

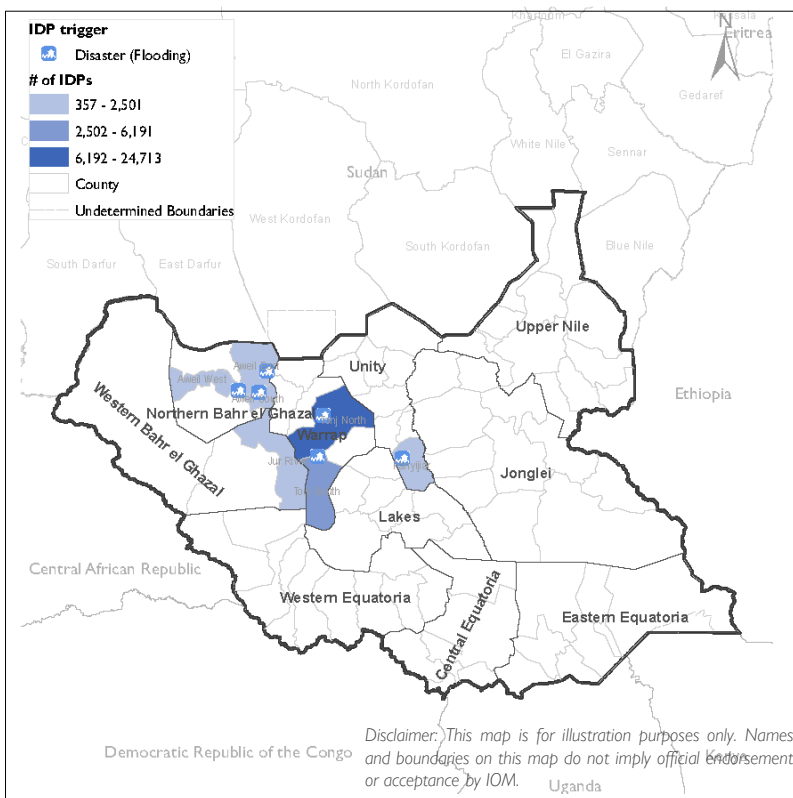
HIGHLIGHTS

South Sudan is currently facing a complex humanitarian crisis characterized by extensive internal displacements. The underlying causes of these displacement dynamics are varied and include communal clashes, land disputes, insecurity, violence, natural disasters, and cross-border movements.

Between August 1 and August 15, 2024, a series of events led to the displacement of 357 individuals in Jur River County. Information gathered from key informants indicates that these displacements were predominantly instigated by localized conflicts. As a result of these incidents, there has been a significant increase in urgent humanitarian needs among the affected populations. The displaced individuals have identified non-food items, sanitation facilities, and food as their three most pressing requirements, necessitating immediate humanitarian assistance.

The situation in South Sudan remains critical as ongoing conflicts continue to exacerbate the humanitarian crisis. Immediate intervention is essential to address the urgent needs of those affected by displacement.

MAP - DISPLACEMENT



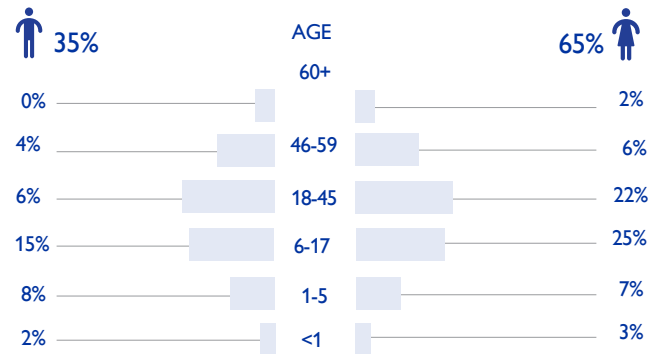
KEY DISPLACEMENT FIGURES



IDP FIGURES

COUNTY	MALE	FEMALE	TOTAL	TRIGGER
Jur Ruver	122	235	357	Localized Conflict
Total	122	235	357	

DEMOGRAPHICS



TOP THREE PRIORITY NEEDS RANKED



Perceptions of current needs are intricately linked to insights from key informants, which serve to highlight and prioritize the immediate challenges and gaps within this specific context. These conflicts not only result in displacement but also significantly impede humanitarian access and response efforts, as the situation remains fragile. Even though immediate intervention is crucial to address the urgent needs identified by those affected by displacement, the prevailing circumstances can obstruct humanitarian efforts from being effectively streamlined.

