



EMERGENCY TRACKING TOOL (ETT)

DTM Emergency Tracking Tool (ETT) is deployed to track and provide up-to-date information on sudden displacement and other population movements

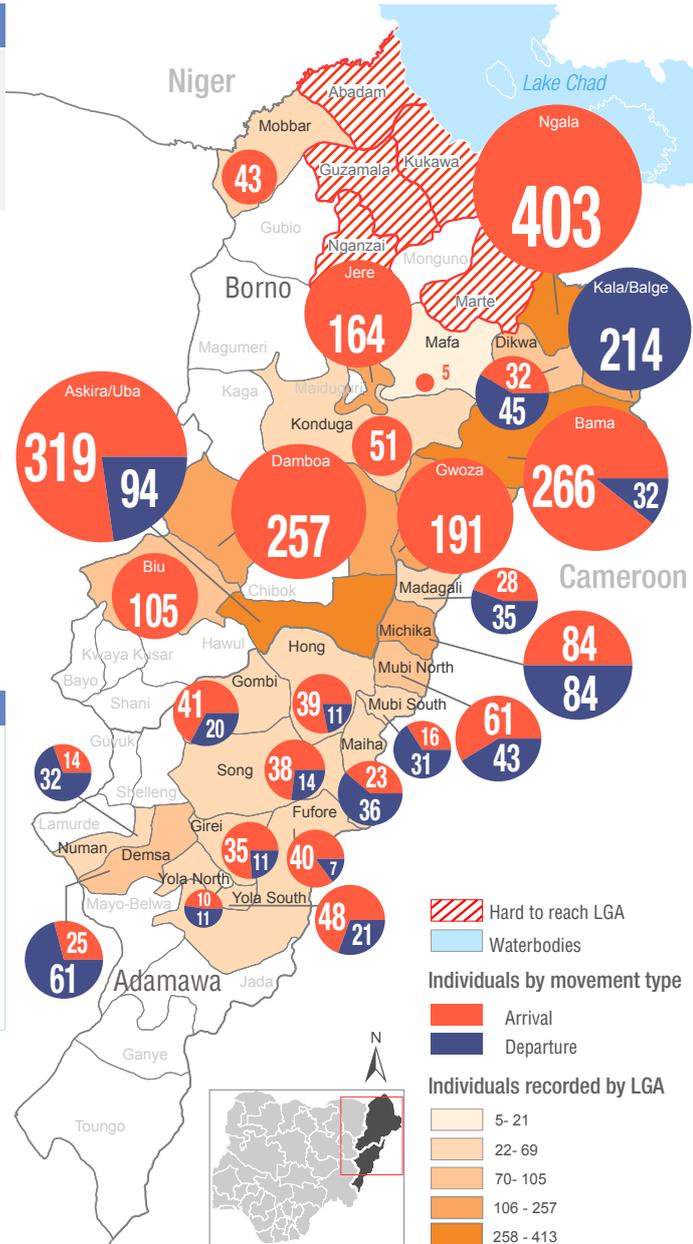
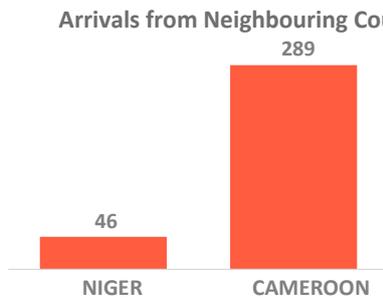
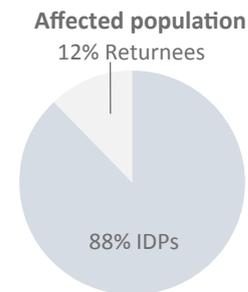
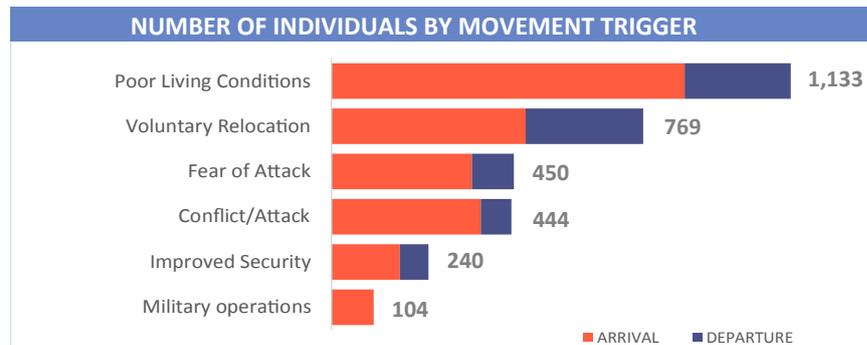
ETT Report: No. 154 | 13 - 19 January 2020

MOVEMENTS	NEW ARRIVAL SCREENING BY NUTRITION PARTNERS
<p>Arrivals: 2,338 individuals</p> <p>Departures: 802 individuals</p>	<p>197 Children (6-59 months) screened for malnutrition</p> <p>MUAC category of screened children</p> <p>Green: 185 Yellow: 9 Red: 3</p>

From 13 – 19 January 2020, a total of 3,140 movements were recorded, composed of 2,338 arrivals and 802 departures. Arrivals were recorded at locations in Maiduguri Metropolitan Council, Askira/Uba, Bama, Biu, Damboa, Dikwa, Gwoza, Jere, Konduga, Mafa, Mobbar and Ngala Local Government Areas (LGAs) of Borno State. Arrivals were also recorded in Demsa, Fufore, Girei, Gombi, Hong, Madagali, Maiha, Michika, Mubi North, Mubi South, Numan, Song, Yola North and Yola South LGAs of Adamawa State.

Departures were recorded in Askira/Uba, Bama, Dikwa and Kala/Balge LGAs of Borno State. Departures were also recorded in Demsa, Fufore, Girei, Gombi, Hong, Madagali, Maiha, Michika, Mubi North, Mubi South, Numan, Song, Yola North and Yola South LGAs of Adamawa State.

ETT assessments identified the following movement triggers: poor living conditions (36%), voluntary relocation (25%), fear of attack (14%), conflict/attack (14%), improved security (8%) and military operations (3%).



* Movements in Kala/Balge were captured by ETT outreach staff in the LGA

SUMMARY OF MAJOR MOVEMENTS

Askira/Uba: 319 arrivals and 94 departures were recorded in Askira/Uba LGA of Borno State. The arrivals include 2 from Hong LGA of Adamawa State. Other arrivals include 183 from Kopa/Multhafu ward, 105 from Askira East ward, and 29 from Ngulde ward and were tracked in Lassa, Askira east and Ngohi wards. The departures include 76 from Ngulde ward, 13 from Hausari/Zadawa ward and 5 from Mussa ward. 57% of the new arrivals reported to have relocated due to fear of attack, 42% due to the ongoing conflict/attack while 1% was reportedly due to poor living condition. 81% of the departures reported to have relocated due to the ongoing conflict/attack while 19% relocated voluntarily.

Ngala: 403 arrivals were recorded in Ngala LGA of Borno State. The arrivals include 229 from Rann “A” ward and 174 from Fotokol of Cameroon. The arrivals were all due to poor living conditions.

Bama: 266 arrivals and 32 departures were recorded in Bama LGA of Borno State. The arrivals include 25 from Buduwa/Bula Chirabe ward and 14 from Abbaram ward and were tracked in Shehuri/Hausari/Mairi ward. Other arrivals include 78 from Mora of Cameroon, 139 from Gomari ward and 10 from Gwange ward of Maiduguri Metropolitan Council. The 32 departures were from Shehuri/Hausari/Mairi ward. 67% of the new arrivals reported to have relocated voluntarily while 33% were reportedly due to poor living conditions. The departures were all voluntarily.

Damboa: 257 arrivals were recorded in Damboa LGA of Borno State. The arrivals include 101 from Bale/Galtimari ward of Jere LGA. Other arrivals include 153 from Azur/Multe/Forfor ward and 3 from Kafa/Mafi ward and were tracked in Damboa Central ward. 61% of the new arrivals reported to have relocated due to poor living conditions while 39% relocated due to military operations.

NEW ARRIVAL MALNUTRITION SCREENING SUMMARY (CHILDREN 6-59 MONTHS)

An exhaustive nutrition screening using monitoring of symptoms of acute malnutrition mid upper arm circumference (MUAC) and Oedema was conducted by Nutrition Sector partners for 197 children of 6-59 months. Of the 197 children screened, the MUAC reading was: 3 children (1 from Inaccessible and 2 from an accessible area) in the Red category, 9 in the Yellow category and 185 measured in the Green category. No cases of Oedema were reported in the 4 LGAs that reports were received from. All children found with acute malnutrition have been admitted for treatment.

The results also include 94 children from neighbouring Cameroon and Republic of Niger. Of these arrivals, 25 children moved to Bama, 10 to Gwoza, 15 to Mobbar and 44 to Ngala); 91 of the 94 arrivals were screened into the green category and 3 were in the yellow category. None were in the red category.

LGA	MUAC Categories						Total
	Green (≥12.5cm)		Yellow (11.5 cm - 12.5cm)		Red (<11.5cm)		
	Inaccessible	Accessible	Inaccessible	Accessible	Inaccessible	Accessible	
Bama	11	30	0	2	1	1	45
Gwoza	8	36	2	0	0	0	46
Konduga	0	10	0	1	0	0	11
Mobbar	0	14	0	1	0	0	15
Ngala	0	76	0	3	0	1	80
Total	19	166	2	7	1	2	197

■ Nourished

■ Moderate Acute Malnutrition (MAM)

■ Severe Acute Malnutrition (SAM)

Please note, the data presented are not surveillance results and should be interpreted with caution.

Table 1. Details of movements by locations of assessment and locations of arrival / departure - only movements with at least 20 persons are listed below

Tracking Location			Movement Location						
STATE	LGA	WARD	STATE2	LGA2	WARD2	ARRIVAL	DEPARTURE	Grand Total	
ADAMAWA	DEMSA	DEMSA	ADAMAWA	DEMSA	DWAM	-	39	39	
	FUFORE	FUFORE	ADAMAWA	FUFORE	PARIYA	28	-	28	
	GOMBI	GOMBI SOUTH	ADAMAWA	SONG	ZUMO	-	20	20	
	MADAGALI	KIRCHINGA/WUROGAYANDI	ADAMAWA	MUBI SOUTH	GUDE	-	32	32	
	MAIHA	KONKOL	ADAMAWA	MAIHA	SORAU B	23	-	23	
	MICHIKA	MICHIKA	MICHIKA I	ADAMAWA	GIREI	DENEYEL	-	21	21
			SUKUMU TILLIJO	NASSARAWA	KEFFI	KEFFI	-	47	47
			VI-BOKA	ADAMAWA	MICHIKA	MICHIKA II	28	-	28
	MUBI NORTH	MUBI NORTH	LOKUWA	ADAMAWA	MUBI NORTH	MUJULU	23	-	23
			MIJILU	ADAMAWA	MADAGALI	KIRCHINGA/WUROGAYANDI	28	-	28
SONG	ZUMO	ADAMAWA	MICHIKA	VI-BOKKA	-	23	23		
BORNO	ASKIRA/UBA	ASKIRA/UBA	BORNO	ASKIRA EAST	ASKIRA EAST	105	-	105	
				NGOHI	ASKIRA/UBA	ASKIRA/UBA	29	-	29
				NGULDE	ASKIRA/UBA	ASKIRA/UBA	-	76	76
				LASSA	ASKIRA/UBA	KOPA/MULTHAFU	183	-	183
				BAMA	BORNO	BAMA	BUDUWA / BULA CHIRABE	25	-
	BAMA	SHEHURI / HAUSARI / MAIRI	BAMA	CAMEROON	MAYO-SAVA	MORA	48	-	48
				BORNO	BAMA	BUDUWA / BULA CHIRABE	-	32	32
				JERE	GOMARI	GOMARI	139	-	139
				CAMEROON	MAYO-SAVA	MORA	30	-	30
	BIU	ZARA WEYAKU	BORNO	BIU	MADARA GIRAU	88	-	88	
	DAMBOA	DAMBOA CENTRAL	DAMBOA	BORNO	DAMBOA	AZUR/MULTE/FORFOR	153	-	153
				JERE	BALE GALTIMARI	101	-	101	
				BORNO	BAMA	SHETTIMARI	-	41	41
	DIKWA	DIKWA CENTRAL	DIKWA	JERE	GOMARI	GOMARI	24	-	24
				GWOZA	GWOZA WAKANE/BULABULIN	ADAMAWA	HONG	DAKSIRI	33
	GWOZA	PULKA/BOKKO	GWOZA	BORNO	GWOZA	NGIBIYE	53	-	53
				CAMEROON	MAYO-SAVA	MORA	33	-	33
				BORNO	JERE	ADDAMARI/NGUDUA	39	-	39
	JERE	OLD MAIDUGURI	JERE	MAGUMERI	GAJIGANNA	125	-	125	
				BORNO	NGALA	NGALA	-	214	214
KALA/BALGE	RANN "A"	BORNO	KALA BALGE	RANN "A"	36	-	36		
KONDUGA	AUNO CHABBOL	BORNO	KALA BALGE	RANN "A"	36	-	36		
MOBBAR	DAMASAK CENTRAL	REPUBLIC OF NIGER	DIFFA	CHETIMARI	43	-	43		
NGALA	NGALA	BORNO	KALA/BALGE	RANN "A"	229	-	229		
		CAMEROON	LONONE-ET-CHARI	FOTOKOL	174	-	174		

The depiction and use of boundaries, geographic names, and related data shown on maps and included in this report are not warranted to be error free nor do they imply judgment on the legal status of any territory, or any endorsement or acceptance of such boundaries by IOM. MUAC data is provided by UNICEF

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