SOMALIA

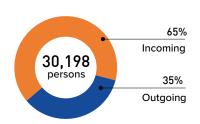
CROSS BORDER MOVEMENTS

APRIL 2018



In March, a total of 30,198 individuals were recorded in border crossing points monitored by the DTM. This represents a slight decrease in comparison with March 2018. The percentage of inflows in comparison of outflows has continuously increased since January 2018, reaching 65% of inflows and 35% of outflows for this month. Most movements have been recorded in Lower Juba region and northern Somalia (especially Buuhoodle border crossing point). 24% of the total moving population were vulnerable, including pregnant and lactating women, children under 5, unaccompanied minors, persons living with a physical disability and elderly people (over 60 years). Finally, main countries of departure for all flows were Ethiopia (39%), Somalia (34%), Kenya (11%), Djibouti (9%), and Yemen (6%). Main countries of destination for all migrants was Somalia (65%), Kenya (11%), Yemen (11%), Ethiopia (8%), and Djibouti (3%).

TYPE OF FLOW



AGE/SEX DISTRIBUTION

	Children 0 - 17	Adults 18+	Total
Ť	20%	31%	51%
^	20%	29%	49%

VULNERABILITIES

Î	Unaccompanied Children	1%
Ė	Physical Disability	2%
M	Elderly	6%
•	Children Under 5	9%
·	Pregnant and lactating women	5%

A total of 7,202 vulnerabilities has been reported in April 2018. Vulnerabilities maybe overlapping, hence individuals may have more then one vulnerability

DECLARED NATIONALITIES

Somalia	Ethiopia	Djibouti	Yemen	Kenya
7	•			#
71%	23%	4%	2%	1%

MODES OF TRANSPORT

Bus	Taxi/Car	Truck	Foot	Animals	Boat	
			À		-	
42%	26%	16%	7 %	5%	3%	

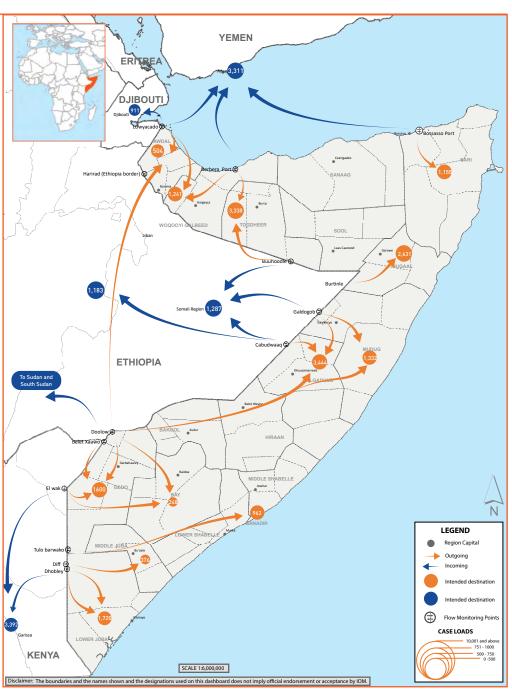


FOR MORE INFORMATION iomsomaliadtm@iom.int http://www.globaldtm.info/somalia Dataset is available here









^{*} The percentages are calculated on the total number of persons observed for this month