



# TROPICAL CYCLONE IDAI RESPONSE BASELINE ASSESSMENT — ROUND 4 MANICALAND AND MASVINGO PROVINCES, JULY 2020



Interview with key Informants from Ward 16 in Gutu District. @ IOM July 2020

# **BACKGROUND**

Tropical Cyclone Idai made landfall in Zimbabwe on 15 March 2019, the country experienced floods and sustained heavy rains caused by the weather system. From the 29th of June 2020 to the 13th of July 2020, IOM, in close coordination with the Government of Zimbabwe (GoZ) and various District Civil Protection Units (DCPU), conducted the Displacement Tracking Matrix (DTM) Baseline Assessment in two provinces which were heavily affected by the cyclone, Manicaland and Masvingo.

This report provides an analysis of priority needs of the Cyclone Idai affected communities to inform the targeting and design of future humanitarian programming.

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# **SUMMARY**

From the 29th of June to the 13th of July 2020, IOM DTM carried out a baseline assessment in 12 districts affected by Cyclone Idai in Manicaland and Masvingo provinces to monitor and track the locations and priority needs of the affected populations. A total of 60 enumerators were engaged and carried out assessments in 269 of the targeted 272 wards.

Overall, there is still **35,166** individuals displaced due to cyclone Idai, with the majority having returned to their original homes and in most cases living in makeshift structures. An estimated **7,667** homes were completely destroyed, while **25,190** homes were partially destroyed. In total **6,782** households are reported to be still in need of shelter support, with only **3,643** having received emergency shelter support since the cyclone made its landfall in Zimbabwe.

Baseline assessments were done at ward level through focus group discussions with key informants at the ward centres in coordination with the Department of Civil Protection. Enumerators were identified at district level and trained to carry out data collection. Gender mainstreaming was implemented throughout the whole assessment from enumerator selection and training to information gathering. The enumerators were encouraged to have a gender balanced composition amongst the key informants, in order to capture the needs and concerns from different gender perspectives.

This report presents descriptive analysis through province and district profiles and summary statistics, including an analysis of sector-wide needs, such as shelter, non-food items, water, sanitation and education.



College of pictures through the Baseline Survey exercises from enumerator training to interviews with key informants. @IOM J-uly 2020

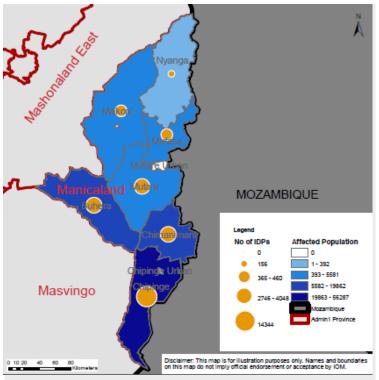


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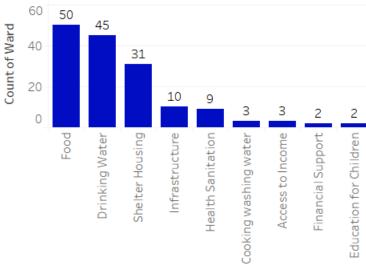


## **MANICALAND PROVINCE**



This round of Baseline Survey covered 155 Wards from the seven Cyclone Idai affected Districts in Manicaland Province.

Manicaland Province Priority Needs



The first urgent need in the province as reported by 50 wards across the province was food (32%), followed by drinking water reported by 45 wards (29%), shelter/housing reported by 31 wards (20%). The relative gap reflects urgent need for food, water and shelter assistance.

# Highlights



106,502 affected population



25,517 IDPs from 6,541 households 10,058 males and 15,459 females



22,201 returnees from 4,319 households



4,799 totally destroyed homes



13,594 partially destroyed homes



3,646 households need shelter support 3,035 households received shelter support



1,588 individuals from 323 households live in host communities across 166 locations, and 185 households, 859 individuals live in camps.

# **Number of Damaged Facilities**



205 Schools



29 Health Facilities



137 Water Springs



162 Bridges



25 Dip tanks



96 Roads



18 Public buildings

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# **TABLE - MANICALAND**

# SUMMARY STATISTICS BY DISTRICT, DTM BASELINE WARD ASSESSMENTS (JULY 2020)

	Location		Af	fected Pop	ulation & Sl	nelter Stati	ıs		In	ternally Dis	placed Per	sond (IDPs)		
Province	District	Wards	Affected Population	Totally Destroyed Homes	Partially Destroyed Homes	still need	HHs who received shelter support	Total IDPs	Male IDPs	Female IDPs	IDP HHs in Formal Camps	IDP Ind in Formal Camps	IDP HHs in HC	IDP in
Manicaland	Buhera	32	19,862	1,877	4,150	635	1,032	2,746	1,229	1,517	-	-	156	807
Manicaland	Chimanimani	16	19,438	1,118	2,416	719	950	4,048	1,639	2,409	185	859	39	156
Manicaland	Chipinge	21	56,287	1,287	5,236	1,473	919	14,344	5,580	8,764	-	-	5	20
Manicaland	Makoni	13	4,072	82	1,006	76	17	460	158	302	-	-	32	157
Manicaland	Mutare	29	5,581	318	616	628	94	3,398	1,223	2,175	-	-	84	420
Manicaland	Mutasa	23	870	85	111	84	20	365	153	212	-	-	5	23
Manicaland	Nyanga	21	392	32	59	31	3	156	76	80	-	-	2	5
Manical	land Total	155	106,502	4,799	13,594	3,646	3,035	25,517	10,058	15,459	185	859	323	1,588
Masvingo	Bikita	31	49,541	926	4,799	1,021	237	6,538	2,571	3,967	-	-	419	2,089
Masvingo	Chiredzi	11	3,072	92	265	217	12	1,543	572	971	-	-	36	170
Masvingo	Gutu	32	10,607	680	5,372	1,384	326	1,066	386	680	-	-	24	94
Masvingo	Masvingo	22	3,393	1,089	654	129	18	98	35	63	-	-	12	97
Masvingo	Zaka	19	2,781	81	506	385	15	404	165	239	-	-	37	187
Masvir	ngo Total	115	69,394	2,868	11,596	3,136	608	9,649	3,729	5,920	-	-	528	2,637

Location Returnees					Damaged Infrastructure							
						Damaged		Damaged		Damaged		
			Returnee	Returnee	Damaged	Health	Damaged	Public	Damaged	Water	Damaged	
Province	District	Wards	HHs	Indv	Schools	Facilities	Bridges	buildings	Boreholes	Springs	Dip Tanks	
Manicaland	Buhera	32	775	4,392	71	6	23	7	41	-	6	
Manicaland	Chimanimani	16	691	4,241	25	2	39	3	19	18	2	
Manicaland	Chipinge	21	2,092	10,577	58	15	34	2	43	95	8	
Manicaland	Makoni	13	331	857	15	1	12	-	-	-	4	
Manicaland	Mutare	29	274	1,371	19	3	32	1	24	10	4	
Manicaland	Mutasa	23	151	749	9	2	11	3	8	-	-	
Manicaland	Nyanga	21	5	14	8	-	11	2	-	14	1	
Manical	and Total	155	4,319	22,201	205	29	162	18	135	137	25	
Masvingo	Bikita	31	842	4,210	37	1	49	4	49	-	6	
Masvingo	Chiredzi	11	40	200	13	-	34	3	19	-	2	
Masvingo	Gutu	32	188	945	45	1	10	2	20	-	2	
Masvingo	Masvingo	22	4	20	35	6	42	5	24	20	15	
Masvingo	Zaka	19	409	2,126	35	1	24	9	18	7	3	
Masvir	ngo Total	115	1,483	7,501	165	9	159	23	130	27	28	



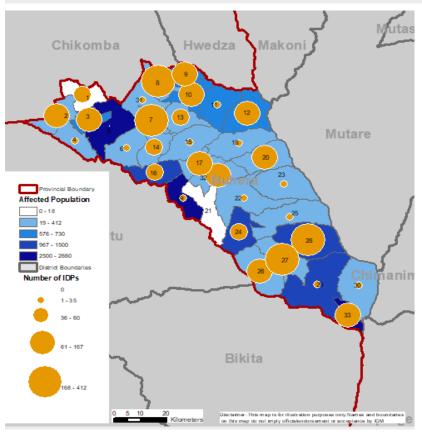




### **BUHERA DISTRICT**

### 32 WARDS ASSESSED

## MANICALAND PROVINCE





19,862 affected population



4,150 partially destroyed homes



1,877 totally destroyed homes



635 households need shelter support1,032 households received shelter support



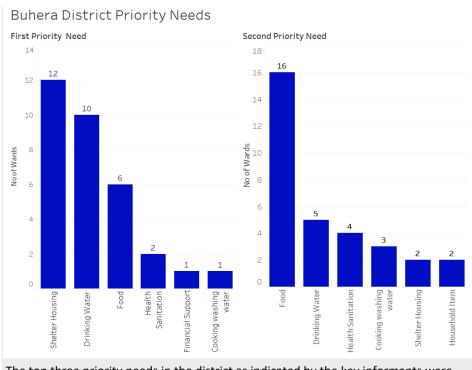
IDP presence in **31** wards **2,746** IDPs from **603** households **1,229** males and **1,517** females



Returnees are present in 21 wards 4,392 returnees from 775 households



**1,588** individuals from **323** households live in host communities across **166** locations



The top three priority needs in the district as indicated by the key informants were shelter/housing, food and health sanitation.

Damaged Facility	Number of wards with damaged facilities	Number of damaged facilities
<u>95</u>	<b>27</b> Wards	<b>71</b> Schools
	<b>6</b> Wards	<b>6</b> Health Facilities
0	<b>15</b> Wards	<b>23</b> Bridges
01	<b>22</b> Wards	<b>60</b> Roads
9	<b>3</b> Wards	<b>7</b> Public Buildings
Ť.	<b>10</b> Wards	<b>41</b> Boreholes <b>6</b> Deeptanks

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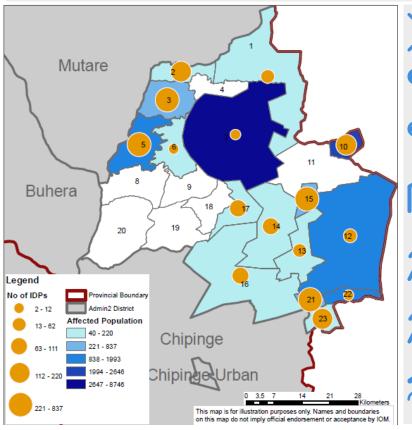




# **CHIMANIMANI DISTRICT**

### 16 WARDS ASSESSED

### MANICALAND PROVINCE



19,438 affected population

2,416 partially destroyed homes

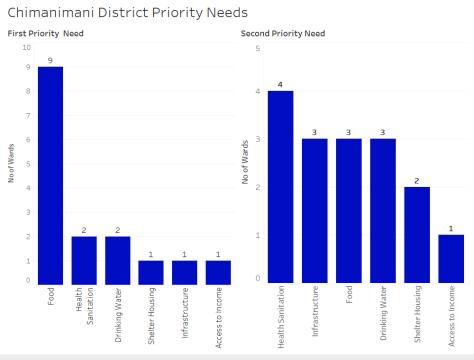
1,118 totally destroyed homes

719 households need shelter support950 households received shelter support

IDP presence in 15 wards 4,048 IDPs from 1,667 households 1,639 males and 2,409 females

Returnees are present in 13 wards 4,241 returnees from 691 households

156 individuals from 39 households live in host communities across 10 locations, and 185 households, 859 individuals live in camps



The top three priority needs in the district as indicated by the key informants were food, health and sanitation, and shelter/housing.

Damaged Facility	Number of wards with damaged facilities	Number of damaged facilities		
	<b>10</b> Wards	<b>25</b> Schools		
	<b>5</b> Wards	<b>455</b> Health Facilities		
0	<b>11</b> Wards	<b>39</b> Bridges		
	<b>15</b> Wards	<b>32</b> Roads		
9	2 Wards	<b>3</b> Public Buildings		
F	<b>10</b> Wards	19 Borehole 18 Water Springs 2 Dip Tanks		

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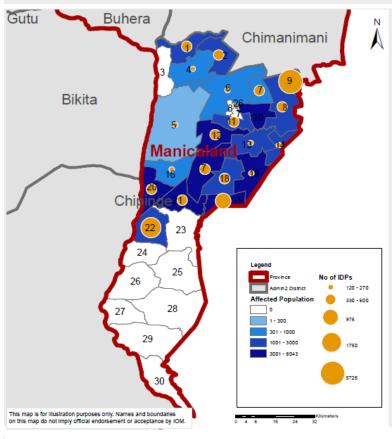




# **CHIPINGE DISTRICT**

### 21 WARDS ASSESSED

### MANICALAND PROVINCE





56,287 affected population



5,236 partially destroyed homes



1,287 totally destroyed homes



1,473 households need shelter support919 households received shelter support



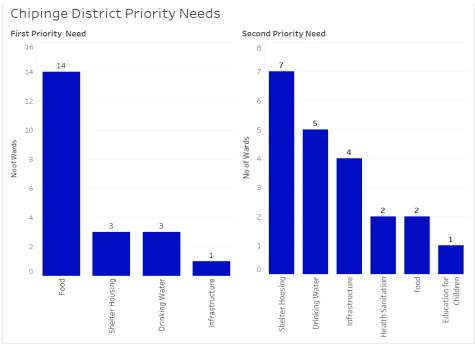
IDP presence in 20 wards 14,344 IDPs from 3,314 households 5,580 males and 8,764 females



Returnees are present in 19 wards 10,577 returnees from 2,092 households



20 individuals from 5 households live in host communities across 5 locations



The top three priority needs in the district as indicated by the key informants were food, shelter/housing, and drinking water since most of the water sources were affected by the cyclone.

