

REGIONAL DISPLACEMENT TRACKING MATRIX (DTM) LAKE CHAD BASIN CRISIS – MONTHLY DASHBOARD #16

Context: The crisis currently affecting the Lake Chad Basin states results from a complex combination of factors, including conflict with Non-State Armed Groups, extreme poverty, underdevelopment and a changing climate, which together have triggered significant displacement of populations. As of 27 January 2020, Cameroon, Chad, Niger and Nigeria were hosting an estimated 4,672,045 affected individuals made up of Internally Displaced Persons (IDPs), Refugees (both in- and out-of-camp), Returnees (Former IDPs and Returnees from abroad) and Third Country Nationals (TCNs). 78 per cent of the affected population (representing 3,654,242 individuals) were located in Nigeria, while 11 per cent resided in Cameroon (523,073 individuals), 6 per cent in Niger (260,553 individuals) and 5 per cent in Chad (234,177 individuals).



2,612,673 IDPs (56%)



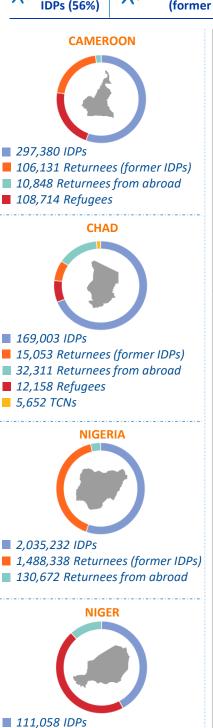
1,609,522 Returnees (former IDPs) (35%)





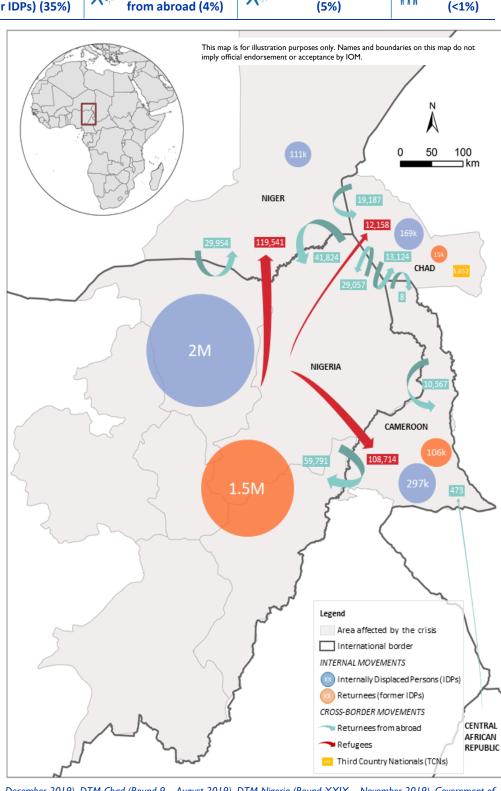
240,413 Refugees (5%)





29,954 Returnees from abroad

119,541 Refugees



Sources and dates: DTM Cameroon (Round 20 – December 2019), DTM Chad (Round 9 – August 2019), DTM Nigeria (Round XXIX – November 2019), Government of Niger (31/10/2019), DREC-M/R/UNHCR Niger (October 2019), UNHCR Cameroon (31/12/2019), CNARR & UNHCR (30/11/2019).



DTM ACTIVITIES IN THE LAKE CHAD BASIN COUNTRIES ARE SUPPORTED BY:

