KEY MESSAGES
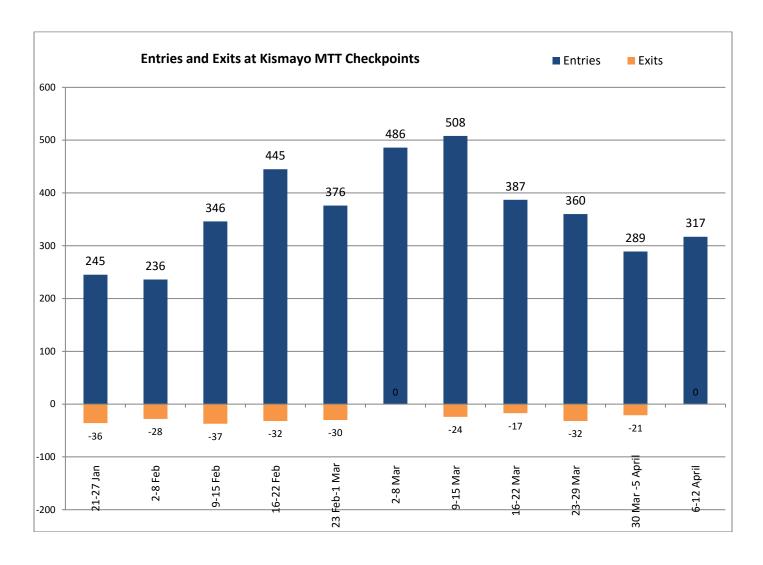
- Over the reporting period, a slightly higher number of total of 317 entries were recorded compared to last week, but fitting within the general range seen over the past 10 weeks.

- No IDPs were recorded exiting any of the camps this past week. This is the first time in 5 weeks that zero exits have been recorded.

- Approximately half of the new arrivals said that their reason for displacement into the IDP sites was due to lack of food (46%). In addition, 23% cited insecurity, 19% cited health, and 5% cited education as their reason for displacement.

- This week most of the new arrivals came from Kismayo (49%) and Buale (12%) districts, with the remainder coming from Badhaadhe (11%) Jamame (9%), Jilib (7%), Afmadow (7%) and a few others.

New IDP arrivals at MTT checkpoint in Kismayo last week

- Most of these new arrivals were heading to IDP sites in the Dalxiska Section (38%) and Central Section (37%) of Kismayo town. The remainder said that they intended to go to Galbet Section (16%) and Fanole Section (12%).

Entries and Exits at Kismayo MTT Checkpoints ■ Entries ■ Exits

Week	Entries	Exits
21-27 Jan	245	-36
2-8 Feb	236	-28
9-15 Feb	346	-37
16-22 Feb	445	-32
23 Feb-1 Mar	376	-30
2-8 Mar	486	0
9-15 Mar	508	-24
16-22 Mar	387	-17
23-29 Mar	360	-32
30 Mar -5 April	289	-21
6-12 April	317	0

METHODOLOGY

Movement Trend Tracking (MTT) is a movement monitoring exercise that tracks people who are moving in or out of sites on a semi-permanent or permanent basis. In Kismayo, MTT aims to gauge the pulse of movements in and out of the 145 IDP sites in the town.

MTT figures should not be considered official updates to the population figures of the sites. Rather, the data represents the intentions of IDPs and points towards general trends in their movements.

In Kismayo, IOM enumerators are positioned at the 2 main checkpoints in and out of town from 6:30am until 5:30pm, 7 days a week. From these checkpoints, the teams identify people who are moving in or out of Kismayo with luggage. Interviews are done with the individual or the head of household.

MTT aims to complement existing information management products on displacements and movements in Kismayo, by providing site level specific data on population movements on a regular basis, to assist agencies operating in sites and settlements with key information on: demographics of movement, area of origin, area of return/onward movement, reasons for movement and movement trends over time.

MTT enumerators interview a new household entering one of the IDP sites in Kismayo by donkey cart (January 2018).