Damaged Facility	Number of wards with damaged facilities	Number of damaged facilities		
95	<b>18</b> Wards	<b>58</b> Schools		
•	<b>11</b> Wards	<b>15</b> Health Facilities		
9	<b>11</b> Wards	<b>34</b> Bridges		
	<b>20</b> Wards	<b>72</b> Roads		
	<b>1</b> Wards	2 Public Buildings		
H	<b>9</b> Wards	43 Borehole 95 Water Springs 8 Dip Tanks		

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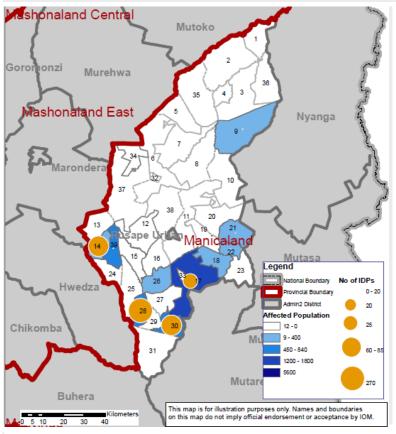




# **MAKONI DISTRICT**

### 13 WARDS ASSESSED

### MANICALAND PROVINCE



**\** 

4,072 affected population



1,006 partially destroyed homes



82 totally destroyed homes



76 households need shelter support

17 households received shelter support



IDP presence in **5** wards **460** IDPs from **156** households

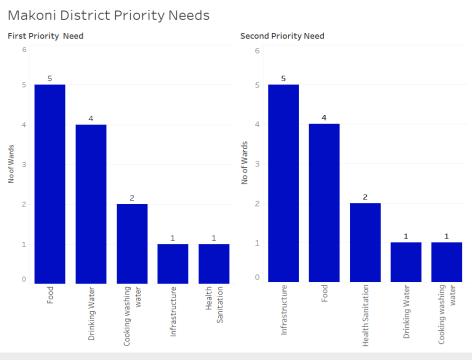
158 males and 302 females



Returnees are present in 10 wards 857 returnees from 331 households



157 individuals from 32 households live in host communities across 16 locations in 4 wards



The top priority needs in the district as indicated by the key informants were food and infrastructure development.

Damaged Facility	Number of wards with damaged facilities	Number of damaged facilities
	<b>6</b> Wards	<b>15</b> Schools
	<b>1</b> Wards	<b>1</b> Health Facilities
0	<b>5</b> Wards	<b>12</b> Bridges
0	<b>8</b> Wards	<b>25</b> Roads
9.11	<b>0</b> Wards	<b>0</b> Public Buildings
H	<b>4</b> Wards	<ul><li>0 Borehole</li><li>0 Water Springs</li><li>4 Dip Tanks</li></ul>

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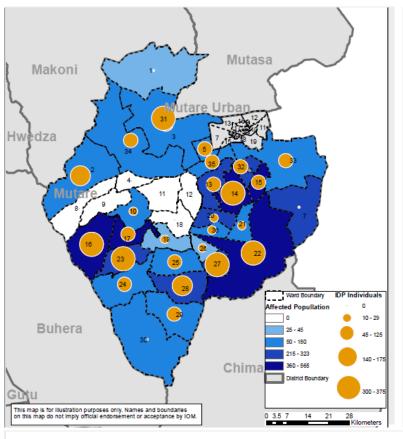




# **MUTARE DISTRICT**

### 29 WARDS ASSESSED

# MANICALAND PROVINCE





5,581 affected population



616 partially destroyed homes



318 totally destroyed homes



628 households need shelter support

94 households received shelter support



IDP presence in 26 wards 3,398 IDPs from 695 households 1,223 males and 2,175 females



Returnees are present in 20 wards 1,371 returnees from 274 households



**420** individuals from **84** households live in host communities across **46** locations in **15** wards

# 

The top priority needs in the district as indicated by the key informants was shelter/housing, followed by food and health and sanitation

Damaged Facility	Number of wards with damaged facilities	Number of damaged facilities
<u> </u>	<b>9</b> Wards	<b>19</b> Schools
0	<b>1</b> Wards	3 Health Facilities
0	<b>13</b> Wards	<b>32</b> Bridges
0	<b>12</b> Wards	<b>31</b> Roads
911	<b>1</b> Wards	<b>1</b> Public Buildings
H	<b>4</b> Wards	24 Borehole 10 Water Springs 4 Dip Tanks

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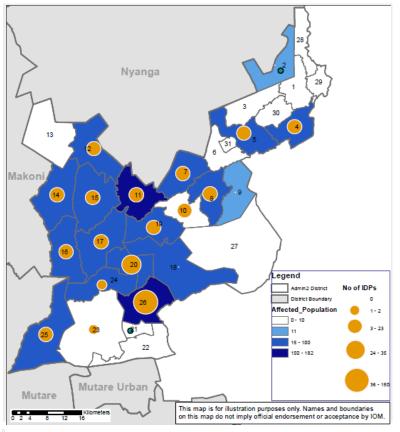




# **MUTASA DISTRICT**

### 23 WARDS ASSESSED

# MANICALAND PROVINCE





870 affected population



111 partially destroyed homes



85 totally destroyed homes



84 households need shelter support20 households received shelter support



IDP presence in 17 wards 365 IDPs from 73 households 153 males and 212 females



Returnees are present in **9 wards 749** returnees from **151** households



23 individuals from 5 households live in host communities across 4 locations in 3 wards

# Mutasa District Priority Need Second Priority Need First Priority Need Sanitation Health Sanitation Drinking Water Fload from Priority Need Access to Income Float to In

The top priority needs in the district as indicated by the key informants was drinking water, followed by infrastructure.

Damaged Facility	Number of wards with damaged facilities	Number of damaged facilities
<b>95</b>	<b>5</b> Wards	<b>9</b> Schools
•	<b>2</b> Wards	2 Health Facilities
<b>0</b>	<b>8</b> Wards	<b>11</b> Bridges
91	<b>0</b> Wards	<b>0</b> Roads
911	<b>3</b> Wards	3 Public Buildings
H	<b>1</b> Wards	<b>8</b> Boreholes

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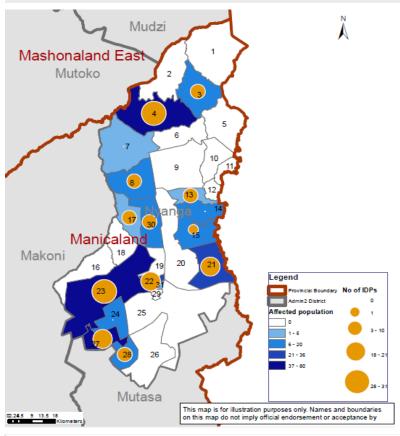




# **NYANGA DISTRICT**

### 21 WARDS ASSESSED

# MANICALAND PROVINCE





392 affected population



59 partially destroyed homes



32 totally destroyed homes



31 households need shelter support

3 households received shelter support



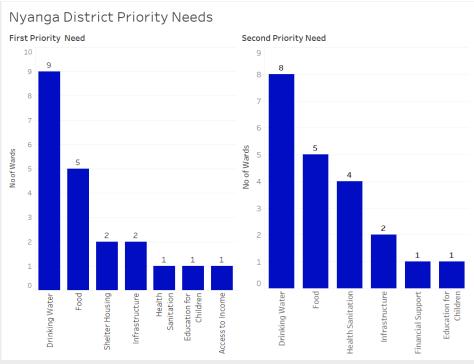
IDP presence in 12 wards 156 IDPs from 33 households 76 males and 80 females



Returnees are present in 4 wards 14 returnees from 5 households



5 individuals from 2 households live in host communities across 2 locations in 2 wards



The top priority need in the district as indicated by the key informants was drinking water, followed by food and infrastructure.

Damaged Facility	Number of wards with damaged facilities	Number of damaged facilities
	<b>7</b> Wards	<b>8</b> Schools
0	<b>0</b> Wards	<b>0</b> Health Facilities
0	<b>7</b> Wards	<b>11</b> Bridges
	<b>18</b> Wards	<b>22</b> Roads
	<b>2</b> Wards	2 Public Buildings
£.	<b>4</b> Wards	14 Water Springs 1 Dip Tank

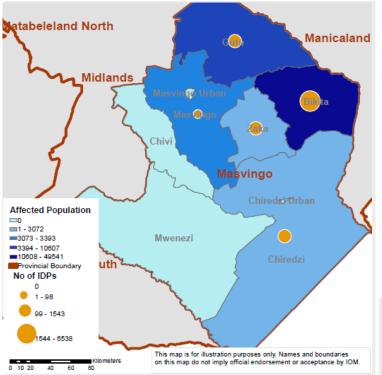
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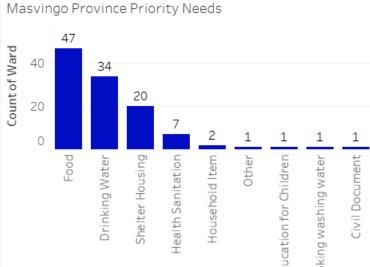




# **MASVINGO PROVINCE**



The Map above shows 5 Districts affected by Cyclone Idai in Masvingo Province.



The first urgent need in the province as reported by 47 wards across the province was food (41%), followed by drinking water reported by 34 wards (30%), shelter/housing reported by 20 wards (18%). The relative gap in the needs calls for more urgent need for food, water and shelter relief.

### **Highlights**



69,394 affected population



9,649 IDPs from 1,969 households 3,729 males and 5,920 females



7,501 returnees from 1,483 households



2,868 totally destroyed homes



11,596 partially destroyed homes



3,136 households need shelter support 608 households received shelter support



2,637 individuals from 528 households live in host communities across 150 locations.

