opened During 2023			Total HH	Total Indiv	Total Sites
			HH	Indiv.	Sites	HH	Indiv.	Sites	HH	Indiv.	Sites			
Shabelle	Denan	Drought	815	4,759	5	650	3,721	5	-	-	-	1,465	8,480	10
Shabelle	East Imi	Drought	710	4,169	3	736	4,045	4	-	-	-	1,446	8,214	7
Shabelle	East Imi	Social tension	189	1,102	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	189	1,102	3
Shabelle	Elele	Drought	256	1,584	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	256	1,584	1
Shabelle	Gode	Drought	255	1,363	3	1,035	5,849	7	-	-	-	1,290	7,212	10
Shabelle	Gode	Other climate induced	150	803	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	150	803	2
Shabelle	Kelafo	Drought	531	2,914	3	345	1,985	2	-	-	-	876	4,899	5
Shabelle	Kelafo	Other climate induced	-	-	-	1,072	5,878	5	-	-	-	1,072	5,878	5
Shabelle	Mustahil	Other climate induced	5,100	30,591	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,100	30,591	2
Shabelle	Ferfer	Conflict	-	-	-	83	502	1	-	-	-	83	502	1
Shabelle Total			11,157	64,174	38	4,521	25,088	30	-	-	-	15,678	89,262	68
Siti	Afdem	Conflict	480	2,917	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	480	2,917	2
Siti	Afdem	Drought	1,304	7,918	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,304	7,918	5
Siti	Erer	Conflict	1,532	9,286	3	2,600	15,600	1	-	-	-	4,132	24,886	4
Siti	Erer	Drought	2,046	12,332	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,046	12,332	2
Siti	Gablalu	Conflict	165	989	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	165	989	1
Siti	Gablalu	Drought	2,149	12,912	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,149	12,912	3
Siti	Gablalu	Other climate induced	500	3,013	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	500	3,013	1
Siti	Gota-Biki	Drought	140	856	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	140	856	2
Siti	Gota-Biki	Social tension	340	2,031	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	340	2,031	1
Siti	Hadgalo	Drought	480	2,887	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	480	2,887	2
Siti	Hadgalo	Other climate induced	697	4,205	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	697	4,205	1
Siti	Miesso	Conflict	2,099	12,696	6	191	1,151	1	-	-	-	2,290	13,847	7
Siti	Miesso	Drought	1,580	9,656	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,580	9,656	6
Siti	Miesso	Other climate induced	130	816	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	130	816	1
Siti	Shinile	Drought	375	2,261	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	375	2,261	1
Siti Total			14,017	84,775	37	2,791	16,751	2	-	-	-	16,808	101,526	39
Grand Total			167,349	994,933	429	44,996	266,616	177	267	1,606	1	212,612	1,263,155	607

SOUTH WEST ETHIOPIA PEOPLES

Zone	Woreda	Primary Cause	Sites Opened Before 2022			Sites Opened During 2022			Total HH	Total Individuals	Total Sites
			HH	Individuals	Sites	HH	Individuals	Sites			
Bench Sheko	Mizan Aman	Conflict	125	635	3	-	-	-	125	635	3
Bench Sheko	Dehub Bench	Conflict	454	2,412	8	-	-	-	454	2,412	8
Bench Sheko	Gurafereda	Conflict	219	1,116	2	-	-	-	219	1,116	2
Bench Sheko	Shay Bench	Other climate induced	118	641	2	-	-	-	118	641	2
Bench Sheko Total			916	4,804	15	-	-	-	916	4,804	15
Dawro	Tercha Zuria	Conflict	44	197	2	-	-	-	44	197	2
Dawro Total			44	197	2	-	-	-	44	197	2
Keffa	Tulo	Other climate induced	20	115	1	-	-	-	20	115	1
Keffa	Decha	Other climate induced	112	603	2	-	-	-	112	603	2
Keffa Total			132	718	3	-	-	-	132	718	3
Konta	Ameya Town Administration	Other climate induced	358	1,853	4	-	-	-	358	1,853	4
Konta	Chida Town Administration	Other climate induced	98	477	3	-	-	-	98	477	3
Konta	Konta Koisha	Conflict	119	560	3	-	-	-	119	560	3
Konta Total			575	2,890	10	-	-	-	575	2,890	10
Mirab Omo	Maji	Conflict	174	929	2	-	-	-	174	929	2
Mirab Omo Total			174	929	2	-	-	-	174	929	2
Sheka	Anderacha	Conflict	228	1,110	1	-	-	-	228	1,110	1
Sheka	Yeki	Conflict	421	2,090	5	-	-	-	421	2,090	5
Sheka Total			649	3,200	6	-	-	-	649	3,200	6
Grand total			2,490	12,738	38	-	-	-	2,490	12,738	38

GRAND TOTAL

Region	Sites Opened Before 2022			Sites Opened During 2022			Sites Opened During 2023			Total HH	Total Indiv	Total Sites
	HH	Indiv.	Sites	HH	Indiv.	Sites	HH	Indiv.	Sites			
Afar	7,286	43,813	44	8,325	46,221	23	-	-	-	15,611	90,034	67
Amhara	80,345	346,513	580	10,971	42,202	43	-	-	-	91,316	388,715	623
Benishangul Gumz	20,627	108,846	70	3,220	15,785	12	-	-	-	23,847	124,631	82
Gambela	667	3,037	9	-	-	-	-	-	-	667	3,037	9
Harari	-	-	-	-	-	-	267	1,606	1	267	1,606	1
Oromia	113,413	603,708	493	65,096	353,347	169	482	2,657	1	178,991	959,712	663
Sidama	7,130	40,705	57	791	5,133	2	-	-	-	7,921	45,838	59
SNNP	33,944	188,216	266	3,628	22,675	41	-	-	-	37,572	210,891	307
Somali	167,349	994,933	429	44,996	266,616	177	267	1,606	1	212,612	1,263,155	607
South West Ethiopia Peoples	2,490	12,738	38	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,490	12,738	38
Grand Total	437,196	2,363,315	1,996	141,727	775,677	474	749	4,263	2	579,672	3,143,255	2,472

4.2 SUMMARY TABLE OF RETURN

AFAR

Zone	Woreda	Returning IDPs		Host/Receiving Community		Total HH	Total Individuals	Total Assessed Villages
		HH	Individuals	HH	Individuals			
Awsi (Zone 1)	Aysaita	60	372	-	-	60	372	1
Awsi (Zone 1)	Chifra	2,895	17,010	-	-	2,895	17,010	27
Awsi (Zone 1)	Adaa'r	550	3,316	-	-	550	3,316	2
Awsi (Zone 1) Total		3,505	20,698	-	-	3,505	20,698	30
Fenti (Zone 4)	Awra	1,575	9,218	-	-	1,575	9,218	11
Fenti (Zone 4)	Gulina	2,830	16,953	-	-	2,830	16,953	20
Fenti (Zone 4)	Yalo	2,474	14,943	-	-	2,474	14,943	13
Fenti (Zone 4)	Ewa	1,767	10,764	-	-	1,767	10,764	15
Fenti (Zone 4) Total		8,646	51,878	-	-	8,646	51,878	59
Gabi (Zone 3)	Amibara	139	838	-	-	139	838	1
Gabi (Zone 3) Total		139	838	-	-	139	838	1
Hari (Zone 5)	Hadelela	984	5,814	-	-	984	5,814	5
Hari (Zone 5)	Telalak	100	585	-	-	100	585	2
Hari (Zone 5) Total		1,084	6,399	-	-	1,084	6,399	7
Kilbati (Zone 2)	Ab Ala	3,435	20,377	-	-	3,435	20,377	20
Kilbati (Zone 2)	Erebt	430	2,699	-	-	430	2,699	4
Kilbati (Zone 2)	Berahile	2,695	16,090	-	-	2,695	16,090	20
Kilbati (Zone 2)	Koneba	5,219	31,282	-	-	5,219	31,282	26
Kilbati (Zone 2)	Dalul	2,184	12,943	-	-	2,184	12,943	10
Kilbati (Zone 2) Total		13,963	83,391	-	-	13,963	83,391	80
Grand Total		27,337	163,204	-	-	27,337	163,204	177

AMHARA

Zone	Woreda	Returning IDPs		Host/Receiving Community		Total HH	Total Individuals	Total Assessed Villages
		HH	Individuals	HH	Individuals			
AwilAgew	Zigem	1,353	7,080	-	-	1,353	7,080	2
AwilAgew Total		1,353	7,080	-	-	1,353	7,080	2
Central Gonder	Aykel City Administration	1,850	8,707	10,900	55,459	12,750	64,166	2
Central Gonder Total		1,850	8,707	10,900	55,459	12,750	64,166	2
North Gonder	Debark	569	2,372	-	-	569	2,372	4
North Gonder	Addi Arekay	10,040	47,624	2,195	10,537	12,235	58,161	16
North Gonder	Dabat	660	3,067	-	-	660	3,067	4
North Gonder Total		11,269	53,063	2,195	10,537	13,464	63,600	24
North Shewa (R3)	Shoa Robit City Administration	9,965	43,668	6,903	28,729	16,868	72,397	37
North Shewa (R3)	Eferatana Gidem	4,470	19,266	1,603	6,783	6,073	26,049	28
North Shewa (R3)	Ataye City Administration	6,250	22,918	2,445	8,765	8,695	31,683	32
North Shewa (R3)	Kewet	5,035	23,330	143	636	5,178	23,966	20
North Shewa (R3)	Antsokiya	2,315	10,599	775	3,665	3,090	14,264	13
North Shewa (R3)	Menz Gera Midir	9,306	41,644	755	3,138	10,061	44,782	32
North Shewa (R3)	Tarema Ber	4,880	20,968	543	2,458	5,423	23,426	29
North Shewa (R3)	Menz Keya Gabriel	2,268	11,163	330	1,629	2,598	12,792	12
North Shewa (R3)	Mojan Wedera	8,613	37,608	714	3,517	9,327	41,125	38
North Shewa (R3)	Menz Mama Midir	10,618	44,070	262	571	10,880	44,641	60
North Shewa (R3)	Mehal Meda City Administration	6,338	25,972	213	389	6,551	26,361	26
North Shewa (R3) Total		70,058	301,206	14,686	60,280	84,744	361,486	327
North Wollo	Gidan	5,349	18,411	2,849	12,439	8,198	30,850	19
North Wollo	Guba Lafto	12,553	51,415	8,263	33,731	20,816	85,146	29
North Wollo	Raya Kobo	20,419	81,803	4,785	19,626	25,204	101,429	43
North Wollo	Lasta	5,177	19,841	2,451	11,029	7,628	30,870	11
North Wollo	Habru	18,608	74,356	7,786	28,681	26,394	103,037	34
North Wollo	Alibela City Administration	4,468	14,577	3,309	14,513	7,777	29,090	10
North Wollo	Meket	3,488	13,947	557	2,017	4,045	15,964	14
North Wollo	Wadla	8,606	35,858	2,112	9,409	10,718	45,267	19
North Wollo	Kobo	9,032	34,864	7,392	22,580	16,424	57,444	16
North Wollo	Woldiya City Administration	10,494	41,785	23,237	75,415	33,731	117,200	28
North Wollo	Meresa City Administration	8,655	34,800	5,866	29,788	14,521	64,588	14
North Wollo	Filakit City Administration	3,690	17,132	1,998	6,060	5,688	23,192	4
North Wollo	Gazo	2,055	7,483	875	3,522	2,930	11,005	7
North Wollo	Gashena City Administration	446	1,829	112	446	558	2,275	1
North Wollo	Angot	2,671	11,134	2,188	8,591	4,859	19,725	11
North Wollo	Bugna	1,328	4,917	1,782	5,325	3,110	10,242	6
North Wollo Total		117,039	464,152	75,562	283,172	192,601	747,324	266
Oromia	Artuma Fursi	2,180	10,215	11,420	38,353	13,600	48,568	12
Oromia	Kemissie City Administration	1,393	4,048	10,506	49,397	11,899	53,445	19
Oromia	Jille Timuga	1,089	4,176	12,207	43,217	13,296	47,393	11
Oromia	Dewa Cheffa	6,435	21,226	4,872	23,667	11,307	44,893	26
Oromia	Bati	3,279	14,585	1,358	6,649	4,637	21,234	13
Oromia Total		14,376	54,250	40,363	161,283	54,739	215,533	81
South Gonder	Lay Gayint	10,694	48,841	1,549	7,350	12,243	56,191	31
South Gonder	Farta	6,213	28,157	239	1,312	6,452	29,469	16
South Gonder	Guna Begemedir	5,045	24,013	908	4,557	5,953	28,570	19
South Gonder	Nefas Mewicha City Administration	7,279	31,753	2,015	8,022	9,294	39,775	12
South Gonder Total		29,231	132,764	4,711	21,241	33,942	154,005	78
South Wollo	Kalu	8,731	40,616	5,966	26,589	14,697	67,205	31
South Wollo	Tenta	5,100	20,933	631	1,181	5,731	22,114	28

