25% increase in displacement from the previous week (169 HHs)

IOM Yemen DTM's Rapid Displacement Tracking (RDT) tool collects data on estimated numbers of households forced to flee on a daily basis from their locations of habitual residence or displacement, allowing for regular reporting of new displacements¹ in terms of estimated numbers, causes of displacement, geography and needs. It also tracks returnees who returned to their location of habitual residence.

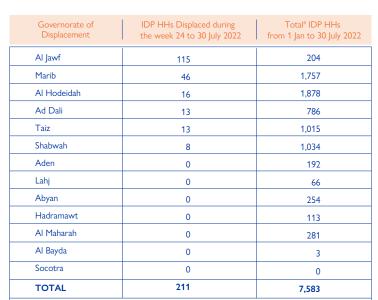
Between 24 July and 30 July 2022, IOM Yemen DTM tracked 211 households (1,266 $individuals)^2$ who experienced displacement at least once.

Neutral disaster concerns as a result of the heavy rains and floods were the main reason for displacement accounting for 58 per cent (123 HHs) of the total, accounting for 32 per cent (67 HHs) displaced due to the ongoing conflict, and followed by economic reasons related to conflict, accounting for 10 per cent (21 HHs).

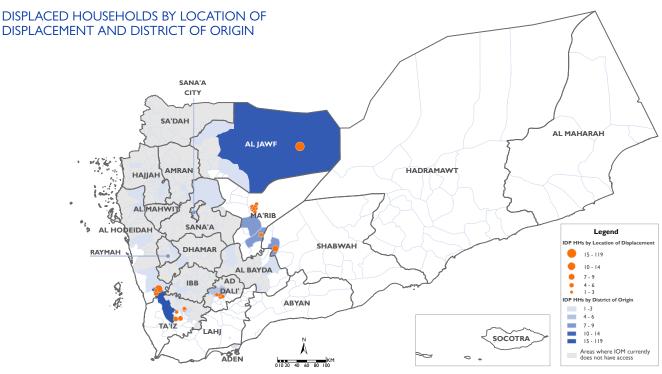
Between 1 January to to 30 July 2022, IOM Yemen DTM tracked 7,583 households (HH)³ (45,498 Individuals) who experienced displacement at least once.

Since the beginning of the year, the number of tracked new instances of displacement has been declining in an irregular pattern.

^{3.} Please note that further additions to previous reporting periods can be reflected in cumulative totals without being individually addressed in narrative reports.



4. New arrivals recorded by IOM DTM within the reporting period. This does not necessarily represent the exact total increase of HHs due to an unknown number of instances of multiple displacements and/or return



Disclaimer: This map is for illustration purposes only. Names and boundaries on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by IOM.

NUMBER OF IDP HHS DISPLACED PER WEEK

1,000 800 600 400 200 0 Week

April

MAIN NEEDS OF IDP HHs DURING THE REPORTING PERIOD 13%





Livelihood



Shelter/Housing





Non-Food Items (NFI)







July

June

May

Month January February March

Displacement in Yemen refers to the 13 governorates where IOM DTM's team has access, namely: Abyan, Ad Dali', Aden, Al Bayda, Al Hodeidah, Al Jawf, Al Maharah, Hadramawt, Lahj, Ma'rib, Shabwah, Socotra, Ta'iz.

^{2.} IOM DTM estimates that one household represents six individuals.