METHODOLOGY AND CONTEXT

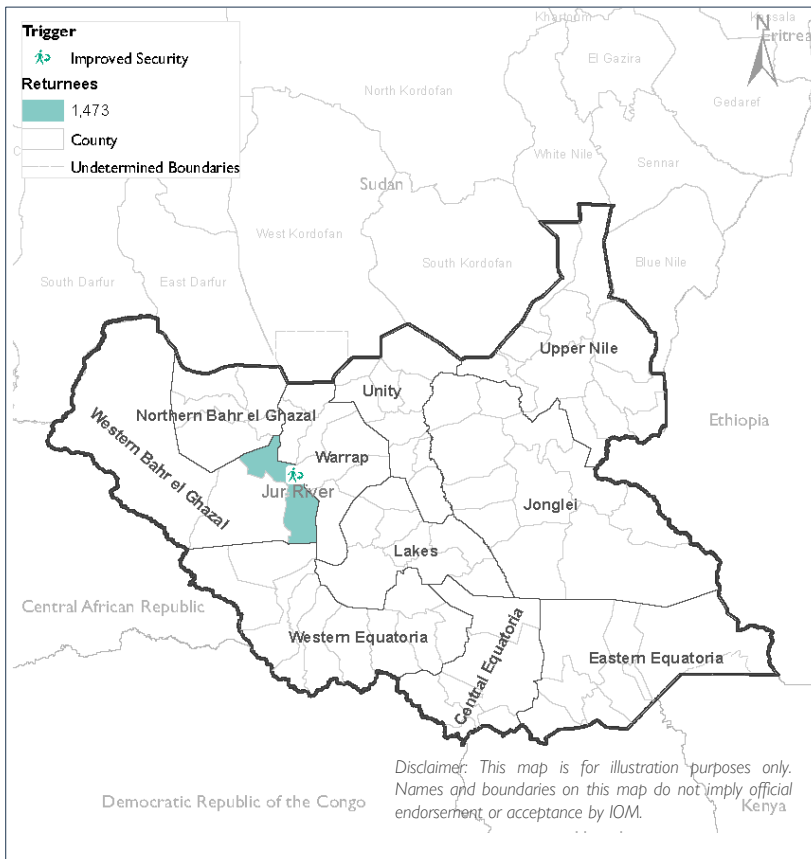
The Event Tracking tool is a rapid displacement tracking system that collects data on over 50 households' movements through assessments by DTM staff and local enumerators. Information is gathered via direct visits or interviews with key informants, cross-referenced with secondary sources for accuracy. The data reflects the situation at the time of assessment, and while efforts are made to ensure accuracy, the comprehensive coverage nationwide cannot be guaranteed by the International Organization for Migration (IOM).

HIGHLIGHTS

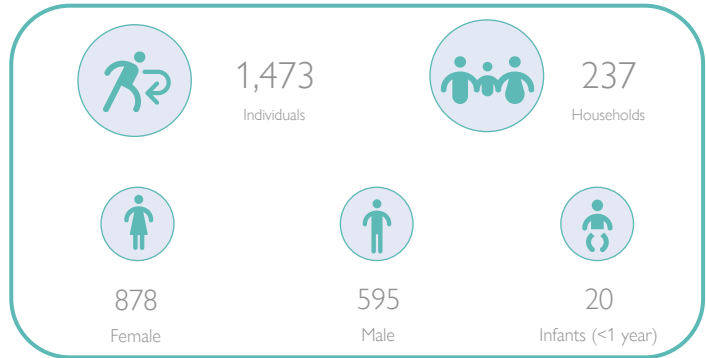
In South Sudan, a multifaceted humanitarian crisis is currently unfolding, driven by a combination of factors, including communal conflicts, land disputes, widespread insecurity, violence, natural disasters, and cross-border displacement. These elements have created a challenging environment for the population, exacerbating the already dire humanitarian situation. The ongoing instability has led to significant disruptions in livelihoods and access to basic services, leaving many communities vulnerable and in urgent need of assistance.

Between August 1st and 15th, 2024, Jur River County witnessed the arrival of 1,473 returnees. The majority of these individuals relocated within Jur River County itself, primarily due to improvements in security conditions in those areas. This movement indicates a potential stabilization that may encourage further returns in the future. However, while the returnees are hopeful about their reintegration into their communities, they face numerous challenges as they attempt to rebuild their lives after periods of displacement.

MAP - RETURNS



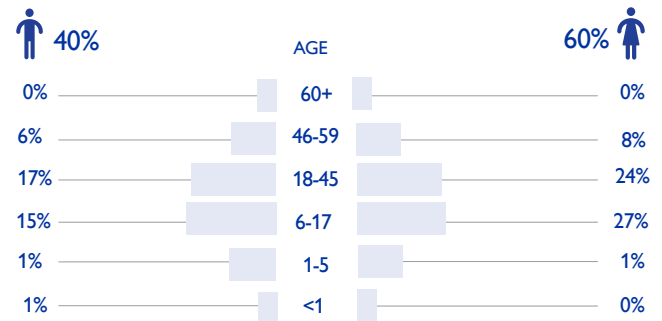
KEY DATA ON RETURNS



RETURN FIGURES

COUNTY	MALE	FEMALE	TOTAL	TRIGGER
Jur River	595	878	1,473	Improved security
Total	595	878	1,473	

DEMOGRAPHICS



TOP THREE PRIORITY NEEDS RANKED



The recent influx of returnees has generated urgent humanitarian needs among the affected populations. The top three immediate requirements identified by these returnees include access to non-food items (NFIs), sanitation facilities, and health services. Essential items, such as clothing and cooking utensils, are critical for the returnees to re-establish themselves. Access to sanitation facilities is critical for maintaining hygiene and reducing the risk of communicable diseases, which can spread rapidly in crowded or unsanitary conditions. Healthcare is vital for addressing both immediate medical needs and long-term health concerns within the community. These identified needs highlight the pressing challenges faced by returnees as they reintegrate into their communities.

AREAS OF ORIGIN FOR RETURNS

MAIN AREA OF ORIGIN	Total (%)
Jur River County	100%
Total	100%



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Visit the ET interactive dashboard
and the DTM South Sudan Website

