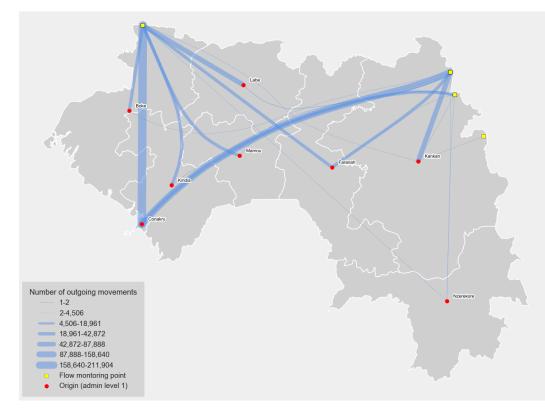


This map illustrates all the outgoing movements from Guinea tracked by the Displacement Tracking Matrix's Flow Monitoring project. The data comprises the period between 1 September 2017 until 31 December 2019, corresponding to 403,257 of individuals transiting through 4 flow monitoring points (yellow dots) from their admin level 1 of origin (red dots). Only geo-referenced data at admin level 1 are displayed.



Matrix of outflows:

Most common admin levels 1 of origin by country of destination

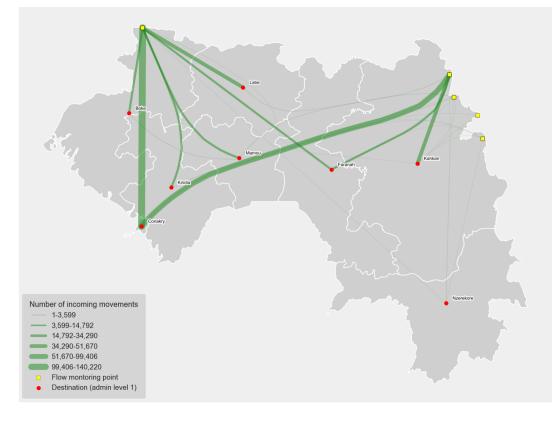
Origin (admin level 1)	Boke	15333	224	2543	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Conakry	132100	94003	26484	628	368	271	68	59	49	35
	Faranah	10462	8693	2259	27	4	3	8	16	9	0
	Kankan	78	31034	0	199	65	81	24	9	0	13
	Kindia	15375	2627	3586	3	10	0	0	9	0	0
	Labe	29768	3159	7164	0	0	3	0	0	0	4
	Mamou	8837	1446	807	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Nzerekore	55	5100	41	0	5	7	2	5	6	0
		Senegal (212,008)	Mali (146,286)	Gambia (42,884)	Côte d'Ivoire (857)	bo Kurkina Faso (452) Unition (452)	destinatic	U Ngeria (102)	Togo (98)	Mauritania (64)	Niger (52)

Disclaimer: This map is for illustration purposes only. Names and boundaries on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by IOM.

METHODOLOGY: DTM teams collect information at the local level to identify key transit points. Enumerators collect data from key informants (KIs) at the FMPs. Data is collected through a basic form filled out by enumerators following interviews with KIs and combined with direct observations. Data is collected on a daily basis during peak hours.



This map illustrates all the incoming movements captured in Guinea by the Displacement Tracking Matrix's Flow Monitoring project. The data comprises the period between 1 September 2017 until 31 December 2019, corresponding to 286,771 of individual movements transiting through 5 flow monitoring points (yellow dots) from their admin level 1 of origin country (red dot). Only geo-referenced data at admin level 1 are displayed.



