

Mobility Tracking Round 5

Village / Neighbourhood Assessment Catalogue

Western Bahr El Ghazal II (Raja – Wau)

March 2019







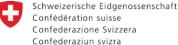


Table of Contents

Raja	1	East Darajar	69
•	, I	Hai Bafara	71
Ere		Hai Dinka	73
Deleree	1	Hai Fahal	75
Hai Salam	3	Hai Falata	77
Hai Sombo	5	Hai Jedid	79
Mawa	7	Hai Kalvaria	81
Placa	9	Hai Korgana	83
Raja Town		Hai Lokoloko	85
Hai Aja	11	Hai Sika Hadid	
•	13		87
Hai Bambara	4 5	Hai Zande	89
Hai Manga	15 Wai	u South	
Hai Matar	17	Agok Area	91
Hai Moza	19	Baggari Jedid	93
Hai Mustashfa	21	Bazia Jedit	95
Hai Raja Centre	23	Hai Jalaba	97
Khor abuna	25	Hai Jazeera	99
Khor Shok	27	Hai Jebel (B)	101
Stop Jedid	29	Hai Jebel A	103
Ringi		Hai Jou	105
Gas Boro	31	Hai Kosti	107
Hai Abdullahi	33	Hai Masna	107
	35	Hai Mutamadia	111
Hai Bogongo	37		
Hai Gabdai Katta	39	Hai Nazareth	113
1 1111111111111111111111111111111111111		Hai Salam	115
Menemba A	41	Jebel Kheir	117
Menemba B	43	Kheresh A	119
Uyujuku		Kheresh B	121
Hai Balanda	45	Muwzifin	123
Hai Banda	47	New Site	125
Hai Keresh	49		
Hai Shat	51		
Hai Yambio	53		
Hai Zande	55		
Mangaiyat	57		
Sopo	59		
Wau			
	01		
Bagari			
Frajalla	61		
Ngovelo	63		
Beselia			
Fanjer(Ndaku)	65		
Wau North			
	67		
Aweil Jedid	0/		

Deleree



38.0%

53,5%

2018-05-30

IDPs



Location SSID: ssid_SS0902_0017

Postcode: SS090202

Accessibility: Accessible by foot

Community Leader: Yes

Registration: Yes, paper-based

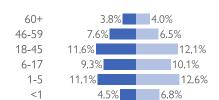
Who is being registered: IDPs, returnees and host community

Returnees (internal) Returnees (abroad)

No. IDPs: 397 Households: 29

Reason for displacement: Conflict

Origin of largest IDP group: Western Bahr El Ghazal, Raja Origin of 2nd largest IDP group: NA. NA

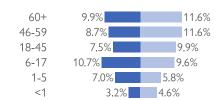


Female Male

No. returnees: 345

Households: 41

Reason for displacement: Conflict





Mobility (IDPs)

Date of arrival of first IDP group: 2017-06-22 Date of arrival of last IDP group:

Have the IDPs been displaced previously?

Three main reasons preventing the majority of IDPs from returning:

House damaged/destroyed, Lack of safety, No livelihood

Mobility (returnees)

Date of return of first returnee group: 2019-01-01 Date of return of last returnee group: 2019-02-03

Are there people displaced from this village / neighbourhood who have not returned yet?

Special needs

No. pregnant women: No. breastfeeding mothers:

Total number of individuals with special needs: 114

Special needs include pregnant and breastfeeding women, separated, orphaned and unaccompanied children, persons with mental or physical disabilities, persons with chronic diseases or serious medical conditions and old people without caregivers.

Protection

Main security provider in the village / neighbourhood: Military

Health

Most common concern: Malaria Main provider: Government

Education

Type of facility: Formal Primary Education

Availability of learning supplies: No Availability of teachers: Yes



Deleree (ssid SS0902 0017) Western Bahr El Ghazal, Raja



Distance from main water source

<20 min walking

Water fit for human drinking

Yes

People feel safe collecting water

Yes



% collapsed or in danger of shelters*

25-50%

Average occupants

1-4

Market access (NFIs)

No



Conditions of most latrines

Unknown

Not reported

Evidence of open defecation

Yes

Hygiene promotion campaign

No



Access to food

Yes onsite

Frequency of food assistance

Unknown

Not reported

Market access (food)

Yes



Separate male / female latrines

Unknown

Not reported

Toilets / bathrooms lock from inside

Unknown

Not reported

Lighting around all toilets / bathrooms

Unknown

Not reported



Access to health facility

Yes

Distance from health facility

On-site (>3 km)

Exclusion from health services

None



Security provided at location

Yes

Common conflict-related incidents

Yes

Areas avoided by women / girls

No



Access to primary education

Yes

Distance to nearest education facility

1-2 km

% children attending primary education

25-50%

*The share of collapsed and in danger of collapse shelters in the figure above refers to IDP/returnee shelters only.

WASH

Connections to functioning pipelines: Yes

Main water purification method: Filtering

Main water source for cooking / washing: Other, Specify Main water source for drinking: Other, Specify

No. functioning boreholes: Non-functioning: 2

Complaints about drinking water quality: Main problem with water: NA

Type of toilet: Open defecation No. garbage disposal points:

Main garbage disposal method: Burning Is solid waste a problem? No

Shelter / NFIs

Main shelter type: Tukul

Shelter materials available in nature:

Poles, Grass

Returnees

Shelter mat. available from local market:

Poles, Bamboo, Rope, Grass

Three most needed NFIs:

Mosquito nets, Adult clothing, Child Clothing

Food

Groups struggling most with food access:

Cultivation/Sale of livestock Main source of food:

Reason for lack of market access:

Hai Salam



2018-06-30

24



Location SSID: ssid_SS0902_0025

Registration: Yes, paper-based

Who is being registered: IDPs, returnees and host community

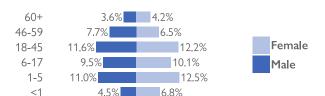


No. IDPs: 337 Households: 58

Reason for displacement: Conflict

Origin of largest IDP group: Western Bahr El Ghazal, Raja Origin of 2nd largest IDP group:

NA. NA



No. returnees: 397

Households: 47

Reason for displacement: Natural Disaster



Mobility (IDPs)

Date of arrival of first IDP group: 2017-06-26 Date of arrival of last IDP group:

Have the IDPs been displaced previously?

Three main reasons preventing the majority of IDPs from returning:

Lack of food, House damaged/destroyed, No livelihood

Mobility (returnees)

Date of return of first returnee group: 2019-01-01 Date of return of last returnee group: 2019-02-03

Are there people displaced from this village / neighbourhood who have not returned yet?

Special needs

No. pregnant women: 13 No. breastfeeding mothers:

Total number of individuals with special needs: 311

Special needs include pregnant and breastfeeding women, separated, orphaned and unaccompanied children, persons with mental or physical disabilities, persons with chronic diseases or serious medical conditions and old people without caregivers.

Protection

Main security provider in the village / neighbourhood: Local Authorities

Health

Main provider: NGO/INGO Most common concern: Malaria

Education

Type of facility: Formal Primary Education

Availability of learning supplies: Unknown Availability of teachers: Unkown



Hai Salam (ssid SS0902 0025) Western Bahr El Ghazal, Raja



Distance from main water source

>20 min walking

Water fit for human drinking

Yes

People feel safe collecting water

Yes



% collapsed or in danger of shelters*

25-50%

Average occupants

1-4

Market access (NFIs)

Unknown

Not reported



Conditions of most latrines

Unknown

Not reported

Evidence of open defecation

No

Hygiene promotion campaign

No



Access to food

Yes offsite

Frequency of food assistance

Unknown

Not reported

Market access (food)

Yes



Separate male / female latrines

Unknown

Not reported

Toilets / bathrooms lock from inside

Unknown

Not reported

Lighting around all toilets / bathrooms

Unknown

Not reported



Access to health facility

Yes

Distance from health facility

On-site (>3 km)

Exclusion from health services

Returnees Host Community



Security provided at location

Yes

Common conflict-related incidents

No

Areas avoided by women / girls

No



Access to primary education

Yes

Distance to nearest education facility

1-2 km

% children attending primary education

25-50%

Returnees

Cultivation/Sale of livestock

*The share of collapsed and in danger of collapse shelters in the figure above refers to IDP/returnee shelters only.

WASH

Connections to functioning pipelines: Yes

Main water purification method: Filtering

Main water source for cooking / washing: Other, Specify Main water source for drinking: Other, Specify

No. functioning boreholes: Non-functioning: 2

Complaints about drinking water quality: Main problem with water: NA

Type of toilet: Open defecation No. garbage disposal points:

Main garbage disposal method: Burning

Is solid waste a problem? Yes

Shelter / NFIs

Main source of food:

Main shelter type: Temporary shelter (Rakooba)

Shelter materials available in nature: None

Shelter mat. available from local market: Bamboo

Three most needed NFIs:

Kitchen sets, Adult clothing, Child Clothing

Food

Groups struggling most with food access:

Reason for lack of market access:

Hai Sombo





Location SSID: ssid_SS0902_0027

Registration: Yes, paper-based

Who is being registered: IDPs, returnees and host community

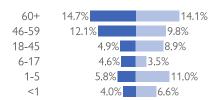
IDPs 46,8% Postcode: SS090202 Accessibility: Accessible by foot 53.2% Returnees (internal) Community Leader: Yes Returnees (abroad) 0.0%

No. IDPs: 347 Households: 39

Reason for displacement: Conflict

Origin of largest IDP group: Western Bahr El Ghazal, Raja Origin of 2nd largest IDP group:

NA. NA

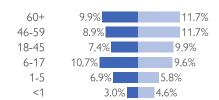


Female Male

No. returnees: 394

Households: 70

Reason for displacement: Conflict





Mobility (IDPs)

Date of arrival of first IDP group: 2017-06-22 Date of arrival of last IDP group: 2018-06-30

Have the IDPs been displaced previously?

Three main reasons preventing the majority of IDPs from returning: House damaged/destroyed, Lack of safety, No livelihood

Mobility (returnees)

Date of return of first returnee group: 2019-01-01 Date of return of last returnee group: 2019-02-03

Are there people displaced from this village / neighbourhood who have not returned yet?

Special needs

No. pregnant women: 30 No. breastfeeding mothers: 29

Total number of individuals with special needs: 262

Special needs include pregnant and breastfeeding women, separated, orphaned and unaccompanied children, persons with mental or physical disabilities, persons with chronic diseases or serious medical conditions and old people without caregivers.

Protection

Main security provider in the village / neighbourhood: Local Authorities

Health

Most common concern: Malaria Main provider: Government

Education

Type of facility: Formal Primary Education

Availability of learning supplies: No Availability of teachers: No



Hai Sombo (ssid_SS0902_0027) Western Bahr El Ghazal, Raja



Distance from main water source

>20 min walking

Water fit for human drinking

Yes

People feel safe collecting water

Yes



% collapsed or in danger of shelters*

10-25%

Average occupants

1-4

Market access (NFIs)

Unknown

Not reported



Conditions of most latrines

Unknown

Not reported

Evidence of open defecation

Yes

Hygiene promotion campaign

Access to food

No

Yes offsite

Unknown

Not reported

Yes

Frequency of food assistance

Market access (food)



Access to health facility

Yes

Separate male / female latrines

Unknown

Not reported

Toilets / bathrooms lock from inside

Unknown

Not reported

Unknown

Not reported

Lighting around all toilets / bathrooms

Distance from health facility

On-site (<3 km)

Exclusion from health services

None



Security provided at location

Yes

Common conflict-related incidents

No

Areas avoided by women / girls

No



Access to primary education

Yes

Distance to nearest education facility

1-2 km

% children attending primary education

25-50%

*The share of collapsed and in danger of collapse shelters in the figure above refers to IDP/returnee shelters only.

WASH

Connections to functioning pipelines: No Main water purification method: None

Main water source for cooking / washing: Other, Specify
Main water source for drinking: Other, Specify

No. functioning boreholes: 6 Non-functioning: 2

Complaints about drinking water quality: Yes

Main problem with water: Taste

Type of toilet: Open defecation No. garbage disposal points:

Main garbage disposal method: Burning Is solid waste a problem? Yes

Shelter / NFIs

Main shelter type: Temporary shelter (Rakooba)

Shelter materials available in nature: Grass

Shelter mat. available from local market: Poles, Bamboo, Rope, Grass

Three most needed NFIs:

Bedding sets, Mosquito nets, Adult Clothing

Food

Groups struggling most with food access: Returnees

Main source of food: Cultivation/Sale of livestock

Reason for lack of market access: NA

Western Bahr El Ghazal, Raja, Ere [GPS 9.317531415, 25.485137004]

Mawa



2018-07-02



Location SSID: ssid_SS0902_0032

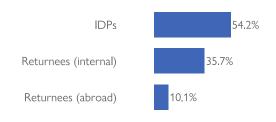
Postcode: SS090202

Accessibility: Accessible by foot

Community Leader: Yes

Registration: Yes, paper-based

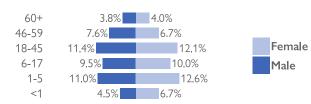
Who is being registered: Returnees only



No. IDPs: 420 Households: 71

Reason for displacement: Conflict

Origin of largest IDP group: Western Bahr El Ghazal, Raja Origin of 2nd largest IDP group: Western Bahr El Ghazal, Raja



Mobility (IDPs)

Date of arrival of first IDP group: 2017-06-21

Have the IDPs been displaced previously? Yes

Three main reasons preventing the majority of IDPs from returning:

Lack of food, House damaged/destroyed, No livelihood

Mobility (returnees)

Date of return of first returnee group: 2019-01-01 Date of return of last returnee group: 2019-02-03

Are there people displaced from this village / neighbourhood who have not returned yet?

Special needs

No. pregnant women: 29

No. breastfeeding mothers: 32

Date of arrival of last IDP group:

Total number of individuals with special needs: 217

Special needs include pregnant and breastfeeding women, separated, orphaned and unaccompanied children, persons with mental or physical disabilities, persons with chronic diseases or serious medical conditions and old people without caregivers.

Protection

Main security provider in the village / neighbourhood: Military

Health

Most common concern: Malaria Main provider: NGO/INGO

Education

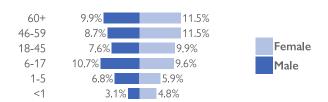
Type of facility: Formal Primary Education

Availability of learning supplies: No Availability of teachers: No

No. returnees: 355

Households: 66

Reason for displacement: Communal Clashes





Mawa (ssid SS0902 0032) Western Bahr El Ghazal, Raja



Distance from main water source

Unknown Not reported

Water fit for human drinking

Yes

People feel safe collecting water

Yes



% collapsed or in danger of shelters*

10-25%

Average occupants

5-6

Market access (NFIs)

No



Conditions of most latrines

Unknown

Not reported

Evidence of open defecation

Yes

Hygiene promotion campaign

Access to food

No

Yes offsite

Unknown

Not reported

Yes

Frequency of food assistance

Market access (food)



Access to health facility

Yes

Separate male / female latrines

Unknown

Not reported

Toilets / bathrooms lock from inside

Unknown

Not reported

Unknown

Not reported

Lighting around all toilets / bathrooms

Distance from health facility

On-site (>3 km)

Exclusion from health services

IDPs Host Community



Security provided at location

Yes

Common conflict-related incidents

Yes

Areas avoided by women / girls

No



Access to primary education

Yes

Distance to nearest education facility

1-2 km

% children attending primary education

25-50%

IDPs

*The share of collapsed and in danger of collapse shelters in the figure above refers to IDP/returnee shelters only.

WASH

Connections to functioning pipelines: No

Main water purification method: Filtering

Main water source for cooking / washing: Other, Specify

Main water source for drinking: Other, Specify

No. functioning boreholes: Non-functioning: 2

Complaints about drinking water quality: Main problem with water: NA

Type of toilet: Open defecation No. garbage disposal points:

Main garbage disposal method: Burning

Is solid waste a problem? Yes

Shelter / NFIs

Main shelter type: Temporary shelter (Rakooba)

Shelter materials available in nature: Grass

Shelter mat. available from local market: Poles, Bamboo, Rope, Grass

Three most needed NFIs:

Hygiene kits, Mosquito nets, Adult Clothing

Food

Groups struggling most with food access:

Cultivation/Sale of livestock Main source of food:

Reason for lack of market access:

Western Bahr El Ghazal, Raja, Ere [GPS 9.66988059621, 25.4948176974]

Placa



2018-06-30



Location SSID: ssid SS0902 0035

Who is being registered: NA



No. IDPs: 413 Households: 39

Reason for displacement: Conflict

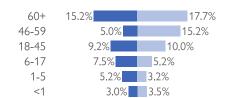
Origin of largest IDP group: Western Bahr El Ghazal, Raja Origin of 2nd largest IDP group: NA. NA





No. returnees: 401 Households: 23

Reason for displacement: Conflict





Mobility (IDPs)

Date of arrival of first IDP group: Date of arrival of last IDP group: 2017-08-10

Have the IDPs been displaced previously?

Three main reasons preventing the majority of IDPs from returning:

Lack of food. No livelihood

Mobility (returnees)

Date of return of first returnee group: 2019-01-01 Date of return of last returnee group: 2019-02-03

Are there people displaced from this village / neighbourhood who have not returned yet?

Special needs

No. pregnant women: 36 No. breastfeeding mothers: 16

Total number of individuals with special needs: 251

Special needs include pregnant and breastfeeding women, separated, orphaned and unaccompanied children, persons with mental or physical disabilities, persons with chronic diseases or serious medical conditions and old people without caregivers.

Protection

Main security provider in the village / neighbourhood: Military

Health

Most common concern: Malaria Main provider: Government

Education

Type of facility: Formal Primary Education

Availability of learning supplies: Yes Availability of teachers: Yes



Placa (ssid SS0902 0035) Western Bahr El Ghazal, Raja



Distance from main water source

Unknown

Not reported Water fit for human drinking

Yes

People feel safe collecting water

Yes



% collapsed or in danger of shelters*

10-25%

Average occupants

1-4

Market access (NFIs)

Yes



Conditions of most latrines

Unknown

Not reported

Evidence of open defecation

Yes

Hygiene promotion campaign

No



Access to food

Yes onsite

Frequency of food assistance

Unknown

Not reported

Market access (food)

No



Separate male / female latrines

Unknown

Not reported

Toilets / bathrooms lock from inside

Unknown

Not reported

Lighting around all toilets / bathrooms

Unknown

Not reported



Access to health facility

Yes

Distance from health facility

On-site (<3 km)

Exclusion from health services

IDPs Host Community



Security provided at location

Yes

Common conflict-related incidents

Yes

Areas avoided by women / girls

Yes



Access to primary education

Yes

Distance to nearest education facility

Unknown

Not reported

% children attending primary education

<25%

*The share of collapsed and in danger of collapse shelters in the figure above refers to IDP/returnee shelters only.

WASH

Connections to functioning pipelines: Yes

Main water purification method: Boiling Main water source for cooking / washing: Other, Specify

Main water source for drinking: Other, Specify

No. functioning boreholes: Non-functioning: 2

Complaints about drinking water quality: Main problem with water: NA

Type of toilet: Open defecation No. garbage disposal points:

Main garbage disposal method: Burning

NA

Is solid waste a problem? No

Shelter / NFIs

Main shelter type: Temporary shelter (Rakooba) Shelter materials available in nature: Bamboo, Grass

Shelter mat. available from local market: Rope, Grass

Three most needed NFIs:

Bedding sets, Mosquito nets, Adult Clothing

Food

Groups struggling most with food access:

IDPs, Returnees, Host community

Cultivation/Sale of livestock Main source of food:

Reason for lack of market access: Distance Western Bahr El Ghazal, Raja, Raja Town [GPS 8.29291, 25.4317]

Hai Aja

IOM DISPLACEMENT TRACKING MATRIX SOUTH SUDAN

2018-12-27

100%

IDPs

0%

0%

Returnees (internal)

Returnees (abroad)



Location SSID: ssid_SS0902_0001

Postcode: SS090204

Accessibility: Accessible by foot

Community Leader: Yes

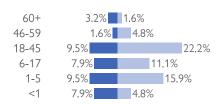
Registration: No

Who is being registered: NA

No. IDPs: 63 Households: 15

Reason for displacement: Conflict

Origin of largest IDP group: Western Bahr El Ghazal, Raja Origin of 2nd largest IDP group: Western Bahr El Ghazal, Raja



Female Male

No. returnees: 0 Households: 0

Reason for displacement: NA

Mobility (IDPs)

Date of arrival of first IDP group: 2016-06-21 Date of arrival of last IDP group:

Have the IDPs been displaced previously?

Three main reasons preventing the majority of IDPs from returning:

Lack of food, House damaged/destroyed, Lack of safety

Mobility (returnees)

Date of return of first returnee group: NA Date of return of last returnee group: NA

Are there people displaced from this village / neighbourhood who have not returned yet?

Special needs

No. pregnant women: 11 No. breastfeeding mothers: 35

Total number of individuals with special needs: 302

Special needs include pregnant and breastfeeding women, separated, orphaned and unaccompanied children, persons with mental or physical disabilities, persons with chronic diseases or serious medical conditions and old people without caregivers.

Protection

Main security provider in the village / neighbourhood: Military

Health

Most common concern: Malaria Main provider: Government

Education

Type of facility: Formal Primary Education

Availability of learning supplies: Yes Availability of teachers: Yes



Hai Aja (ssid_SS0902_0001) Western Bahr El Ghazal, Raja



Distance from main water source

>20 min walking

Water fit for human drinking

No

People feel safe collecting water

Yes



% collapsed or in danger of shelters*

25-50%

Average occupants

1-4

Market access (NFIs)

No



Conditions of most latrines

Unknown

Not reported

Evidence of open defecation

Yes

Hygiene promotion campaign

No



Access to food

Yes offsite

Frequency of food assistance

Unknown

Not reported

Market access (food)

Yes



Separate male / female latrines

Unknown

Not reported Toilets / bathrooms lock from inside

No

Lighting around all toilets / bathrooms

No



Access to health facility

Yes

Distance from health facility

On-site (<3 km)

Exclusion from health services

None



Security provided at location

Yes

Common conflict-related incidents

Yes

Areas avoided by women / girls

No



Access to primary education

Yes

Distance to nearest education facility

1-2 km

% children attending primary education

25-50%

*The share of collapsed and in danger of collapse shelters in the figure above refers to IDP/returnee shelters only.

WASH

Connections to functioning pipelines: No

Main water purification method: None

Main water source for cooking / washing: Hand Pumps Main water source for drinking: Hand Pumps

No. functioning boreholes: Non-functioning: 1

Complaints about drinking water quality:

Main problem with water: Insufficient amount

No. garbage disposal points: Type of toilet: Individual toilets NA

Main garbage disposal method: Burning Is solid waste a problem? Yes

Shelter / NFIs

Main shelter type: Tukul

Shelter materials available in nature: None

Shelter mat. available from local market: Poles, Bamboo, Rope, Grass

Three most needed NFIs:

Emergency shelter kits, Bedding sets, Hygiene kits

Food

Groups struggling most with food access:

IDPs, Host community

Bought with cash from market Main source of food:

Reason for lack of market access: NA

Hai Bambara





Location SSID: ssid_SS0902_0002

Who is being registered: IDPs, returnees and host community



No. IDPs: 1880 Households: 350

Reason for displacement: Conflict

Origin of largest IDP group: Western Bahr El Ghazal, Raja Origin of 2nd largest IDP group: Western Bahr El Ghazal, Raja



Female Male

No. returnees: 248

Households: 48

Reason for displacement: Conflict





Mobility (IDPs)

Date of arrival of first IDP group: Date of arrival of last IDP group: 2018-07-14 2016-06-15

Have the IDPs been displaced previously?

Three main reasons preventing the majority of IDPs from returning:

Lack of food, House damaged/destroyed, Lack of safety

Mobility (returnees)

Date of return of first returnee group: 2018-11-21 Date of return of last returnee group: 2019-02-19

Are there people displaced from this village / neighbourhood who have not returned yet?

Special needs

No. pregnant women: 125 No. breastfeeding mothers: 150

Total number of individuals with special needs: 985

Special needs include pregnant and breastfeeding women, separated, orphaned and unaccompanied children, persons with mental or physical disabilities, persons with chronic diseases or serious medical conditions and old people without caregivers.

Protection

Main security provider in the village / neighbourhood: Police militia

Health

Most common concern: Diarrhea Main provider: Government

Education

Type of facility: Formal Primary Education

Availability of learning supplies: Yes Availability of teachers: No



Hai Bambara (ssid SS0902 0002) Western Bahr El Ghazal, Raja



Distance from main water source

>20 min walking

Water fit for human drinking

Unknown Not reported

People feel safe collecting water

Yes



% collapsed or in danger of shelters*

10-25%

Average occupants

5-6

Market access (NFIs)

No



Conditions of most latrines

Not so good

Evidence of open defecation

No

Hygiene promotion campaign

Yes



Access to food

Yes offsite

Frequency of food assistance

Unknown

Not reported

Market access (food)

Yes



Separate male / female latrines

No

Toilets / bathrooms lock from inside

No

Lighting around all toilets / bathrooms

No



Access to health facility

Yes

Distance from health facility

Off-site (<3 km)

Exclusion from health services

None



Security provided at location

Yes

Common conflict-related incidents

Yes

Areas avoided by women / girls

Yes



Access to primary education

Yes

Distance to nearest education facility

1-2 km

% children attending primary education

25-50%

*The share of collapsed and in danger of collapse shelters in the figure above refers to IDP/returnee shelters only.

Hand Pumps

WASH

Connections to functioning pipelines: No Main water purification method: None

Main water source for cooking / washing: Hand Pumps

No. functioning boreholes: Non-functioning: 3

Complaints about drinking water quality: Main problem with water: NA

Main water source for drinking:

Type of toilet: Latrines No. garbage disposal points:

Main garbage disposal method: Burning

Is solid waste a problem? No

Shelter / NFIs

Main shelter type: Tukul

Shelter materials available in nature: None

Shelter mat. available from local market: Poles, Bamboo, Rope, Grass

Three most needed NFIs:

Emergency shelter kits, Kitchen sets, Bedding sets

Food

Groups struggling most with food access:

IDPs, Returnees, Host community

Cultivation/Sale of livestock Main source of food:

Reason for lack of market access:

Hai Manga



2018-11-07



Location SSID: ssid SS0902 0007

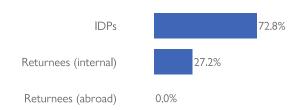
Postcode: SS090204

Accessibility: Accessible by foot

Community Leader: Yes

Registration: Yes, paper-based

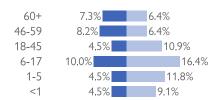
Who is being registered: IDPs, returnees and host community



No. IDPs: 110 Households: 20

Reason for displacement: Conflict

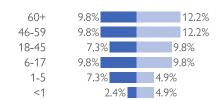
Origin of largest IDP group: Western Bahr El Ghazal, Raja Origin of 2nd largest IDP group: Western Bahr El Ghazal, Raja



Female Male

No. returnees: 41 Households: 12

Reason for displacement: Conflict





Mobility (IDPs)

Date of arrival of first IDP group: 2017-04-25

Have the IDPs been displaced previously?

Three main reasons preventing the majority of IDPs from returning:

Accessibility, House damaged/destroyed, Lack of safety

Mobility (returnees)

Date of return of first returnee group: 2018-12-05

Date of return of last returnee group: 2019-01-05

Are there people displaced from this village / neighbourhood who have not returned yet?

48

Special needs

No. pregnant women:

Total number of individuals with special needs:

No. breastfeeding mothers: 27

Date of arrival of last IDP group:

Special needs include pregnant and breastfeeding women, separated, orphaned and unaccompanied children, persons with mental or physical disabilities, persons with chronic diseases or serious medical conditions and old people without caregivers.

Protection

Main security provider in the village / neighbourhood: Police militia

Health

Most common concern: Malaria Main provider: NGO/INGO

Education

Type of facility: Formal Primary Education

Availability of learning supplies: Yes Availability of teachers: Yes



Hai Manga (ssid_SS0902_0007) Western Bahr El Ghazal, Raja



Distance from main water source

<20 min walking

Water fit for human drinking

Yes

People feel safe collecting water

Yes



% collapsed or in danger of shelters*

25-50%

Average occupants

1-4

Market access (NFIs)

Yes



Conditions of most latrines

Not so good

Evidence of open defecation

Yes

Hygiene promotion campaign

No



Access to food

Yes offsite

Frequency of food assistance

Unknown

Not reported

Market access (food)

Yes



Separate male / female latrines

No

Toilets / bathrooms lock from inside

Yes

Lighting around all toilets / bathrooms

Yes



Access to health facility

Yes

Distance from health facility

On-site (<3 km)

Exclusion from health services

None



Security provided at location

Yes

Common conflict-related incidents

No

Areas avoided by women / girls

No



Access to primary education

Yes

Distance to nearest education facility

<1 km

% children attending primary education

<25%

*The share of collapsed and in danger of collapse shelters in the figure above refers to IDP/returnee shelters only.

WASH

Connections to functioning pipelines: No

Main water purification method: Unknown

Main water source for cooking / washing: Hand Pumps
Main water source for drinking: Hand Pumps

No. functioning boreholes: 2 Non-functioning: 0

Complaints about drinking water quality: Yes

Main problem with water: Long queue

Type of toilet: Latrines No. garbage disposal points:

Main garbage disposal method: Burning Is solid waste a problem? Yes

Shelter / NFIs

Main shelter type: Tukul

Shelter materials available in nature: None

Shelter mat. available from local market: Poles, Bamboo, Rope, Grass

Three most needed NFIs:

Emergency shelter kits, Kitchen sets, Bedding sets

Food

Groups struggling most with food access:

IDPs, Returnees, Host community

Main source of food: Cultivation/Sale of livestock

Reason for lack of market access: N

16

Hai Matar



2017-04-16



Location SSID: ssid_SS0902_0008

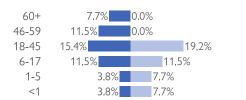
Who is being registered: IDPs, returnees and host community



No. IDPs: 26 Households: 12

Reason for displacement: Conflict

Origin of largest IDP group: Western Bahr El Ghazal, Raja Origin of 2nd largest IDP group: Western Bahr El Ghazal, Wau

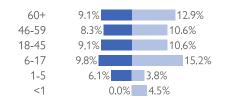


Female Male

No. returnees: 132

Households: 27

Reason for displacement: Conflict



Female Male

Mobility (IDPs)

Date of arrival of first IDP group: Date of arrival of last IDP group: 2016-07-20

Have the IDPs been displaced previously?

Three main reasons preventing the majority of IDPs from returning:

Lack of food, House damaged/destroyed, Lack of safety

Mobility (returnees)

Date of return of first returnee group: 2018-02-07 Date of return of last returnee group: 2019-01-03

Are there people displaced from this village / neighbourhood who have not returned yet?

Special needs

No. pregnant women: 100 No. breastfeeding mothers: 154

Total number of individuals with special needs: 1451

Special needs include pregnant and breastfeeding women, separated, orphaned and unaccompanied children, persons with mental or physical disabilities, persons with chronic diseases or serious medical conditions and old people without caregivers.

Protection

Main security provider in the village / neighbourhood: Military

Health

Most common concern: Cough Main provider: NGO/INGO

Education

Type of facility: Formal Primary Education

Availability of learning supplies: No Availability of teachers: Yes



Hai Matar (ssid_SS0902_0008) Western Bahr El Ghazal, Raja



Distance from main water source

<20 min walking

Water fit for human drinking

Yes

People feel safe collecting water

Yes



% collapsed or in danger of shelters*

10-25%

Average occupants

1-4

Market access (NFIs)

No



Conditions of most latrines

Good / Hygienic

Evidence of open defecation

No

Hygiene promotion campaign

Yes



Access to food

Yes offsite

Frequency of food assistance

Unknown

Not reported

Market access (food)

Yes



Separate male / female latrines

No

Toilets / bathrooms lock from inside

Yes

Lighting around all toilets / bathrooms

No



Access to health facility

Yes

Distance from health facility

On-site (<3 km)

Exclusion from health services

None



Security provided at location

Yes

Common conflict-related incidents

No

Areas avoided by women / girls

No



Access to primary education

Yes

Distance to nearest education facility

<1 km

% children attending primary education

>75%

*The share of collapsed and in danger of collapse shelters in the figure above refers to IDP/returnee shelters only.

WASH

Connections to functioning pipelines: No

Main water purification method: None

Main water source for cooking / washing: Hand Pumps
Main water source for drinking: Hand Pumps

No. functioning boreholes: 4 Non-functioning: 1

Complaints about drinking water quality: Yes

Main problem with water: Suspended Solids

Type of toilet: Latrines No. garbage disposal points:

Main garbage disposal method: Burning Is solid waste a problem? No

Shelter / NFIs

Main shelter type: Tukul

Shelter materials available in nature: None

Shelter mat. available from local market: Poles, E

ocal market: Poles, Bamboo, Rope, Grass

Three most needed NFIs:

Kitchen sets, Bedding sets, Child Clothing

Food

Groups struggling most with food access:

IDPs, Returnees, Host community

Main source of food: Cultivation/Sale of livestock

Reason for lack of market access: N

Western Bahr El Ghazal, Raja, Raja Town [GPS 8.47384159494, 25.6775760306]

Hai Moza



100%

IDPs

Returnees (abroad)

0%



Location SSID: ssid_SS0902_0009

Postcode: SS090204

Accessibility: Accessible by foot Returnees (internal) 0%

Community Leader: Yes

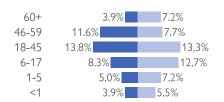
Registration: No

Who is being registered: NA

No. IDPs: 181 Households: 50

Reason for displacement: Conflict

Origin of largest IDP group: Western Bahr El Ghazal, Raja Origin of 2nd largest IDP group: Western Bahr El Ghazal, Raja



Female Male

No. returnees: 0 Households: 0

Reason for displacement: NA

Mobility (IDPs)

Date of arrival of first IDP group: 2016-06-27 Date of arrival of last IDP group: 2018-06-18

Have the IDPs been displaced previously? Ye

Three main reasons preventing the majority of IDPs from returning:

Lack of food, House damaged/destroyed, Lack of safety

Mobility (returnees)

Date of return of first returnee group: NA Date of return of last returnee group: NA

Are there people displaced from this village / neighbourhood who have not returned yet?

No

Special needs

No. pregnant women: 7 No. breastfeeding mothers: 20

Total number of individuals with special needs: 87

Special needs include pregnant and breastfeeding women, separated, orphaned and unaccompanied children, persons with mental or physical disabilities, persons with chronic diseases or serious medical conditions and old people without caregivers.

Protection

Main security provider in the village / neighbourhood: Military

Health

Most common concern: Malaria Main provider: NGO/INGO

Education

Type of facility: Formal Primary Education

Availability of learning supplies: Yes Availability of teachers: Yes



Hai Moza (ssid_SS0902_0009) Western Bahr El Ghazal, Raja



Distance from main water source

<20 min walking

Water fit for human drinking

Yes

People feel safe collecting water

Yes



% collapsed or in danger of shelters*

25-50%

Average occupants

1-4

Market access (NFIs)

Yes



Conditions of most latrines

Not so good

Evidence of open defecation

Yes

Hygiene promotion campaign

No



Access to food

Yes offsite

Frequency of food assistance

Unknown

Not reported

Market access (food)

Yes



Separate male / female latrines

No

Toilets / bathrooms lock from inside

No

Lighting around all toilets / bathrooms

No



Access to health facility

Yes

Distance from health facility

Off-site (>3 km)

Exclusion from health services

None



Security provided at location

Yes

Common conflict-related incidents

No

Areas avoided by women / girls

Yes



Access to primary education

Yes

Distance to nearest education facility

Unknown Not reported

% children attending primary education

51-75%

*The share of collapsed and in danger of collapse shelters in the figure above refers to IDP/returnee shelters only.

WASH

Connections to functioning pipelines: No

Main water purification method: None

Main water source for cooking / washing: Hand Pumps
Main water source for drinking: Hand Pumps

No. functioning boreholes: 1 Non-functioning: 1

Complaints about drinking water quality: Yes

Main problem with water: Insufficient amount

Type of toilet: Latrines No. garbage disposal points:

Main garbage disposal method: Burning Is solid waste a problem? Yes

Shelter / NFIs

Main shelter type: Tukul

Shelter materials available in nature: None

Shelter mat. available from local market: Poles, Bamboo, Rope, Grass

Three most needed NFIs:

Emergency shelter kits, Kitchen sets, Bedding sets

Food

Groups struggling most with food access:

IDPs, Host community

Main source of food: Cultivation/Sale of livestock

Reason for lack of market access: N

20

Hai Mustashfa



2018-03-18



Location SSID: ssid_SS0902_0010

Postcode: SS090204

Accessibility: Accessible by foot

Community Leader: Yes

Registration: Yes, paper-based

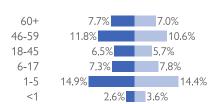
Who is being registered: IDPs only

IDPs 100% Returnees (internal) 0% 0% Returnees (abroad)

No. IDPs: 1149 Households: 450

Reason for displacement: Conflict

Origin of largest IDP group: Western Bahr El Ghazal, Raja Origin of 2nd largest IDP group: Western Bahr El Ghazal, Raja



Female Male

No. returnees: 0 Households: 0

Reason for displacement: NA

Mobility (IDPs)

Date of arrival of first IDP group: 2017-07-27

Have the IDPs been displaced previously?

Three main reasons preventing the majority of IDPs from returning:

Lack of food, House damaged/destroyed, Lack of safety

Mobility (returnees)

Date of return of first returnee group: NA

Date of return of last returnee group: NA

Date of arrival of last IDP group:

Are there people displaced from this village / neighbourhood who have not returned yet?

Special needs

No. pregnant women:

100

No. breastfeeding mothers:

65

Total number of individuals with special needs: 502

Special needs include pregnant and breastfeeding women, separated, orphaned and unaccompanied children, persons with mental or physical disabilities, persons with chronic diseases or serious medical conditions and old people without caregivers.

Protection

Main security provider in the village / neighbourhood: Police militia

Health

Complicated Pregnancy Main provider: NGO/INGO Most common concern:

Education

Type of facility: Formal Primary Education

Availability of learning supplies: Yes Availability of teachers: Yes



Hai Mustashfa (ssid_SS0902_0010) Western Bahr El Ghazal, Raja



Distance from main water source

<20 min walking

Water fit for human drinking

No

People feel safe collecting water

No



% collapsed or in danger of shelters*

0-10%

Average occupants

1-4

Market access (NFIs)

Unknown

Not reported



Conditions of most latrines

Not so good

Evidence of open defecation

No

Hygiene promotion campaign

Yes



Access to food

Yes offsite

Frequency of food assistance

Unknown

Not reported

Market access (food)

No



Separate male / female latrines

No

Toilets / bathrooms lock from inside

Yes

Lighting around all toilets / bathrooms

No



Access to health facility

Yes

Distance from health facility

Off-site (<3 km)

Exclusion from health services

Unknown Not reported



Security provided at location

Yes

Common conflict-related incidents

Yes

Areas avoided by women / girls

No



Access to primary education

Yes

Distance to nearest education facility

3-5 km

% children attending primary education

<25%

*The share of collapsed and in danger of collapse shelters in the figure above refers to IDP/returnee shelters only.

WASH

Connections to functioning pipelines: No

Main water purification method: Unknown

Main water source for cooking / washing: Hand Pumps
Main water source for drinking: Hand Pumps

No. functioning boreholes: 3 Non-functioning: 2

Complaints about drinking water quality: Yes

Main problem with water: Insufficient amount

Type of toilet: Latrines No. garbage disposal points:

Main garbage disposal method: Burning Is solid waste a problem? No

Shelter / NFIs

Main shelter type: Tukul

Shelter materials available in nature: None

Shelter mat. available from local market: Poles, Bamboo, Rope, Grass

official filat. available from focal market. Toles,

t. Toles, Dalliboo, Nope, Grass

Three most needed NFIs:

Bedding sets, Adult clothing, Child Clothing

Food

Groups struggling most with food access:

IDPs, Host community

Main source of food: Cultivation/Sale of livestock Reason for lack of market access: Due to Conflict

Hai Raja Centre



2017-04-14

100%



Location SSID: ssid SS0902 0012

Postcode: SS090204

Accessibility: Accessible by car

Community Leader: Yes

Registration: No

Who is being registered: NA

No. IDPs: 1130 Households: 280

Reason for displacement: Conflict

Origin of largest IDP group: Western Bahr El Ghazal, Raja Origin of 2nd largest IDP group: Western Bahr El Ghazal, Raja



Female Male

No. returnees: 0 Households: 0

Reason for displacement: NA

Mobility (IDPs)

Date of arrival of first IDP group: 2016-06-15

Have the IDPs been displaced previously?

Three main reasons preventing the majority of IDPs from returning:

Lack of food, House damaged/destroyed, Lack of safety

Mobility (returnees)

Date of return of first returnee group: NA

Date of return of last returnee group: NA

Are there people displaced from this village / neighbourhood who have not returned yet?

Special needs

No. pregnant women:

54

No. breastfeeding mothers:

IDPs

Date of arrival of last IDP group:

0%

0%

Returnees (internal)

Returnees (abroad)

75

Total number of individuals with special needs: 441

Special needs include pregnant and breastfeeding women, separated, orphaned and unaccompanied children, persons with mental or physical disabilities, persons with chronic diseases or serious medical conditions and old people without caregivers.

Protection

Main security provider in the village / neighbourhood: Police militia

Health

Main provider: NGO/INGO Most common concern: Cough

Education

Type of facility: Formal Primary Education

Availability of learning supplies: Yes Availability of teachers: Yes



Hai Raja Centre (ssid SS0902 0012) Western Bahr El Ghazal, Raja



Distance from main water source

<20 min walking

Water fit for human drinking

No

People feel safe collecting water

Yes



% collapsed or in danger of shelters*

10-25%

Average occupants

5-6

Market access (NFIs)

No



Conditions of most latrines

Not so good

Evidence of open defecation

No

Hygiene promotion campaign

Yes



Access to food

Yes offsite

Frequency of food assistance

Unknown Not reported

Market access (food)

Yes



Separate male / female latrines

No

Toilets / bathrooms lock from inside

Yes

Lighting around all toilets / bathrooms

No



Access to health facility

Yes

Distance from health facility

Off-site (<3 km)

Exclusion from health services

None



Security provided at location

Yes

Common conflict-related incidents

No

Areas avoided by women / girls

Yes



Access to primary education

Yes

Distance to nearest education facility

1-2 km

% children attending primary education

25-50%

*The share of collapsed and in danger of collapse shelters in the figure above refers to IDP/returnee shelters only.

WASH

Connections to functioning pipelines: No

Main water purification method: **Tablets**

Main water source for cooking / washing: Hand Pumps Main water source for drinking: Hand Pumps

No. functioning boreholes: Non-functioning: 1

Complaints about drinking water quality: Yes

Main problem with water: Insufficient amount

Type of toilet: Latrines No. garbage disposal points:

Main garbage disposal method: Burning Is solid waste a problem? Yes

Shelter / NFIs

Main shelter type: Tukul

Shelter materials available in nature: None

Shelter mat. available from local market: Poles, Bamboo, Rope, Grass

Three most needed NFIs:

Kitchen sets, Bedding sets, Hygiene kits

Food

Groups struggling most with food access:

IDPs, Host community

Main source of food: Cultivation/Sale of livestock

Reason for lack of market access:

KHOR ABUNA





Location SSID: ssid_SS0902_0013

Registration: Yes, paper-based

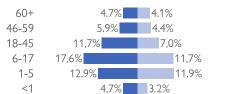
Who is being registered: IDPs, returnees and host community



No. IDPs: 1703 Households: 334

Reason for displacement: Conflict

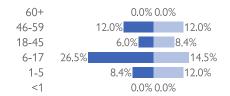
Origin of largest IDP group: Western Bahr El Ghazal, Raja Origin of 2nd largest IDP group: Western Bahr El Ghazal, Raja



Female Male

No. returnees: 83 Households: 10

Reason for displacement: Conflict





Mobility (IDPs)

Date of arrival of first IDP group: Date of arrival of last IDP group: NA

Have the IDPs been displaced previously?

Three main reasons preventing the majority of IDPs from returning:

Lack of food, House damaged/destroyed, Lack of safety

Mobility (returnees)

Date of return of first returnee group: 2018-12-03 Date of return of last returnee group: 2019-02-22

Are there people displaced from this village / neighbourhood who have not returned yet?

Special needs

No. pregnant women: 30 No. breastfeeding mothers: 170

Total number of individuals with special needs: 1014

Special needs include pregnant and breastfeeding women, separated, orphaned and unaccompanied children, persons with mental or physical disabilities, persons with chronic diseases or serious medical conditions and old people without caregivers.

Protection

Main security provider in the village / neighbourhood: Community Leaders

Health

Most common concern: Diarrhea Main provider: NGO/INGO

Education

Type of facility: Formal Primary Education

Availability of learning supplies: Yes Availability of teachers: Yes



KHOR ABUNA (ssid_SS0902_0013) Western Bahr El Ghazal, Raja



Distance from main water source

<20 min walking

Water fit for human drinking

No

People feel safe collecting water

Yes



% collapsed or in danger of shelters*

10-25%

Average occupants

5-6

Market access (NFIs)

Yes



Conditions of most latrines

Not so good

Evidence of open defecation

Yes

Hygiene promotion campaign

Yes



Access to food

Yes offsite

Frequency of food assistance

Unknown

Not reported

Market access (food)

Yes



Separate male / female latrines

No

Toilets / bathrooms lock from inside

Yes

Lighting around all toilets / bathrooms

No



Access to health facility

Yes

Distance from health facility

Off-site (>3 km)

Exclusion from health services

None



Security provided at location

Yes

Common conflict-related incidents

Yes

Areas avoided by women / girls

Yes



Access to primary education

Yes

Distance to nearest education facility

<1 km

% children attending primary education

<25%

*The share of collapsed and in danger of collapse shelters in the figure above refers to IDP/returnee shelters only.

WASH

Connections to functioning pipelines: No

Main water purification method: Tablets

Main water source for cooking / washing: Hand Pumps
Main water source for drinking: Hand Pumps

No. functioning boreholes: 2 Non-functioning: 3

Complaints about drinking water quality: Ye

Main problem with water: Odor/smell

Type of toilet: Latrines No. garbage disposal points:

Main garbage disposal method: Burning Is solid waste a problem? Yes

Shelter / NFIs

Main shelter type: Tukul

Shelter materials available in nature: Poles, Rope

Shelter mat. available from local market: Poles, Bamboo, Rope, Grass

Three most needed NFIs:

Emergency shelter kits, Bedding sets, Mosquito nets

Food

Groups struggling most with food access:

IDPs, Returnees, Host community

Main source of food: Cultivation/Sale of livestock

Reason for lack of market access: NA

26

Western Bahr El Ghazal, Raja, Raja Town [GPS 8.28362, 25.4056]

Khor Shok





Location SSID: ssid_SS0902_0014

Postcode: SS090204

Accessibility: Accessible by foot

Community Leader: Yes

Registration: Yes, paper-based

Who is being registered: IDPs only

IDPs 100%

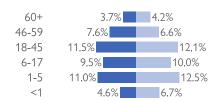
Returnees (internal) 0%

Returnees (abroad) 0%

No. IDPs: 697 Households: 177

Reason for displacement: Conflict

Origin of largest IDP group: Western Bahr El Ghazal, Raja Origin of 2nd largest IDP group: Western Bahr El Ghazal, Raja



Female Male

No. returnees: 0 Households: 0

Reason for displacement: NA

Mobility (IDPs)

Date of arrival of first IDP group: 2017-07-17 Date of arrival of last IDP group: 2018-08-08

Have the IDPs been displaced previously?

Three main reasons preventing the majority of IDPs from returning:

Lack of food, House damaged/destroyed, Lack of safety

Mobility (returnees)

Date of return of first returnee group: NA Date of return of last returnee group: NA

Are there people displaced from this village / neighbourhood who have not returned yet?

Special needs

No. pregnant women: 20 No. breastfeeding mothers: 15

Total number of individuals with special needs: 225

Special needs include pregnant and breastfeeding women, separated, orphaned and unaccompanied children, persons with mental or physical disabilities, persons with chronic diseases or serious medical conditions and old people without caregivers.

Protection

Main security provider in the village / neighbourhood: Military

Health

Most common concern: Diarrhea Main provider: NGO/INGO

Education

Type of facility: Formal Primary Education

Availability of learning supplies: Yes Availability of teachers: No



Khor Shok (ssid SS0902 0014) Western Bahr El Ghazal, Raja



Distance from main water source

>20 min walking

Water fit for human drinking

No

People feel safe collecting water

No



% collapsed or in danger of shelters*

Unknown Not reported

Average occupants

Unknown

Not reported

Market access (NFIs)

Yes



Conditions of most latrines

Not so good

Evidence of open defecation

No

Hygiene promotion campaign

No



Access to food

Yes offsite

Frequency of food assistance

Unknown

Not reported

Market access (food)

Yes



Separate male / female latrines

No

Toilets / bathrooms lock from inside

No

Lighting around all toilets / bathrooms

No



Access to health facility

Yes

Distance from health facility

On-site (<3 km)

Exclusion from health services

None



Security provided at location

Yes

Common conflict-related incidents

Yes

Areas avoided by women / girls

No



Access to primary education

Yes

Distance to nearest education facility

1-2 km

% children attending primary education

25-50%

*The share of collapsed and in danger of collapse shelters in the figure above refers to IDP/returnee shelters only.

WASH

Connections to functioning pipelines: No

Main water purification method: Unknown

Main water source for cooking / washing: Hand Pumps Main water source for drinking: Hand Pumps

No. functioning boreholes: Non-functioning: 1

Complaints about drinking water quality:

Main problem with water: Long queue

Type of toilet: Latrines No. garbage disposal points:

Main garbage disposal method: Burning Is solid waste a problem? Yes

Shelter / NFIs

Main shelter type: Tukul

Shelter materials available in nature:

None

Shelter mat. available from local market: Poles, Bamboo, Rope, Grass

Three most needed NFIs:

Bedding sets, Mosquito nets, Adult Clothing

Food

Groups struggling most with food access:

IDPs, Host community

Bought with cash from market Main source of food:

Reason for lack of market access: NA

28

Western Bahr El Ghazal, Raja, Raja Town [GPS 8.45899, 25.679]

Stop Jedid



100%

IDPs

Returnees (abroad)

0%



Location SSID: ssid_SS0902_0016

Postcode: SS090204

Accessibility: Accessible by car

Returnees (internal) 0%

Community Leader: Yes

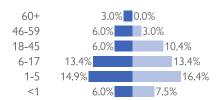
Registration: Yes, paper-based

Who is being registered: IDPs, returnees and host community

No. IDPs: 67 Households: 35

Reason for displacement: Conflict

Origin of largest IDP group: Western Bahr El Ghazal, Raja Origin of 2nd largest IDP group: Western Bahr El Ghazal, Raja



Female Male

No. returnees: 0 Households: 0

Reason for displacement: NA

Mobility (IDPs)

Date of arrival of first IDP group: 2018-11-11 Date of arrival of last IDP group: 2018-12-05

Have the IDPs been displaced previously?

Three main reasons preventing the majority of IDPs from returning:

Lack of food, House damaged/destroyed, Lack of safety

Mobility (returnees)

Date of return of first returnee group: NA Date of return of last returnee group: NA

Are there people displaced from this village / neighbourhood who have not returned yet?

Special needs

No. pregnant women: 7 No. breastfeeding mothers: 40

Total number of individuals with special needs: 85

Special needs include pregnant and breastfeeding women, separated, orphaned and unaccompanied children, persons with mental or physical disabilities, persons with chronic diseases or serious medical conditions and old people without caregivers.

Protection

Main security provider in the village / neighbourhood: Community Leaders

Health

Most common concern: Malaria Main provider: NGO/INGO

Education

Type of facility: Formal Primary Education

Availability of learning supplies: Yes Availability of teachers: Unkown



Stop | edid (ssid_SS0902_0016) Western Bahr El Ghazal, Raja



Distance from main water source

<20 min walking

Water fit for human drinking

No

People feel safe collecting water

Yes



% collapsed or in danger of shelters*

50-75%

Average occupants

5-6

Market access (NFIs)

No



Conditions of most latrines

Unknown

Not reported

Evidence of open defecation

Yes

Hygiene promotion campaign

No



Access to food

Yes onsite

Frequency of food assistance

Unknown

Not reported

Market access (food)

Yes



Separate male / female latrines

Unknown

Not reported

Toilets / bathrooms lock from inside

Unknown

Not reported

Lighting around all toilets / bathrooms

Unknown

Not reported



Access to health facility

Yes

Distance from health facility

On-site (<3 km)

Exclusion from health services

None



Security provided at location

Yes

Common conflict-related incidents

Yes

Areas avoided by women / girls

No



Access to primary education

Yes

Distance to nearest education facility

<1 km

% children attending primary education

25-50%

*The share of collapsed and in danger of collapse shelters in the figure above refers to IDP/returnee shelters only.

WASH

Connections to functioning pipelines: Unknown Main water purification method: None

Main water source for cooking / washing: Hand Pumps Main water source for drinking: Hand Pumps

No. functioning boreholes: Non-functioning: 0

Complaints about drinking water quality: Main problem with water: Too far

Type of toilet: Open defecation No. garbage disposal points:

Main garbage disposal method: Burning

Is solid waste a problem? Yes

Shelter / NFIs

Main shelter type: Tukul

Shelter materials available in nature: None

Shelter mat. available from local market: Poles, Bamboo, Rope, Grass

Three most needed NFIs: Kitchen sets, Bedding sets

Food

Groups struggling most with food access:

IDPs, Returnees, Host community

Cultivation/Sale of livestock Main source of food:

Reason for lack of market access:

Western Bahr El Ghazal, Raja, Ringi [GPS 8.45677063651, 24.7865035117]

Gas Boro



100%

IDPs

0%



Location SSID: ssid_SS0902_0018

Postcode: SS090205

Accessibility: Accessible by car Returnees (internal) 0%

Community Leader: Yes Returnees (abroad)

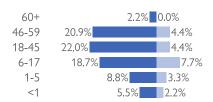
Registration: Yes, paper-based

Who is being registered: IDPs, returnees and host community

No. IDPs: 91 Households: 13

Reason for displacement: Conflict

Origin of largest IDP group: Western Bahr El Ghazal, Raja Origin of 2nd largest IDP group: NA. NA



Female Male

No. returnees: 0

Households: 0

Reason for displacement: NA

Mobility (IDPs)

Date of arrival of first IDP group: Date of arrival of last IDP group: 2016-06-30 2017-04-07

Have the IDPs been displaced previously?

Three main reasons preventing the majority of IDPs from returning:

Lack of food, House damaged/destroyed, Lack of safety

Mobility (returnees)

Date of return of first returnee group: NA Date of return of last returnee group: NA

Are there people displaced from this village / neighbourhood who have not returned yet?

Special needs

No. pregnant women: No. breastfeeding mothers: 12

Total number of individuals with special needs: 57

Special needs include pregnant and breastfeeding women, separated, orphaned and unaccompanied children, persons with mental or physical disabilities, persons with chronic diseases or serious medical conditions and old people without caregivers.

Protection

Main security provider in the village / neighbourhood: Local Authorities

Health

Most common concern: Malaria Main provider: Government

Education

Type of facility: NA

Availability of learning supplies: NA Availability of teachers: NA



Gas Boro (ssid_SS0902_0018) Western Bahr El Ghazal, Raja



Distance from main water source

<20 min walking

Water fit for human drinking

Yes

People feel safe collecting water

Yes



% collapsed or in danger of shelters*

>75%

Average occupants

7+

Market access (NFIs)

No



Conditions of most latrines

Unknown

Not reported

Evidence of open defecation

No

Hygiene promotion campaign

No



Access to food

Yes offsite

Frequency of food assistance

Unknown

Not reported

Market access (food)

Yes



Separate male / female latrines

Unknown

Not reported

Toilets / bathrooms lock from inside

Unknown

Not reported

Lighting around all toilets / bathrooms

Unknown

Not reported



Access to health facility

Yes

Distance from health facility

On-site (<3 km)

Exclusion from health services

None



Security provided at location

Yes

Common conflict-related incidents

No

Areas avoided by women / girls

No



Access to primary education

No

Distance to nearest education facility

Unknown

Not reported

% children attending primary education

Unknown

Not reported

*The share of collapsed and in danger of collapse shelters in the figure above refers to IDP/returnee shelters only.

WASH

Connections to functioning pipelines: No

Main water purification method: Filtering

Main water source for cooking / washing: Other, Specify
Main water source for drinking: Other, Specify

No. functioning boreholes: 2 Non-functioning: 0

Complaints about drinking water quality: Ye

Main problem with water: Odor/smell

Type of toilet: Open defecation No. garbage disposal points:

Main garbage disposal method: Burning Is solid waste a problem? Yes

Shelter / NFIs

Main shelter type: Tukul

Shelter materials available in nature: Poles, Grass

Shelter mat. available from local market: Poles, Bamboo, Rope

Three most needed NFIs:

Emergency shelter kits, Bedding sets, Hygiene kits

Food

Groups struggling most with food access:

IDPs, Host community

Main source of food: Cultivation/Sale of livestock

Reason for lack of market access: NA

Hai Abdullahi





Location SSID: ssid_SS0902_0019

Registration: Yes, paper-based

Who is being registered: IDPs, returnees and host community

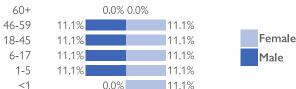


No. IDPs: 9 Households: 3

Reason for displacement: Conflict

Origin of largest IDP group: Western Bahr El Ghazal, Raja Origin of 2nd largest IDP group:

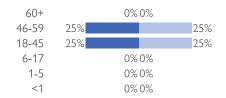
NA. NA



Female

No. returnees: 4 Households: 1

Reason for displacement: Conflict





Mobility (IDPs)

Date of arrival of first IDP group: Date of arrival of last IDP group: NA

Have the IDPs been displaced previously? No

Three main reasons preventing the majority of IDPs from returning:

Accessibility, House damaged/destroyed, Lack of safety

Mobility (returnees)

Date of return of first returnee group: 2017-06-01 Date of return of last returnee group: 2018-04-25

Are there people displaced from this village / neighbourhood who have not returned yet? Yes

Special needs

No. pregnant women: 19 No. breastfeeding mothers: 43

Total number of individuals with special needs: 145

Special needs include pregnant and breastfeeding women, separated, orphaned and unaccompanied children, persons with mental or physical disabilities, persons with chronic diseases or serious medical conditions and old people without caregivers.

Protection

Main security provider in the village / neighbourhood: Community Leaders

Health

Most common concern: Cough Main provider: NGO/INGO

Education

Type of facility: NA

Availability of learning supplies: NA Availability of teachers: NA



Hai Abdullahi (ssid SS0902 0019) Western Bahr El Ghazal, Raja



Distance from main water source

<20 min walking

Water fit for human drinking

Yes

People feel safe collecting water

Yes



% collapsed or in danger of shelters*

0-10%

Average occupants

1-4

Market access (NFIs)

No



Conditions of most latrines

Unknown

Not reported

Evidence of open defecation

No

Hygiene promotion campaign

Yes



Access to food

Yes offsite

Frequency of food assistance

Unknown

Not reported

Market access (food)

Yes



Separate male / female latrines

Unknown

Not reported

Toilets / bathrooms lock from inside

Unknown

Not reported

Lighting around all toilets / bathrooms

Unknown

Not reported



Access to health facility

Yes

Distance from health facility

Off-site (<3 km)

Exclusion from health services

None

Shelter / NFIs

Main shelter type:

Three most needed NFIs:



Security provided at location

Yes

Common conflict-related incidents

Yes

Areas avoided by women / girls

No



Access to primary education

No

Distance to nearest education facility

Unknown

Not reported

% children attending primary education

Unknown

None

None

Not reported

*The share of collapsed and in danger of collapse shelters in the figure above refers to IDP/returnee shelters only.

WASH

Connections to functioning pipelines: No

Main water purification method: Boiling

Main water source for cooking / washing: Hand Pumps Main water source for drinking: Hand Pumps

No. functioning boreholes: Non-functioning: 1

Complaints about drinking water quality:

Main problem with water: Insufficient amount

Type of toilet: Open defecation No. garbage disposal points:

Main garbage disposal method: Burning

Is solid waste a problem? No

Food

Groups struggling most with food access:

Shelter materials available in nature:

Shelter mat, available from local market:

IDPs, Host community

Cultivation/Sale of livestock Main source of food:

Emergency shelter kits, Bedding sets, Hygiene kits

Tukul

Reason for lack of market access:

Hai Bogongo

IOM DISPLACEMENT TRACKING MATRIX SOUTH SUDAN



Location SSID: ssid_SS0902_0022

Postcode: SS090205

Accessibility: Accessible by car

Community Leader: Yes

Registration: Yes, paper-based

Who is being registered: IDPs only

IDPs 100%

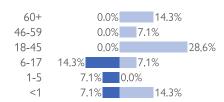
Returnees (internal) 0%

Returnees (abroad) 0%

No. IDPs: 14 Households: 3

Reason for displacement: Conflict

Origin of largest IDP group: Western Bahr El Ghazal, Raja Origin of 2nd largest IDP group: NA. NA



Female Male

No. returnees: 0 Households: 0

Reason for displacement: NA

Mobility (IDPs)

Date of arrival of first IDP group: 2017-04-20 Date of arrival of last IDP group: 2017-05-20

Have the IDPs been displaced previously?

Three main reasons preventing the majority of IDPs from returning:

Lack of food, House damaged/destroyed, Lack of safety

Mobility (returnees)

Date of return of first returnee group: NA Date of return of last returnee group: NA

Are there people displaced from this village / neighbourhood who have not returned yet?

Special needs

No. pregnant women: 76 No. breastfeeding mothers: 308

Total number of individuals with special needs: 643

Special needs include pregnant and breastfeeding women, separated, orphaned and unaccompanied children, persons with mental or physical disabilities, persons with chronic diseases or serious medical conditions and old people without caregivers.

Protection

Main security provider in the village / neighbourhood: Local Authorities

Health

Most common concern: Malaria Main provider: NGO/INGO

Education

Type of facility: NA



Hai Bogongo (ssid SS0902 0022) Western Bahr El Ghazal, Raja



Distance from main water source

<20 min walking

Water fit for human drinking

No

People feel safe collecting water

Yes



% collapsed or in danger of shelters*

0-10%

Average occupants

1-4

Market access (NFIs)

Yes



Conditions of most latrines

Unknown

Not reported

Evidence of open defecation

Yes

Hygiene promotion campaign

No



Access to food

Yes offsite

Frequency of food assistance

Irregular

Market access (food)

No



Separate male / female latrines

Unknown

Not reported

Toilets / bathrooms lock from inside

Unknown

Not reported

Lighting around all toilets / bathrooms

Unknown

Not reported



Access to health facility

Yes

Distance from health facility

Off-site (<3 km)

Exclusion from health services

None



Security provided at location

Yes

Common conflict-related incidents

No

Areas avoided by women / girls

No



Access to primary education

No

Distance to nearest education facility

Unknown

Not reported

% children attending primary education

Unknown

Not reported

*The share of collapsed and in danger of collapse shelters in the figure above refers to IDP/returnee shelters only.

WASH

Connections to functioning pipelines: Yes

Main water purification method: Filtering

Main water source for cooking / washing: Hand Pumps Main water source for drinking: Hand Pumps

No. functioning boreholes: Non-functioning: 3

Complaints about drinking water quality: Main problem with water: NA

Type of toilet: Open defecation No. garbage disposal points:

Main garbage disposal method: Burning

Is solid waste a problem? No

Shelter / NFIs

Main shelter type: Tukul

Shelter materials available in nature: None Shelter mat, available from local market: None

Three most needed NFIs:

Emergency shelter kits, Kitchen sets

Food

Groups struggling most with food access:

IDPs, Host community

Main source of food: Food assistance

Reason for lack of market access: Due to Conflict

Western Bahr El Ghazal, Raja, Ringi [GPS 8.44978958439, 25.0179301615]

Hai Gabdai



100%

IDPs

Returnees (abroad)

0%

0%



Location SSID: ssid_SS0902_0023

Postcode: SS090205

Accessibility: Accessible by car

Returnees (internal) Community Leader: Yes

Registration: Yes, paper-based

Who is being registered: IDPs, returnees and host community

No. IDPs: 0 Households: 0

Reason for displacement: NA

Origin of largest IDP group:

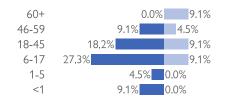
NA. NA

Origin of 2nd largest IDP group:

NA. NA

No. returnees: 22 Households: 5

Reason for displacement: Conflict





Mobility (IDPs)

Date of arrival of first IDP group: Date of arrival of last IDP group: NA

Have the IDPs been displaced previously? Unknown

Three main reasons preventing the majority of IDPs from returning:

Lack of food, House damaged/destroyed, Lack of safety

Mobility (returnees)

Date of return of first returnee group: 2017-04-03 Date of return of last returnee group: 2017-05-10

Are there people displaced from this village / neighbourhood who have not returned yet?

Special needs

No. pregnant women: 15 No. breastfeeding mothers: 12

Total number of individuals with special needs: 75

Special needs include pregnant and breastfeeding women, separated, orphaned and unaccompanied children, persons with mental or physical disabilities, persons with chronic diseases or serious medical conditions and old people without caregivers.

Protection

Main security provider in the village / neighbourhood: Local Authorities

Health

Most common concern: Malaria Main provider: NGO/INGO

Education

Type of facility: NA



Hai Gabdai (ssid_SS0902_0023) Western Bahr El Ghazal, Raja



Distance from main water source

<20 min walking

Water fit for human drinking

Yes

People feel safe collecting water

Yes



% collapsed or in danger of shelters*

>75%

Average occupants

1-4

Market access (NFIs)

No



Conditions of most latrines

Unknown

Not reported

Evidence of open defecation

Yes

Hygiene promotion campaign

Yes



Access to food

Yes offsite

Frequency of food assistance

Unknown

Not reported

Market access (food)

Yes



Separate male / female latrines

Unknown

Not reported

Toilets / bathrooms lock from inside

Unknown

Not reported

Lighting around all toilets / bathrooms

Unknown

Not reported



Access to health facility

Yes

Distance from health facility

On-site (<3 km)

Exclusion from health services

None



Security provided at location

Yes

Common conflict-related incidents

No

Areas avoided by women / girls

No



Access to primary education

No

Distance to nearest education facility

Unknown

Not reported

% children attending primary education

Unknown

Not reported

*The share of collapsed and in danger of collapse shelters in the figure above refers to IDP/returnee shelters only.

WASH

Connections to functioning pipelines: Yes

Main water purification method: Boiling

Main water source for cooking / washing: Protected well

Main water source for drinking: Protected well

No. functioning boreholes: 0 Non-functioning: 1

Complaints about drinking water quality: Yes

Main problem with water: Insufficient amount

Type of toilet: Open defecation No. garbage disposal points: NA

Main garbage disposal method: Burning Is solid waste a problem? No

Shelter / NFIsMain shelter type:

Tukul

Shelter materials available in nature: None

Shelter mat. available from local market: Poles, Bamboo

Three most needed NFIs:

Emergency shelter kits, Kitchen sets, Hygiene kits

Food

Groups struggling most with food access:

Returnees, Host community

Main source of food: Cultivation/Sale of livestock

Reason for lack of market access: NA

Western Bahr El Ghazal, Raja, Ringi [GPS 8.46818, 25.10455]

Katta



100%



Location SSID: ssid_SS0902_0030

Postcode: SS090205

Accessibility: Accessible by car

Returnees (internal) 0%

Community Leader: Yes

Returnees (abroad) 0%

IDPs

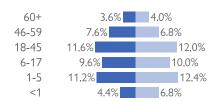
Registration: Yes, paper-based

Who is being registered: IDPs, returnees and host community

No. IDPs: 250 Households: 49

Reason for displacement: Conflict

Origin of largest IDP group: Western Bahr El Ghazal, Raja Origin of 2nd largest IDP group: Western Bahr El Ghazal, Raja



Female Male

No. returnees: 0 Households: 0

Reason for displacement: NA

Mobility (IDPs)

Date of arrival of first IDP group: 2016-06-02 Date of arrival of last IDP group: 2018-04-08

Have the IDPs been displaced previously?

Three main reasons preventing the majority of IDPs from returning:

Accessibility, Lack of food, House damaged/destroyed

Mobility (returnees)

Date of return of first returnee group: NA Date of return of last returnee group: NA

Are there people displaced from this village / neighbourhood who have not returned yet?

Special needs

No. pregnant women: 59 No. breastfeeding mothers: 78

Total number of individuals with special needs: 198

Special needs include pregnant and breastfeeding women, separated, orphaned and unaccompanied children, persons with mental or physical disabilities, persons with chronic diseases or serious medical conditions and old people without caregivers.

Protection

Main security provider in the village / neighbourhood: Police militia

Health

Most common concern: Malaria Main provider: Government

Education

Type of facility: Formal Primary Education



Katta (ssid SS0902 0030) Western Bahr El Ghazal, Raja



Distance from main water source

<20 min walking

Water fit for human drinking

Yes

People feel safe collecting water

Yes



% collapsed or in danger of shelters*

50-75%

Average occupants

1-4

Market access (NFIs)

No



Conditions of most latrines

Not so good

Evidence of open defecation

Yes

Hygiene promotion campaign

No



Access to food

Yes offsite

Frequency of food assistance

Unknown

Not reported

Market access (food)

Yes



Separate male / female latrines

No

Toilets / bathrooms lock from inside

No

Lighting around all toilets / bathrooms

No



Access to health facility

Yes

Distance from health facility

Off-site (<3 km)

Exclusion from health services

None



Security provided at location

Yes

Common conflict-related incidents

No

Areas avoided by women / girls

No



Access to primary education

Yes

Distance to nearest education facility

<1 km

% children attending primary education

<25%

*The share of collapsed and in danger of collapse shelters in the figure above refers to IDP/returnee shelters only.

WASH

Connections to functioning pipelines: No

Main water purification method: Boiling

Main water source for cooking / washing: Hand Pumps Main water source for drinking: Hand Pumps

No. functioning boreholes: Non-functioning: 2

Complaints about drinking water quality: Main problem with water: NA

Type of toilet: Latrines No. garbage disposal points:

Main garbage disposal method: Burning

Is solid waste a problem? No

Shelter / NFIs

Main shelter type: Tukul

Shelter materials available in nature: Poles, Bamboo, Grass

Shelter mat. available from local market: None

Three most needed NFIs:

Emergency shelter kits, Kitchen sets, Bedding sets

Food

Groups struggling most with food access:

IDPs, Host community

Main source of food: Cultivation/Sale of livestock

Reason for lack of market access:

Menemba A



2016-11-25



Location SSID: ssid_SS0902_0033

Postcode: SS090205

Accessibility: Accessible by car

Community Leader: Yes

Registration: Yes, paper-based

Who is being registered: IDPs, returnees and host community

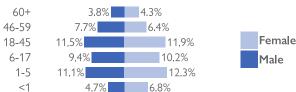


No. IDPs: 235 Households: 27

Reason for displacement: Conflict

Origin of largest IDP group: Western Bahr El Ghazal, Raja Origin of 2nd largest IDP group:

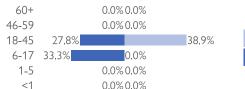
NA. NA



Female

No. returnees: 36 Households: 9

Reason for displacement: Conflict





Mobility (IDPs)

Date of arrival of first IDP group: Date of arrival of last IDP group: 2016-10-26

Have the IDPs been displaced previously?

Three main reasons preventing the majority of IDPs from returning:

Accessibility, Lack of food, House damaged/destroyed

Mobility (returnees)

Date of return of first returnee group: 2018-02-01 Date of return of last returnee group: 2018-04-12

Are there people displaced from this village / neighbourhood who have not returned yet?

Special needs

No. pregnant women:

No. breastfeeding mothers: 13

Total number of individuals with special needs: 78

Special needs include pregnant and breastfeeding women, separated, orphaned and unaccompanied children, persons with mental or physical disabilities, persons with chronic diseases or serious medical conditions and old people without caregivers.

Protection

Main security provider in the village / neighbourhood: Local Authorities

Health

Most common concern: Malaria Main provider: Government

Education

Type of facility: NA



Menemba A (ssid SS0902 0033) Western Bahr El Ghazal, Raja



Distance from main water source

<20 min walking

Water fit for human drinking

Yes

People feel safe collecting water

Yes



% collapsed or in danger of shelters*

25-50%

Average occupants

5-6

Market access (NFIs)

Yes



Conditions of most latrines

Unknown

Not reported

Evidence of open defecation

No

Hygiene promotion campaign

No



Access to food

Yes offsite

Frequency of food assistance

Unknown

Not reported

Market access (food)

No



Separate male / female latrines

Unknown

Not reported

Toilets / bathrooms lock from inside

Unknown

Not reported

Lighting around all toilets / bathrooms

Unknown

Not reported



Access to health facility

Yes

Distance from health facility

On-site (<3 km)

Exclusion from health services

None



Security provided at location

Yes

Common conflict-related incidents

Yes

Areas avoided by women / girls

No



Access to primary education

No

Distance to nearest education facility

Unknown

Not reported

% children attending primary education

Unknown

Not reported

*The share of collapsed and in danger of collapse shelters in the figure above refers to IDP/returnee shelters only.

WASH

Connections to functioning pipelines: No

Main water purification method: None

Main water source for cooking / washing: Hand Pumps Main water source for drinking: Hand Pumps

No. functioning boreholes:

Complaints about drinking water quality:

Main problem with water: Odor/smell

Type of toilet: Open defecation No. garbage disposal points:

Main garbage disposal method: Burning Non-functioning: 3

Is solid waste a problem? No

Shelter / NFIs

Main shelter type: Temporary shelter (Rakooba)

Shelter materials available in nature: Poles, Bamboo, Grass Shelter mat. available from local market: Bamboo, Rope, Grass

Three most needed NFIs:

Emergency shelter kits, Bedding sets, Hygiene kits

Food

Groups struggling most with food access:

IDPs, Returnees, Host community

Main source of food:

Cultivation/Sale of livestock

Reason for lack of market access:

Distance

Western Bahr El Ghazal, Raja, Ringi [GPS 8.52843336849, 25.2523120811]

Menemba B



100%

IDPs

0%

0%

Returnees (internal)

Returnees (abroad)



Location SSID: ssid_SS0902_0034

Postcode: SS090205

Accessibility: Accessible by car

Community Leader: Yes

Registration: Yes, paper-based

Who is being registered: IDPs, returnees and host community

No. IDPs: 114 Households: 38

Reason for displacement: Conflict

Origin of largest IDP group: Western Bahr El Ghazal, Raja Origin of 2nd largest IDP group:

NA, NA



Female Male

No. returnees: 0 Households: 0

Reason for displacement: NA

Mobility (IDPs)

Date of arrival of first IDP group: 2017-07-04 Date of arrival of last IDP group: 2018-11-09

Have the IDPs been displaced previously?

Three main reasons preventing the majority of IDPs from returning:

Accessibility, Lack of food, House damaged/destroyed

Mobility (returnees)

Date of return of first returnee group: NA Date of return of last returnee group: NA

Are there people displaced from this village / neighbourhood who have not returned yet?

Special needs

No. pregnant women: 6 No. breastfeeding mothers: 64

Total number of individuals with special needs: 83

Special needs include pregnant and breastfeeding women, separated, orphaned and unaccompanied children, persons with mental or physical disabilities, persons with chronic diseases or serious medical conditions and old people without caregivers.

Protection

Main security provider in the village / neighbourhood: Local Authorities

Health

Most common concern: Malaria Main provider: NGO/INGO

Education

Type of facility: NA



Menemba B (ssid_SS0902_0034) Western Bahr El Ghazal, Raja



Distance from main water source

<20 min walking

Water fit for human drinking

No

People feel safe collecting water

Yes



% collapsed or in danger of shelters*

Unknown Not reported

Average occupants

Unknown Not reported

Market access (NFIs)

No



Conditions of most latrines

Unknown

Not reported

Evidence of open defecation

No

Hygiene promotion campaign

Yes



Access to food

Yes offsite

Frequency of food assistance

Unknown

Not reported

Market access (food)

Yes



Separate male / female latrines

Unknown

Not reported

Toilets / bathrooms lock from inside

Unknown

Not reported

Lighting around all toilets / bathrooms

Unknown

Not reported



Access to health facility

Yes

Distance from health facility

On-site (<3 km)

Exclusion from health services

None



Security provided at location

Yes

Common conflict-related incidents

No

Areas avoided by women / girls

No



Access to primary education

No

Distance to nearest education facility

Unknown

Not reported

% children attending primary education

Unknown

Not reported

*The share of collapsed and in danger of collapse shelters in the figure above refers to IDP/returnee shelters only.

WASH

Connections to functioning pipelines: No

Main water purification method: Tablets

Main water source for cooking / washing: Other, Specify
Main water source for drinking: Other, Specify

No. functioning boreholes: 1 Non-functioning: 1

Complaints about drinking water quality: Yes

Main problem with water: Long queue

Type of toilet: Open defecation No. garbage disposal points:

Main garbage disposal method: Burning Is solid waste a problem? No

Shelter / NFIs

Main shelter type: Temporary shelter (Rakooba)

Shelter materials available in nature: Bamboo, Grass

Shelter mat. available from local market: Bamboo, Grass

Three most needed NFIs:

Emergency shelter kits, Kitchen sets, Bedding sets

Food

Groups struggling most with food access:

IDPs, Host community

Main source of food: Cultivation/Sale of livestock

Reason for lack of market access: NA

Hai Balanda



100%

IDPs

0%



Location SSID: ssid_SS0902_0020

Postcode: SS090207

Accessibility: Accessible by car

Returnees (internal) 0%

Community Leader: Yes

Returnees (abroad)

Registration: Yes, paper-based

Who is being registered: IDPs, returnees and host community

No. IDPs: 697 Households: 140

Reason for displacement: Conflict

Origin of largest IDP group: Western Bahr El Ghazal, Raja Origin of 2nd largest IDP group: Western Bahr El Ghazal, Raja



Female Male

No. returnees: 0 Households: 0

Reason for displacement: NA

Mobility (IDPs)

Date of arrival of first IDP group: 2018-08-07 Date of arrival of last IDP group: 2018-10-10

Have the IDPs been displaced previously? Yes

Three main reasons preventing the majority of IDPs from returning:

Accessibility, House damaged/destroyed, Lack of safety

Mobility (returnees)

Date of return of first returnee group: NA Date of return of last returnee group: NA

Are there people displaced from this village / neighbourhood who have not returned yet?

No

Special needs

No. pregnant women: 125 No. breastfeeding mothers: 375

Total number of individuals with special needs: 906

Special needs include pregnant and breastfeeding women, separated, orphaned and unaccompanied children, persons with mental or physical disabilities, persons with chronic diseases or serious medical conditions and old people without caregivers.

Protection

Main security provider in the village / neighbourhood: Police militia

Health

Most common concern: Diarrhea Main provider: Government

Education

Type of facility: Formal Primary Education



Hai Balanda (ssid_SS0902_0020) Western Bahr El Ghazal, Raja



Distance from main water source

>20 min walking

Water fit for human drinking

No

People feel safe collecting water

Yes



% collapsed or in danger of shelters*

25-50%

Average occupants

1-4

Market access (NFIs)

Yes



Conditions of most latrines

Not so good

Evidence of open defecation

Yes

Hygiene promotion campaign

Yes



Access to food

Yes onsite

Frequency of food assistance

Unknown

Not reported

Market access (food)

No



Separate male / female latrines

No

Toilets / bathrooms lock from inside

No

Lighting around all toilets / bathrooms

No



Access to health facility

Yes

Distance from health facility

On-site (<3 km)

Exclusion from health services

IDPs



Security provided at location

Yes

Common conflict-related incidents

No

Areas avoided by women / girls

No



Access to primary education

Yes

Distance to nearest education facility

1-2 km

% children attending primary education

<25%

*The share of collapsed and in danger of collapse shelters in the figure above refers to IDP/returnee shelters only.

WASH

Connections to functioning pipelines: Yes

Main water purification method: None

Main water source for cooking / washing: Other, Specify
Main water source for drinking: Other, Specify

No. functioning boreholes: 4 Non-functioning: 1

Complaints about drinking water quality: No Main problem with water: NA

Type of toilet: Latrines No. garbage disposal points: C

Main garbage disposal method: No waste disposal Is solid waste a problem? No

Shelter / NFIs

Main shelter type: Tukul

Shelter materials available in nature: Poles, Rope, Grass

Shelter mat. available from local market: None

Three most needed NFIs:

Kitchen sets, Adult clothing, Child Clothing

Food

Groups struggling most with food access:

Host community

Main source of food:

Cultivation/Sale of livestock

Reason for lack of market access:

Distance

Hai Banda



45.8%

54.2%

IDPs

0.0%

Returnees (internal)

Returnees (abroad)



Location SSID: ssid_SS0902_0021

Postcode: SS090207

Accessibility: Accessible by car

Community Leader: Yes

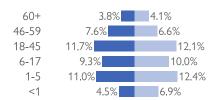
Registration: No

Who is being registered: NA

No. IDPs: 290 Households: 56

Reason for displacement: Conflict

Origin of largest IDP group: Western Bahr El Ghazal, Raja Origin of 2nd largest IDP group: Western Bahr El Ghazal, Raja

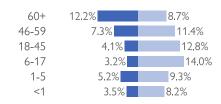


Female Male

No. returnees: 343

Households: 81

Reason for displacement: Conflict





Mobility (IDPs)

Date of arrival of first IDP group: Date of arrival of last IDP group: 2018-04-05 2018-04-10

Have the IDPs been displaced previously?

Three main reasons preventing the majority of IDPs from returning:

Lack of food, Lack of safety, No livelihood

Mobility (returnees)

Date of return of first returnee group: 2018-06-14 Date of return of last returnee group: 2019-02-05

Are there people displaced from this village / neighbourhood who have not returned yet? Yes

Special needs

No. pregnant women: 15 No. breastfeeding mothers: 40

Total number of individuals with special needs: 183

Special needs include pregnant and breastfeeding women, separated, orphaned and unaccompanied children, persons with mental or physical disabilities, persons with chronic diseases or serious medical conditions and old people without caregivers.

Protection

Main security provider in the village / neighbourhood: Police militia

Health

Most common concern: Diarrhea Main provider: NGO/INGO

Education

Type of facility: Formal Primary Education



Hai Banda (ssid SS0902 0021) Western Bahr El Ghazal, Raja



Distance from main water source

<20 min walking

Water fit for human drinking

No

People feel safe collecting water

No



% collapsed or in danger of shelters*

10-25%

Average occupants

1-4

Market access (NFIs)

No



Conditions of most latrines

Not so good

Evidence of open defecation

No

Hygiene promotion campaign

Yes



Access to food

Yes offsite

Frequency of food assistance

Unknown Not reported

Market access (food)

No



Separate male / female latrines

No

Toilets / bathrooms lock from inside

No

Lighting around all toilets / bathrooms

No



Access to health facility

Yes

Distance from health facility

Off-site (<3 km)

Exclusion from health services

None



Security provided at location

Yes

Common conflict-related incidents

No

Areas avoided by women / girls

No



Access to primary education

Yes

Distance to nearest education facility

6-10 km

% children attending primary education

<25%

*The share of collapsed and in danger of collapse shelters in the figure above refers to IDP/returnee shelters only.

WASH

Connections to functioning pipelines: No

Main water purification method: None

Main water source for cooking / washing: Hand Pumps Main water source for drinking: Hand Pumps

No. functioning boreholes: Non-functioning: 0

Complaints about drinking water quality: Yes

Main problem with water: Insufficient amount

Type of toilet: Latrines No. garbage disposal points:

Main garbage disposal method: Unknown Is solid waste a problem? No

Shelter / NFIs

Main shelter type: Tukul

Shelter materials available in nature: Poles, Rope, Grass

Shelter mat. available from local market: None

Three most needed NFIs:

Kitchen sets, Adult clothing, Child Clothing

Food

Groups struggling most with food access: Unknown Cultivation/Sale of livestock Main source of food: Reason for lack of market access: Due to Conflict

Western Bahr El Ghazal, Raja, Uyujuku [GPS 7.708262834, 26.218014725]

Hai Keresh



100%

IDPs

0%

0%

Returnees (internal)

Returnees (abroad)



Location SSID: ssid_SS0902_0024

Postcode: SS090207

Accessibility: Accessible by car

Community Leader: Yes

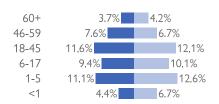
Registration: Yes, paper-based

Who is being registered: IDPs, returnees and host community

No. IDPs: 406 Households: 80

Reason for displacement: Conflict

Origin of largest IDP group: Western Bahr El Ghazal, Raja Origin of 2nd largest IDP group: Western Bahr El Ghazal, Raja



Female Male

No. returnees: 0 Households: 0

Reason for displacement: NA

Mobility (IDPs)

Date of arrival of first IDP group: 2018-05-15 Date of arrival of last IDP group: 2018-06-07

Have the IDPs been displaced previously?

Three main reasons preventing the majority of IDPs from returning:

Lack of food, Lack of safety, No livelihood

Mobility (returnees)

Date of return of first returnee group: NA Date of return of last returnee group: NA

Are there people displaced from this village / neighbourhood who have not returned yet?

Special needs

No. pregnant women: 40 No. breastfeeding mothers: 80

Total number of individuals with special needs: 672

Special needs include pregnant and breastfeeding women, separated, orphaned and unaccompanied children, persons with mental or physical disabilities, persons with chronic diseases or serious medical conditions and old people without caregivers.

Protection

Main security provider in the village / neighbourhood: Police militia

Health

Most common concern: Malaria Main provider: NGO/INGO

Education

Type of facility: Formal Primary Education



Hai Keresh (ssid_SS0902_0024) Western Bahr El Ghazal, Raja



Distance from main water source

>20 min walking

Water fit for human drinking

No

People feel safe collecting water

Yes



% collapsed or in danger of shelters*

10-25%

Average occupants

1-4

Market access (NFIs)

Yes



Conditions of most latrines

Not so good

Evidence of open defecation

Yes

Hygiene promotion campaign

No



Access to food

Yes offsite

Frequency of food assistance

Unknown

Not reported

Market access (food)

No



Separate male / female latrines

No

Toilets / bathrooms lock from inside

No

Lighting around all toilets / bathrooms

No



Access to health facility

Yes

Distance from health facility

Off-site (<3 km)

Exclusion from health services

None



Security provided at location

Yes

Common conflict-related incidents

Yes

Areas avoided by women / girls

No



Access to primary education

Yes

Distance to nearest education facility

<1 km

% children attending primary education

25-50%

*The share of collapsed and in danger of collapse shelters in the figure above refers to IDP/returnee shelters only.

WASH

Connections to functioning pipelines: Yes

Main water purification method: None

Main water source for cooking / washing: Hand Pumps
Main water source for drinking: Hand Pumps

No. functioning boreholes: 1 Non-functioning: 1

Complaints about drinking water quality: No Main problem with water: NA

Type of toilet: Latrines No. garbage disposal points: O

Main garbage disposal method: No waste disposal Is solid waste a problem? No

Shelter / NFIs

Main shelter type: Temporary shelter (Rakooba)

Shelter materials available in nature: Poles, Rope, Grass

Shelter mat. available from local market: None

Three most needed NFIs:

Kitchen sets, Adult clothing, Child Clothing

Food

Groups struggling most with food access:

IDPs, Host community

Main source of food: Cultivation/Sale of livestock Reason for lack of market access: Due to Conflict

Western Bahr El Ghazal, Raja, Uyujuku [GPS 7.716698283, 26.198225625]

Hai Shat





Location SSID: ssid_SS0902_0026

Postcode: SS090207

Accessibility: Accessible by car

Community Leader: Yes

Registration: Yes, paper-based

Who is being registered: IDPs only

IDPs 100%

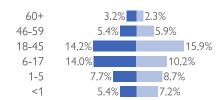
Returnees (internal) 0%

Returnees (abroad) 0%

No. IDPs: 598 Households: 120

Reason for displacement: Conflict

Origin of largest IDP group: Western Bahr El Ghazal, Raja Origin of 2nd largest IDP group: Western Bahr El Ghazal, Raja



Female Male

No. returnees: 0 Households: 0

Reason for displacement: NA

Mobility (IDPs)

Date of arrival of first IDP group: 2018-04-05 Date of arrival of last IDP group: 2018-08-01

Have the IDPs been displaced previously?

Three main reasons preventing the majority of IDPs from returning:

Accessibility, Lack of safety, No livelihood

Mobility (returnees)

Date of return of first returnee group: NA Date of return of last returnee group: NA

Are there people displaced from this village / neighbourhood who have not returned yet?

No

Special needs

No. pregnant women: 22 No. breastfeeding mothers: 45

Total number of individuals with special needs: 595

Special needs include pregnant and breastfeeding women, separated, orphaned and unaccompanied children, persons with mental or physical disabilities, persons with chronic diseases or serious medical conditions and old people without caregivers.

Protection

Main security provider in the village / neighbourhood: Community Leaders

Health

Most common concern: Malaria Main provider: Government

Education

Type of facility: Formal Primary Education



Hai Shat (ssid SS0902 0026) Western Bahr El Ghazal, Raja



Distance from main water source

>20 min walking

Water fit for human drinking

No

People feel safe collecting water

Yes



% collapsed or in danger of shelters*

10-25%

Average occupants

1-4

Market access (NFIs)

No



Conditions of most latrines

Not so good

Evidence of open defecation

No

Hygiene promotion campaign

No



Access to food

Yes offsite

Frequency of food assistance

Unknown

Not reported

Market access (food)

No



Separate male / female latrines

No

Toilets / bathrooms lock from inside

No

Lighting around all toilets / bathrooms

No



Access to health facility

Yes

Distance from health facility

Off-site (<3 km)

Exclusion from health services

IDPs

Shelter / NFIs

Main shelter type:

Three most needed NFIs:



Security provided at location

Yes

Common conflict-related incidents

No

Areas avoided by women / girls

No



Access to primary education

Yes

Distance to nearest education facility

<1 km

% children attending primary education

25-50%

Poles, Rope, Grass

Temporary shelter (Rakooba)

WASH

Connections to functioning pipelines: Yes Main water purification method: None

Main water source for cooking / washing: Hand Pumps Main water source for drinking: Hand Pumps

No. functioning boreholes: Non-functioning: 0

Complaints about drinking water quality: Main problem with water: NA

Type of toilet: Latrines No. garbage disposal points:

Main garbage disposal method: Garbage pit Is solid waste a problem? No

Food

Groups struggling most with food access:

Shelter materials available in nature:

Shelter mat. available from local market: None

Kitchen sets, Adult clothing, Child Clothing

Host community

Bought with cash from market Main source of food:

Reason for lack of market access: Distance

^{*}The share of collapsed and in danger of collapse shelters in the figure above refers to IDP/returnee shelters only.

Hai Yambio



100%

IDPs

0%



Location SSID: ssid_SS0902_0028

Postcode: SS090207

Accessibility: Accessible by foot Returnees (internal)

Community Leader: Yes

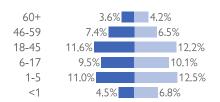
Returnees (abroad) 0% Registration: Yes, paper-based

Who is being registered: IDPs only

No. IDPs: 336 Households: 68

Reason for displacement: Conflict

Origin of largest IDP group: Western Bahr El Ghazal, Raja Origin of 2nd largest IDP group: Western Bahr El Ghazal, Raja



Female Male

No. returnees: 0 Households: 0

Reason for displacement: NA

Mobility (IDPs)

Date of arrival of first IDP group: 2015-03-15 Date of arrival of last IDP group: 2017-04-22

Have the IDPs been displaced previously?

Three main reasons preventing the majority of IDPs from returning:

Lack of food, Lack of safety, No livelihood

Mobility (returnees)

Date of return of first returnee group: NA Date of return of last returnee group: NA

Are there people displaced from this village / neighbourhood who have not returned yet?

Special needs

No. pregnant women: 50 No. breastfeeding mothers: 45

Total number of individuals with special needs: 482

Special needs include pregnant and breastfeeding women, separated, orphaned and unaccompanied children, persons with mental or physical disabilities, persons with chronic diseases or serious medical conditions and old people without caregivers.

Protection

Main security provider in the village / neighbourhood: Community Leaders

Health

Most common concern: Malaria Main provider: NGO/INGO

Education

Type of facility: Formal Primary Education



Hai Yambio (ssid_SS0902_0028) Western Bahr El Ghazal, Raja



Distance from main water source

>20 min walking

Water fit for human drinking

No

People feel safe collecting water

No



% collapsed or in danger of shelters*

25-50%

Average occupants

1-4

Market access (NFIs)

Yes



Conditions of most latrines

Not so good

Evidence of open defecation

Yes

Hygiene promotion campaign

No



Access to food

Yes offsite

Frequency of food assistance

Unknown

Not reported

Market access (food)

No



Separate male / female latrines

No

Toilets / bathrooms lock from inside

No

Lighting around all toilets / bathrooms

No



Access to health facility

Yes

Distance from health facility

Off-site (<3 km)

Exclusion from health services

None



Security provided at location

Yes

Common conflict-related incidents

Yes

Areas avoided by women / girls

No



Access to primary education

Yes

Distance to nearest education facility

<1 km

% children attending primary education

25-50%

*The share of collapsed and in danger of collapse shelters in the figure above refers to IDP/returnee shelters only.

WASH

Connections to functioning pipelines: No

Main water purification method: None

Main water source for cooking / washing: Hand Pumps
Main water source for drinking: Hand Pumps

No. functioning boreholes: 1 Non-functioning: 0

Complaints about drinking water quality: Yes

Main problem with water: Insufficient amount

Type of toilet: Latrines No. garbage disposal points:

Main garbage disposal method: Garbage pit Is solid waste a problem? No

Shelter / NFIs

Main shelter type: Tukul

Shelter materials available in nature: Poles, Rope, Grass

Shelter mat. available from local market: Rope, Grass

Three most needed NFIs:

Kitchen sets, Adult clothing, Child Clothing

Food

Groups struggling most with food access:

Host community

Main source of food: Bought with cash from market Reason for lack of market access: Due to Conflict

54

Hai Zande



2018-06-07

100%

IDPs

0%

0%

Returnees (internal)

Returnees (abroad)



Location SSID: ssid_SS0902_0029

Postcode: SS090207

Accessibility: Accessible by car

Community Leader: Yes

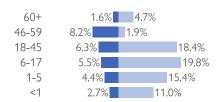
Registration: No

Who is being registered: NA

No. IDPs: 364 Households: 70

Reason for displacement: Conflict

Origin of largest IDP group:
Western Bahr El Ghazal, Raja
Origin of 2nd largest IDP group:
Western Bahr El Ghazal, Raja



Female Male

No. returnees: 0

Households: 0

Reason for displacement: NA

Mobility (IDPs)

Date of arrival of first IDP group: 2018-05-15 Date of arrival of last IDP group:

Have the IDPs been displaced previously?

Three main reasons preventing the majority of IDPs from returning:

Lack of safety, No livelihood, Basic infrastructures damaged/flooded

Mobility (returnees)

Date of return of first returnee group: NA Date of return of last returnee group: NA

Are there people displaced from this village / neighbourhood who have not returned yet?

Special needs

No. pregnant women: 65 No. breastfeeding mothers: 55

Total number of individuals with special needs: 559

Special needs include pregnant and breastfeeding women, separated, orphaned and unaccompanied children, persons with mental or physical disabilities, persons with chronic diseases or serious medical conditions and old people without caregivers.

Protection

Main security provider in the village / neighbourhood: Military

Health

Most common concern: Malaria Main provider: NGO/INGO

Education

Type of facility: Formal Primary Education



Hai Zande (ssid SS0902 0029) Western Bahr El Ghazal, Raja



Distance from main water source

>20 min walking

Water fit for human drinking

No

People feel safe collecting water

No



% collapsed or in danger of shelters*

25-50%

Average occupants

1-4

Market access (NFIs)

No



Conditions of most latrines

Unknown

Not reported

Evidence of open defecation

No

Hygiene promotion campaign

No



Access to food

Yes offsite

Frequency of food assistance

Unknown

Not reported

Market access (food)

No



Separate male / female latrines

Unknown

Not reported

Toilets / bathrooms lock from inside

Unknown

Not reported

Lighting around all toilets / bathrooms

Unknown

Not reported



Access to health facility

Yes

Distance from health facility

Off-site (<3 km)

Exclusion from health services

None



Security provided at location

Yes

Common conflict-related incidents

Yes

Areas avoided by women / girls

No



Access to primary education

Yes

Distance to nearest education facility

1-2 km

% children attending primary education

25-50%

*The share of collapsed and in danger of collapse shelters in the figure above refers to IDP/returnee shelters only.

WASH

Connections to functioning pipelines: Yes Main water purification method: None

Main water source for cooking / washing: Hand Pumps Main water source for drinking: Hand Pumps

No. functioning boreholes: Non-functioning: 0

Complaints about drinking water quality:

Main problem with water: Insufficient amount

Type of toilet: Open defecation No. garbage disposal points:

Main garbage disposal method: Burning

Is solid waste a problem? No

Food

Groups struggling most with food access: Unknown Cultivation/Sale of livestock Main source of food: Reason for lack of market access: Due to Conflict

Shelter / NFIs

Main shelter type:

Temporary shelter (Rakooba)

Shelter materials available in nature:

Poles, Rope, Grass

Shelter mat, available from local market: None

Kitchen sets, Hygiene kits, Adult Clothing

Three most needed NFIs:

Western Bahr El Ghazal, Raja, Uyujuku [GPS 7.662524756, 26.283508536]

Mangaiyat



100%

IDPs

Returnees (abroad)

0%



Location SSID: ssid_SS0902_0031

Postcode: SS090207

Accessibility: Accessible by car

Returnees (internal) 0%

Community Leader: Yes

Registration: Yes, paper-based

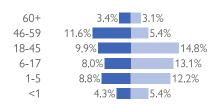
Who is being registered: IDPs only

J

No. IDPs: 352 Households: 70

Reason for displacement: Conflict

Origin of largest IDP group: Western Bahr El Ghazal, Raja Origin of 2nd largest IDP group: Western Bahr El Ghazal, Raja



Female Male

No. returnees: 0 Households: 0

Reason for displacement: NA

Mobility (IDPs)

Date of arrival of first IDP group: 2016-06-04 Date of arrival of last IDP group: 2016-06-08

Have the IDPs been displaced previously?

Three main reasons preventing the majority of IDPs from returning:

Lack of food, House damaged/destroyed, Lack of safety

Mobility (returnees)

Date of return of first returnee group: NA Date of return of last returnee group: NA

Are there people displaced from this village / neighbourhood who have not returned yet?

Special needs

No. pregnant women: 27 No. breastfeeding mothers: 110

Total number of individuals with special needs: 341

Special needs include pregnant and breastfeeding women, separated, orphaned and unaccompanied children, persons with mental or physical disabilities, persons with chronic diseases or serious medical conditions and old people without caregivers.

Protection

Main security provider in the village / neighbourhood: Military

Health

Most common concern: Malaria Main provider: NGO/INGO

Education

Type of facility: Formal Primary Education



Mangaiyat (ssid_SS0902_0031) Western Bahr El Ghazal, Raja



Distance from main water source

>20 min walking

Water fit for human drinking

Yes

People feel safe collecting water

No



% collapsed or in danger of shelters*

50-75%

Average occupants

7+

Market access (NFIs)

No



Conditions of most latrines

Unknown

Not reported

Evidence of open defecation

Yes

Hygiene promotion campaign

Yes



Access to food

Yes offsite

Frequency of food assistance

Once a month

Market access (food)

Yes

Is solid waste a problem? No



Separate male / female latrines

Unknown

Not reported

Toilets / bathrooms lock from inside

Unknown

Not reported

Lighting around all toilets / bathrooms

Unknown

Not reported



Access to health facility

Yes

Distance from health facility

Off-site (<3 km)

Exclusion from health services

None



Security provided at location

Yes

Common conflict-related incidents

Yes

Areas avoided by women / girls

No



Access to primary education

Yes

Distance to nearest education facility

6-10 km

% children attending primary education

25-50%

Unknown

*The share of collapsed and in danger of collapse shelters in the figure above refers to IDP/returnee shelters only.

WASH

Connections to functioning pipelines: Yes

Main water purification method: None

Main water source for cooking / washing: Hand Pumps
Main water source for drinking: Hand Pumps

No. functioning boreholes: 5 Non-functioning: 0

Complaints about drinking water quality: Yes

Main problem with water: Insufficient amount

Type of toilet: Open defecation No. garbage disposal points:

Main garbage disposal method: Burning

Shelter / NFIs

Main shelter type: Tukul

Shelter materials available in nature: Poles, Rope, Grass

Shelter mat. available from local market: None

Three most needed NFIs:

Main source of food:

Kitchen sets, Adult clothing, Child Clothing

Food

Groups struggling most with food access:

Food assistance

Reason for lack of market access:

58

Western Bahr El Ghazal, Raja, Uyujuku [GPS 8.016644868, 26.05730453]

Sopo





Location SSID: ssid SS0902 0036

Postcode: SS090207

Community Leader: Yes

Registration: Yes, paper-based

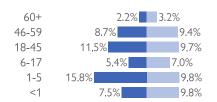
Who is being registered: IDPs, returnees and host community

87,5% **IDPs** Accessibility: Accessible by car Returnees (internal) Returnees (abroad) 0.0%

No. IDPs: 2285 Households: 457

Reason for displacement: Conflict

Origin of largest IDP group: Western Bahr El Ghazal, Raja Origin of 2nd largest IDP group: Western Bahr El Ghazal, Raja

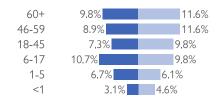


Female Male

No. returnees: 327

Households: 68

Reason for displacement: Conflict





Mobility (IDPs)

Date of arrival of first IDP group: Date of arrival of last IDP group: 2018-10-02 2016-08-15

Have the IDPs been displaced previously?

Three main reasons preventing the majority of IDPs from returning:

Lack of food, Lack of safety, No livelihood

Mobility (returnees)

Date of return of first returnee group: 2018-12-05 Date of return of last returnee group: 2019-02-07

Are there people displaced from this village / neighbourhood who have not returned yet? Yes

Special needs

No. pregnant women: 40 No. breastfeeding mothers: 75

Total number of individuals with special needs: 489

Special needs include pregnant and breastfeeding women, separated, orphaned and unaccompanied children, persons with mental or physical disabilities, persons with chronic diseases or serious medical conditions and old people without caregivers.

Protection

Main security provider in the village / neighbourhood: Community Leaders

Health

Most common concern: Malaria Main provider: NGO/INGO

Education

Type of facility: Formal Primary Education



Sopo (ssid_SS0902_0036) Western Bahr El Ghazal, Raja



Distance from main water source

>20 min walking

Water fit for human drinking

No

People feel safe collecting water

No



% collapsed or in danger of shelters*

0-10%

Average occupants

1-4

Market access (NFIs)

Yes



Conditions of most latrines

Unknown

Not reported

Evidence of open defecation

Yes

Hygiene promotion campaign

No



Access to food

Yes offsite

Frequency of food assistance

Unknown

Not reported

Market access (food)

Yes



Separate male / female latrines

Unknown

Not reported

Toilets / bathrooms lock from inside

Unknown

Not reported

Lighting around all toilets / bathrooms

Unknown

Not reported



Access to health facility

Yes

Distance from health facility

Off-site (>3 km)

Exclusion from health services

None



Security provided at location

Yes

Common conflict-related incidents

Yes

Areas avoided by women / girls

No



Access to primary education

Yes

Distance to nearest education facility

6-10 km

% children attending primary education

25-50%

Unknown

*The share of collapsed and in danger of collapse shelters in the figure above refers to IDP/returnee shelters only.

WASH

Connections to functioning pipelines: No

Main water purification method: None

Main water source for cooking / washing: Hand Pumps Main water source for drinking: Hand Pumps

No. functioning boreholes: Non-functioning: 1

Complaints about drinking water quality:

Main problem with water: Insufficient amount

No. garbage disposal points: Type of toilet: Open defecation

Main garbage disposal method: Unknown Is solid waste a problem? Yes

Shelter / NFIs

Main shelter type: Temporary shelter (Rakooba)

Shelter materials available in nature: Poles, Rope, Grass

Shelter mat, available from local market: None

Three most needed NFIs:

Kitchen sets, Adult clothing, Child Clothing

Food

Groups struggling most with food access: Cultivation/Sale of livestock Main source of food:

Reason for lack of market access:

Frajalla





Location SSID: ssid SS0903 0010

Postcode: SS090301

Accessibility: Accessible by car

Community Leader: Yes

Registration: No

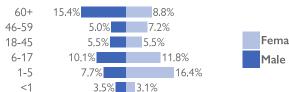
Who is being registered: NA



No. IDPs: 456 Households: 90

Reason for displacement: Conflict

Origin of largest IDP group: Western Bahr El Ghazal, Wau Origin of 2nd largest IDP group: Western Bahr El Ghazal, Wau



Female

No. returnees: 1321

Households: 240

Reason for displacement: Conflict





Mobility (IDPs)

Date of arrival of first IDP group: Date of arrival of last IDP group: NA

Have the IDPs been displaced previously? No

Three main reasons preventing the majority of IDPs from returning:

Lack of food, House damaged/destroyed, Basic infrastructures damaged/flooded

Mobility (returnees)

Date of return of first returnee group: 2018-06-07 Date of return of last returnee group: 2019-01-08

Are there people displaced from this village / neighbourhood who have not returned yet? Yes

Special needs

No. pregnant women: 20 No. breastfeeding mothers: 250

Total number of individuals with special needs: 669

Special needs include pregnant and breastfeeding women, separated, orphaned and unaccompanied children, persons with mental or physical disabilities, persons with chronic diseases or serious medical conditions and old people without caregivers.

Protection

Main security provider in the village / neighbourhood: Police militia

Health

Main provider: NGO/INGO Most common concern: Malaria

Education

Type of facility: Formal Primary Education



Frajalla (ssid_SS0903_0010) Western Bahr El Ghazal, Wau



Distance from main water source

<20 min walking

Water fit for human drinking

Yes

People feel safe collecting water

Yes



% collapsed or in danger of shelters*

0-10%

Average occupants

1-4

Market access (NFIs)

No



Conditions of most latrines

Unknown

Not reported

Evidence of open defecation

Yes

Hygiene promotion campaign

Yes



Access to food

Yes offsite

Frequency of food assistance

Unknown

Not reported

Market access (food)

Yes



Separate male / female latrines

Unknown

Not reported

Toilets / bathrooms lock from inside

Unknown

Not reported

Lighting around all toilets / bathrooms

Unknown

Not reported



Access to health facility

Yes

Distance from health facility

On-site (<3 km)

Exclusion from health services

Returnees



Security provided at location

Yes

Common conflict-related incidents

No

Areas avoided by women / girls

No



Access to primary education

Yes

Distance to nearest education facility

<1 km

% children attending primary education

25-50%

*The share of collapsed and in danger of collapse shelters in the figure above refers to IDP/returnee shelters only.

WASH

Connections to functioning pipelines: No

Main water purification method: None

Main water source for cooking / washing: Hand Pumps
Main water source for drinking: Hand Pumps

No. functioning boreholes: 2 Non-functioning: 3

Complaints about drinking water quality: Ye

Main problem with water: Insufficient amount

Type of toilet: Open defecation No. garbage disposal points:

Main garbage disposal method: Burning Is solid waste a problem? Yes

Shelter / NFIs

Main shelter type: Temporary shelter (Rakooba)

Shelter materials available in nature: Poles, Bamboo, Rope, Grass

Shelter mat. available from local market: Poles, Grass

Three most needed NFIs:

Emergency shelter kits, Bedding sets, Mosquito nets

Food

Groups struggling most with food access:

IDPs, Host community

Main source of food: Cultivation/Sale of livestock

Reason for lack of market access: NA

62

Western Bahr El Ghazal, Wau, Bagari [GPS 7.53626, 27.79955]

Ngovelo

IOM DISPLACEMENT TRACKING MATRIX SOUTH SUDAN

2018-08-01

100%

IDPs

0%

0%

Returnees (internal)

Returnees (abroad)



Location SSID: ssid_SS0903_0048

Postcode: SS090301

Accessibility: Accessible by foot

Community Leader: Yes

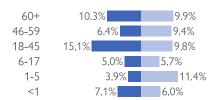
Registration: Yes, paper-based

Who is being registered: IDPs, returnees and host community

No. IDPs: 563 Households: 98

Reason for displacement: Conflict

Origin of largest IDP group: Western Bahr El Ghazal, Wau Origin of 2nd largest IDP group: Western Bahr El Ghazal, Wau



Female Male

No. returnees: 0 Households: 0

Reason for displacement: NA

Mobility (IDPs)

Date of arrival of first IDP group: 2016-06-26 Date of arrival of last IDP group:

Have the IDPs been displaced previously?

Three main reasons preventing the majority of IDPs from returning:

Lack of food, House damaged/destroyed, Lack of safety

Mobility (returnees)

Date of return of first returnee group: 2018-09-02 Date of return of last returnee group: 2019-01-01

Are there people displaced from this village / neighbourhood who have not returned yet?

Yes

Special needs

No. pregnant women: 200 No. breastfeeding mothers: 500

Total number of individuals with special needs: 1200

Special needs include pregnant and breastfeeding women, separated, orphaned and unaccompanied children, persons with mental or physical disabilities, persons with chronic diseases or serious medical conditions and old people without caregivers.

Protection

Main security provider in the village / neighbourhood: Police militia

Health

Most common concern: Malaria Main provider: NGO/INGO

Education

Type of facility: Formal Primary Education



Ngovelo (ssid_SS0903_0048) Western Bahr El Ghazal, Wau



Distance from main water source

<20 min walking

Water fit for human drinking

Yes

People feel safe collecting water

Yes



% collapsed or in danger of shelters*

25-50%

Average occupants

1-4

Market access (NFIs)

No



Conditions of most latrines

Unknown

Not reported

Evidence of open defecation

Yes

Hygiene promotion campaign

Access to food

No

Yes offsite

Unknown

Not reported

No

Frequency of food assistance

Market access (food)



Separate male / female latrines

Unknown

Not reported

Toilets / bathrooms lock from inside

Unknown

Not reported

Unknown

Not reported

Lighting around all toilets / bathrooms

Access to health facility

Yes

Distance from health facility

On-site (<3 km)

Exclusion from health services

None



Security provided at location

Yes

Common conflict-related incidents

No

Areas avoided by women / girls

No



Access to primary education

Yes

Distance to nearest education facility

6-10 km

% children attending primary education

25-50%

WASH

Connections to functioning pipelines: No

Main water purification method: Tablets

Main water source for cooking / washing: Other, Specify
Main water source for drinking: Other, Specify

No. functioning boreholes: 2 Non-functioning: 1

Complaints about drinking water quality: Ye

Main problem with water: Insufficient amount

Type of toilet: Open defecation No. garbage disposal points:

Main garbage disposal method: Garbage pit Is solid waste a problem? Yes

Shelter / NFIs

Main shelter type: Temporary shelter (Rakooba)

Shelter materials available in nature: Poles, Bamboo, Rope, Grass

Shelter mat, available from local market: None

Three most needed NFIs:

Emergency shelter kits, Kitchen sets, Mosquito nets

Food

Groups struggling most with food access:

IDPs, Host community

Main source of food: Cultivation/Sale of livestock

Reason for lack of market access: Distance

64

^{*}The share of collapsed and in danger of collapse shelters in the figure above refers to IDP/returnee shelters only.

Fanjer(Ndaku)

2018-06-01

100%



Location SSID: ssid SS0903 0009

Postcode: SS090304

Accessibility: Accessible by car

Community Leader: Yes

Registration: No

Who is being registered: NA

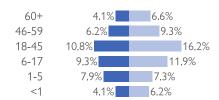
Returnees (internal) 0% 0% Returnees (abroad)

IDPs

No. IDPs: 4820 Households: 850

Reason for displacement: Conflict

Origin of largest IDP group: Western Bahr El Ghazal, Wau Origin of 2nd largest IDP group: Western Bahr El Ghazal, Wau



Female Male

No. returnees: 0 Households: 0

Reason for displacement: NA

Mobility (IDPs)

Date of arrival of first IDP group: Date of arrival of last IDP group: 2016-02-12

Have the IDPs been displaced previously?

Three main reasons preventing the majority of IDPs from returning:

Lack of food, House damaged/destroyed, Lack of safety

Mobility (returnees)

Date of return of first returnee group: NA Date of return of last returnee group: NA

Are there people displaced from this village / neighbourhood who have not returned yet?

Special needs

No. pregnant women: 500 No. breastfeeding mothers: 2000

Total number of individuals with special needs: 8600

Special needs include pregnant and breastfeeding women, separated, orphaned and unaccompanied children, persons with mental or physical disabilities, persons with chronic diseases or serious medical conditions and old people without caregivers.

Protection

Main security provider in the village / neighbourhood: Other, specify

Health

Complicated Pregnancy Most common concern: Main provider: NA

Education

Type of facility: NA



Fanjer(Ndaku) (ssid SS0903 0009) Western Bahr El Ghazal, Wau



Distance from main water source

>20 min walking

Water fit for human drinking

No

People feel safe collecting water

No



% collapsed or in danger of shelters*

Unknown Not reported

Average occupants

Unknown Not reported

Market access (NFIs)

No



Conditions of most latrines

Unknown

Not reported

Evidence of open defecation

Yes

Hygiene promotion campaign

No



Access to food

Yes offsite

Frequency of food assistance

Unknown

Not reported

Market access (food)

No



Separate male / female latrines

Unknown

Not reported

Toilets / bathrooms lock from inside

Unknown

Not reported

Lighting around all toilets / bathrooms

Unknown

Not reported



Access to health facility

No

Distance from health facility

Unknown Not reported

Exclusion from health services

Unknown

Not reported



Security provided at location

Yes

Common conflict-related incidents

No

Areas avoided by women / girls

No



Access to primary education

No

Distance to nearest education facility

Unknown

Not reported

% children attending primary education

Unknown

Not reported

*The share of collapsed and in danger of collapse shelters in the figure above refers to IDP/returnee shelters only.

WASH

Connections to functioning pipelines: No

Main water purification method: None

Main water source for cooking / washing: Other, Specify Main water source for drinking: Other, Specify

No. functioning boreholes:

Non-functioning: 14

Complaints about drinking water quality:

Main problem with water: Too far

Type of toilet: Open defecation

Main garbage disposal method:

No. garbage disposal points:

Other, Specify

Is solid waste a problem? No

Shelter / NFIs

Main shelter type: No shelter/living under a tree

Shelter materials available in nature: Poles, Bamboo, Rope, Grass Shelter mat. available from local market: Poles, Bamboo, Rope, Grass

Three most needed NFIs:

Emergency shelter kits, Kitchen sets, Bedding sets

Food

Groups struggling most with food access:

IDPs, Host community

Main source of food: None

Reason for lack of market access: Due to Conflict Western Bahr El Ghazal, Wau, Wau North [GPS 7.71001, 27.97642]

Aweil Jedid

100%

IDPs

Returnees (abroad)

0%

0%



Location SSID: ssid SS0903 0004

Postcode: SS090306

Accessibility: Accessible by car

Returnees (internal) Community Leader: Yes

Registration: Yes, biometric

Who is being registered: IDPs, returnees and host community

No. IDPs: 0 Households: 0

Reason for displacement: NA

Origin of largest IDP group:

NA. NA

Origin of 2nd largest IDP group:

NA. NA

Mobility (IDPs)

Date of arrival of first IDP group: Date of arrival of last IDP group: NA

Have the IDPs been displaced previously?

Three main reasons preventing the majority of IDPs from returning:

Lack of food, House damaged/destroyed, Lack of safety

Mobility (returnees)

Date of return of first returnee group: 2018-10-18 Date of return of last returnee group: 2019-02-11

Are there people displaced from this village / neighbourhood who have not returned yet?

Special needs

No. pregnant women: 175 No. breastfeeding mothers: 221

Total number of individuals with special needs: 1092

Special needs include pregnant and breastfeeding women, separated, orphaned and unaccompanied children, persons with mental or physical disabilities, persons with chronic diseases or serious medical conditions and old people without caregivers.

Protection

Main security provider in the village / neighbourhood: Police militia

Health

Most common concern: Malaria Main provider: Other, Specify

Education

Type of facility: Formal Primary Education

Availability of learning supplies: No Availability of teachers: Yes

No. returnees: 1480 Households: 271

Reason for displacement: Conflict

60+ 46-59 18-45 6-17 10.6% 1-5 <1





Aweil Jedid (ssid_SS0903_0004) Western Bahr El Ghazal, Wau



Distance from main water source

>20 min walking

Water fit for human drinking

Yes

People feel safe collecting water

No



% collapsed or in danger of shelters*

25-50%

Average occupants

5-6

Market access (NFIs)

Yes



Conditions of most latrines

Unknown

Not reported

Evidence of open defecation

No

Hygiene promotion campaign

No



Access to food

Yes offsite

Frequency of food assistance

Once a month

Market access (food)

Yes



Separate male / female latrines

Unknown

Not reported

Toilets / bathrooms lock from inside

Unknown

Not reported

Lighting around all toilets / bathrooms

Unknown

Not reported



Access to health facility

Yes

Distance from health facility

Off-site (>3 km)

Exclusion from health services

None



Security provided at location

Yes

Common conflict-related incidents

No

Areas avoided by women / girls

No



Access to primary education

Yes

Distance to nearest education facility

3-5 km

% children attending primary education

25-50%

IDPs

*The share of collapsed and in danger of collapse shelters in the figure above refers to IDP/returnee shelters only.

WASH

Connections to functioning pipelines: No

Main water purification method: None

Main water source for cooking / washing: Protected well

Main water source for drinking: Protected well

No. functioning boreholes: 5 Non-functioning: 4

Complaints about drinking water quality: Yes

Main problem with water: Insufficient amount

Type of toilet: Open defecation No. garbage disposal points:

Main garbage disposal method: Burning Is solid waste a problem? Yes

Shelter / NFIs

Main shelter type: Tukul

Shelter materials available in nature: Poles, Rope, Grass

Shelter mat. available from local market: Poles, Bamboo, Rope, Grass

Three most needed NFIs:

Emergency shelter kits, Kitchen sets, Mosquito nets

Food

Groups struggling most with food access:

Main source of food: Food assistance Reason for lack of market access: NA

East Darajar

SOUTH SUDAN

2016-08-02



Location SSID: ssid SS0903 0008

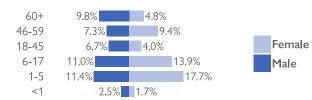
Who is being registered: NA



No. IDPs: 481 Households: 80

Reason for displacement: Conflict

Origin of largest IDP group: Western Bahr El Ghazal, Wau Origin of 2nd largest IDP group: Western Bahr El Ghazal, Wau



Mobility (IDPs)

Date of arrival of first IDP group: Date of arrival of last IDP group: 2016-06-26

Have the IDPs been displaced previously?

Three main reasons preventing the majority of IDPs from returning:

Accessibility, Lack of food, Lack of safety

Mobility (returnees)

Date of return of first returnee group: 2018-01-06 Date of return of last returnee group: 2018-11-09

Are there people displaced from this village / neighbourhood who have not returned yet?

Special needs

No. pregnant women: 107 No. breastfeeding mothers: 141

Total number of individuals with special needs: 1487

Special needs include pregnant and breastfeeding women, separated, orphaned and unaccompanied children, persons with mental or physical disabilities, persons with chronic diseases or serious medical conditions and old people without caregivers.

Protection

Main security provider in the village / neighbourhood: Police militia

Health

Most common concern: Malaria Main provider: Local Clinic

Education

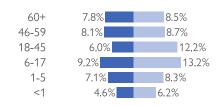
Type of facility: Formal Primary Education

Availability of learning supplies: Yes Availability of teachers: Yes

No. returnees: 3682

Households: 694

Reason for displacement: Conflict







East Darajar (ssid_SS0903_0008) Western Bahr El Ghazal, Wau



Distance from main water source

>20 min walking

Water fit for human drinking

Yes

People feel safe collecting water

Yes



% collapsed or in danger of shelters*

0-10%

Average occupants

5-6

Market access (NFIs)

Yes



Conditions of most latrines

Not so good

Evidence of open defecation

No

Hygiene promotion campaign

Yes



Access to food

Yes offsite

Frequency of food assistance

Unknown

Not reported

Market access (food)

Yes



Separate male / female latrines

No

Toilets / bathrooms lock from inside

Yes

Lighting around all toilets / bathrooms

No



Access to health facility

Yes

Distance from health facility

On-site (<3 km)

Exclusion from health services

None



Security provided at location

Yes

Common conflict-related incidents

No

Areas avoided by women / girls

Yes



Access to primary education

Yes

Distance to nearest education facility

1-2 km

% children attending primary education

>75%

*The share of collapsed and in danger of collapse shelters in the figure above refers to IDP/returnee shelters only.

WASH

Connections to functioning pipelines: Yes

Main water purification method: Tablets

Main water source for cooking / washing: Protected well

Main water source for drinking: Protected well

No. functioning boreholes: 1 Non-functioning: 7

Complaints about drinking water quality: Yes

Main problem with water: Insufficient amount

Type of toilet: Latrines No. garbage disposal points:

Main garbage disposal method: Garbage pit Is solid waste a problem? Yes

Shelter / NFIs

Main shelter type: Concret walls

Shelter materials available in nature: None

Shelter mat. available from local market: Poles, Bamboo, Rope, Grass

Three most needed NFIs:

Emergency shelter kits, Kitchen sets, Bedding sets

Food

Groups struggling most with food access:

IDPs, Returnees

Main source of food: Bought with cash from market

Reason for lack of market access: NA

Hai Bafara

SOUTH SUDAN



Location SSID: ssid_SS0903_0011

Registration: Yes, biometric

Who is being registered: IDPs, returnees and host community



No. IDPs: 1810 Households: 322

Reason for displacement: Conflict

Origin of largest IDP group: Western Bahr El Ghazal, Wau Origin of 2nd largest IDP group: Western Bahr El Ghazal, Wau

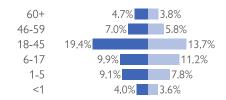


Female Male

No. returnees: 2345

Households: 369

Reason for displacement: Conflict



Female Male

Mobility (IDPs)

Date of arrival of first IDP group: Date of arrival of last IDP group: 2016-06-24 2017-04-04

Have the IDPs been displaced previously?

Three main reasons preventing the majority of IDPs from returning: Lack of food, House damaged/destroyed, Lack of safety

Mobility (returnees)

Date of return of first returnee group: 2016-11-08 Date of return of last returnee group: 2019-01-06

Are there people displaced from this village / neighbourhood who have not returned yet?

Special needs

No. pregnant women: 78 No. breastfeeding mothers: 102

Total number of individuals with special needs: 994

Special needs include pregnant and breastfeeding women, separated, orphaned and unaccompanied children, persons with mental or physical disabilities, persons with chronic diseases or serious medical conditions and old people without caregivers.

Protection

Main security provider in the village / neighbourhood: Self Organized

Health

Most common concern: Malaria Main provider: Local Clinic

Education

Type of facility: Formal Primary Education



Hai Bafara (ssid SS0903 0011) Western Bahr El Ghazal, Wau



Distance from main water source

>20 min walking

Water fit for human drinking

Yes

People feel safe collecting water

Yes



% collapsed or in danger of shelters*

0-10%

Average occupants

5-6

Market access (NFIs)

Yes



Conditions of most latrines

Good / Hygienic

Evidence of open defecation

No

Hygiene promotion campaign

No



Access to food

Yes onsite

Frequency of food assistance

Once a month

Market access (food)

Yes



Separate male / female latrines

No

Toilets / bathrooms lock from inside

No

Lighting around all toilets / bathrooms

No



Access to health facility

Yes

Distance from health facility

Off-site (<3 km)

Exclusion from health services

None



Security provided at location

Yes

Common conflict-related incidents

No

Areas avoided by women / girls

No



Access to primary education

Yes

Distance to nearest education facility

1-2 km

% children attending primary education

51-75%

*The share of collapsed and in danger of collapse shelters in the figure above refers to IDP/returnee shelters only.

WASH

Connections to functioning pipelines: No

Main water purification method: None

Main water source for cooking / washing: Protected well Main water source for drinking: Protected well

No. functioning boreholes: Non-functioning: 3

Complaints about drinking water quality: No Main problem with water: NA

Type of toilet: Latrines

Main garbage disposal method: Compost

No. garbage disposal points:

Is solid waste a problem? Yes

Shelter / NFIs

Main shelter type: Tukul

Shelter materials available in nature:

None

Shelter mat. available from local market: Poles, Bamboo, Rope, Grass

IDPs. Returnees

Three most needed NFIs:

Main source of food:

Emergency shelter kits, Mosquito nets, Child Clothing

Food

Groups struggling most with food access:

Food assistance

Reason for lack of market access:

72

Hai Dinka





Location SSID: ssid_SS0903_0012

Postcode: SS090306

Accessibility: Accessible by foot

Community Leader: Yes

Registration: Yes, biometric

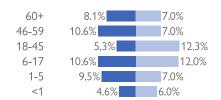
Who is being registered: IDPs, returnees and host community



No. IDPs: 284 Households: 50

Reason for displacement: Conflict

Origin of largest IDP group: Western Bahr El Ghazal, Wau Origin of 2nd largest IDP group: Western Bahr El Ghazal, Wau

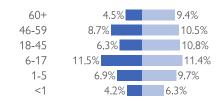


Female Male

No. returnees: 2879

Households: 523

Reason for displacement: Conflict





Mobility (IDPs)

Date of arrival of first IDP group: Date of arrival of last IDP group: 2016-11-05 2018-06-24

Have the IDPs been displaced previously?

Three main reasons preventing the majority of IDPs from returning:

Lack of food, Lack of safety, No livelihood

Mobility (returnees)

Date of return of first returnee group: 2018-12-13 Date of return of last returnee group: 2019-01-11

Are there people displaced from this village / neighbourhood who have not returned yet?

Special needs

No. pregnant women: 134 No. breastfeeding mothers: 87

Total number of individuals with special needs: 1089

Special needs include pregnant and breastfeeding women, separated, orphaned and unaccompanied children, persons with mental or physical disabilities, persons with chronic diseases or serious medical conditions and old people without caregivers.

Protection

Main security provider in the village / neighbourhood: Self Organized

Health

Main provider: NGO/INGO Most common concern: Malaria

Education

Type of facility: Formal Primary Education



Hai Dinka (ssid SS0903 0012) Western Bahr El Ghazal, Wau



Distance from main water source

>20 min walking

Water fit for human drinking

Yes

People feel safe collecting water

Yes



% collapsed or in danger of shelters*

0-10%

Average occupants

5-6

Market access (NFIs)

Yes



Conditions of most latrines

Unknown

Not reported

Evidence of open defecation

Yes

Hygiene promotion campaign

Yes



Access to food

Yes offsite

Frequency of food assistance

Once a month

Market access (food)

Yes

Is solid waste a problem? No



Separate male / female latrines

Unknown

Not reported

Toilets / bathrooms lock from inside

Unknown

Not reported

Lighting around all toilets / bathrooms

Unknown

Not reported



Access to health facility

Yes

Distance from health facility

Off-site (<3 km)

Exclusion from health services

None



Security provided at location

Yes

Common conflict-related incidents

No

Areas avoided by women / girls

No



Access to primary education

Yes

Distance to nearest education facility

1-2 km

% children attending primary education

>75%

*The share of collapsed and in danger of collapse shelters in the figure above refers to IDP/returnee shelters only.

WASH

Connections to functioning pipelines: Yes Main water purification method: **Tablets** Main water source for cooking / washing: Tap water Main water source for drinking: Tap water

No. functioning boreholes: Non-functioning: 7

Complaints about drinking water quality:

Main problem with water: Insufficient amount

Type of toilet: Open defecation No. garbage disposal points:

Main garbage disposal method: Burning

Food

Groups struggling most with food access:

Main source of food: Food assistance Reason for lack of market access:



Main shelter type: Tukul

Shelter materials available in nature: None

Shelter mat. available from local market: Poles, Bamboo, Rope, Grass

Three most needed NFIs:

Emergency shelter kits, Kitchen sets, Mosquito nets

IDPs

Hai Fahal



NA

91



Location SSID: ssid_SS0903_0055

Registration: Yes, biometric

Who is being registered: IDPs, returnees and host community

Date of arrival of first IDP group:

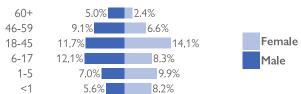
Have the IDPs been displaced previously?



No. IDPs: 503 Households: 87

Reason for displacement: Conflict

Origin of largest IDP group: Western Bahr El Ghazal, Wau Origin of 2nd largest IDP group: Western Bahr El Ghazal, Wau



Mobility (returnees)

Mobility (IDPs)

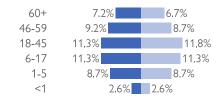
Date of return of first returnee group: NA Date of return of last returnee group: NA

Are there people displaced from this village / neighbourhood who have not returned yet?

No. returnees: 195

Households: 32

Reason for displacement: Conflict





Special needs

No. pregnant women: 82 No. breastfeeding mothers:

Three main reasons preventing the majority of IDPs from returning:

Accessibility, House damaged/destroyed, Lack of safety

Total number of individuals with special needs: 681

Special needs include pregnant and breastfeeding women, separated, orphaned and unaccompanied children, persons with mental or physical disabilities, persons with chronic diseases or serious medical conditions and old people without caregivers.

Date of arrival of last IDP group:

Protection

Main security provider in the village / neighbourhood: Police militia

Health

Most common concern: Malaria Main provider: Government

Education

Type of facility: Formal Primary Education



Hai Fahal (ssid_SS0903_0055) Western Bahr El Ghazal, Wau



Distance from main water source

>20 min walking

Water fit for human drinking

Yes

People feel safe collecting water

Yes



% collapsed or in danger of shelters*

Unknown Not reported

Average occupants

Unknown Not reported

Market access (NFIs)

Yes



Conditions of most latrines

Not so good

Evidence of open defecation

No

Hygiene promotion campaign

Yes



Access to food

Yes offsite

Frequency of food assistance

Unknown

Not reported

Market access (food)

Yes



Separate male / female latrines

No

Toilets / bathrooms lock from inside

No

Lighting around all toilets / bathrooms

No



Access to health facility

Yes

Distance from health facility

Off-site (<3 km)

Exclusion from health services

IDPs Returnees



Security provided at location

Yes

Common conflict-related incidents

No

Areas avoided by women / girls

Yes



Access to primary education

Yes

Distance to nearest education facility

<1 km

% children attending primary education

25-50%

*The share of collapsed and in danger of collapse shelters in the figure above refers to IDP/returnee shelters only.

WASH

Connections to functioning pipelines: No

Main water purification method: None

Main water source for cooking / washing: Protected well

Main water source for drinking: Protected well

No. functioning boreholes: 2 Non-functioning: 2

Complaints about drinking water quality: Yes

Main problem with water: Insufficient amount

Type of toilet: Latrines No. garbage disposal points:

Main garbage disposal method: Burning Is solid waste a problem? Yes

Shelter / NFIs

Main shelter type: Tukul

Shelter materials available in nature: None

Shelter mat. available from local market: Poles, Bamboo, Rope, Grass

Three most needed NFIs:

Emergency shelter kits, Kitchen sets, Mosquito nets

Food

Groups struggling most with food access:

IDPs, Returnees

Main source of food: Bought with cash from market

Reason for lack of market access: NA

Hai Falata

SOUTH SUDAN



Location SSID: ssid_SS0903_0013

Registration: Yes, biometric

Who is being registered: IDPs, returnees and host community



No. IDPs: 3240 Households: 592

Reason for displacement: Conflict

Origin of largest IDP group: Western Bahr El Ghazal, Wau Origin of 2nd largest IDP group: Western Bahr El Ghazal, Wau

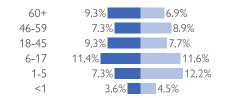


Female Male

No. returnees: 2465

Households: 460

Reason for displacement: Conflict





Mobility (IDPs)

Date of arrival of first IDP group: Date of arrival of last IDP group: 2016-06-25 2017-04-17

Have the IDPs been displaced previously?

Three main reasons preventing the majority of IDPs from returning:

Lack of food, House damaged/destroyed, Lack of safety

Mobility (returnees)

Date of return of first returnee group: 2016-10-08 Date of return of last returnee group: 2019-02-11

Are there people displaced from this village / neighbourhood who have not returned yet?

Special needs

No. pregnant women: 140 No. breastfeeding mothers: 220

Total number of individuals with special needs: 1928

Special needs include pregnant and breastfeeding women, separated, orphaned and unaccompanied children, persons with mental or physical disabilities, persons with chronic diseases or serious medical conditions and old people without caregivers.

Protection

Main security provider in the village / neighbourhood: Police militia

Health

Most common concern: Malaria Main provider: NGO/INGO

Education

Type of facility: Formal Primary Education



Hai Falata (ssid_SS0903_0013) Western Bahr El Ghazal, Wau



Distance from main water source

>20 min walking

Water fit for human drinking

Yes

People feel safe collecting water

No



% collapsed or in danger of shelters*

10-25%

Average occupants

5-6

Market access (NFIs)

Yes



Conditions of most latrines

Good / Hygienic

Evidence of open defecation

No

Hygiene promotion campaign

Yes



Access to food

Yes offsite

Frequency of food assistance

Unknown Not reported

Market access (food)

Yes

Is solid waste a problem? Yes



Separate male / female latrines

No

Toilets / bathrooms lock from inside

Yes

Lighting around all toilets / bathrooms

No



Access to health facility

Yes

Distance from health facility

Off-site (<3 km)

Exclusion from health services

None



Security provided at location

Yes

Common conflict-related incidents

Yes

Areas avoided by women / girls

No



Access to primary education

Yes

Distance to nearest education facility

1-2 km

% children attending primary education

>75%

*The share of collapsed and in danger of collapse shelters in the figure above refers to IDP/returnee shelters only.

WASH

Connections to functioning pipelines: Yes

Main water purification method: Filtering

Main water source for cooking / washing: Unprotected well
Main water source for drinking: Unprotected well

No. functioning boreholes: 7 Non-functioning: 13

Complaints about drinking water quality: No Main problem with water: NA

Type of toilet: Latrines No. garbage disposal points: 30

Main garbage disposal method: Burning

Shelter / NFIs

Main shelter type: Tukul

Shelter materials available in nature: None

D 1 D 1

Shelter mat. available from local market: Poles, Bamboo, Rope, Grass

Three most needed NFIs:

Emergency shelter kits, Mosquito nets, Child Clothing

Food

Groups struggling most with food access:

Host community

Main source of food:

Bought with cash from market

NA

Reason for lack of market access:

Hai Jedid



2017-04-04



Location SSID: ssid SS0903 0018

Who is being registered: IDPs, returnees and host community



No. IDPs: 410 Households: 80

Reason for displacement: Conflict

Origin of largest IDP group: Western Bahr El Ghazal, Wau Origin of 2nd largest IDP group: Western Bahr El Ghazal, Wau

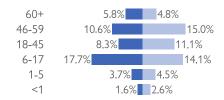


Female Male

No. returnees: 2010

Households: 403

Reason for displacement: Conflict





Mobility (IDPs)

Date of arrival of first IDP group: 2016-06-30

Have the IDPs been displaced previously?

Three main reasons preventing the majority of IDPs from returning:

Lack of food, House damaged/destroyed, Lack of safety

Mobility (returnees)

Date of return of first returnee group: 2018-03-07

Date of return of last returnee group: 2019-02-01

Are there people displaced from this village / neighbourhood who have not returned yet?

Special needs

No. pregnant women:

10

No. breastfeeding mothers:

Date of arrival of last IDP group:

10

Total number of individuals with special needs:

345

Special needs include pregnant and breastfeeding women, separated, orphaned and unaccompanied children, persons with mental or physical disabilities, persons with chronic diseases or serious medical conditions and old people without caregivers.

Protection

Main security provider in the village / neighbourhood: Self Organized

Health

Most common concern: Malaria Main provider: NGO/INGO

Education

Type of facility: Formal Primary Education



Hai Jedid (ssid_SS0903_0018) Western Bahr El Ghazal, Wau



Distance from main water source

>20 min walking

Water fit for human drinking

Yes

People feel safe collecting water

Yes



% collapsed or in danger of shelters*

Unknown Not reported

Average occupants

Unknown Not reported

Market access (NFIs)

Yes



Conditions of most latrines

Good / Hygienic

Evidence of open defecation

No

Hygiene promotion campaign

No



Access to food

Yes offsite

Frequency of food assistance

Unknown

Not reported

Market access (food)

Yes



Separate male / female latrines

No

Toilets / bathrooms lock from inside

No

Lighting around all toilets / bathrooms

No



Access to health facility

Yes

Distance from health facility

Off-site (<3 km)

Exclusion from health services

IDPs Returnees



Security provided at location

Yes

Common conflict-related incidents

No

Areas avoided by women / girls

Yes



Access to primary education

Yes

Distance to nearest education facility

1-2 km

% children attending primary education

25-50%

*The share of collapsed and in danger of collapse shelters in the figure above refers to IDP/returnee shelters only.

WASH

Connections to functioning pipelines: No

Main water purification method: None

Main water source for cooking / washing: Protected well

Main water source for drinking: Protected well

No. functioning boreholes: 3 Non-functioning: 5

Complaints about drinking water quality: Yes

Main problem with water: Taste

Type of toilet: Latrines No. garbage disposal points:

Main garbage disposal method: Burning Is solid waste a problem? Yes

Shelter / NFIs

Main shelter type: Tukul

Shelter materials available in nature: None

Shelter mat. available from local market: Poles, Bamboo, Rope, Grass

Three most needed NFIs:

Kitchen sets, Bedding sets, Mosquito nets

Food

Groups struggling most with food access:

IDPs, Returnees, Host community

Main source of food: Bought with cash from market

Reason for lack of market access: NA

Hai Kalvaria



42%

58%



Location SSID: ssid_SS0903_0019

Postcode: SS090306

Accessibility: Accessible by car

Community Leader: Yes

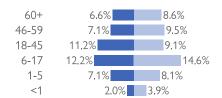
Registration: Yes, biometric

Who is being registered: IDPs, returnees and host community

No. IDPs: 986 Households: 177

Reason for displacement: Conflict

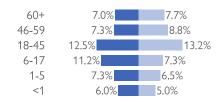
Origin of largest IDP group: Western Bahr El Ghazal, Wau Origin of 2nd largest IDP group: Western Bahr El Ghazal, Wau



Female Male

No. returnees: 1361 Households: 249

Reason for displacement: Conflict





Mobility (IDPs)

Date of arrival of first IDP group: 2016-06-25

Date of arrival of last IDP group:

IDPs

Returnees (internal)

Returnees (abroad)

2018-07-01

Have the IDPs been displaced previously?

Three main reasons preventing the majority of IDPs from returning:

Accessibility, Lack of food, Lack of safety

Mobility (returnees)

Date of return of first returnee group: 2017-12-24

Date of return of last returnee group: 2019-02-13

0%

Are there people displaced from this village / neighbourhood who have not returned yet?

Special needs

No. pregnant women:

No. breastfeeding mothers:

Total number of individuals with special needs: 743

Special needs include pregnant and breastfeeding women, separated, orphaned and unaccompanied children, persons with mental or physical disabilities, persons with chronic diseases or serious medical conditions and old people without caregivers.

Protection

Main security provider in the village / neighbourhood: Police militia

Health

Most common concern: Malaria Main provider: Local Clinic

Education

Type of facility: Formal Primary Education



Hai Kalvaria (ssid_SS0903_0019) Western Bahr El Ghazal, Wau



Distance from main water source

<20 min walking

Water fit for human drinking

Yes

People feel safe collecting water

Yes



% collapsed or in danger of shelters*

25-50%

Average occupants

5-6

Market access (NFIs)

Yes



Conditions of most latrines

Not so good

Evidence of open defecation

Yes

Hygiene promotion campaign

Yes



Access to food

Yes offsite

Frequency of food assistance

Unknown Not reported

Market access (food)

Yes



Separate male / female latrines

No

Toilets / bathrooms lock from inside

No

Lighting around all toilets / bathrooms

No



Access to health facility

Yes

Distance from health facility

Off-site (<3 km)

Exclusion from health services

None



Security provided at location

Yes

Common conflict-related incidents

No

Areas avoided by women / girls

Yes



Access to primary education

Yes

Distance to nearest education facility

1-2 km

% children attending primary education

>75%

IDPs

*The share of collapsed and in danger of collapse shelters in the figure above refers to IDP/returnee shelters only.

Protected well

WASH

Connections to functioning pipelines: Yes

Main water purification method: Boiling

Main water source for cooking / washing: Protected well

No. functioning boreholes: 0 Non-functioning: 0

Complaints about drinking water quality: Yes

Main water source for drinking:

Main problem with water: Insufficient amount

Type of toilet: Latrines No. garbage disposal points: 14

Main garbage disposal method: Burning Is solid waste a problem? Yes

Shelter / NFIs

Main shelter type: Tukul

Shelter materials available in nature: None

Shelter mat. available from local market: Poles, Bamboo, Rope, Grass

Three most needed NFIs:

Emergency shelter kits, Bedding sets, Mosquito nets

Food

Groups struggling most with food access:

Main source of food: Cultivation/Sale of livestock

Reason for lack of market access: NA

Hai Korgana

SOUTH SUDAN



Location SSID: ssid SS0903 0021

Postcode: SS090306

Accessibility: Accessible by car

Community Leader: Yes

Registration: No

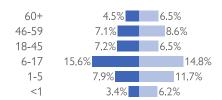
Who is being registered: NA



No. IDPs: 2911 Households: 524

Reason for displacement: Conflict

Origin of largest IDP group: Western Bahr El Ghazal, Wau Origin of 2nd largest IDP group: Western Bahr El Ghazal, Wau

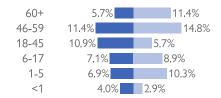


Female Male

No. returnees: 1749

Households: 320

Reason for displacement: Conflict





Mobility (IDPs)

Date of arrival of first IDP group: 2016-06-25

Date of arrival of last IDP group:

2017-04-05

Have the IDPs been displaced previously?

Three main reasons preventing the majority of IDPs from returning:

Lack of food, House damaged/destroyed, Lack of safety

Mobility (returnees)

Date of return of first returnee group: 2016-08-15

Date of return of last returnee group: 2019-02-07

20

Are there people displaced from this village / neighbourhood who have not returned yet?

Special needs

No. pregnant women:

No. breastfeeding mothers:

Total number of individuals with special needs: 93

Special needs include pregnant and breastfeeding women, separated, orphaned and unaccompanied children, persons with mental or physical disabilities, persons with chronic diseases or serious medical conditions and old people without caregivers.

Protection

Main security provider in the village / neighbourhood: Police militia

Health

Most common concern: Malaria Main provider: NGO/INGO

Education

Type of facility: Formal Primary Education



Hai Korgana (ssid_SS0903_0021) Western Bahr El Ghazal, Wau



Distance from main water source

>20 min walking

Water fit for human drinking

Yes

People feel safe collecting water

Yes



% collapsed or in danger of shelters*

0-10%

Average occupants

7+

Market access (NFIs)

Yes



Conditions of most latrines

Not so good

Evidence of open defecation

No

Hygiene promotion campaign

No



Access to food

Yes offsite

Frequency of food assistance

Unknown

Not reported

Market access (food)

Yes



Separate male / female latrines

No

Toilets / bathrooms lock from inside

Yes

Lighting around all toilets / bathrooms

No



Access to health facility

Yes

Distance from health facility

Off-site (<3 km)

Exclusion from health services

None



Security provided at location

Yes

Common conflict-related incidents

No

Areas avoided by women / girls

No



Access to primary education

Yes

Distance to nearest education facility

3-5 km

% children attending primary education

25-50%

*The share of collapsed and in danger of collapse shelters in the figure above refers to IDP/returnee shelters only.

Protected well

WASH

Connections to functioning pipelines: Yes

Main water purification method: Unknown

Main water source for cooking / washing: Protected well

No. functioning boreholes: 0 Non-functioning: 0

Complaints about drinking water quality: Yes

Main water source for drinking:

Main problem with water: Insufficient amount

Type of toilet: Latrines No. garbage disposal points:

Main garbage disposal method: Burning Is solid waste a problem? Yes

Shelter / NFIs

Main shelter type: Tukul

Shelter materials available in nature: None

menter materials available in nature. Mon

Shelter mat. available from local market: Poles, Bamboo, Rope, Grass

Three most needed NFIs:

Emergency shelter kits, Kitchen sets, Hygiene kits

Food

Groups struggling most with food access:

IDPs, Returnees, Host community

Main source of food: Bought with cash from market

Reason for lack of market access: NA

84

Hai Lokoloko





Location SSID: ssid_SS0903_0023

Registration: Yes, biometric

Who is being registered: IDPs, returnees and host community



No. IDPs: 3913 Households: 703

Reason for displacement: Conflict

Origin of largest IDP group: Western Bahr El Ghazal, Wau Origin of 2nd largest IDP group: Western Bahr El Ghazal, Wau

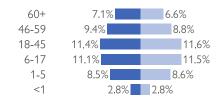


Female Male

No. returnees: 2252

Households: 417

Reason for displacement: Conflict





Mobility (IDPs)

Date of arrival of first IDP group: Date of arrival of last IDP group: 2016-06-26 2017-04-17

Have the IDPs been displaced previously?

Three main reasons preventing the majority of IDPs from returning:

Lack of food, House damaged/destroyed, Lack of safety

Mobility (returnees)

Date of return of first returnee group: 2017-01-07 Date of return of last returnee group: 2019-02-11

Are there people displaced from this village / neighbourhood who have not returned yet?

Special needs

No. pregnant women: 121 No. breastfeeding mothers: 93

Total number of individuals with special needs: 1552

Special needs include pregnant and breastfeeding women, separated, orphaned and unaccompanied children, persons with mental or physical disabilities, persons with chronic diseases or serious medical conditions and old people without caregivers.

Protection

Main security provider in the village / neighbourhood: Police militia

Health

Most common concern: Malaria Main provider: NGO/INGO

Education

Type of facility: Formal Primary Education



Hai Lokoloko (ssid SS0903 0023) Western Bahr El Ghazal, Wau



Distance from main water source

<20 min walking

Water fit for human drinking

Yes

People feel safe collecting water

Yes



% collapsed or in danger of shelters*

10-25%

Average occupants

5-6

Market access (NFIs)

Yes



Conditions of most latrines

Good / Hygienic

Evidence of open defecation

No

Hygiene promotion campaign

No



Access to food

Yes offsite

Frequency of food assistance

Unknown

Not reported

Market access (food)

Yes



Separate male / female latrines

No

Toilets / bathrooms lock from inside

No

Lighting around all toilets / bathrooms

No



Access to health facility

Yes

Distance from health facility

On-site (<3 km)

Exclusion from health services

None



Security provided at location

Yes

Common conflict-related incidents

No

Areas avoided by women / girls

No



Access to primary education

Yes

Distance to nearest education facility

1-2 km

% children attending primary education

25-50%

*The share of collapsed and in danger of collapse shelters in the figure above refers to IDP/returnee shelters only.

WASH

Connections to functioning pipelines: No

Main water purification method: None

Main water source for cooking / washing: Other, Specify Main water source for drinking: Other, Specify

No. functioning boreholes: Non-functioning: 6

Complaints about drinking water quality: Yes

Main problem with water: Insufficient amount

Type of toilet: Latrines No. garbage disposal points:

Main garbage disposal method: Burning Is solid waste a problem? Yes

Shelter / NFIs

Main shelter type: Tukul

Shelter materials available in nature: None

Shelter mat. available from local market: Poles, Bamboo, Rope, Grass

Three most needed NFIs:

Emergency shelter kits, Kitchen sets, Hygiene kits

Food

Groups struggling most with food access:

IDPs, Returnees, Host community

Bought with cash from market Main source of food:

Reason for lack of market access: NA

86

Hai Sika Hadid



2016-06-24



Location SSID: ssid_SS0903_0028

Who is being registered: IDPs, returnees and host community



No. IDPs: 49 Households: 8

Reason for displacement: Conflict

Origin of largest IDP group: Western Bahr El Ghazal, Wau Origin of 2nd largest IDP group: Western Bahr El Ghazal, Wau

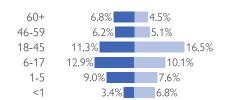


Female Male

No. returnees: 887

Households: 164

Reason for displacement: Conflict





Mobility (IDPs)

Date of arrival of first IDP group: 2014-01-27

Have the IDPs been displaced previously?

Three main reasons preventing the majority of IDPs from returning: Lack of food, House damaged/destroyed, Lack of safety

Mobility (returnees)

Date of return of first returnee group: NA

Date of return of last returnee group: NA

Date of arrival of last IDP group:

Are there people displaced from this village / neighbourhood who have not returned yet?

Special needs

No. pregnant women:

320

No. breastfeeding mothers:

451

Total number of individuals with special needs: 2344

Special needs include pregnant and breastfeeding women, separated, orphaned and unaccompanied children, persons with mental or physical disabilities, persons with chronic diseases or serious medical conditions and old people without caregivers.

Protection

Main security provider in the village / neighbourhood: Police militia

Health

Most common concern: Malaria Main provider: Local Clinic

Education

Type of facility: Formal Primary Education



Hai Sika Hadid (ssid_SS0903_0028) Western Bahr El Ghazal, Wau



Distance from main water source

>20 min walking

Water fit for human drinking

Yes

People feel safe collecting water

No



% collapsed or in danger of shelters*

>75%

Average occupants

1-4

Market access (NFIs)

Yes



Conditions of most latrines

Not so good

Evidence of open defecation

No

Hygiene promotion campaign

Yes



Access to food

Yes offsite

Frequency of food assistance

Once a month

Market access (food)

Yes



Separate male / female latrines

No

Toilets / bathrooms lock from inside

No

Lighting around all toilets / bathrooms

No



Access to health facility

Yes

Distance from health facility

Off-site (<3 km)

Exclusion from health services

None



Security provided at location

Yes

Common conflict-related incidents

No

Areas avoided by women / girls

No



Access to primary education

Yes

Distance to nearest education facility

<1 km

% children attending primary education

>75%

*The share of collapsed and in danger of collapse shelters in the figure above refers to IDP/returnee shelters only.

WASH

Connections to functioning pipelines: No

Main water purification method: Filtering

Main water source for cooking / washing: Hand Pumps
Main water source for drinking: Hand Pumps

No. functioning boreholes: 2 Non-functioning: 0

Complaints about drinking water quality: Yes

Main problem with water: Insufficient amount

Type of toilet: Latrines No. garbage disposal points: 10

Main garbage disposal method: Burning Is solid waste a problem? Yes

Shelter / NFIs

Main shelter type: Tukul

Shelter materials available in nature: Poles, Bamboo, Rope

Shelter mat. available from local market: Poles, Bamboo, Rope, Grass

Three most needed NFIs:

Emergency shelter kits, Kitchen sets, Hygiene kits

Food

Groups struggling most with food access:

IDPs, Returnees

Main source of food: Food assistance Reason for lack of market access: NA

88

Hai Zande

SOUTH SUDAN

78.9%

2017-04-13

21.1%

0.0%

IDPs

Date of arrival of last IDP group:

Returnees (internal)

Returnees (abroad)



Location SSID: ssid_SS0903_0029

Postcode: SS090306

Accessibility: Accessible by foot

Community Leader: Yes

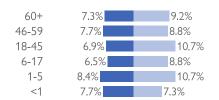
Who is being registered: IDPs, returnees and host community

Registration: Yes, biometric

No. IDPs: 261 Households: 46

Reason for displacement: Conflict

Origin of largest IDP group: Western Bahr El Ghazal, Wau Origin of 2nd largest IDP group: Western Bahr El Ghazal, Wau

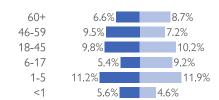


Female Male

No. returnees: 978

Households: 178

Reason for displacement: Conflict





Mobility (IDPs)

Date of arrival of first IDP group: 2016-06-25

Have the IDPs been displaced previously?

Three main reasons preventing the majority of IDPs from returning:

Lack of food, House damaged/destroyed, Lack of safety

Mobility (returnees)

Date of return of first returnee group: 2018-01-03 Date of return of last returnee group: 2019-02-07

Are there people displaced from this village / neighbourhood who have not returned yet?

Special needs

No. pregnant women: 55 No. breastfeeding mothers: 71

Total number of individuals with special needs: 811

Special needs include pregnant and breastfeeding women, separated, orphaned and unaccompanied children, persons with mental or physical disabilities, persons with chronic diseases or serious medical conditions and old people without caregivers.

Protection

Main security provider in the village / neighbourhood: Police militia

Health

Main provider: NGO/INGO Most common concern: Malaria

Education

Type of facility: Formal Primary Education



Hai Zande (ssid_SS0903_0029) Western Bahr El Ghazal, Wau



Distance from main water source

<20 min walking

Water fit for human drinking

Yes

People feel safe collecting water

No



% collapsed or in danger of shelters*

0-10%

Average occupants

5-6

Market access (NFIs)

Yes



Conditions of most latrines

Good / Hygienic

Evidence of open defecation

No

Hygiene promotion campaign

Yes



Access to food

Yes onsite

Frequency of food assistance

Once a month

Market access (food)

Yes



Separate male / female latrines

Yes

Toilets / bathrooms lock from inside

Yes

Lighting around all toilets / bathrooms

No



Access to health facility

Yes

Distance from health facility

Off-site (<3 km)

Exclusion from health services

None



Security provided at location

Yes

Common conflict-related incidents

Yes

Areas avoided by women / girls

No



Access to primary education

Yes

Distance to nearest education facility

1-2 km

% children attending primary education

51-75%

*The share of collapsed and in danger of collapse shelters in the figure above refers to IDP/returnee shelters only.

WASH

Connections to functioning pipelines: Yes

Main water purification method: Tablets

Main water source for cooking / washing: Protected well

Main water source for drinking: Protected well

No. functioning boreholes: 2 Non-functioning: 1

Complaints about drinking water quality: Yes

Main problem with water: Suspended Solids

Type of toilet: Latrines No. garbage disposal points:

Main garbage disposal method: Burning Is solid waste a problem? Yes

Shelter / NFIs

Main shelter type: Tukul

Shelter materials available in nature: Poles, Bamboo, Rope, Grass Shelter mat. available from local market: Poles, Bamboo, Rope, Grass

Three most needed NFIs:

Main source of food:

Bedding sets, Hygiene kits, Mosquito nets

Food

Groups struggling most with food access:

Food assistance

Reason for lack of market access: N

IDPs, Returnees, Host community

Western Bahr El Ghazal, Wau, Wau South [GPS 7.6279452, 28.0125894]

Agok Area

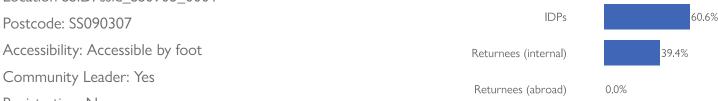
SOUTH SUDAN



Location SSID: ssid SS0903 0001

Registration: No

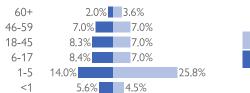
Who is being registered: NA



No. IDPs: 1433 Households: 271

Reason for displacement: Conflict

Origin of largest IDP group: Western Bahr El Ghazal, Wau Origin of 2nd largest IDP group: Western Bahr El Ghazal, Jur River

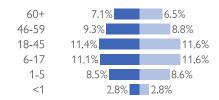


Female Male

No. returnees: 932

Households: 169

Reason for displacement: Conflict





Mobility (IDPs)

Date of arrival of first IDP group: Date of arrival of last IDP group: 2017-08-01 2016-06-02

Have the IDPs been displaced previously?

Three main reasons preventing the majority of IDPs from returning:

Lack of food, Lack of safety, No livelihood

Mobility (returnees)

Date of return of first returnee group: 2018-05-07 Date of return of last returnee group: 2019-01-20

Are there people displaced from this village / neighbourhood who have not returned yet? Yes

Special needs

No. pregnant women: 500 No. breastfeeding mothers: 1000

Total number of individuals with special needs: 3080

Special needs include pregnant and breastfeeding women, separated, orphaned and unaccompanied children, persons with mental or physical disabilities, persons with chronic diseases or serious medical conditions and old people without caregivers.

Protection

Main security provider in the village / neighbourhood: Police militia

Health

Most common concern: Malaria Main provider: NGO/INGO

Education

Type of facility: Formal Primary Education

Availability of learning supplies: Other, Specify Availability of teachers: Unkown



Agok Area (ssid_SS0903_0001) Western Bahr El Ghazal, Wau



Distance from main water source

<20 min walking

Water fit for human drinking

Yes

People feel safe collecting water

Yes



% collapsed or in danger of shelters*

25-50%

Average occupants

1-4

Market access (NFIs)

Yes



Conditions of most latrines

Not so good

Evidence of open defecation

Yes

Hygiene promotion campaign

Yes



Access to food

Yes offsite

Frequency of food assistance

Unknown

Not reported

Market access (food)

Yes



Separate male / female latrines

No

Toilets / bathrooms lock from inside

No

Lighting around all toilets / bathrooms

No



Access to health facility

Yes

Distance from health facility

On-site (<3 km)

Exclusion from health services

None



Security provided at location

Yes

Common conflict-related incidents

No

Areas avoided by women / girls

Unknown Not reported



Access to primary education

Yes

Distance to nearest education facility

<1 km

% children attending primary education

25-50%

*The share of collapsed and in danger of collapse shelters in the figure above refers to IDP/returnee shelters only.

WASH

Connections to functioning pipelines: Yes

Main water purification method: None

Main water source for cooking / washing: Unprotected well
Main water source for drinking: Unprotected well

No. functioning boreholes: 5 Non-functioning: 6

Complaints about drinking water quality: Ye

Main problem with water: Odor/smell

Type of toilet: Latrines No. garbage disposal points:

Main garbage disposal method: Garbage pit Is solid waste a problem? Yes

Shelter / NFIs

Main shelter type: Tukul

Shelter materials available in nature: Poles, Bamboo, Grass Shelter mat. available from local market: Poles, Bamboo, Grass

Three most needed NFIs:

Emergency shelter kits, Kitchen sets, Bedding sets

Food

Groups struggling most with food access:

ss: IDPs, Returnees, Host community

Main source of food: Bought with cash from market

Reason for lack of market access: NA

Western Bahr El Ghazal, Wau, Wau South [GPS 7.67589, 27.98201]

Baggari Jedid

IOM DISPLACEMENT TRACKING MATRIX SOUTH SUDAN

100%



Location SSID: ssid_SS0903_0054

Postcode: SS090307

Accessibility: Accessible by foot

Community Leader: Yes

Registration: No

Who is being registered: NA

t Returnees (internal)

Returnees (abroad)

IDPs

0%

0%

No. IDPs: 0 Households: 0

Reason for displacement: NA

Origin of largest IDP group:

NA, NA

Origin of 2nd largest IDP group:

NA, NA

Mobility (IDPs)

Date of arrival of first IDP group: NA Date of arrival of last IDP group: NA

Have the IDPs been displaced previously?

No

Three main reasons preventing the majority of IDPs from returning:

Accessibility, Lack of food, Lack of safety

Mobility (returnees)

Date of return of first returnee group: 2016-07-07 Date of return of last returnee group: 2019-01-01

Are there people displaced from this village / neighbourhood who have not returned yet?

Yes

Special needs

No. pregnant women: 10 No. breastfeeding mothers: 50

Total number of individuals with special needs: 257

Special needs include pregnant and breastfeeding women, separated, orphaned and unaccompanied children, persons with mental or physical disabilities, persons with chronic diseases or serious medical conditions and old people without caregivers.

Protection

Main security provider in the village / neighbourhood: Police militia

Health

Most common concern: Malaria Main provider: NGO/INGO

Education

Type of facility: Formal Primary Education

Availability of learning supplies: Yes Availability of teachers: Yes

No. returnees: 850

Households: 180

Reason for displacement: Conflict

60+ 11.8% 15.99 46-59 11.8% 11.2% 18-45 9.9% 8.2% 6-17 5.9% 7.1% 1-5 9.4% 6.7% <1 0.8% 1.4%





Baggari |edid (ssid_SS0903_0054) Western Bahr El Ghazal, Wau



Distance from main water source

<20 min walking

Water fit for human drinking

Yes

People feel safe collecting water

Yes



% collapsed or in danger of shelters*

25-50%

Average occupants

1-4

Market access (NFIs)

Yes



Conditions of most latrines

Unknown

Not reported

Evidence of open defecation

Yes

Hygiene promotion campaign

No



Access to food

Yes offsite

Frequency of food assistance

Unknown

Not reported

Market access (food)

Yes



Separate male / female latrines

Unknown

Not reported

Toilets / bathrooms lock from inside

Unknown

Not reported

Lighting around all toilets / bathrooms

Unknown

Not reported



Access to health facility

Yes

Distance from health facility

Off-site (<3 km)

Exclusion from health services

None



Security provided at location

Yes

Common conflict-related incidents

No

Areas avoided by women / girls

Yes



Access to primary education

Yes

Distance to nearest education facility

<1 km

% children attending primary education

25-50%

*The share of collapsed and in danger of collapse shelters in the figure above refers to IDP/returnee shelters only.

WASH

Connections to functioning pipelines: No

Main water purification method: None

Main water source for cooking / washing: Hand Pumps Main water source for drinking: Hand Pumps

No. functioning boreholes: Non-functioning: 2

Complaints about drinking water quality: Main problem with water: NA

Type of toilet: Open defecation No. garbage disposal points:

Main garbage disposal method: Burning

Is solid waste a problem? Yes

Shelter / NFIs

Main shelter type: Concret walls

Shelter materials available in nature: None

Shelter mat. available from local market: Poles, Bamboo, Rope, Grass

Three most needed NFIs:

Emergency shelter kits, Bedding sets, Mosquito nets

Food

Groups struggling most with food access:

Host community

Main source of food:

Bought with cash from market

Reason for lack of market access:

NA

Bazia Jedit





Location SSID: ssid SS0903 0006

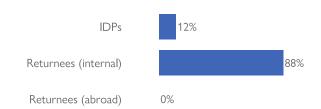
Postcode: SS090307

Accessibility: Accessible by car

Community Leader: Yes

Registration: Unknown

Who is being registered: NA



No. IDPs: 523 Households: 99

Reason for displacement: Conflict

Origin of largest IDP group: Western Bahr El Ghazal, Wau Origin of 2nd largest IDP group: Western Bahr El Ghazal, Wau

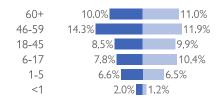


Female Male

No. returnees: 3828

Households: 800

Reason for displacement: Conflict





Mobility (IDPs)

Date of arrival of first IDP group: 2016-07-02

Date of arrival of last IDP group:

2018-10-01

Have the IDPs been displaced previously?

Three main reasons preventing the majority of IDPs from returning:

Lack of food, House damaged/destroyed, Lack of safety

Mobility (returnees)

Date of return of first returnee group: 2017-07-20

Date of return of last returnee group: 2019-03-03

Are there people displaced from this village / neighbourhood who have not returned yet?

Special needs

No. pregnant women:

50

No. breastfeeding mothers:

280

Total number of individuals with special needs:

1894

Special needs include pregnant and breastfeeding women, separated, orphaned and unaccompanied children, persons with mental or physical disabilities, persons with chronic diseases or serious medical conditions and old people without caregivers.

Protection

Main security provider in the village / neighbourhood:

Police militia

Health

Most common concern: Diarrhea Main provider: NGO/INGO

Yes

Education

Type of facility: Formal Primary Education



Bazia ledit (ssid SS0903 0006) Western Bahr El Ghazal, Wau



Distance from main water source

<20 min walking

Water fit for human drinking

Yes

People feel safe collecting water

Yes



% collapsed or in danger of shelters*

10-25%

Average occupants

5-6

Market access (NFIs)

Yes



Conditions of most latrines

Not so good

Evidence of open defecation

Yes

Hygiene promotion campaign

No



Access to food

Yes offsite

Frequency of food assistance

Unknown

Not reported

Market access (food)

Yes



Separate male / female latrines

No

Toilets / bathrooms lock from inside

Yes

Lighting around all toilets / bathrooms

No



Access to health facility

Yes

Distance from health facility

On-site (<3 km)

Exclusion from health services

None



Security provided at location

Yes

Common conflict-related incidents

Yes

Areas avoided by women / girls

Yes



Access to primary education

Yes

Distance to nearest education facility

1-2 km

% children attending primary education

51-75%

*The share of collapsed and in danger of collapse shelters in the figure above refers to IDP/returnee shelters only.

WASH

Connections to functioning pipelines: No

Main water purification method: Filtering

Main water source for cooking / washing: Other, Specify

Main water source for drinking: Other, Specify

No. functioning boreholes: Non-functioning: 3

Complaints about drinking water quality: Yes

Main problem with water: Insufficient amount

Type of toilet: Latrines No. garbage disposal points:

Main garbage disposal method: Burning Is solid waste a problem? Yes

Shelter / NFIs

Main shelter type: Tukul

Shelter materials available in nature: None

Shelter mat. available from local market: Poles, Bamboo, Rope, Grass

Three most needed NFIs:

Emergency shelter kits, Bedding sets, Mosquito nets

Food

Groups struggling most with food access:

IDPs, Returnees, Host community

Main source of food:

Bought with cash from market

NA

Reason for lack of market access:

Hai Jalaba



2019-03-07

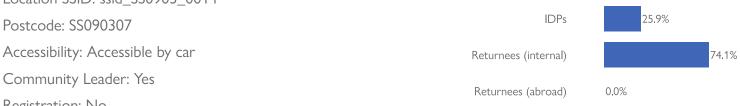
470



Location SSID: ssid SS0903 0014

Registration: No

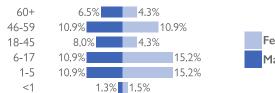
Who is being registered: NA



No. IDPs: 460 Households: 80

Reason for displacement: Conflict

Origin of largest IDP group: Western Bahr El Ghazal, Wau Origin of 2nd largest IDP group: Western Bahr El Ghazal, Wau

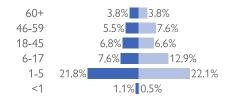


Female Male

No. returnees: 1319

Households: 299

Reason for displacement: Conflict





Mobility (IDPs)

Date of arrival of first IDP group: 2016-08-05 Date of arrival of last IDP group:

Have the IDPs been displaced previously?

Three main reasons preventing the majority of IDPs from returning:

Lack of food, Lack of safety, No livelihood

Mobility (returnees)

Date of return of first returnee group: 2017-02-03 Date of return of last returnee group: 2018-10-01

Are there people displaced from this village / neighbourhood who have not returned yet? Yes

Special needs

No. pregnant women: No. breastfeeding mothers:

Total number of individuals with special needs: 868

Special needs include pregnant and breastfeeding women, separated, orphaned and unaccompanied children, persons with mental or physical disabilities, persons with chronic diseases or serious medical conditions and old people without caregivers.

Protection

Main security provider in the village / neighbourhood: Police militia

Health

Most common concern: Malaria Main provider: NA

Education

Type of facility: Formal Primary Education



Hai Jalaba (ssid_SS0903_0014) Western Bahr El Ghazal, Wau



Distance from main water source

<20 min walking

Water fit for human drinking

Yes

People feel safe collecting water

Yes



% collapsed or in danger of shelters*

0-10%

Average occupants

5-6

Market access (NFIs)

Yes



Conditions of most latrines

Not so good

Evidence of open defecation

Yes

Hygiene promotion campaign

No



Access to food

Yes offsite

Frequency of food assistance

Unknown

Not reported

Market access (food)

Yes



Separate male / female latrines

No

Toilets / bathrooms lock from inside

Yes

Lighting around all toilets / bathrooms

No



Access to health facility

No

Distance from health facility

Unknown Not reported

Exclusion from health services

Unknown

Not reported



Security provided at location

Yes

Common conflict-related incidents

No

Areas avoided by women / girls

Yes



Access to primary education

Yes

Distance to nearest education facility

<1 km

% children attending primary education

>75%

*The share of collapsed and in danger of collapse shelters in the figure above refers to IDP/returnee shelters only.

WASH

Connections to functioning pipelines: No

Main water purification method: Filtering

Main water source for cooking / washing: Other, Specify
Main water source for drinking: Other, Specify

No. functioning boreholes: 1 Non-functioning: 1

Complaints about drinking water quality: Yes

Main problem with water: Insufficient amount

Type of toilet: Latrines No. garbage disposal points:

Main garbage disposal method: Burning Is solid waste a problem? Yes

Shelter / NFIs

Main shelter type: Concret walls

Shelter materials available in nature: None

Shelter mat. available from local market: Poles, Bamboo, Rope, Grass

Toles, Darriboo, Rope, Grass

Three most needed NFIs:

Bedding sets, Mosquito nets, Adult Clothing

Food

Groups struggling most with food access:

IDPs, Returnees, Host community

Main source of food: Bought with cash from market

Reason for lack of market access: NA

Hai Jazeera

IOM DISPLACEMENT TRACKING MATRIX SOUTH SUDAN



Location SSID: ssid_SS0903_0015

Postcode: SS090307

Accessibility: Accessible by foot

Community Leader: Yes

Registration: Yes, paper-based

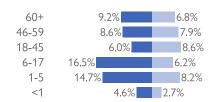
Who is being registered: IDPs only



No. IDPs: 546 Households: 98

Reason for displacement: Conflict

Origin of largest IDP group: Western Bahr El Ghazal, Wau Origin of 2nd largest IDP group: Western Bahr El Ghazal, Wau

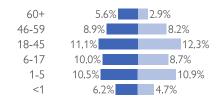


Female Male

No. returnees: 4494

Households: 904

Reason for displacement: Conflict





Mobility (IDPs)

Date of arrival of first IDP group: 2017-11-01 Date of arrival of last IDP group: 2018-12-05

Have the IDPs been displaced previously?

Three main reasons preventing the majority of IDPs from returning:

Accessibility, House damaged/destroyed, Lack of safety

Mobility (returnees)

Date of return of first returnee group: 2017-11-03 Date of return of last returnee group: 2019-03-01

Are there people displaced from this village / neighbourhood who have not returned yet? Yes

Special needs

No. pregnant women: 1100 No. breastfeeding mothers: 2700

Total number of individuals with special needs: 9007

Special needs include pregnant and breastfeeding women, separated, orphaned and unaccompanied children, persons with mental or physical disabilities, persons with chronic diseases or serious medical conditions and old people without caregivers.

Protection

Main security provider in the village / neighbourhood: NA

Health

Most common concern: Malaria Main provider: NGO/INGO

Education

Type of facility: Formal Primary Education



Hai Jazeera (ssid_SS0903_0015) Western Bahr El Ghazal, Wau



Distance from main water source

<20 min walking

Water fit for human drinking

No

People feel safe collecting water

Yes



% collapsed or in danger of shelters*

50-75%

Average occupants

1-4

Market access (NFIs)

Yes



Conditions of most latrines

Not so good

Evidence of open defecation

Yes

Hygiene promotion campaign

Yes



Access to food

Yes onsite

Frequency of food assistance

Unknown

Not reported

Market access (food)

Yes



Separate male / female latrines

No

Toilets / bathrooms lock from inside

Yes

Lighting around all toilets / bathrooms

No



Access to health facility

Yes

Distance from health facility

On-site (<3 km)

Exclusion from health services

None



Security provided at location

No

Common conflict-related incidents

No

Areas avoided by women / girls

Unknown

Not reported



Access to primary education

Yes

Distance to nearest education facility

<1 km

% children attending primary education

25-50%

*The share of collapsed and in danger of collapse shelters in the figure above refers to IDP/returnee shelters only.

WASH

Connections to functioning pipelines: No

Main water purification method: None

Main water source for cooking / washing: Hand Pumps
Main water source for drinking: Hand Pumps

No. functioning boreholes: 3 Non-functioning: 2

Complaints about drinking water quality: Yes

Main problem with water: Insufficient amount

Type of toilet: Latrines No. garbage disposal points:

Main garbage disposal method: Unknown Is solid waste a problem? Yes

Shelter / NFIs

Main shelter type: Tukul

Shelter materials available in nature: None

Shelter mat. available from local market: Poles, Bamboo, Rope, Grass

Three most needed NFIs:

Emergency shelter kits, Kitchen sets, Bedding sets

Food

Groups struggling most with food access:

IDPs, Returnees, Host community

Main source of food: Bought with cash from market

Reason for lack of market access: NA

Hai Jebel (B)

SOUTH SUDAN

2017-10-01



Location SSID: ssid SS0903 0016

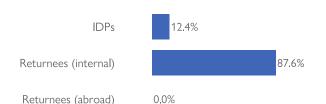
Postcode: SS090307

Accessibility: Accessible by foot

Community Leader: Yes

Registration: No

Who is being registered: NA



No. IDPs: 222 Households: 40

Reason for displacement: Conflict

Origin of largest IDP group: Western Bahr El Ghazal, Wau Origin of 2nd largest IDP group: Western Bahr El Ghazal, Wau

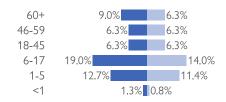


Female Male

No. returnees: 1575

Households: 316

Reason for displacement: Conflict





Mobility (IDPs)

Date of arrival of first IDP group: Date of arrival of last IDP group: 2016-06-28

Have the IDPs been displaced previously?

Three main reasons preventing the majority of IDPs from returning:

Lack of food, House damaged/destroyed, Lack of safety

Mobility (returnees)

Date of return of first returnee group: 2018-10-01 Date of return of last returnee group: 2019-03-02

Are there people displaced from this village / neighbourhood who have not returned yet?

Special needs

No. pregnant women: 97 No. breastfeeding mothers: 351

Total number of individuals with special needs: 1515

Special needs include pregnant and breastfeeding women, separated, orphaned and unaccompanied children, persons with mental or physical disabilities, persons with chronic diseases or serious medical conditions and old people without caregivers.

Protection

Main security provider in the village / neighbourhood: Police militia

Health

Most common concern: Malaria Main provider: NA

Education

Type of facility: Formal Primary Education



Hai Jebel (B) (ssid_SS0903_0016) Western Bahr El Ghazal, Wau



Distance from main water source

<20 min walking

Water fit for human drinking

No

People feel safe collecting water

Yes



% collapsed or in danger of shelters*

0-10%

Average occupants

1-4

Market access (NFIs)

Yes



Conditions of most latrines

Not so good

Evidence of open defecation

No

Hygiene promotion campaign

No



Access to food

Yes offsite

Frequency of food assistance

Unknown

Not reported

Market access (food)

Yes



Separate male / female latrines

No

Toilets / bathrooms lock from inside

No

Lighting around all toilets / bathrooms

No



Access to health facility

No

Distance from health facility

Unknown Not reported

Exclusion from health services

Unknown

Not reported



Security provided at location

Yes

Common conflict-related incidents

No

Areas avoided by women / girls

No



Access to primary education

Yes

Distance to nearest education facility

<1 km

% children attending primary education

51-75%

*The share of collapsed and in danger of collapse shelters in the figure above refers to IDP/returnee shelters only.

WASH

Connections to functioning pipelines: Yes

Main water purification method: None

Main water source for cooking / washing: Other, Specify Main water source for drinking: Other, Specify

No. functioning boreholes: Non-functioning: 2

Complaints about drinking water quality:

Main problem with water: Insufficient amount

Type of toilet: Latrines No. garbage disposal points:

Main garbage disposal method: Burning Is solid waste a problem? Yes

Shelter / NFIs

Main shelter type: Concret walls

Shelter materials available in nature: None

Shelter mat. available from local market: Poles, Bamboo, Rope, Grass

Three most needed NFIs:

Emergency shelter kits, Hygiene kits, Mosquito nets

Food

Groups struggling most with food access:

IDPs, Returnees, Host community

Main source of food:

Bought with cash from market

Reason for lack of market access:

NA

Hai Jebel A

SOUTH SUDAN



Location SSID: ssid SS0903 0017

Postcode: SS090307

Accessibility: Accessible by car

Community Leader: Yes

Registration: No

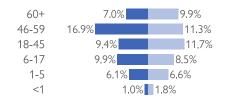
Who is being registered: NA



No. IDPs: 710 Households: 134

Reason for displacement: Conflict

Origin of largest IDP group: Western Bahr El Ghazal, Wau Origin of 2nd largest IDP group: Western Bahr El Ghazal, Wau

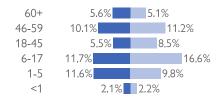


Female Male

No. returnees: 1873

Households: 414

Reason for displacement: Conflict





Mobility (IDPs)

Date of arrival of first IDP group: 2016-06-24

Date of arrival of last IDP group:

2018-10-15

Have the IDPs been displaced previously?

Three main reasons preventing the majority of IDPs from returning:

House damaged/destroyed, Lack of safety, No livelihood

Mobility (returnees)

Date of return of first returnee group: 2017-05-21

Date of return of last returnee group: 2019-03-01

Are there people displaced from this village / neighbourhood who have not returned yet?

2955

Special needs

No. pregnant women:

450

No. breastfeeding mothers:

1300

Total number of individuals with special needs:

Special needs include pregnant and breastfeeding women, separated, orphaned and unaccompanied children, persons with mental or physical disabilities, persons with chronic diseases or serious medical conditions and old people without caregivers.

Protection

Main security provider in the village / neighbourhood:

Police militia

Health

Most common concern:

Malaria

Main provider: Other, Specify

Education

Type of facility: Formal Primary Education



Hai Jebel A (ssid_SS0903_0017) Western Bahr El Ghazal, Wau



Distance from main water source

<20 min walking

Water fit for human drinking

Yes

People feel safe collecting water

Yes



% collapsed or in danger of shelters*

0-10%

Average occupants

1-4

Market access (NFIs)

Yes



Conditions of most latrines

Good / Hygienic

Evidence of open defecation

No

Hygiene promotion campaign

Yes



Access to food

Yes offsite

Frequency of food assistance

Unknown

Not reported

Market access (food)

Yes



Separate male / female latrines

No

Toilets / bathrooms lock from inside

Yes

Lighting around all toilets / bathrooms

No



Access to health facility

Yes

Distance from health facility

On-site (<3 km)

Exclusion from health services

None

Shelter / NFIs

Main shelter type:

Three most needed NFIs:



Security provided at location

Yes

Common conflict-related incidents

No

Areas avoided by women / girls

No



Access to primary education

Yes

Distance to nearest education facility

<1 km

% children attending primary education

51-75%

None

*The share of collapsed and in danger of collapse shelters in the figure above refers to IDP/returnee shelters only.

Other, Specify

WASH

Connections to functioning pipelines: Yes

Main water purification method: Filtering

Main water source for cooking / washing: Other, Specify

No. functioning boreholes:

Complaints about drinking water quality:

Main water source for drinking:

Main problem with water: Insufficient amount

Type of toilet: Latrines No. garbage disposal points:

Main garbage disposal method: Burning Non-functioning: 1

Is solid waste a problem? No

Food

Groups struggling most with food access:

Kitchen sets, Bedding sets, Mosquito nets

Shelter materials available in nature:

IDPs, Returnees, Host community

Bought with cash from market Main source of food:

Concret walls

Shelter mat. available from local market: Poles, Bamboo, Rope, Grass

Reason for lack of market access: NA

104

Hai Jou





Location SSID: ssid_SS0903_0056

Postcode: SS090307

Accessibility: Accessible by foot

Community Leader: Yes

Registration: No

Who is being registered: NA



No. IDPs: 997 Households: 190

Reason for displacement: Conflict

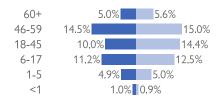
Origin of largest IDP group: Western Bahr El Ghazal, Wau Origin of 2nd largest IDP group: Western Bahr El Ghazal, Wau



Female Male

No. returnees: 4000 Households: 787

Reason for displacement: Conflict





Mobility (IDPs)

Date of arrival of first IDP group: 2016-07-20 Date of arrival of last IDP group: 2019-01-01

Have the IDPs been displaced previously?

Three main reasons preventing the majority of IDPs from returning:

House damaged/destroyed, Lack of safety, No livelihood

Mobility (returnees)

Date of return of first returnee group: 2018-09-02 Date of return of last returnee group: 2019-03-01

Are there people displaced from this village / neighbourhood who have not returned yet?

Yes

Special needs

No. pregnant women: 350 No. breastfeeding mothers: 500

Total number of individuals with special needs: 1871

Special needs include pregnant and breastfeeding women, separated, orphaned and unaccompanied children, persons with mental or physical disabilities, persons with chronic diseases or serious medical conditions and old people without caregivers.

Protection

Main security provider in the village / neighbourhood: Other, specify

Health

Most common concern: Malaria Main provider: NA

Education

Type of facility: Formal Primary Education



Hai Jou (ssid_SS0903_0056) Western Bahr El Ghazal, Wau



Distance from main water source

<20 min walking

Water fit for human drinking

Yes

People feel safe collecting water

Yes



% collapsed or in danger of shelters*

10-25%

Average occupants

1-4

Market access (NFIs)

Yes



Conditions of most latrines

Not so good

Evidence of open defecation

No

Hygiene promotion campaign

No



Access to food

Yes offsite

Frequency of food assistance

Unknown

Not reported

Market access (food)

Yes



Separate male / female latrines

No

Toilets / bathrooms lock from inside

Yes

Lighting around all toilets / bathrooms

No



Access to health facility

No

Distance from health facility

Unknown Not reported

Exclusion from health services

Unknown

Not reported



Security provided at location

Yes

Common conflict-related incidents

Yes

Areas avoided by women / girls

No



Access to primary education

Yes

Distance to nearest education facility

<1 km

% children attending primary education

51-75%

*The share of collapsed and in danger of collapse shelters in the figure above refers to IDP/returnee shelters only.

WASH

Connections to functioning pipelines: No

Main water purification method: **Tablets**

Main water source for cooking / washing: Hand Pumps Main water source for drinking: Hand Pumps

No. functioning boreholes: Non-functioning: 0

Complaints about drinking water quality: Yes

Main problem with water: Insufficient amount

Type of toilet: Latrines No. garbage disposal points:

Main garbage disposal method: Burning Is solid waste a problem? No

Shelter / NFIs

Main shelter type: Tukul

Shelter materials available in nature: None

Shelter mat. available from local market: Poles, Bamboo, Rope, Grass

Three most needed NFIs:

Emergency shelter kits, Mosquito nets, Adult Clothing

Food

Groups struggling most with food access:

IDPs, Returnees, Host community

Bought with cash from market Main source of food:

Reason for lack of market access: NA

Hai Kosti



2019-01-01



Location SSID: ssid_SS0903_0022

Registration: Yes, biometric

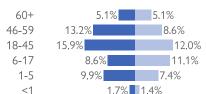
Who is being registered: IDPs, returnees and host community



No. IDPs: 584 Households: 109

Reason for displacement: Conflict

Origin of largest IDP group: Western Bahr El Ghazal, Wau Origin of 2nd largest IDP group: Western Bahr El Ghazal, Wau

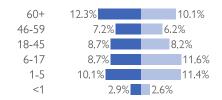


Female Male

No. returnees: 6924

Households: 1390

Reason for displacement: Conflict





Mobility (IDPs)

Date of arrival of first IDP group: Date of arrival of last IDP group: 2016-06-07

Have the IDPs been displaced previously?

Three main reasons preventing the majority of IDPs from returning:

Lack of food, House damaged/destroyed, No livelihood

Mobility (returnees)

Date of return of first returnee group: 2018-02-07 Date of return of last returnee group: 2019-01-01

Are there people displaced from this village / neighbourhood who have not returned yet?

Special needs

No. pregnant women: 500 No. breastfeeding mothers: 3870

Total number of individuals with special needs: 6842

Special needs include pregnant and breastfeeding women, separated, orphaned and unaccompanied children, persons with mental or physical disabilities, persons with chronic diseases or serious medical conditions and old people without caregivers.

Protection

Main security provider in the village / neighbourhood: NA

Health

Most common concern: Malaria Main provider: NGO/INGO

Education

Type of facility: Formal Primary Education

Availability of learning supplies: Yes Availability of teachers: Unkown



Hai Kosti (ssid SS0903 0022) Western Bahr El Ghazal, Wau



Distance from main water source

<20 min walking

Water fit for human drinking

Yes

People feel safe collecting water

Yes



% collapsed or in danger of shelters*

10-25%

Average occupants

1-4

Market access (NFIs)

Yes



Conditions of most latrines

Unknown

Not reported

Evidence of open defecation

Yes

Hygiene promotion campaign

Access to food

No

Yes offsite

Unknown

Not reported

Yes

Frequency of food assistance

Market access (food)



Access to health facility

Yes

Separate male / female latrines

Unknown

Not reported

Toilets / bathrooms lock from inside

Unknown

Not reported

Unknown

Not reported

Lighting around all toilets / bathrooms

Distance from health facility

Off-site (>3 km)

Exclusion from health services

None



Security provided at location

No

Common conflict-related incidents

Yes

Areas avoided by women / girls

No



Access to primary education

Yes

Distance to nearest education facility

1-2 km

% children attending primary education

25-50%

*The share of collapsed and in danger of collapse shelters in the figure above refers to IDP/returnee shelters only.

WASH

Connections to functioning pipelines: Yes

Main water purification method: Filtering

Main water source for cooking / washing: Hand Pumps Main water source for drinking: Hand Pumps

No. functioning boreholes: Non-functioning: 5

Complaints about drinking water quality:

Main problem with water: Insufficient amount

Type of toilet: Open defecation No. garbage disposal points:

Main garbage disposal method: Garbage pit Is solid waste a problem? Yes

Shelter / NFIs

Main shelter type: Tukul

Shelter materials available in nature: None

Shelter mat. available from local market: Poles, Bamboo, Rope, Grass

Three most needed NFIs:

Emergency shelter kits, Kitchen sets, Bedding sets

Food

Groups struggling most with food access:

IDPs, Returnees, Host community

Bought with cash from market Main source of food:

Western Bahr El Ghazal, Wau, Wau South [GPS 7.6672283, 28.0149031]

Hai Masna

IOM DISPLACEMENT TRACKING MATRIX SOUTH SUDAN

100%

IDPs

Returnees (internal)

Returnees (abroad)

0%

0%



Location SSID: ssid_SS0903_0024

Postcode: SS090307

Accessibility: Accessible by car

Community Leader: Yes

Registration: No

Who is being registered: NA

No. IDPs: 0 Households: 0

Reason for displacement: NA

Origin of largest IDP group:

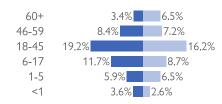
NA, NA

Origin of 2nd largest IDP group:

NA, NA

No. returnees: 642 Households: 145

Reason for displacement: Conflict





Mobility (IDPs)

Date of arrival of first IDP group: NA Date of arrival of last IDP group: NA

Have the IDPs been displaced previously?

No

Three main reasons preventing the majority of IDPs from returning:

Lack of food, House damaged/destroyed, Lack of safety

Mobility (returnees)

Date of return of first returnee group: 2017-09-07 Date of return of last returnee group: 2018-10-23

Are there people displaced from this village / neighbourhood who have not returned yet?

Yes

Special needs

No. pregnant women: 10 No. breastfeeding mothers: 15

Total number of individuals with special needs: 61

Special needs include pregnant and breastfeeding women, separated, orphaned and unaccompanied children, persons with mental or physical disabilities, persons with chronic diseases or serious medical conditions and old people without caregivers.

Protection

Main security provider in the village / neighbourhood: Police militia

Health

Most common concern: Diarrhea Main provider: NGO/INGO

Education

Type of facility: Formal Primary Education

Availability of learning supplies: Yes Availability of teachers: Yes



Hai Masna (ssid_SS0903_0024) Western Bahr El Ghazal, Wau



Distance from main water source

<20 min walking

Water fit for human drinking

Yes

People feel safe collecting water

Yes



% collapsed or in danger of shelters*

0-10%

Average occupants

1-4

Market access (NFIs)

Unknown

Not reported



Conditions of most latrines

Unknown

Not reported

Evidence of open defecation

Yes

Hygiene promotion campaign

No



Access to food

Yes offsite

Frequency of food assistance

Unknown

Not reported

Market access (food)

Yes



Separate male / female latrines

Unknown

Not reported

Toilets / bathrooms lock from inside

Unknown

Not reported

Lighting around all toilets / bathrooms

Unknown

Not reported



Access to health facility

Yes

Distance from health facility

Off-site (<3 km)

Exclusion from health services

None



Security provided at location

Yes

Common conflict-related incidents

No

Areas avoided by women / girls

No



Access to primary education

Yes

Distance to nearest education facility

1-2 km

% children attending primary education

<25%

*The share of collapsed and in danger of collapse shelters in the figure above refers to IDP/returnee shelters only.

WASH

Connections to functioning pipelines: No

Main water purification method: Filtering

Main water source for cooking / washing: Unprotected well
Main water source for drinking: Unprotected well

No. functioning boreholes: 0 Non-functioning: 0

Complaints about drinking water quality: Ye

Main problem with water: Insufficient amount

Type of toilet: Open defecation No. garbage disposal points:

Main garbage disposal method: Burning Is solid waste a problem? Yes

Shelter / NFIs

Main shelter type: Tukul

Shelter materials available in nature: Poles, Grass

Shelter mat. available from local market: Poles, Bamboo, Rope, Grass

Three most needed NFIs:

Emergency shelter kits, Kitchen sets, Hygiene kits

Food

Groups struggling most with food access:

Returnees, Host community

Main source of food: Bought with cash from market

Hai Mutamadia

IOM DISPLACEMENT TRACKING MATRIX SOUTH SUDAN

2018-10-05



Location SSID: ssid_SS0903_0025

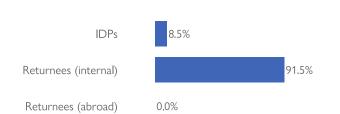
Postcode: SS090307

Accessibility: Accessible by car

Community Leader: Yes

Registration: Unknown

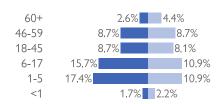
Who is being registered: NA



No. IDPs: 459 Households: 86

Reason for displacement: Conflict

Origin of largest IDP group: Western Bahr El Ghazal, Wau Origin of 2nd largest IDP group: Western Bahr El Ghazal, Wau

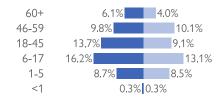


Female Male

No. returnees: 4943

Households: 1423

Reason for displacement: Conflict





Mobility (IDPs)

Date of arrival of first IDP group: 2016-06-21 Date of arrival of last IDP group:

Have the IDPs been displaced previously?