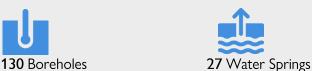
# **Number of damaged facilities**



165 Schools



9 Health Facilities





28 Dip tanks

159 Bridges



0 Roads



23 Public buildings

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# **TABLE - MASVINGO PROVINCE**

# **SUMMARY STATISTICS BY DISTRICT, DTM BASELINE WARD ASSESSMENTS (JULY 2020)**

Location Affected Population & Shelter St					helter Stati	er Status Internally Displaced Persond (IDPs)								
Province	District	Wards	Affected Population		Partially Destroyed Homes	still need	HHs who received shelter support	Total IDPs in Ward	Male IDPs	Female IDPs	IDP HHs in Formal Camps	IDP Ind in Formal Camps	IDP HHs in HC	IDP in HC
Manicaland	Buhera	32	19,862	1,877	4,150	635	1,032	2,746	1,229	1,517	-	-	156	807
Manicaland	Chimanimani	16	19,438	1,118	2,416	719	950	4,048	1,639	2,409	185	859	39	156
Manicaland	Chipinge	21	56,287	1,287	5,236	1,473	919	14,344	5,580	8,764	-	-	5	20
Manicaland	Makoni	13	4,072	82	1,006	76	17	460	158	302	-	-	32	157
Manicaland	Mutare	29	5,581	318	616	628	94	3,398	1,223	2,175	-	-	84	420
Manicaland	Mutasa	23	870	85	111	84	20	365	153	212	-	-	5	23
Manicaland	Nyanga	21	392	32	59	31	3	156	76	80	-	-	2	5
Manica	land Total	155	106,502	4,799	13,594	3,646	3,035	25,517	10,058	15,459	185	859	323	1,588
Masvingo	Bikita	31	49,541	926	4,799	1,021	237	6,538	2,571	3,967	-	-	419	2,089
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Masvii	ngo Total	115	69,394	2,868	11,596	3,136	608	9,649	3,729	5,920	-	-	528	2,637

	Location		Retui	rnees	Damaged Infrastructure						
Province	District	Wards	Returnee HHs	Returnee Indv	Damaged Schools	Damaged Health Facilities	Damaged Bridges	Damaged Public buildings	Damaged Boreholes	Damaged Water Springs	Damaged Dip Tanks
Manicaland	Buhera	32	775	4,392	71	6	23	7	41	-	6
Manicaland	Chimanimani	16	691	4,241	25	2	39	3	19	18	2
Manicaland	Chipinge	21	2,092	10,577	58	15	34	2	43	95	8
Manicaland	Makoni	13	331	857	15	1	12	-	-	-	4
Manicaland	Mutare	29	274	1,371	19	3	32	1	24	10	4
Manicaland	Mutasa	23	151	749	9	2	11	3	8	-	-
Manicaland	Nyanga	21	5	14	8	-	11	2	-	14	1
Manica	land Total	155	4,319	22,201	205	29	162	18	135	137	25
Masvingo	Bikita	31	842	4,210	37	1	49	4	49	-	6
Masvingo	Chiredzi	11	40	200	13	-	34	3	19	-	2
Masvingo	Gutu	32	188	945	45	1	10	2	20	-	2
Masvingo	Masvingo	22	4	20	35	6	42	5	24	20	15
Masvingo	Zaka	19	409	2,126	35	1	24	9	18	7	3
Masvir	ngo Total	115	1,483	7,501	165	9	159	23	130	27	28



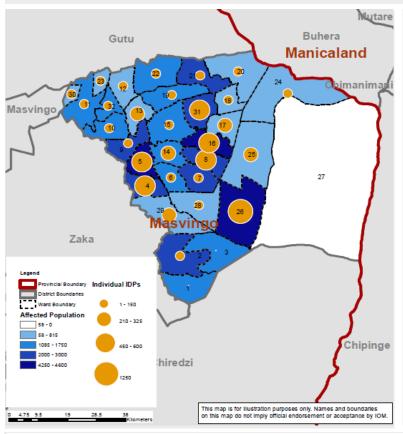




# **BIKITA DISTRICT**

### 31 WARDS ASSESSED

# **MASVINGO PROVINCE**





49,541 affected population



4,799 partially destroyed homes



926 totally destroyed homes



1,021 households need shelter support237 households received shelter support



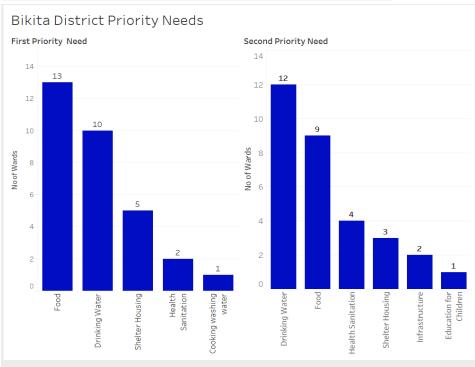
IDP presence in 30 wards 6,538 IDPs from 1,328 households 2,571 males and 3,967 females



Returnees are present in 23 wards 4,210 returnees from 842 households



**2,089** individuals from **419** households live in host communities across **82** locations in **15** wards.



The top priority need in the district as indicated by the key informants was food, followed by drinking water and shelter/housing

Damaged Facility	Number of wards with damaged facilities	Number of damaged facilities
<b>95</b>	<b>20</b> Wards	<b>37</b> Schools
0	<b>1</b> Wards	<b>1</b> Health Facilities
0	<b>18</b> Wards	<b>49</b> Bridges
0	<b>0</b> Wards	n/a Roads
9.11	<b>2</b> Wards	<b>4</b> Public Buildings
Ţ	<b>10</b> Wards	<b>49</b> Borehole

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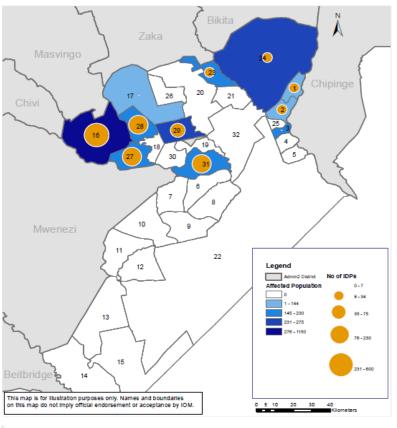




# **CHIREDZI DISTRICT**

### 11 WARDS ASSESSED

# **MASVINGO PROVINCE**





3,072 affected population



92 totally destroyed homes



265 partially destroyed homes



217 households need shelter support12 households received shelter support



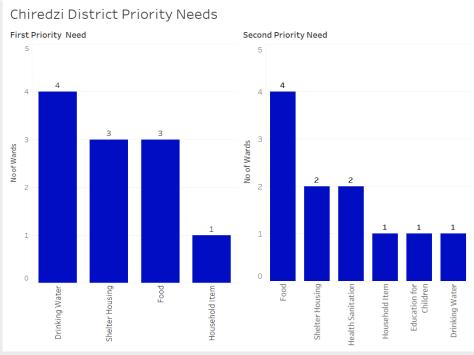
IDP presence in **9** wards **1,543** IDPs from **310** households **572** males and **971** females



Returnees are present in 1 ward 200 returnees from 40 households



170 individuals from 36 households live in host communities across 22 locations in 8 wards



The top three priority needs in the district as indicated by the key informants were drinking water, food and shelter/housing.

Damaged Facility	Number of wards with damaged facilities	Number of damaged facilities
	<b>6</b> Wards	13 Schools
0	<b>0</b> Wards	<b>0</b> Health Facilities
0	<b>6</b> Wards	<b>34</b> Bridges
	<b>0</b> Wards	<b>0</b> Roads
<u> </u>	<b>3</b> Wards	<b>3</b> Public Buildings
J.	<b>5</b> Wards	<b>19</b> Boreholes

DTM IN ZIMBABWE IS SUPPORTED BY:



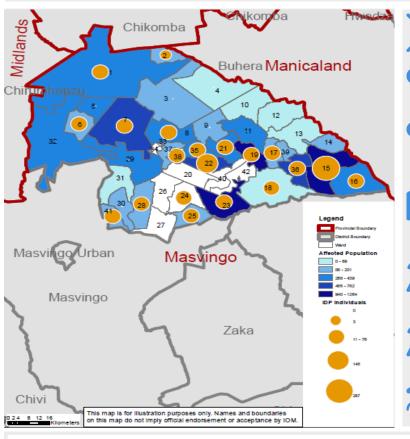




# **GUTU DISTRICT**

### 31 WARDS ASSESSED

# **MASVINGO PROVINCE**



10,60

10,607 affected population



5,372 partially destroyed homes



680 totally destroyed homes



1,384 households need shelter support326 households received shelter support



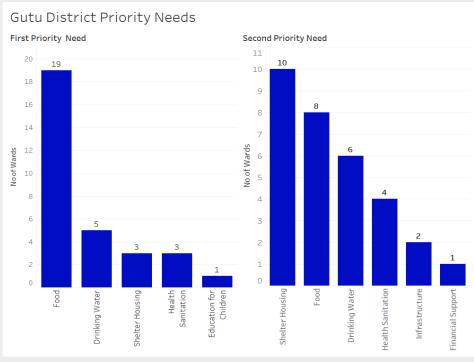
IDP presence in 20 wards 1,066 IDPs from 246 households 386 males and 680 females



Returnees are present in 23 wards 945 returnees from 188 households



94 individuals from 24 households live in host communities across 21 locations in 6 wards



The top three priority needs in the district as indicated by the key informants were Drinking Water, Food and Shelter/Housing.

Damaged Facility	Number of wards with damaged facilities	Number of damaged facilities
	<b>20</b> Wards	<b>45</b> Schools
0	<b>1</b> Wards	1 Health Facilities
<b>0</b>	<b>5</b> Wards	<b>10</b> Bridges
0	<b>11</b> Wards	n/a Roads
<u>•</u>	2 Wards	<b>2</b> Public Buildings
H	<b>7</b> Wards	<b>20</b> Borehole <b>2</b> Dip Tanks

DTM IN ZIMBABWE IS SUPPORTED BY:



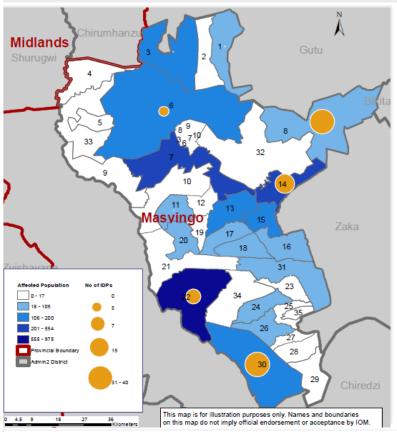




### **MASVINGO DISTRICT**

### 22 WARDS ASSESSED

# **MASVINGO PROVINCE**





3,393 affected population



654 partially destroyed homes



1,089 totally destroyed homes



129 households need shelter support

18 households received shelter support



IDP presence in **5** wards **98** IDPs from **11** households

35 males and 63 females

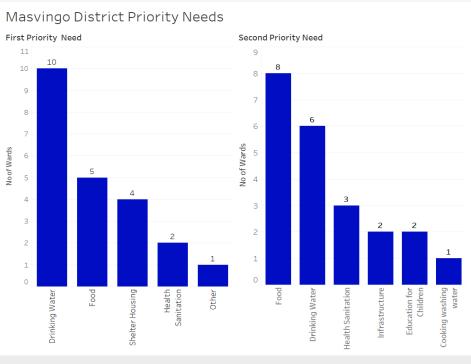


Returnees are present in 2 wards

20 returnees from 4 households



97 individuals from 12 households live in host communities across 7 locations in 5 wards



The top three priority needs in the district as indicated by the key informants were Drinking Water, Food and Other.

Damaged Facility	Number of wards with damaged facilities	Number of damaged facilities
<b>95</b>	<b>13</b> Wards	<b>35</b> Schools
0	<b>6</b> Wards	<b>6</b> Health Facilities
0	<b>10</b> Wards	<b>42</b> Bridges
9	<b>18</b> Wards	<b>n/a</b> Roads
911	2 Wards	<b>5</b> Public Buildings
H	<b>6</b> Wards	24 Borehole 15 Dip Tanks 20 Water Springs

DTM IN ZIMBABWE IS SUPPORTED BY:



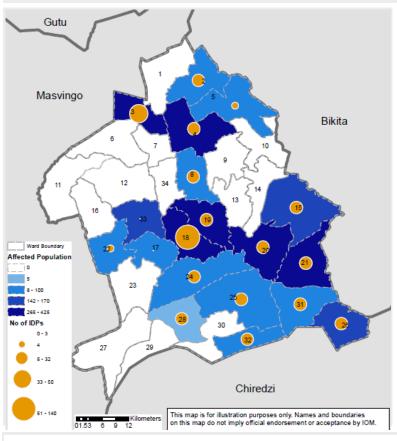




# **ZAKA DISTRICT**

### 19 WARDS ASSESSED

# **MASVINGO PROVINCE**





2,781 affected population



506 partially destroyed homes



81 totally destroyed homes



385 households need shelter support15 households received shelter support



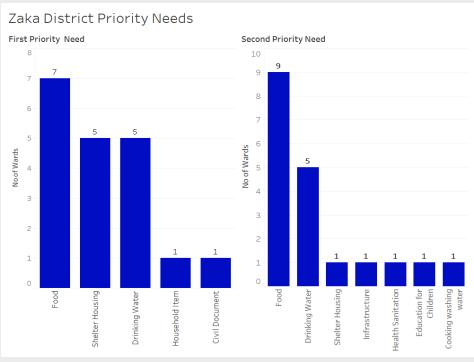
IDP presence in 19 wards 404 IDPs from 81 households 165 males and 239 females



Returnees are present in 10 wards 2,126 returnees from 409 households



**187** individuals from **37** households live in host communities across **18** locations in **6** wards



The top three priority needs in the district as indicated by the key informants were food, shelter/housing

Damaged Facility	Number of wards with damaged facilities	Number of damaged facilities
	<b>13</b> Wards	<b>35</b> Schools
0	<b>1</b> Wards	<b>1</b> Health Facilities
0	<b>10</b> Wards	<b>24</b> Bridges
	<b>21</b> Wards	<b>n/a</b> Roads
9	<b>2</b> Wards	<b>9</b> Public Buildings
H	<b>5</b> Wards	18 Borehole 3 Dip Tanks 7 Water Springs

DTM IN ZIMBABWE IS SUPPORTED BY:

