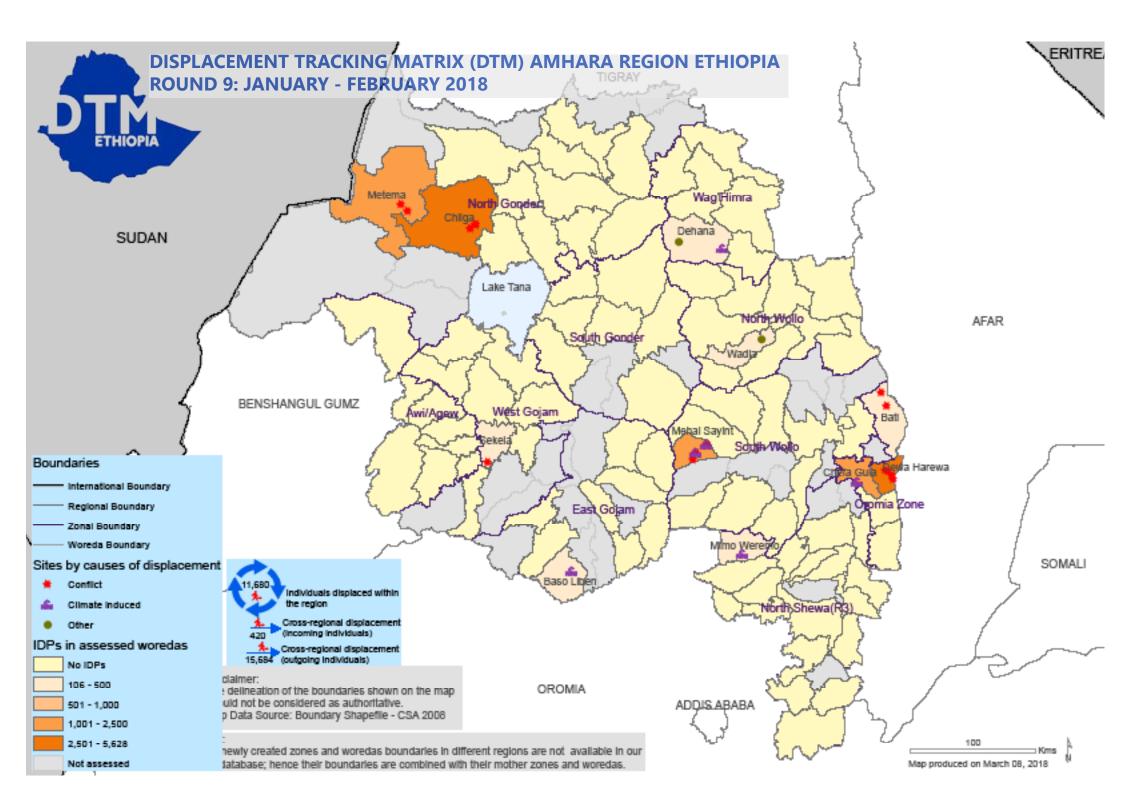


DISPLACEMENT TRACKING MATRIX (DTM) AMHARA REGION, ETHIOPIA ROUND 9: JANUARY/FEBRUARY 2018 Summary of key findings DATE OF PUBLICATION: 23 MARCH 2018





AMHARA REGION - KEY FINDINGS

LOCATION AND CAUSE OF DISPLACEMENT: 12,100

displaced individuals comprising 2,412 households in 23 displacement sites were identified in Amhara region*. These figures represent an increase of 531 in the total individuals (+4.59%) an increase of 29 households(+1.22%) and 1 site (+4.55%) since round 8 (November/December 2017). 26.09% sites opened in 2017, no sites have opened in 2018. Conflict was the primary cause of displacement for an estimated 74% of the displaced population.

DEMOGRAPHICS: 52% of displaced individuals were female and 48% were male, 57% were younger than 18 years old. 5% were over 60 years old.

SHELTER: 4 sites reported that over 25% of households were living in shelters that were below standard.

WASH: Only 3 sites meet SPHERE standards of access to over 15 liters of water per person per day. 8 (35%) displacement sites reported having no toilets.

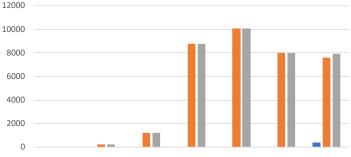
FOOD, NUTRITION AND LIVELIHOODS: 20 (87%) sites, representing 11,475 individuals, reported no access to food. 65% of sites reported that IDPs did not have access to income generating activities

HEALTH: Malaria was the primary health concern in this round of data collection with 8 sites reporting this.

EDUCATION: In 9% of sites 50% or less of the children on site are attending school. Formal primary school education is available at 23 sites. Alternative basic education (ABE) is available at 6 sites.

COMMUNICATION: 70% of sites reported that local leaders were IDPs primary source of information followed by families and friends at 22% of sites.

Figure 1 illustrates trends in stock totals of displacement in the region over time compared to recent displacement. Figure 2 shows IDP numbers dissagregated by cause over time.

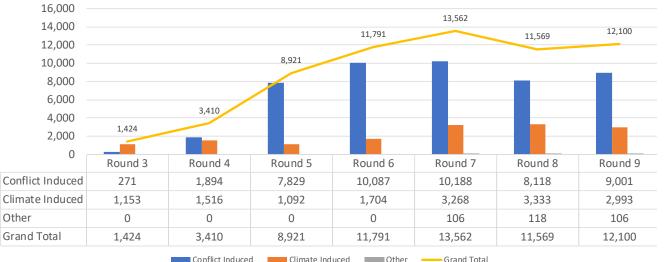


Round 3 Round 4 Round 5 Round 6 Round 7 Round 8 Round 9

Population in sites reporting new arrivals in 2018

Population in sites reporting new arrivals in 2017 Total





Conflict Induced Climate Induced Other

Figure 2: IDPs by cause of displacement by round



MOBILITY TRENDS AND CAUSE OF DISPLACEMENT

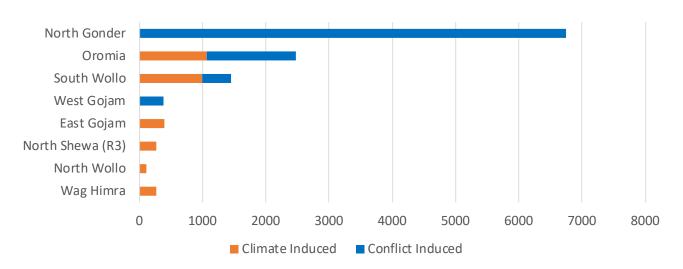
At 1 out of 24 identified sites new IDP arrivals were recorded in 2018. At 10 sites new IDP arrivals were recorded in 2017 and at the remaining 13 sites no new IDPs had arrived in 2017 or 2018.

None of the identified sites opened in 2018 but 26.09% opened between January and December 2017. The remaining 73.91% of sites opened before 2017.

Figure 3 shows the number of IDPs displaced by zone and cause of displacement. Figure 4 shows the distribution of IDPs by driver of displacement and time of displacement.

96.53% of IDPs in Amhara region are internally displaced from the region within the region. Of the IDPs displaced within Amhara region, 90.60% were displaced within their zone of origin.25% (3059) IDPs had reportedly been previously displaced.

IDPs from 3 (13%) sites were leaving the site. Of these, IDPs from 1 sites were going to the nearest village and IDPs from 2 sites intended to return to their place of origin.





		Conflict		Climate
Site start date	Total affected population	% total affected population in sites reporitng new arrivals 2017-2018	Total affected population	% total affected population in sites reporitng new arrivals 2017-2018
Before 2017	8,552	68.50%	2,450	41%
In 2017	449	100%	649	100%

Figure 4: Distribution of IDPs by cause of displacement and time of displacement



DURABLE SOLUTIONS, VOULNERABILITIES AND DEMOGRAPHICS

At 30.43% of sites IDPs foresaw a resolution to their displacement, while IDPs at 65.22% of sites did not. At the remaining sites key informants either did not know (4.35%), or were not asked the question in a previous round.

At 56.52% of sites IDPs prefer reintegration as a durable solution to their displacement while 13.04% prefer relocation and 30.43% site prefer return.

Figure 5 shows the percentage of sites reporting various obstacles to return, while figure 6 shows support IDPs need to return or reintegrate.

The demographic breakdown is shown in figure 7. Individuals with specific vulnerabilities were also reported at displacement sites and are represented in figure 8.

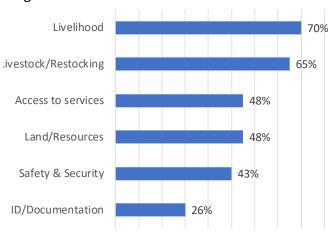
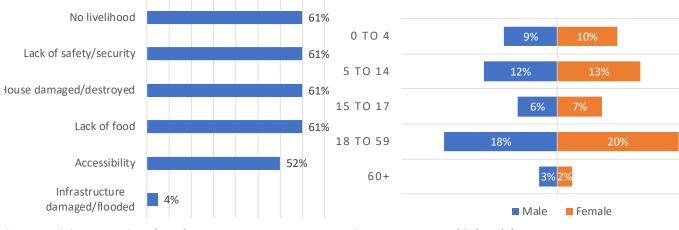


Figure 6: % Sites by support needed to return or reintegrate



Special Voulnerabilities	# Individuals
Pregnant girls # under 18	0
Pregnant Women # over 18	66
Breastfeeding Mothers #	265
Persons w/ Disabilities # under 18	18
Persons w/ Disabilities # over 18	59
Persons w/ Chronic Diseases/ Serious Medical Conditions	41
Members of religious minorities #	0
Members of ethnic minorities #	1
Elderly Persons without care givers	56
Unaccompanied Children	10
Separated Children	7
Orphaned Children	17
Single-female headed Households	173
Single-male headed Households	79
Child headed Households	0
Elderly headed Households	61