Three main reasons preventing the majority of IDPs from returning:

Lack of food, House damaged/destroyed, Lack of safety

Mobility (returnees)

Date of return of first returnee group: 2017-05-02 Date of return of last returnee group: 2019-02-17

Are there people displaced from this village / neighbourhood who have not returned yet?

Yes

Special needs

No. pregnant women: 80 No. breastfeeding mothers: 1500

Total number of individuals with special needs: 3142

Special needs include pregnant and breastfeeding women, separated, orphaned and unaccompanied children, persons with mental or physical disabilities, persons with chronic diseases or serious medical conditions and old people without caregivers.

Protection

Main security provider in the village / neighbourhood: Local Authorities

Health

Most common concern: Malaria Main provider: NGO/INGO

Education

Type of facility: Formal Primary Education

Availability of learning supplies: Unknown Availability of teachers: Yes



Hai Mutamadia (ssid SS0903 0025) Western Bahr El Ghazal, Wau



Distance from main water source

<20 min walking

Water fit for human drinking

Yes

People feel safe collecting water

Yes



% collapsed or in danger of shelters*

10-25%

Average occupants

1-4

Market access (NFIs)

Yes



Conditions of most latrines

Not so good

Evidence of open defecation

No

Hygiene promotion campaign

Yes



Access to food

Yes offsite

Frequency of food assistance

Unknown

Not reported

Market access (food)

Yes



Separate male / female latrines

No

Toilets / bathrooms lock from inside

Yes

Lighting around all toilets / bathrooms

No



Access to health facility

Yes

Distance from health facility

Mobile clinic / HEW

Exclusion from health services

None



Security provided at location

Yes

Common conflict-related incidents

Yes

Areas avoided by women / girls

No



Access to primary education

Yes

Distance to nearest education facility

1-2 km

% children attending primary education

51-75%

*The share of collapsed and in danger of collapse shelters in the figure above refers to IDP/returnee shelters only.

WASH

Connections to functioning pipelines: No

Main water purification method: Boiling

Main water source for cooking / washing: Other, Specify Main water source for drinking: Other, Specify

No. functioning boreholes: Non-functioning: 1

Complaints about drinking water quality: Yes

Main problem with water: Insufficient amount

No. garbage disposal points: Type of toilet: Latrines

Main garbage disposal method: Garbage pit Is solid waste a problem? Yes

Shelter / NFIs

Main shelter type: Tukul

Shelter materials available in nature: Grass

Shelter mat. available from local market: Poles, Bamboo, Rope, Grass

Three most needed NFIs:

Emergency shelter kits, Mosquito nets, Adult Clothing

Food

Groups struggling most with food access:

IDPs, Returnees, Host community

Bought with cash from market Main source of food:

Hai Nazareth





Location SSID: ssid_SS0903_0026

Postcode: SS090307

Accessibility: Accessible by foot

Community Leader: Yes

Registration: No

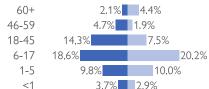
Who is being registered: NA



No. IDPs: 1073 Households: 209

Reason for displacement: Conflict

Origin of largest IDP group: Western Bahr El Ghazal, Jur River Origin of 2nd largest IDP group: Western Bahr El Ghazal, Wau



Female Male

<1 3.7% 2.9%

No. returnees: 5200 Households: 1030

Reason for displacement: Conflict

60+ 8.7% 46-59 18-45 6-17 11.1% 9.4% 1-5 10.8% 9.0% <1



Mobility (IDPs)

Date of arrival of first IDP group: Date of arrival of last IDP group: 2017-07-25 2018-05-25

Have the IDPs been displaced previously?

Three main reasons preventing the majority of IDPs from returning:

Lack of food, House damaged/destroyed, Lack of safety

Mobility (returnees)

Date of return of first returnee group: 2018-03-05 Date of return of last returnee group: 2019-01-03

Are there people displaced from this village / neighbourhood who have not returned yet?

Special needs

No. pregnant women: 50 No. breastfeeding mothers: 200

Total number of individuals with special needs: 1820

Special needs include pregnant and breastfeeding women, separated, orphaned and unaccompanied children, persons with mental or physical disabilities, persons with chronic diseases or serious medical conditions and old people without caregivers.

Protection

Main security provider in the village / neighbourhood: Police militia

Health

Most common concern: Malaria Main provider: NGO/INGO

Education

Type of facility: Formal Primary Education

Availability of learning supplies: Other, Specify Availability of teachers: Unkown



Hai Nazareth (ssid_SS0903_0026) Western Bahr El Ghazal, Wau



Distance from main water source

<20 min walking

Water fit for human drinking

Yes

People feel safe collecting water

Yes



% collapsed or in danger of shelters*

Unknown Not reported

Average occupants

Unknown Not reported

Market access (NFIs)

Yes



Conditions of most latrines

Not so good

Evidence of open defecation

Yes

Hygiene promotion campaign

No



Access to food

Yes offsite

Frequency of food assistance

Unknown

Not reported

Market access (food)

Yes



Separate male / female latrines

No

Toilets / bathrooms lock from inside

Yes

Lighting around all toilets / bathrooms

No



Access to health facility

Yes

Distance from health facility

On-site (<3 km)

Exclusion from health services

None



Security provided at location

Yes

Common conflict-related incidents

No

Areas avoided by women / girls

Unknown Not reported



Access to primary education

Yes

Distance to nearest education facility

<1 km

% children attending primary education

<25%

*The share of collapsed and in danger of collapse shelters in the figure above refers to IDP/returnee shelters only.

WASH

Connections to functioning pipelines: No
Main water purification method: None

Main water source for cooking / washing: Other, Specify

Main water source for drinking: Other, Specify

No. functioning boreholes: 2 Non-functioning: 8

Complaints about drinking water quality: Yes

Main problem with water: Insufficient amount

Type of toilet: Latrines No. garbage disposal points:

Main garbage disposal method: Unknown Is solid waste a problem? Yes

Shelter / NFIs

Main shelter type: Tukul

Shelter materials available in nature: None

Shelter mat. available from local market: Poles, Bamboo, Rope, Grass

Three most needed NFIs:

Emergency shelter kits, Bedding sets, Mosquito nets

Food

Groups struggling most with food access:

IDPs, Returnees, Host community

Main source of food: Bought with cash from market

Hai Salam



2018-06-01

90.6%

IDPs

0.0%

Returnees (internal)

Returnees (abroad)



Location SSID: ssid_SS0903_0027

Postcode: SS090307

Accessibility: Accessible by foot

Community Leader: Yes

Registration: Yes, biometric

Who is being registered: IDPs, returnees and host community

No. IDPs: 607 Households: 116

Reason for displacement: Conflict

Origin of largest IDP group: Western Bahr El Ghazal, Wau Origin of 2nd largest IDP group: Western Bahr El Ghazal, Wau



Female Male

No. returnees: 5868

Households: 1244

Reason for displacement: Conflict





Mobility (IDPs)

Date of arrival of first IDP group: 2016-06-28 Date of arrival of last IDP group:

Have the IDPs been displaced previously?

Three main reasons preventing the majority of IDPs from returning:

House damaged/destroyed, Lack of safety, No livelihood

Mobility (returnees)

Date of return of first returnee group: 2018-12-01 Date of return of last returnee group: 2019-02-10

Are there people displaced from this village / neighbourhood who have not returned yet?

Yes

Special needs

No. pregnant women: 57 No. breastfeeding mothers: 1700

Total number of individuals with special needs: 2279

Special needs include pregnant and breastfeeding women, separated, orphaned and unaccompanied children, persons with mental or physical disabilities, persons with chronic diseases or serious medical conditions and old people without caregivers.

Protection

Main security provider in the village / neighbourhood: Local Authorities

Health

Most common concern: Malaria Main provider: Government

Education

Type of facility: Formal Primary Education

Availability of learning supplies: Yes Availability of teachers: Yes



Hai Salam (ssid_SS0903_0027) Western Bahr El Ghazal, Wau



Distance from main water source

<20 min walking

Water fit for human drinking

Yes

People feel safe collecting water

Yes



% collapsed or in danger of shelters*

25-50%

Average occupants

5-6

Market access (NFIs)

Yes



Conditions of most latrines

Good / Hygienic

Evidence of open defecation

No

Hygiene promotion campaign

Yes



Access to food

Yes offsite

Frequency of food assistance

Unknown Not reported

Market access (food)

Yes



Separate male / female latrines

No

Toilets / bathrooms lock from inside

Yes

Lighting around all toilets / bathrooms

No



Access to health facility

Yes

Distance from health facility

Off-site (>3 km)

Exclusion from health services

None



Security provided at location

Yes

Common conflict-related incidents

Yes

Areas avoided by women / girls

No



Access to primary education

Yes

Distance to nearest education facility

<1 km

% children attending primary education

51-75%

*The share of collapsed and in danger of collapse shelters in the figure above refers to IDP/returnee shelters only.

WASH

Connections to functioning pipelines: No

Main water purification method: Unknown
Main water source for cooking / washing: Lake/river
Main water source for drinking: Lake/river

No. functioning boreholes: 1 Non-functioning: 1

Complaints about drinking water quality: Yes

Main problem with water: Insufficient amount

Type of toilet: Latrines No. garbage disposal points:

Main garbage disposal method: Burning Is solid waste a problem? Yes

Shelter / NFIs

Main shelter type: Tukul

Shelter materials available in nature: None

Shelter mat. available from local market: Poles, Bamboo, Rope, Grass

Three most needed NFIs:

Main source of food:

Emergency shelter kits, Bedding sets, Mosquito nets

Food

Groups struggling most with food access:

Bought with cash from market

IDPs, Returnees, Host community

Jebel Kheir

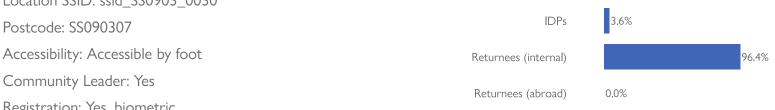




Location SSID: ssid SS0903 0030

Registration: Yes, biometric

Who is being registered: IDPs, returnees and host community



No. IDPs: 284 Households: 60

Reason for displacement: Conflict

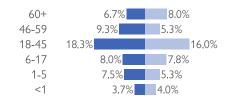
Origin of largest IDP group: Western Bahr El Ghazal, Wau Origin of 2nd largest IDP group: Western Bahr El Ghazal, Wau



Female Male

No. returnees: 7501 Households: 1273

Reason for displacement: Conflict





Mobility (IDPs)

Date of arrival of first IDP group: Date of arrival of last IDP group: 2016-07-01 2018-06-08

Have the IDPs been displaced previously?

Three main reasons preventing the majority of IDPs from returning:

Lack of food, House damaged/destroyed, Lack of safety

Mobility (returnees)

Date of return of first returnee group: 2018-07-06 Date of return of last returnee group: 2019-03-01

Are there people displaced from this village / neighbourhood who have not returned yet? Yes

Special needs

No. pregnant women: 350 No. breastfeeding mothers: 600

Total number of individuals with special needs: 3950

Special needs include pregnant and breastfeeding women, separated, orphaned and unaccompanied children, persons with mental or physical disabilities, persons with chronic diseases or serious medical conditions and old people without caregivers.

Protection

Main security provider in the village / neighbourhood: Police militia

Health

Most common concern: Malaria Main provider: NGO/INGO

Education

Type of facility: Formal Primary Education

Availability of learning supplies: Yes Availability of teachers: Yes



lebel Kheir (ssid SS0903 0030) Western Bahr El Ghazal, Wau



Distance from main water source

<20 min walking

Water fit for human drinking

Yes

People feel safe collecting water

Yes



% collapsed or in danger of shelters*

25-50%

Average occupants

1-4

Market access (NFIs)

Yes



Conditions of most latrines

Unknown

Not reported

Evidence of open defecation

No

Hygiene promotion campaign

Yes



Access to food

Yes offsite

Frequency of food assistance

Unknown

Not reported

Market access (food)

Yes



Separate male / female latrines

Unknown

Not reported

Toilets / bathrooms lock from inside

Unknown

Not reported

Lighting around all toilets / bathrooms

Unknown

Not reported



Access to health facility

Yes

Distance from health facility

On-site (<3 km)

Exclusion from health services

None



Security provided at location

Yes

Common conflict-related incidents

Yes

Areas avoided by women / girls

Yes



Access to primary education

Yes

Distance to nearest education facility

<1 km

% children attending primary education

25-50%

*The share of collapsed and in danger of collapse shelters in the figure above refers to IDP/returnee shelters only.

WASH

Connections to functioning pipelines: Yes

Main water purification method: Filtering

Main water source for cooking / washing: Hand Pumps Main water source for drinking: Hand Pumps

No. functioning boreholes: Non-functioning: 20

Complaints about drinking water quality:

Main problem with water: Insufficient amount

Type of toilet: Open defecation No. garbage disposal points:

Main garbage disposal method: Unknown Is solid waste a problem? Yes

Shelter / NFIs

Main shelter type: Tukul

Shelter materials available in nature: None

Shelter mat. available from local market:

Poles, Bamboo, Rope, Grass

Three most needed NFIs:

Kitchen sets, Hygiene kits, Child Clothing

Food

Groups struggling most with food access:

IDPs, Returnees, Host community

Bought with cash from market Main source of food:

Kheresh A





Location SSID: ssid_SS0903_0033

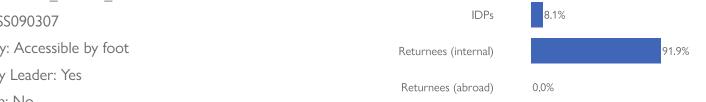
Postcode: SS090307

Accessibility: Accessible by foot

Community Leader: Yes

Registration: No

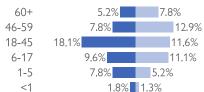
Who is being registered: NA



No. IDPs: 387 Households: 73

Reason for displacement: Conflict

Origin of largest IDP group: Western Bahr El Ghazal, Wau Origin of 2nd largest IDP group: Western Bahr El Ghazal, Wau

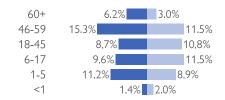


Female Male

Households: 981

Reason for displacement: Conflict

No. returnees: 4363





Mobility (IDPs)

Date of arrival of first IDP group: Date of arrival of last IDP group: 2016-06-30 2018-10-01

Have the IDPs been displaced previously?

Three main reasons preventing the majority of IDPs from returning:

Lack of food, House damaged/destroyed, Lack of safety

Mobility (returnees)

Date of return of first returnee group: 2017-03-05 Date of return of last returnee group: 2019-01-01

Are there people displaced from this village / neighbourhood who have not returned yet?

Special needs

No. pregnant women: 89 No. breastfeeding mothers: 70

Total number of individuals with special needs: 741

Special needs include pregnant and breastfeeding women, separated, orphaned and unaccompanied children, persons with mental or physical disabilities, persons with chronic diseases or serious medical conditions and old people without caregivers.

Protection

Main security provider in the village / neighbourhood: Police militia

Health

Most common concern: Malaria Main provider: Other, Specify

Education

Type of facility: Formal Primary Education

Availability of learning supplies: Unknown Availability of teachers: Yes



Kheresh A (ssid_SS0903_0033) Western Bahr El Ghazal, Wau



Distance from main water source

<20 min walking

Water fit for human drinking

No

People feel safe collecting water

Yes



% collapsed or in danger of shelters*

0-10%

Average occupants

1-4

Market access (NFIs)

Yes



Conditions of most latrines

Good / Hygienic

Evidence of open defecation

No

Hygiene promotion campaign

Yes



Access to food

Yes offsite

Frequency of food assistance

Unknown

Not reported

Market access (food)

Yes



Separate male / female latrines

No

Toilets / bathrooms lock from inside

Yes

Lighting around all toilets / bathrooms

No



Access to health facility

Yes

Distance from health facility

On-site (>3 km)

Exclusion from health services

None



Security provided at location

Yes

Common conflict-related incidents

No

Areas avoided by women / girls

Unknown Not reported



Access to primary education

Yes

Distance to nearest education facility

<1 km

% children attending primary education

51-75%

*The share of collapsed and in danger of collapse shelters in the figure above refers to IDP/returnee shelters only.

WASH

Connections to functioning pipelines: No

Main water purification method:

Main water source for cooking / washing: Other, Specify

Main water source for drinking: Other, Specify

No. functioning boreholes: 0 Non-functioning: 3

None

Complaints about drinking water quality: Yes

Main problem with water: Insufficient amount

Type of toilet: Latrines No. garbage disposal points: 2

Main garbage disposal method: Burning Is solid waste a problem? No

Shelter / NFIs

Main shelter type: Tukul

Shelter materials available in nature: None

Shelter mat. available from local market: Poles, Bamboo, Rope, Grass

Three most needed NFIs:

Emergency shelter kits, Kitchen sets, Mosquito nets

Food

Groups struggling most with food access:

IDPs, Host community

Main source of food: Bought with cash from market

Kheresh B





Location SSID: ssid_SS0903_0034

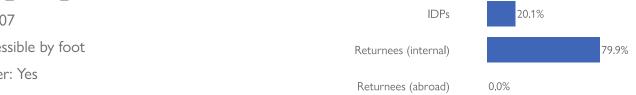
Postcode: SS090307

Accessibility: Accessible by foot

Community Leader: Yes

Registration: No

Who is being registered: NA



No. IDPs: 393 Households: 72

Reason for displacement: Conflict

Origin of largest IDP group: Western Bahr El Ghazal, Wau Origin of 2nd largest IDP group: Western Bahr El Ghazal, Wau



Mobility (IDPs)

Date of arrival of first IDP group: Date of arrival of last IDP group: 2016-07-01 2018-10-01

Have the IDPs been displaced previously?

Three main reasons preventing the majority of IDPs from returning:

Lack of food, House damaged/destroyed, Lack of safety

Mobility (returnees)

Date of return of first returnee group: 2017-03-07 Date of return of last returnee group: 2019-03-01

Are there people displaced from this village / neighbourhood who have not returned yet?

Special needs

No. pregnant women: 75 No. breastfeeding mothers: 400

Total number of individuals with special needs: 938

Special needs include pregnant and breastfeeding women, separated, orphaned and unaccompanied children, persons with mental or physical disabilities, persons with chronic diseases or serious medical conditions and old people without caregivers.

Protection

Main security provider in the village / neighbourhood: None

Health

Most common concern: Malaria Main provider: NA

Education

Type of facility: Formal Primary Education

Availability of learning supplies: Yes Availability of teachers: Yes

No. returnees: 1563 Households: 343

Reason for displacement: Conflict







Kheresh B (ssid SS0903 0034) Western Bahr El Ghazal, Wau



Distance from main water source

<20 min walking

Water fit for human drinking

No

People feel safe collecting water

Yes



% collapsed or in danger of shelters*

0-10%

Average occupants

1-4

Market access (NFIs)

Yes



Conditions of most latrines

Not so good

Evidence of open defecation

No

Hygiene promotion campaign

Yes



Access to food

Yes offsite

Frequency of food assistance

Unknown

Not reported

Market access (food)

Yes



Separate male / female latrines

No

Toilets / bathrooms lock from inside

Yes

Lighting around all toilets / bathrooms

No



Access to health facility

No

Distance from health facility

Unknown Not reported

Exclusion from health services

Unknown

Not reported



Security provided at location

Yes

Common conflict-related incidents

No

Areas avoided by women / girls

No



Access to primary education

Yes

Distance to nearest education facility

1-2 km

% children attending primary education

51-75%

*The share of collapsed and in danger of collapse shelters in the figure above refers to IDP/returnee shelters only.

WASH

Connections to functioning pipelines: No

Main water purification method: Filtering

Main water source for cooking / washing: Other, Specify Main water source for drinking: Other, Specify

No. functioning boreholes: Non-functioning: 1

Complaints about drinking water quality:

Main problem with water: Insufficient amount

No. garbage disposal points: Type of toilet: Latrines

Main garbage disposal method: Burning Is solid waste a problem? Yes

Shelter / NFIs

Main shelter type: Tukul

Shelter materials available in nature: None

Shelter mat. available from local market: Poles, Bamboo, Rope, Grass

Three most needed NFIs:

Emergency shelter kits, Bedding sets, Mosquito nets

Food

Groups struggling most with food access:

IDPs, Returnees, Host community

Bought with cash from market Main source of food:

Western Bahr El Ghazal, Wau, Wau South [GPS 7.70019, 28.00287]

Muwzifin



100%

IDPs

0%

0%

Returnees (internal)

Returnees (abroad)



Location SSID: ssid_SS0903_0039

Postcode: SS090307

Accessibility: Accessible by foot

Community Leader: Yes

Registration: No

Who is being registered: NA

No. IDPs: 65 Households: 12

Reason for displacement: Conflict

Origin of largest IDP group: Western Bahr El Ghazal, Jur River Origin of 2nd largest IDP group: Western Bahr El Ghazal, Wau



Female Male

No. returnees: 0 Households: 0

Reason for displacement: NA

Mobility (IDPs)

Date of arrival of first IDP group: 2016-06-29 Date of arrival of last IDP group: 2019-03-07

Have the IDPs been displaced previously?

103

Three main reasons preventing the majority of IDPs from returning:

Lack of food, House damaged/destroyed, Lack of safety

Mobility (returnees)

Date of return of first returnee group: NA Date of return of last returnee group: NA

Are there people displaced from this village / neighbourhood who have not returned yet?

Special needs

No. pregnant women: 60 No. breastfeeding mothers: 470

Total number of individuals with special needs: 1477

Special needs include pregnant and breastfeeding women, separated, orphaned and unaccompanied children, persons with mental or physical disabilities, persons with chronic diseases or serious medical conditions and old people without caregivers.

Protection

Main security provider in the village / neighbourhood: Police militia

Health

Most common concern: Cough Main provider: Government

Education

Type of facility: Formal Primary Education

Availability of learning supplies: Yes Availability of teachers: Yes



Muwzifin (ssid_SS0903_0039) Western Bahr El Ghazal, Wau



Distance from main water source

<20 min walking

Water fit for human drinking

Yes

People feel safe collecting water

Yes



% collapsed or in danger of shelters*

0-10%

Average occupants

1-4

Market access (NFIs)

No



Conditions of most latrines

Good / Hygienic

Evidence of open defecation

No

Hygiene promotion campaign

Yes



Access to food

Yes offsite

Frequency of food assistance

Unknown

Not reported

Market access (food)

Yes



Separate male / female latrines

No

Toilets / bathrooms lock from inside

Yes

Lighting around all toilets / bathrooms

No



Access to health facility

Yes

Distance from health facility

On-site (<3 km)

Exclusion from health services

None



Security provided at location

Yes

Common conflict-related incidents

No

Areas avoided by women / girls

No



Access to primary education

Yes

Distance to nearest education facility

<1 km

% children attending primary education

>75%

*The share of collapsed and in danger of collapse shelters in the figure above refers to IDP/returnee shelters only.

WASH

Connections to functioning pipelines: Yes

Main water purification method: Filtering

Main water source for cooking / washing: Piped water supply
Main water source for drinking: Piped water supply

No. functioning boreholes: 5 Non-functioning: 3

Complaints about drinking water quality: Yes

Main problem with water: Insufficient amount

Type of toilet: Latrines No. garbage disposal points:

Main garbage disposal method: Garbage pit Is solid waste a problem? Yes

Shelter / NFIs

Main shelter type: Concret walls

Shelter materials available in nature: None

Shelter mat. available from local market: Poles, Bamboo, Rope, Grass

Three most needed NFIs:

Kitchen sets, Bedding sets, Mosquito nets

Food

Groups struggling most with food access:

IDPs, Host community

Main source of food: Bought with cash from market

New Site



2017-03-01



Location SSID: ssid_SS0903_0041

Registration: Yes, biometric

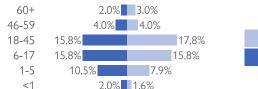
Who is being registered: IDPs, returnees and host community



No. IDPs: 506 Households: 94

Reason for displacement: Conflict

Origin of largest IDP group: Western Bahr El Ghazal, Jur River Origin of 2nd largest IDP group: Western Bahr El Ghazal, Jur River

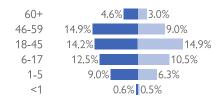


Female Male

No. returnees: 3349

Households: 555

Reason for displacement: Conflict





Mobility (IDPs)

Date of arrival of first IDP group: Date of arrival of last IDP group: 2019-07-07

Have the IDPs been displaced previously?

Three main reasons preventing the majority of IDPs from returning:

House damaged/destroyed, Lack of safety

Mobility (returnees)

Date of return of first returnee group: 2018-12-01 Date of return of last returnee group: 2019-03-01

Are there people displaced from this village / neighbourhood who have not returned yet?

Special needs

No. pregnant women: 80 No. breastfeeding mothers: 149

Total number of individuals with special needs: 1059

Special needs include pregnant and breastfeeding women, separated, orphaned and unaccompanied children, persons with mental or physical disabilities, persons with chronic diseases or serious medical conditions and old people without caregivers.

Protection

Main security provider in the village / neighbourhood: Police militia

Health

Main provider: NGO/INGO Most common concern: Malaria

Education

Type of facility: Formal Primary Education

Availability of learning supplies: No Availability of teachers: No



New Site (ssid SS0903 0041) Western Bahr El Ghazal, Wau



Distance from main water source

<20 min walking

Water fit for human drinking

Yes

People feel safe collecting water

Yes



% collapsed or in danger of shelters*

10-25%

Average occupants

1-4

Market access (NFIs)

Yes



Conditions of most latrines

Not so good

Evidence of open defecation

Yes

Hygiene promotion campaign

Yes



Access to food

Yes offsite

Frequency of food assistance

Unknown

Not reported

Market access (food)

Yes



Separate male / female latrines

No

Toilets / bathrooms lock from inside

No

Lighting around all toilets / bathrooms

No



Access to health facility

Yes

Distance from health facility

Off-site (>3 km)

Exclusion from health services

None



Security provided at location

Yes

Common conflict-related incidents

No

Areas avoided by women / girls

No



Access to primary education

Yes

Distance to nearest education facility

1-2 km

% children attending primary education

25-50%

*The share of collapsed and in danger of collapse shelters in the figure above refers to IDP/returnee shelters only.

WASH

Connections to functioning pipelines: No

Main water purification method: Unknown

Main water source for cooking / washing: Other, Specify

Main water source for drinking: Other, Specify

No. functioning boreholes:

Complaints about drinking water quality: Main problem with water: NA

Type of toilet: Latrines No. garbage disposal points:

Main garbage disposal method: Burning Non-functioning: 2

Is solid waste a problem? Yes

Shelter / NFIs

Main shelter type: Tukul

Shelter materials available in nature: None

Shelter mat. available from local market: Poles, Bamboo, Rope, Grass

Three most needed NFIs:

Emergency shelter kits, Bedding sets, Mosquito nets

Food

Groups struggling most with food access:

IDPs, Returnees, Host community

Main source of food:

Bought with cash from market

Reason for lack of market access:

NA