



EMERGENCY TRACKING TOOL (ETT)

DTM Emergency Tracking Tool (ETT) is deployed to track and provide up-to-date information on sudden displacement and other population movements

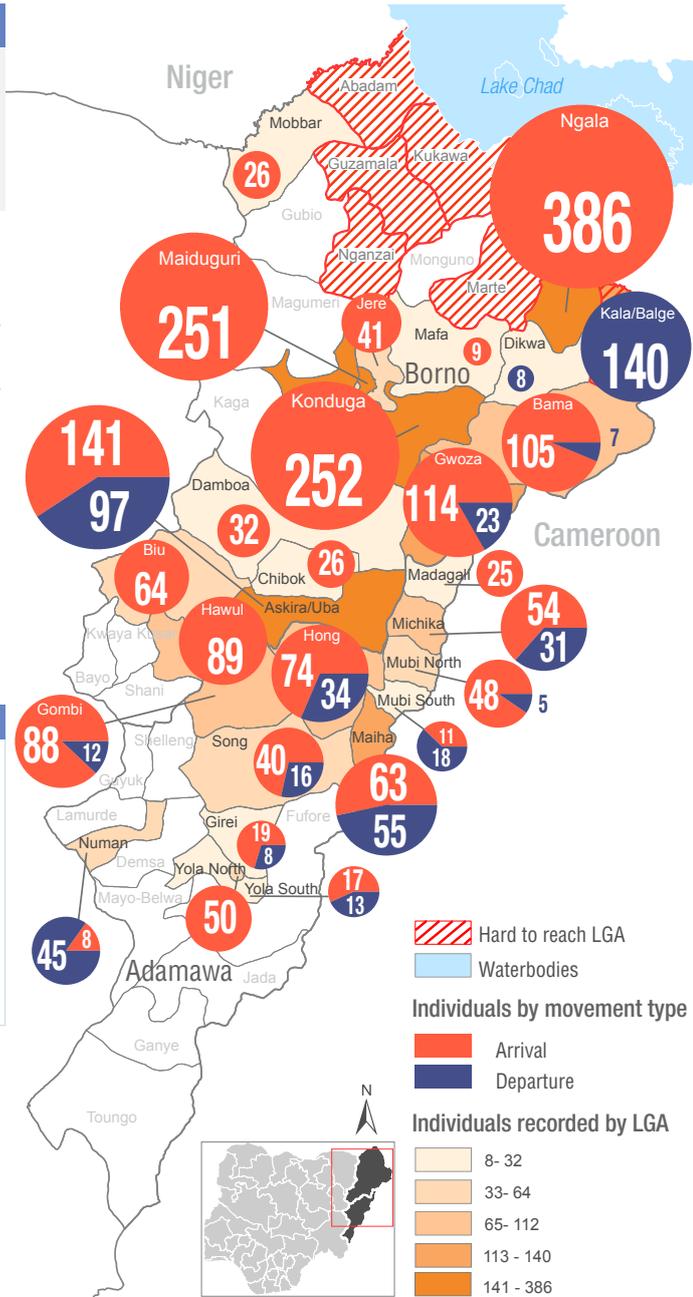
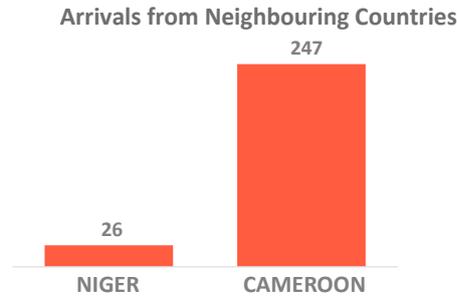
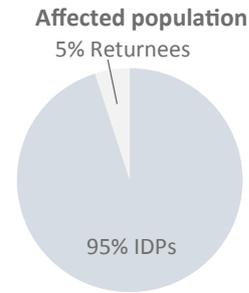
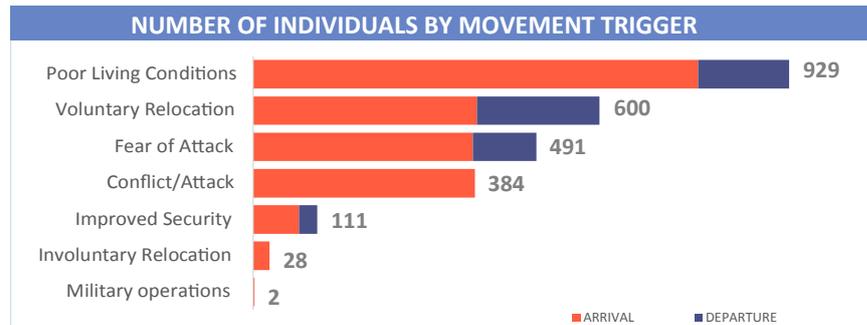
ETT Report: No. 157 | 3 - 9 February 2020

| MOVEMENTS | NEW ARRIVAL SCREENING BY NUTRITION PARTNERS |
|---|---|
| <p>Arrivals: 2,033 individuals</p> <p>Departures: 512 individuals</p> | <p>138 Children (6-59 months) screened for malnutrition</p> <p>MUAC category of screened children</p> <p>Green: 123 Yellow: 13 Red: 2</p> |

During 3 - 9 February 2020, a total of 2,545 movements were recorded, composed of 2,033 arrivals and 512 departures. Arrivals were recorded at locations in Maiduguri Metropolitan Council, Askira/Uba, Bama, Chibok, Damboa, Gwoza, Hawul, Jere, Konduga, Mafa, Mobbar and Ngala Local Government Areas (LGAs) of Borno State. Arrivals were also recorded in Girei, Gombi, Hong, Madagali, Maiha, Michika, Mubi North, Mubi South, Numan, Song, Yola North and Yola South LGAs of Adamawa State.

Departures were recorded in Askira/Uba, Bama, Dikwa, Gwoza and Kala/Balge LGAs of Borno State. Departures were also recorded in Girei, Gombi, Hong, Maiha, Michika, Mubi North, Mubi South, Numan, Song and Yola South LGAs of Adamawa State.

ETT assessments identified the following movement triggers: poor living conditions (37%), voluntary relocation (24%), fear of attack (19%), conflict/attack (15%), improved security (4%), involuntary relocation (1%) and military operations (0.1%).



SUMMARY OF MAJOR MOVEMENTS

Ngala: 386 arrivals were recorded in Ngala LGA of Borno State. The arrivals include 171 from Rann "A" ward of Kala/Balge LGA, 164 from Fotokol and 51 from Blangoua of Cameroon. The arrivals were all due to poor living conditions.

Konduga: 252 arrivals were recorded in Konduga LGA of Borno State. The arrivals include 52 from Auno/Chabbol ward and were tracked in Dalori/Wanori ward. Other arrivals include 167 from Buduwa/Bula Chirabe ward and 33 from Shehuri/Hausari/Mairi ward of Bama LGA. 66% of the new arrivals reported to have relocated due to poor living conditions, 21% due to the ongoing conflict/attack while 13% relocated voluntarily.

Maiduguri: 251 departures were recorded in Kala/Balge LGA of Borno State. The arrivals include 244 from Dalori/Wanori ward of Konduga LGA and 7 from Shehuri/Hausari/Mairi ward of Bama LGA. 97% of the new arrivals reported to have relocated due to fear of attack while 3% relocated voluntarily.