Figure 4: Voulnerable populations



Figure 7: Demographic breakdown



INCREASE	NEW
DECREASE	UNCOVERED/CLOSED
NO CHANGE	

7	M/a wa dia	Disulation and Descent		Round 9		% change in estimat-	Round 8			
Zone	Woreda	Displacement Reason	HHs	Individuals	Sites	ed # of HHs	HHs Individuals		Sites	
East Gojam	Baso Liben	Climate Induced	78	390	1	NO CHANGE	78	391	1	
East Gojam Total			78	390	1	NO CHANGE	78	391	1	
North Gonder	Chilga	Conflict	25	127	1	NO CHANGE	25	125	1	
North Gonder	Chilga City Administration	Conflict	1,100	5,501	2	NO CHANGE	1,100	5,499	2	
North Gonder	Metema	Conflict	224	1,123	2	NO CHANGE	224	1,122	2	
North Gonder Total			1,349	6,751	5	NO CHANGE	1,349	6,746	5	
North Shewa (R3)	Mimo Weremo	Climate Induced	49	270	1	NO CHANGE	49	266	1	
North Shewa (R3) Total			49	270	1	NO CHANGE	49	266	1	
North Wollo	Gazo	Other	22	106	1	-8.33%	24	. 118	1	
North Wollo Total			22	106	1	-8.33%	24	118	1	
Oromia	Bati	Conflict	81	. 449	2	+58.82%	51	299	1	
Oromia	Dewa Cheffa	Climate Induced	-	· -	-	UNCOVERED/CLOSED	42	229	1	
Oromia	Dewa Harewa	Conflict	175	964	4	+45.83%	120	689	3	
Oromia	Kemissie City Administration	Climate Induced	212	1,060	1	+43.24%	148	865	1	
Oromia Total			468	2,473	7	+29.64%	361	2,082	6	
South Wollo	Kalu	Climate Induced	-	· -	-	UNCOVERED/CLOSED	40	178	1	
South Wollo	Mehal Sayint	Climate Induced	200	1,000	2	-45.95%	370	1,229	5	
South Wollo	Mehal Sayint	Conflict	113	452	3	NEW	-	-	-	
South Wollo Total			313	1,452	5	-23.66%	410	1,407	6	
Wag Himra	Dehana	Climate Induced	35	5 176	1	NO CHANGE	35	175	1	
Wag Himra	Dehana	Other	21	. 97	1	NEW	-		-	



Zone	\M/e ve de	Disale server because		Round 9		% change in estimated	Round 8			
	Woreda	Displacement Reason	HHs	Individuals	Sites	# of HHs	HHs	Individuals	Sites	
West Gojam	Sekela	Conflict	77	385	1	NO CHANGE	77	384	1	
West Gojam Total		77	77 385 1		NO CHANGE	77	384	1		
Climate Induced Su	m		574	2,896	6	-24.67%	762	3,333	11	
Conflict Sum			1,795	9,001	15	+12.40%	1,597	8,118	10	
Other Sum		43	203	2	+79.17%	24	118	1		
Grand Total		2,412 12,100 23		+1.22%	2,383	11,569	22			



ABOUT DTM

DTM GLOBAL

The Displacement Tracking Matrix (DTM) is a system to track and monitor displacement and population mobility. It is designed to regularly and systematically capture, process and disseminate information to provide a better understanding of the movements and evolving needs of displaced populations, whether on site or en route. More information is available at www.globaldtm.info.

DTM IN ETHIOPIA

In Ethiopia, data is collected at zone, woreda and site level. Since September 2016, nine rounds of assessments have been completed. The DTM programme is implemented in close collaboration with the National Disaster Risk Management Commission, regional, zonal and woreda counterparts and DTMs implementing partner, the Danish Refugee Council (DRC).

METHODOLOGY

IOM's DTM team composed of enumerators from IOM and DRC were deployed across the country to collect the data. The process involved the following steps:

Zone level: Interviews with key informants from

(DPPO), community representatives, and the education and health offices collect Information the site. including (among others) estimated caseload of displaced population, identification of woredas within the zone that host displaced populations, reason for displacement, time of arrival of IDPs and location of origin.

Woreda level: Information is collected from key woreda informants and includes (among others) estimated length of stay, number of displaced households and individuals at woreda level, displaced population by type of temporary settlements and approximate locations of identifiable displacement sites. The information is used to plan site assessments.

