

IOMYEMEN: Rapid Displacement Tracking

14 to 27 July 2019

The ongoing conflict in Yemen, since March 2015, has led to the displacement of more than 3.6 million people (according to <u>DTM's 2018 Area Assessment</u>) and datasets can be found <u>here</u>.

DTM's Rapid Displacement Tracking tool collects and reports on numbers of households forced to flee on a daily basis, allowing for regular reporting of new displacements in terms of numbers, geography and needs. In the first five months of 2019, conflict activities have resulted in new patterns of displacement, particularly in within Al Dhale'e and Al Hudaydah governorates.

Click here to get the dataset for rapid displacement tracking from 14 to 27 July 2019.

From 14 to 27 July 2019, households continued to move to and within Al Hudaydah, Taizz, Sana'a, and Amanat Al Asimah specifically in the below governorates and districts:

- Al Hudaydah: Zabid (264 HH) mostly from the same district and Az Zuhrah (108 HH) from Abs (83 HH) and Bakil Al Mir (25HH) in Hajjah governorate
- Taizz: Salh (125 HH), Al Mudhaffar (58 HH), As Silw (43 HH), and Al Misrakh (43 HH) districts received the highest number of households arriving from Al Hawak in Al Hudaydah governorate and displacement within in the same governorate from Salh and Sabir Al Mawadim districts.
- Sana'a: Sanhan (153 HH) district received the highest number of households arriving from Ad Durayhimi and Al Hawak districts in Al Hudaydah governorate.
- Amanat Al Asimah: As Sabain and Ma'ain districts received (121 HH) mostly from Al Hawak and Al Hali districts.

Total Number of Displaced people between 1 January to 27 July 2019



54,697 Households

328,182 Individuals

Total Number of IDPs / Returned people between 14 to 27 July 2019



1,677 IDP HHs

10,062 IDP Individuals

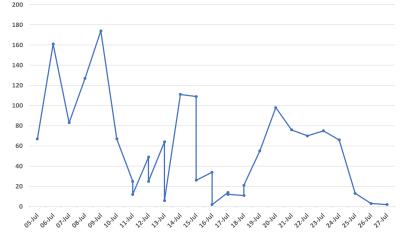


Returnee HHs

2,136

Returnee Individuals

Figure I: Displacement Timeline Based on Reported Date between 14 to 27 July 2019



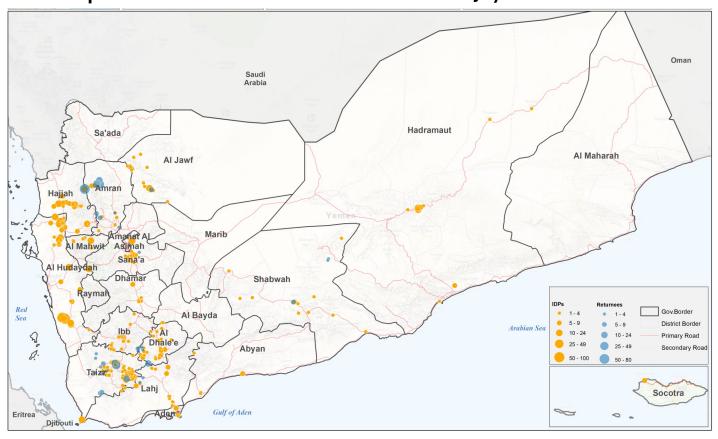
Key Highlights

from of 14 to 27 July 2019, there were **2** instances of over **100** households displaced in a single day (see figure 1). There were in **Al Hudaydah** governorate because of recent fighting.

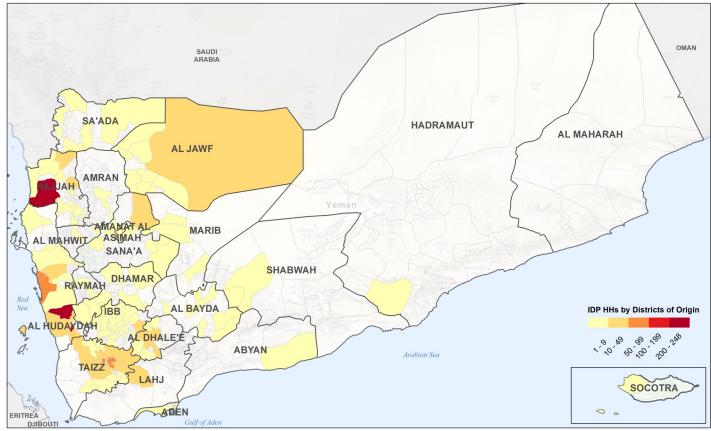
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Map I: IDP and Returnee Locations from 14 to 27 July 2019



Map2: Number of IDPs by District of Origin from 14 to 27 July 2019





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Al Dhale'e Conflict

Al Dhale'e governorate, in the center of the country, is currently one of the most conflict-affected gover-norates in Yemen. In the last six months, the number of people displaced from the governorate by violence has reached 11,305 HH. IDPs from Al Dhale'e are scattered in more than 77 districts across Yemen. Most of the displaced are residing within Al Dhale'e governorate and/or their districts of origin. 3,191 HH are displaced in Qa'atabah district; 2,608 HH are displaced in Ad Dhale'e district and 1,071 HH are displaced Al Azariq district. 280 HH have also moved As Sabrah district in Ibb governorate, and 159 HH to As Sabain district in Amanat Al Asimah governorate.

IDPs are increasingly in need of food, medicine, shel -ter, water and financial support.

Hajjah Conflict

The conflict in Hajjah governorate led to displacement of **28,015 HH**, mainly from Abs **15,702 HH**, Kushar **6,703 HH** and Aflah Ash Sham **1,863 HH**.

Displaced persons moved in varying directions: some households moved southwards towards the Al-Thami coast in Al Hudaydah governorate in districts of Az Zuhrah 4,545 HH, Al Qanawis 1,038 HH, and Alluheyah 728 HH; others were internally displaced within their districts of origin, such as Abs 9,632 HH, Kushar 2,383 HH and Khayran Al Muharaq 2,241 HH.

Al Hudaydah Conflict

Since 2018, the intensification of the conflict in Al Hudaydah has resulted in the largest wave of displacement witnessed in the past four years. Between January and July 2019, **7,207 HH** have been newly displaced from the governorate into Amant Al Asi-mah, Sana'a and Lahj governorates. In Amant Al Asi-mah governorate, displaced persons from Al Hudaydah are residing in Ma'ain **477 HH** As Sabain **436 HH** and Shu'aub **199 HH** districts. In Taizz Governorate, IDPs from Al Hudaydah are in Al Mukha district **357 HH**, In Sana'a Governorate, IDPs from Al Hudaydah are in Bani Matar district **246 HH**, and in Lahj governorate IDPs are displaced in Tuban district **199 HH**.

Internal displacement within Al Hudaydah was towards Zabid **705 HH**, Al Hali **207 HH**, Hays **179 HH** and Bayt Al Faqiah **148 HH** districts, mainly from Al Hali, Al Hawak, Al Mina, Hays, and Ad Durayhimi districts.



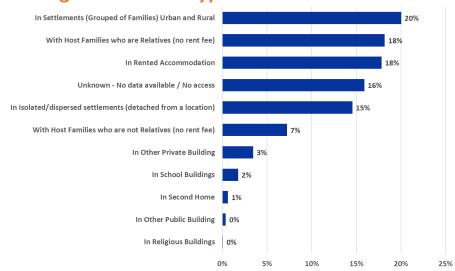
Female enumerator conducting interviews.DTM Source



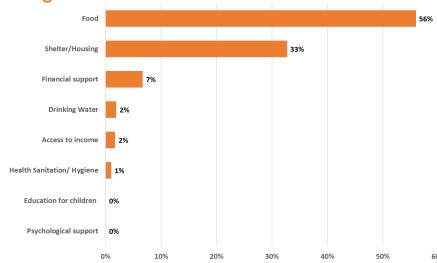
Rrapid Displacement Tracking interviews . DTM Source

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Figure 2: Shelter Type







Number of IDPs by Governorate of Displacemente from 1 January to 27 July 2019

Governorate OF DISPLACEMENT	IDP HHs	IDPs Individual
Hajjah	17,603	105,618
Al Dhale'e	9,900	59,400
Al Hudaydah	8,857	53,142
Amanat Al Asimah	4,223	25,338
Taizz	3,587	21,522
Marib	1,669	10,014
Ibb	1,576	9,456
Amran	1,387	8,322
Sana'a	1,347	8,082
Lahj	798	4,788
Aden	528	3,168
Sa'ada	498	2,988
Dhamar	413	2,478
Abyan	400	2,400
Hadramaut	397	2,382
Shabwah	364	2,184
Al Bayda	296	1,776
Al Jawf	257	1,542
Raymah	212	1,272
Al Mahwit	145	870
Socotra	145	870
Al Maharah	95	570
Grand Total	54,697	328,182

About Displacement Tracking Matrix (DTM)

IOM's Displacement Tracking Matrix (DTM) in Yemen is implementing various assessment activities including the Rapid Displacement Tracking (RDT), the Baseline Sub-Area Assessment and Flow Monitoring Registries and Surveys. DTM Yemen also supports the humanitarian planning cycle (HNO/HRP) and clusters with implementation and data processing of the Multi-Cluster Location Assessment (MCLA).

Methods and Limitations

IOM uses the Rapid Displacement Tracking Tool to compile information on daily basis from various partners including: local and international NGOs, as well as local and national authorities. Compilation is done through document reviews, as well as face-to-face and/or phone interviews. Locations, where IOM has direct access, DTM field teams verify information provided by partners through visual observations, review of individual registries and key informant interviews.







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