Askira/Uba: 141 arrivals and 97 departures were recorded in Askira/Uba LGA of Borno State. The arrivals include 82 from Kilanga, Ngohi ward and 4 from Uba ward and were tracked in Ngohi, Ngohi ward and Mussa ward respectively. Other arrivals include 28 from Oshodi-Isolo LGA of Lagos State, 21 from Hong LGA of Adamawa State, 3 from Damaturu LGA of Yobe State and 3 from Garoua of Cameroon. The departures include 37 from Askira East ward, 37 from Chul/Rumirgo Ward, 18 from Lassa ward and 5 from Husara/Tampul ward. 73% of the new arrivals reported to have relocated due to the ongoing conflict/attack, 20% involuntarily, 5% due to poor living conditions while 2% relocated voluntarily. 95% of the departures reported to have relocated due to fear of attack while 5% were reportedly due to improved security.

NEW ARRIVAL MALNUTRITION SCREENING SUMMARY (CHILDREN 6-59 MONTHS)

An exhaustive nutrition screening using monitoring of symptoms of acute malnutrition mid upper arm circumference (MUAC) and Oedema was conducted by Nutrition Sector partners for 138 children of 6-59 months. Of the 138 children screened, the MUAC reading was 2 children (one from Inaccessible and one from an accessible area) in the Red category, 13 in the Yellow category and 123 measured in the Green category. No cases of Oedema were reported in the 4 LGAs that reports were received from.

The results also include 52 children from neighbouring Cameroon and Republic of Niger. Of these arrivals, 5 children moved to Bama, 6 to Gwoza, 8 to Mobbar and 33 to Ngala; 46 of the 52 children measured were in the Green category and 6 in the Yellow category. None were in the Red category. All children found with acute malnutrition have been admitted for treatment.

| LGA | MUAC Categories | | | | | | Total |
|--------------|-----------------|------------|---------------------------|------------|---------------|------------|------------|
| | Green (≥12.5cm) | | Yellow (11.5 cm - 12.5cm) | | Red (<11.5cm) | | |
| | Inaccessible | Accessible | Inaccessible | Accessible | Inaccessible | Accessible | |
| Bama | 8 | 21 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 32 |
| Gwoza | 3 | 21 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 26 |
| Mobbar | 0 | 4 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 8 |
| Ngala | 0 | 66 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 1 | 72 |
| Total | 11 | 112 | 1 | 12 | 1 | 1 | 138 |

■ Nourished
 ■ Moderate Acute Malnutrition (MAM)
 ■ Severe Acute Malnutrition (SAM)

Please note, the data presented are not surveillance results and should be interpreted with caution.

Table 1. Details of movements by locations of assessment and locations of arrival / departure - only movements with at least 18 persons are listed below

| STATE | Tracking Location | | Movement Location | | | ARRIVAL | DEPARTURE | Grand Total | |
|------------|-------------------|---------------------------|-------------------|--------------|---------------------------------|------------------|-----------|-------------|-----|
| | LGA | WARD | STATE2 | LGA2 | WARD2 | | | | |
| ADAMAWA | GOMBI | GOMBI NORTH | ADAMAWA | MUBI SOUTH | NASSARAWO | 18 | - | 18 | |
| | | | | YOLA NORTH | NASSARAWO | 20 | - | 20 | |
| | | GOMBI SOUTH | | BORNO | MICHIKA | MADZI | 18 | - | 18 |
| | | | | ASKIRA / UBA | LASSA | 24 | - | 24 | |
| | HONG | HILDI | ADAMAWA | HONG | UBA | - | 21 | 21 | |
| | | UBA | BORNO | ASKIRA / UBA | ZADAWA / HAUSARI | 41 | - | 41 | |
| | MADAGALI | GULAK | ADAMAWA | MADAGALI | GULAK | 25 | - | 25 | |
| | MAIHA | PAKKA | ADAMAWA | NUMAN | SABON PEGI | - | 28 | 28 | |
| | | SORAU 'B' | BORNO | ASKIRA / UBA | CHUL / RUMIRGO | 36 | - | 36 | |
| | MICHIKA | JIGALAMBU | TARABA | ZING | ZING AI | 21 | - | 21 | |
| MUBI NORTH | MAYO BANI | ADAMAWA | MICHIKA | MICHIKA I | 18 | - | 18 | | |
| YOLA NORTH | DOUBELI | BORNO | ASKIRA / UBA | ASKIRA EAST | 26 | - | 26 | | |
| BORNO | ASKIRA / UBA | ASKIRA EAST | BORNO | CHIBOK | GATAMARWA | - | 37 | 37 | |
| | | CHUL / RUMIRGO | ADAMAWA | MAIHA | SORAU 'B' | - | 37 | 37 | |
| | | NGOHI | BORNO | ASKIRA / UBA | NGOHI | 82 | - | 82 | |
| | | UBA | LAGOS | OSHODI-ISOLO | ORILE | 28 | - | 28 | |
| | | ZADAWA / HAUSARI | ADAMAWA | HONG | GARAHA | 21 | - | 21 | |
| | BAMA | SHEHURI / HAUSARI / MAIRI | BORNO | BAMA | DIPCHARI/JERE/DAR-JAMAL/KOTEMBE | 23 | - | 23 | |
| | BAMA | SHEHURI / HAUSARI / MAIRI | BORNO | GWOZA | PULKA/BOKKO | 65 | - | 65 | |
| | BIU | DUGJA | BORNO | ASKIRA / UBA | ASKIRA EAST | 18 | - | 18 | |
| | | GARUBULA | | | NGULDE | 25 | - | 25 | |
| | | MIRINGA | | | DAMBOA | AJIGN (A) | 21 | - | 21 |
| | CHIBOK | GATAMARWA | BORNO | ASKIRA / UBA | ASKIRA EAST | 26 | - | 26 | |
| | GWOZA | PULKA/BOKKO | BORNO | BAMA | DIPCHARI/JERE/DAR-JAMAL/KOTEMBE | 24 | - | 24 | |
| | | | | | SHEHURI / HAUSARI / MAIRI | - | 23 | 23 | |
| | | | | | GWOZA | DURE/WALA/WARABE | 25 | - | 25 |
| | | | | | LAGOS | APAPA | APAPA | 22 | - |
| | HAWUL | PUBA/VIDAU/LOKOJA | BORNO | ASKIRA / UBA | NGULDE | 89 | - | 89 | |
| | JERE | OLD MAIDUGURI | BORNO | MAGUMERI | GAJI GANNA I | 41 | - | 41 | |
| | KALA/BALGE | RANN "A" | BORNO | NGALA | NGALA WARD | - | 138 | 138 | |
| | KONDUGA | DALORI / WANORI | BORNO | BAMA | BUDUWA / BULA CHIRABE | 167 | - | 167 | |
| | | | | | SHEHURI / HAUSARI / MAIRI | 33 | - | 33 | |
| | | | | | KONDUGA | AUNO / CHABBOL | 52 | - | 52 |
| | MAIDUGURI M. C. | MAISANDARI | BORNO | KONDUGA | DALORI/WANORI | 244 | - | 244 | |
| | MOBBAR | DAMASAK | REPUBLIC OF NIGER | DIFFA | CHETIMARI | 26 | - | 26 | |
| NGALA | NGALA WARD | BORNO | KALA/BALGE | RANN "A" | 171 | - | 171 | | |
| | | | | CAMEROON | LOGONE-ET-CHARI | BLANGOUA | 51 | - | 51 |
| | | | | | | FOTOKOL | 164 | - | 164 |

The depiction and use of boundaries, geographic names, and related data shown on maps and included in this report are not warranted to be error free nor do they imply judgment on the legal status of any territory, or any endorsement or acceptance of such boundaries by IOM. MUAC data is provided by UNICEF

For more information or to report an alert, please contact:

Henry Kwenin, DTM Project Coordinator: hkwenin@iom.int | +234 903 8852 524

Dave Bercasio, Emergency Coordinator: dbercasio@iom.int | +234 907 5070 001

DTM information products: <http://nigeria.iom.int/dtm>