Zone	Woreda	Returning IDPs		Host/Receiving Community		Total HH	Total Individuals	Total Assessed Villages
		HH	Individuals	HH	Individuals			
South Wollo	Were Ilu	5,729	26,022	5,362	23,293	11,091	49,315	27
South Wollo	Legambo	1,656	6,474	619	3,055	2,275	9,529	14
South Wollo	Jama	5,378	24,946	2,798	12,608	8,176	37,554	25
South Wollo	Were Ilu City Administration	1,171	5,086	570	2,382	1,741	7,468	4
South Wollo	Thehulederie	9,554	38,215	2,950	14,485	12,504	52,700	41
South Wollo	Worebabu	5,071	22,722	1,195	6,146	6,266	28,868	22
South Wollo	Dessie Zuria	4,569	18,759	1,025	5,146	5,594	23,905	17
South Wollo	Hayeq City Administration	2,821	11,512	774	3,228	3,595	14,740	5
South Wollo	Kutaber	4,425	17,947	3,112	14,571	7,537	32,518	14
South Wollo	Kelela	2,487	11,849	621	3,026	3,108	14,875	26
South Wollo	Ambasel	8,198	28,771	774	1,722	8,972	30,493	16
South Wollo	Delanta	11,133	34,698	647	1,577	11,780	36,275	25
South Wollo	Akesta City Administration	2,519	9,399	696	3,480	3,215	12,879	10
South Wollo	Harbu City Administration	2,594	12,278	1,398	6,702	3,992	18,980	6
South Wollo	Tulu Awuliya City Administration	2,717	10,719	1,671	8,455	4,388	19,174	20
South Wollo Total		83,853	340,946	30,809	137,646	114,662	478,592	331
Wag Himra	Dehana	2,881	11,965	1,348	6,937	4,229	18,902	11
Wag Himra	Sekota	150	669	-	-	150	669	1
Wag Himra	Sekota City Administration	1,359	5,584	867	3,217	2,226	8,801	7
Wag Himra	Gaz Gibla	220	1,053	-	-	220	1,053	4
Wag Himra	Ziquala	590	2,987	-	-	590	2,987	3
Wag Himra Total		5,200	22,258	2,215	10,154	7,415	32,412	26
West Gojam	Jabi Tehnan	61	353	-	-	61	353	1
West Gojam Total		61	353	-	-	61	353	1
West Gonder	Adagn Ager Chako	438	1,493	-	-	438	1,493	1
West Gonder Total		438	1,493	-	-	438	1,493	1
Grand Total		334,728	1,386,272	181,441	739,772	516,169	2,126,044	1,139

BENISHANGUL GUMZ

Zone	Woreda	Returning IDPs		Host/Receiving Community		Other Population		Total HH	Total Individuals	Total Assessed Villages
		HH	Individuals	HH	Individuals	HH	Individuals			
Asosa	Bilidigilu	745	3,651	-	-	-	-	745	3,651	8
Asosa	Sherkole	439	2,150	-	-	-	-	439	2,150	5
Asosa Total		1,184	5,801	-	-	-	-	1,184	5,801	13
Metekel	Mandura	1,915	10,257	75	337	18	74	2,008	10,668	18
Metekel	Dangura	5,907	25,374	-	-	-	-	5,907	25,374	35
Metekel	Pawe Special	1,534	6,944	-	-	-	-	1,534	6,944	5
Metekel	Gilgel Bales Town Administration	712	3,598	2,063	10,340	-	-	2,775	13,938	7
Metekel	Dibat	3,349	17,747	300	1,500	-	-	3,649	19,247	13
Metekel	Bulen	753	3,815	-	-	-	-	753	3,815	2
Metekel Total		14,170	67,735	2,438	12,177	18	74	16,626	79,986	80
Grand Total		15,354	73,536	2,438	12,177	18	74	17,810	85,787	93

GAMBELA

Zone	Woreda	Returning IDPs		Host/Receiving Community		Total HH	Total Individuals	Total Assessed Villages
		HH	Individuals	HH	Individuals			
Agnuak	Jore	1,378	6,919	-	-	1,378	6,919	1
Agnuak	Gambella Zuria	379	2,016	877	4,487	1,256	6,503	6
Agnuak	Gog	224	1,184	286	1,429	510	2,613	4
Agnuak	Abobo	50	261	150	705	200	966	1
Agnuak Total		2,031	10,380	1,313	6,621	3,344	17,001	12
Itang Special Woreda	Itang	2,888	15,204	394	1,970	3,282	17,174	16
Itang Special Woreda Total		2,888	15,204	394	1,970	3,282	17,174	16
Majang	Godere	66	308	-	-	66	308	1
Majang Total		66	308	-	-	66	308	1
Nuer	Makuey	998	5,396	-	-	998	5,396	3
Nuer	Jikawo	904	4,984	-	-	904	4,984	2
Nuer	Lare	365	2,009	-	-	365	2,009	2
Nuer Total		2,267	12,389	-	-	2,267	12,389	7
Grand Total		7,252	38,281	1,707	8,591	8,959	46,872	36

OROMIA

Zone	Woreda	Returning IDPs		Host/Receiving Community		Total HH	Total Individuals	Total Assessed Villages
		HH	Individuals	HH	Individuals			
East Bale	Dawe Kachen	155	844	488	2,630	643	3,474	3
East Bale	Lege Hida	1,861	10,647	1,228	6,678	3,089	17,325	7
East Bale	Rayitu	1,203	6,337	2,965	15,682	4,168	22,019	12
East Bale	Sewena	1,244	5,787	1,489	7,901	2,733	13,688	6
East Bale	Dawe Serer	3,185	16,078	2,529	13,346	5,714	29,424	8
East Bale Total		7,648	39,693	8,699	46,237	16,347	85,930	36
East Harerge	Midega Tola	700	3,507	-	-	700	3,507	5
East Harerge Total		700	3,507	-	-	700	3,507	5
East Wallaga	Gida Ayana	969	5,293	-	-	969	5,293	9
East Wallaga	Guto Gida	4,968	28,721	-	-	4,968	28,721	28
East Wallaga	Sasiga	610	2,871	-	-	610	2,871	2
East Wallaga Total		6,547	36,885	-	-	6,547	36,885	39
West Harerge	Mieso	97	485	-	-	97	485	1
West Harerge Total		97	485	-	-	97	485	1
West Wallaga	Gimbi	290	1,621	-	-	290	1,621	2
West Wallaga Total		290	1,621	-	-	290	1,621	2
Grand Total		15,282	82,191	8,699	46,237	23,981	128,428	83

SIDAMA

Zone	Woreda	Returning IDPs		Host/Receiving Community		Total HH	Total Individuals	Total Assessed Villages
		HH	Individuals	HH	Individuals			
Hawassa Ketema Astedader	Tulla Sub-City	1,370	5,783	-	-	1,370	5,783	10
Hawassa Ketema Astedader Total		1,370	5,783	-	-	1,370	5,783	10
Zone I	Wondo Genet	1,066	4,405	-	-	1,066	4,405	4
Zone I Total		1,066	4,405	-	-	1,066	4,405	4
Grand Total		2,436	10,188	-	-	2,436	10,188	14

SNNP

Zone	Woreda	Returning IDPs		Host/Receiving Community		Total HH	Total Individuals	Total Assessed Villages
		HH	Individuals	HH	Individuals			
Alle Special Woreda	Alle Special Woreda	813	5,683	131	790	944	6,473	8
Alle Special Woreda Total		813	5,683	131	790	944	6,473	8
Amaro Special Woreda	Amaro Special Woreda	999	7,446	-	-	999	7,446	4
Amaro Special Woreda Total		999	7,446	-	-	999	7,446	4
Derashe Special Woreda	Derashe Special Woreda	3,054	20,144	-	-	3,054	20,144	7
Derashe Special Woreda Total		3,054	20,144	-	-	3,054	20,144	7
Gamo	Mirab Abaya	140	840	-	-	140	840	3
Gamo	Gacho Baba	20	131	250	1,500	270	1,631	1
Gamo Total		160	971	250	1,500	410	2,471	4
Gofa	Geze Gofa	52	338	300	1,800	352	2,138	2
Gofa Total		52	338	300	1,800	352	2,138	2
Gurage	Mareko	977	5,505	4,477	25,865	5,454	31,370	18
Gurage	Misrak Meskan	1,054	5,060	4,269	21,929	5,323	26,989	10
Gurage	Cheha	21	124	120	650	141	774	1
Gurage Total		2,052	10,689	8,866	48,444	10,918	59,133	29
Hadiya	Misrak Badawacho	46	327	95	665	141	992	1
Hadiya Total		46	327	95	665	141	992	1
Konso	Segen Zuria	5,697	36,327	876	5,536	6,573	41,863	22
Konso	Karat Zuria	3,035	19,102	-	-	3,035	19,102	12
Konso	Kolme Cluster	123	1,276	-	-	123	1,276	1
Konso Total		8,855	56,705	876	5,536	9,731	62,241	35
Silti	Alicho Woriro	68	611	250	2,250	318	2,861	1
Silti Total		68	611	250	2,250	318	2,861	1
Grand Total		16,099	102,914	10,768	60,985	26,867	163,899	91

SOMALI

Zone	Woreda	Returning IDPs		Host/Receiving Community		Total HH	Total Individuals	Total Assessed Villages
		HH	Individuals	HH	Individuals			
Liben	Deka Seftu	180	1,075	-	-	180	1,075	3
Liben	Guradamole	292	1,898	80	400	372	2,298	8
Liben Total		472	2,973	80	400	552	3,373	11
Grand Total		472	2,973	80	400	552	3,373	11

SOUTH WEST ETHIOPIA PEOPLES

Zone	Woreda	Returning IDPs		Host/Receiving Community		Total HH	Total Individuals	Total Assessed Villages
		HH	Individuals	HH	Individuals			
Bench Sheko	Debub Bench	1,865	9,555	-	-	1,865	9,555	9
Bench Sheko	Shay Bench	47	224	-	-	47	224	1
Bench Sheko	Gurafareda	3,290	17,816	-	-	3,290	17,816	73
Bench Sheko Total		5,202	27,595	-	-	5,202	27,595	83
Grand Total		5,202	27,595	-	-	5,202	27,595	83

GRAND TOTAL

Zone	Returning IDPs		Host/Receiving Community		Other Population		Total HH	Total Individuals	Total Assessed Villages
	HH	Individuals	HH	Individuals	HH	Individuals			
Afar	27,337	163,204	-	-	-	-	27,337	163,204	177
Amhara	334,728	1,386,272	181,441	739,772	-	-	516,169	2,126,044	1,139
Benishangul Gumz	15,354	73,536	2,438	12,177	18	74	17,810	85,787	93
Gambella	7,252	38,281	1,707	8,591	-	-	8,959	46,872	36
Oromia	15,282	82,191	8,699	46,237	-	-	23,981	128,428	83
Sidama	2,436	10,188	-	-	-	-	2,436	10,188	14
SNNP	16,099	102,914	10,768	60,985	-	-	26,867	163,899	91
Somali	472	2,973	80	400	-	-	552	3,373	11
South West Ethiopia Peoples	5,202	27,595	-	-	-	-	5,202	27,595	83
Grand Total	424,162	1,887,154	205,133	868,162	18	74	629,313	2,755,390	1,727



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