Site assessments: In-depth IDP site assessments capture detailed information through key informant interviews, direct observation and focus group discussions with male, female, elderly, children and IDP representatives. Data on available services by sector, accessibility constraints, exact type, location and name of the site, place of origin of IDPs, estimated size and type of the site and most common type of shelter are captured. Age and gender disaggregation for the site is extrapolated using a demographic calculator

the Disaster Prevention and Preparedness Office tool based on the age range and sex of the household members of 20 randomly selected households from

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Ms. Nikki Herwanger **DTM** Information Management Officer - IOM Ethiopia nherwanger@iom.int



Schweizerische Eidgenossenschaft Confédération suisse Confederazione Svizzera Confederaziun svizra

Humanitarian Aid and Civil Protection

Swiss Agency for Development and Cooperation SDC





				The	e UN Migration Age	ncy						
ANNEX I : INTERNA	AL DISPLACEMENTS IN A	MHARA RE	GION AS OF FEI	BRUARY 2018								
Zone	Woreda	Sex	Age Groups					Total	HHs	Site Open Date Cause	Cause	Duration
20110	woreda	Jex	Infants (0-4 y)	Children (5-14 y)	Youth (15-17 y)	Adults (18-59 y)	Elderly (60 +y)	TOtal	11115	Site Open Date	Cause	Duration
East Gojam E	Baso Liben	Male	24	37	20	115	5	201	78	25-Oct-14	Landslide	Before 202
East Gojam E	Baso Liben	Female	41	33	12	98	5	189	78	25-001-14	Lanusilue	Belore 20.
East Gojam Total		65	70	32	213	10	390	78				
North Gonder 0	Chilga	Male	11	15	14	18	5	63	25	15-Dec-15	Conflict	Before 202
North Gonder 0	Chilga	Female	7	10	14	29	4	64	25	13-Dec-13	Connict	before 20.
North Gonder 0	Chilga City Administration	Male	432	610	351	909	206	2,508	1,100	11-Dec-15	Conflict	Before 20
North Gonder 0	Chilga City Administration	Female	598	743	540	979	133	2,993	1,100	11-Dec-15	Connict	Defute 20
North Gonder N	Vetema	Male	10	13	6	26	5	60	24	16-Dec-15	Conflict	Before 20
North Gonder N	Vetema	Female	14	11	5	26	5	61	24	10-Dec-15	Connict	before 20
North Gonder N	Vetema	Male	100	63	75	213	25	476	200	17 Dec 15	Conflict	Defere 20
North Gonder M	Vetema	Female	75	88	88	250	25	526	200	17-Dec-15	Conflict	Before 201
North Gonder Total			1,247	1,553	1,093	2,450	408	6,751	1,349			
North Shewa (R3)	Vimo Weremo	Male	30	20	23	61	16	150		12 4 - 17	Les dellate	D
North Shewa (R3)	Vimo Weremo	Female	19	19	20	57	5	120	49	12-Aug-17	Landslide	During 20
North Shewa (R3) Total			49	39	43	118	21	270	49			
North Wollo	Gazo	Male	8	6	7	21	4	46			011	- ·
North Wollo	Gazo	Female	9	12	8	27	4	60	22	04-Aug-17	Other	During 20
North Wollo Total			17	18	15	48	8	106	22			
Dromia E	Bati	Male	24	48	12	55	3	142			- G	
Dromia E	Bati	Female	36	33	9	64	15	157	51	22-Apr-17	Conflict	During 20
Dromia E	Bati	Male	20	21	6	31	1	79			- <u>-</u>	
	Bati	Female	14	23	3	26	5	71	30	12-Dec-17	Conflict	During 20
	Dewa Harewa	Male	25	42	12	34	2	115				
Dromia [Dewa Harewa	Female	14	52	7	37	-	110	35	15-Feb-92	Conflict	Before 20
	Dewa Harewa	Male	14	29	2	26	5	76				
	Dewa Harewa	Female	17	36	3	29	3	88		15-Jan-01	Conflict	Before 20
	Dewa Harewa	Male	30	60	8	46	5	149				
	Dewa Harewa	Female	20	68	8	50	5	151	52	15-Jan-04	Conflict	Before 20
	Dewa Harewa	Male	31	43	19	46	15	154				
	Dewa Harewa	Female	19	22	12	56	12	121	55	01-Jan-09	Conflict	Before 20
	Kemissie City Administration	Male	113	178	64	162	9	526				
	Kemissie City Administration	Female	97	218	39	162	18	534	212	28-Apr-16	Seasonal Flood	Before 2017
Dromia Total		1. 5.1.5.5	474	873	204	824	98	2,473	468		11	
	Mehal Sayint	Male	18	33	25	41	8	125				
	Mehal Sayint	Female	23	25	18	51	8	125	50	17-Jul-05	Drought	Before 20
	Vienal Sayint	Male	11	5	-	27	1	44				
	Vehal Sayint	Female	4	9	5		-	48	23	01-Jan-06	Conflict	Before 20
	Mehal Sayint	Male	10	6	6		4	56				
	Mehal Sayint	Female	10	15	4	32	3	64	30	15-Aug-16	Conflict	Before 20
	Mehal Sayint	Male	15	25	7	65	8	120				
	Vehal Sayint	Female	13	25	7	62	8	120	60	01-Sep-16	Conflict	Before 20
	Mehal Sayint	Male	54	92	84	122	23	375				Before 201
	Mehal Sayint	Female	76	76	53	153	17	375	150	01-Nov-16	Drought	
outh Wollo Total	viciiai Jayiiit	remale	239	311	209	613	80	1,452	313			
	Dehana	Male	16	21	8	31	80	1,452 84	513			
•	Denana	Female	16	21	5		8	92	35	13-Jul-17	Landslide	During 20
Wag Himra [Jelialia	remaie	16	25	5	37	9	92				



The off Highwood Agency												
ANNEX I : INTERNAL DISPLACEMENTS IN AMHARA REGION AS OF FEBRUARY 2018												
Zone	Woreda	Sex		Age Groups					HHs	Site Open Date	Cause	Duration
20116	Woreda	Jex	Infants (0-4 y)	Children (5-14 y)	Youth (15-17 y)	Adults (18-59 y)	Elderly (60 +y)	Total	1115	Site Open Date	cause	Duration
Wag Himra	Dehana	Male	4	13	8	21	-	46	21	25-Dec-17	Fire	During 2017
Wag Himra	Dehana	Female	6	20	9	14	2	51	21	23-Det-17	File	
Wag Himra Total			42	79	30	103	19	273	56			
West Gojam	Sekela	Male	36	52	10	98	-	196	77	28-Sep-09	Conflict	Before 2017
West Gojam	Sekela	Female	31	59	6	93	-	189	//	26-3ep-09	Conflict	Derore 2017
West Gojam Total			67	111	16	191	-	385	77			
Grand Total			2,200	3,054	1,642	4,560	644	12,100	2,412			

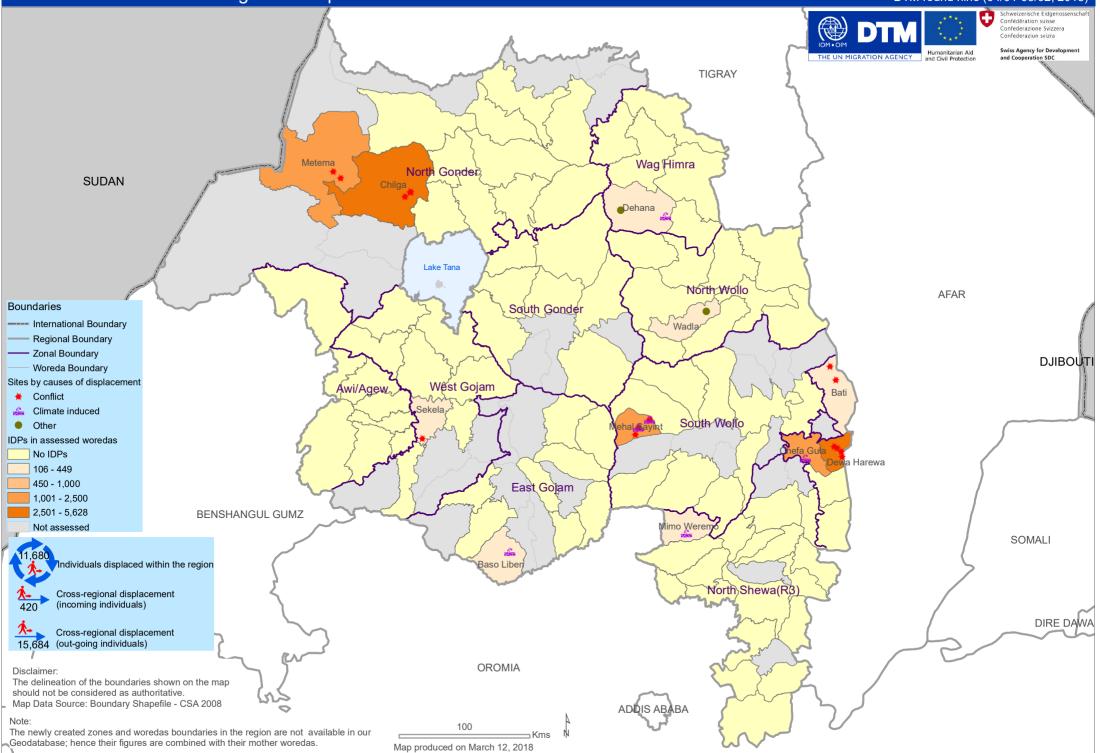
Disclaimer: Age and gender disaggregation for the site is extrapolated using a demographic calculator tool based on the age range and sex of the household members of 20 randomly selected households from the site.

Displacement Tracking Matrix (DTM) conducted in collaboration with Danish Refugee Council (DRC)

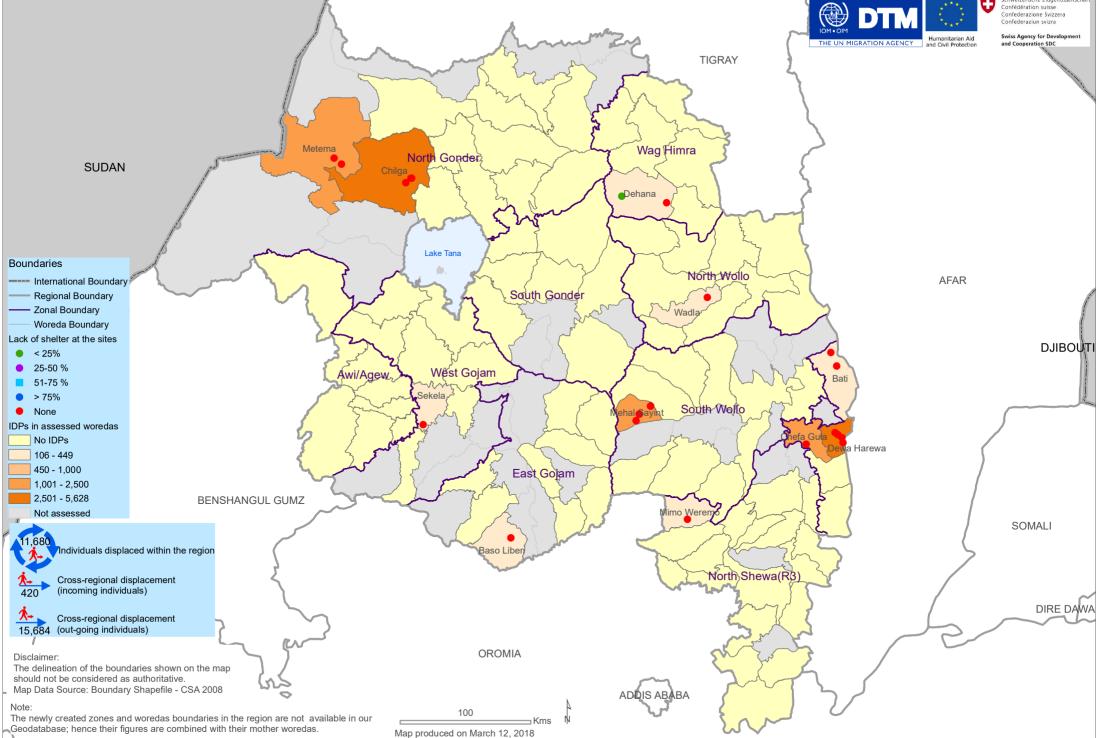


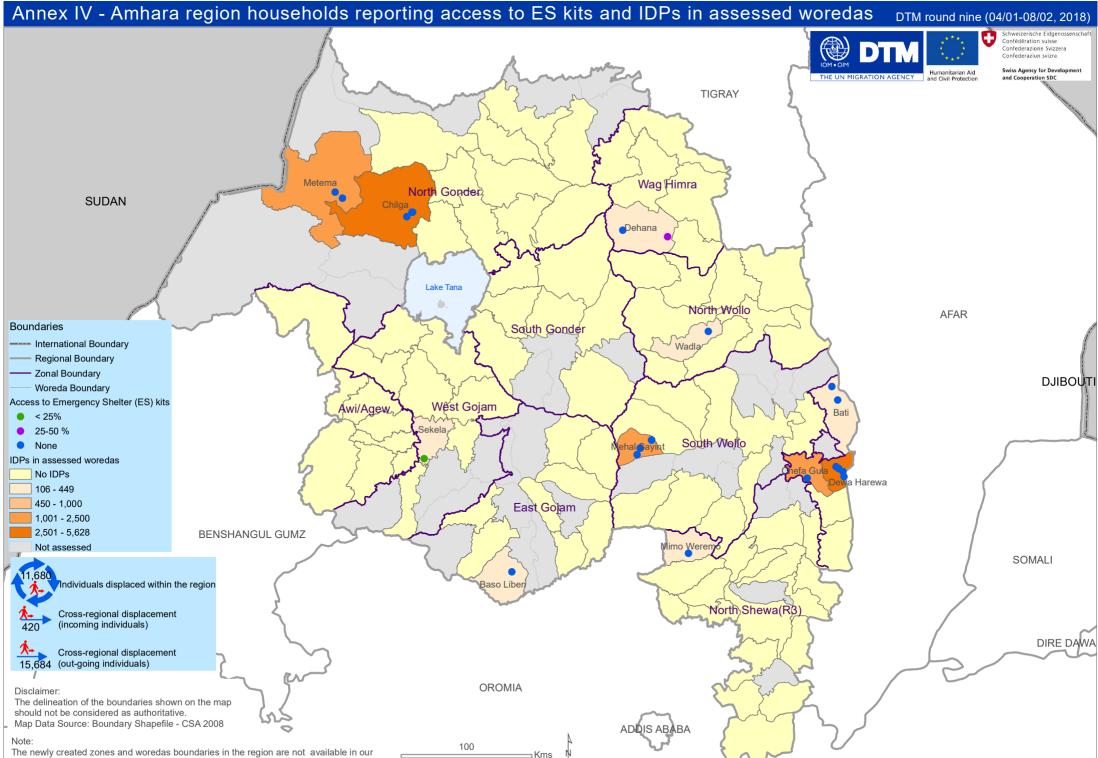
The opinions expressed in this report are those of the authors and do not necessarily reflect the views of the Office of United States Foreign Disaster Assistance.

Annex II - Amhara region displacement causes and IDPs in assessed woredas DTM round nine (04/01-08/02, 2018)



Annex III - Amhara region households reporting lack of shelter at the sites and IDPs in assessed woredas DTM round nine (04/01-08/02, 2018)

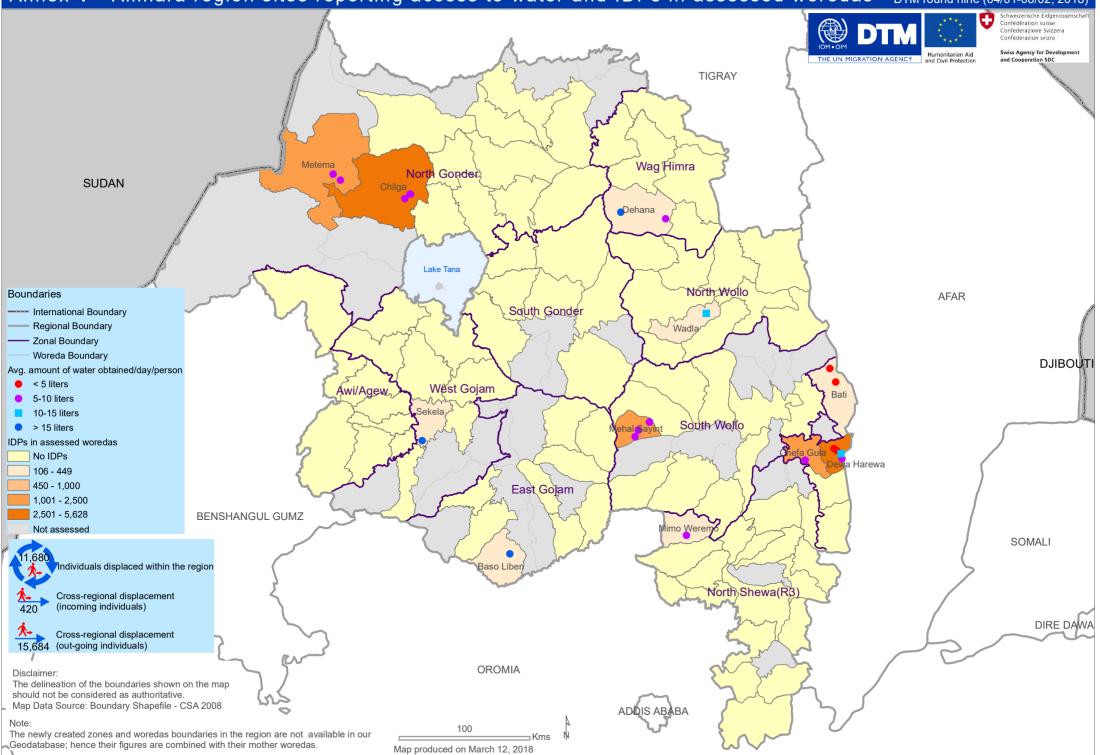




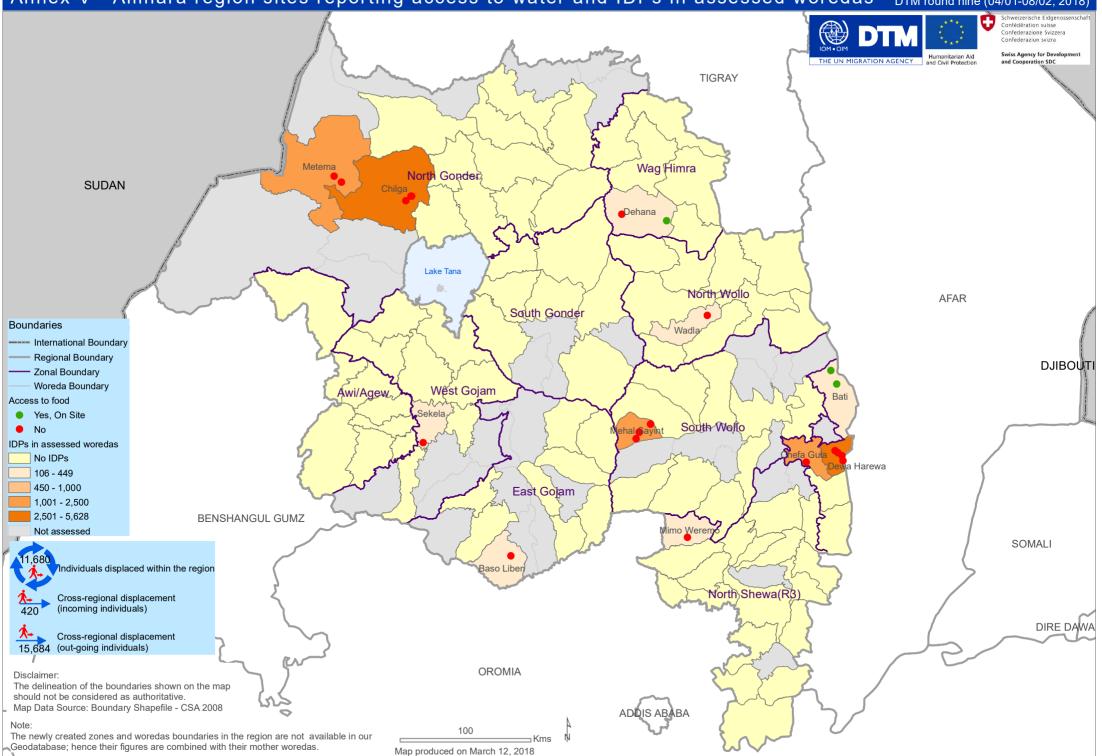
Geodatabase; hence their figures are combined with their mother woredas.

Map produced on March 08, 2018

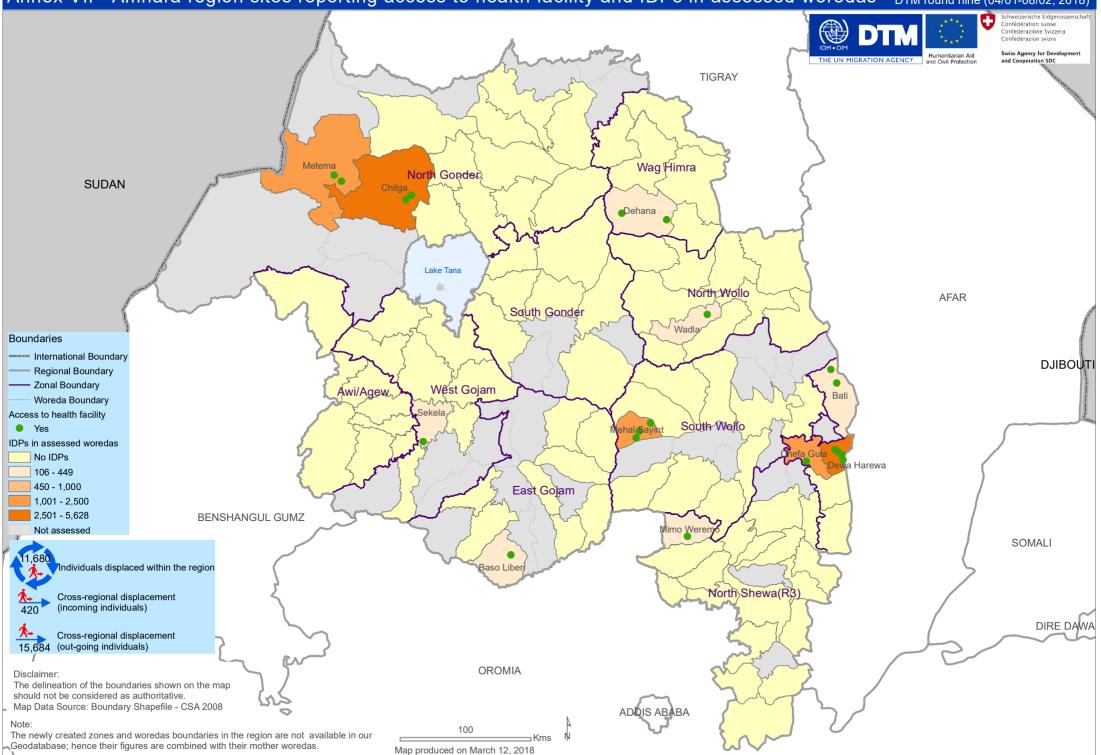
Annex V - Amhara region sites reporting access to water and IDPs in assessed woredas DTM round nine (04/01-08/02, 2018)



Annex V - Amhara region sites reporting access to water and IDPs in assessed woredas DTM round nine (04/01-08/02, 2018)



Annex VII - Amhara region sites reporting access to health facility and IDPs in assessed woredas DTM round nine (04/01-08/02, 2018)



Annex VIII - Amhara region sites reporting access to ABE and IDPs in assessed woredas DTM round nine (04/01-08/02, 2018)