Matrix of inflows:

Most common admin levels 1 of destination by country of origin

GIN incoming

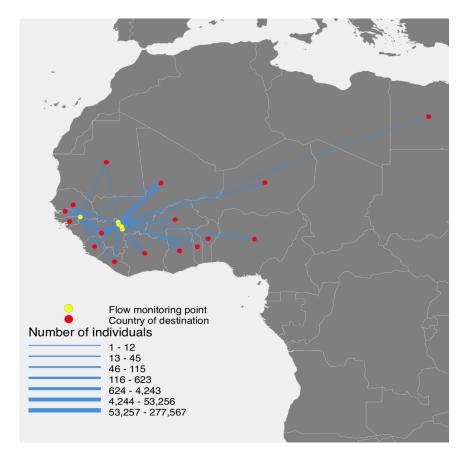
	GIN incoming										
Destination (admin level 1)	Boke	12130	195	2617	0	0	0	0	10	0	18
	Conakry	76611	53716	19253	169	160	89	187	66	25	4
	Faranah	11455	9339	2140	63	25	0	13	11	0	0
	Kankan	59	36275	17	471	126	154	12	9	4	0
	Kindia	10640	2912	3414	40	79	0	11	20	4	0
De	Labe	22443	3016	6034	4	3	0	8	3	3	0
	Mamou	6755	868	727	0	10	0	0	0	0	0
	Nzerekore	152	4009	97	17	1	0	7	0	0	0
		Senegal (140,245)	Mali (110,330)	Gambia (34,299)	Côte d'Ivoire (764)	Burkina Faso (404)	of origin	Togo (238)	Mauritania (119)	Nigeria (36)	Morocco (22)

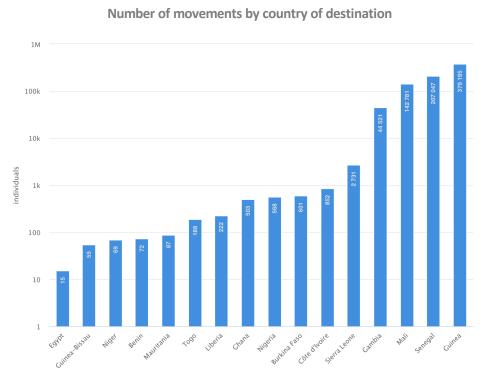
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The map shows all the outgoing movements from Guinea tracked by the Displacement Tracking Matrix's Flow Monitoring project. The data comprises the period between 1 September 2017 until 31 December 2019, corresponding to 779,541 of individuals transiting through 5 flow monitoring points (yellow dots) to their intended destination country (red dot).



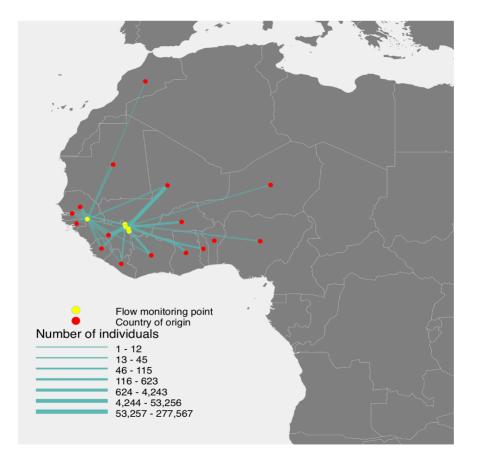


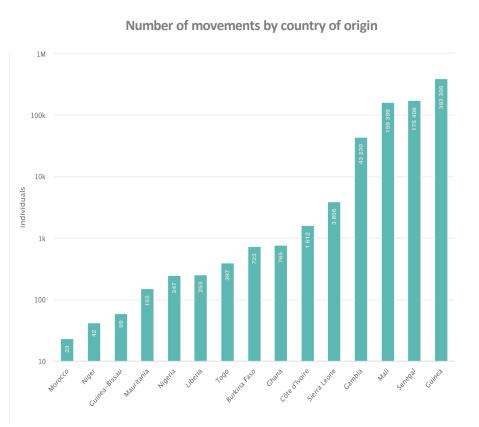
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The map shows all the incoming movements from Guinea tracked by the Displacement Tracking Matrix's Flow Monitoring project. The data comprises the period between 1 September 2017 until 31 December 2019, corresponding to 779,541 of individuals transiting through 6 flow monitoring points (yellow dots) from their origin country (red dot).





METHODOLOGY: DTM teams collect information at the local level to identify key transit points. Enumerators collect data from key informants (KIs) at the FMPs. Data is collected through a basic form filled out by enumerators following interviews with KIs and combined with direct observations. Data is collected on a daily basis during peak hours.