

based on the PULL Factors' responses are.



Flow Monitoring - Spontaneous Returns of Undocumented Afghans from Pakistan





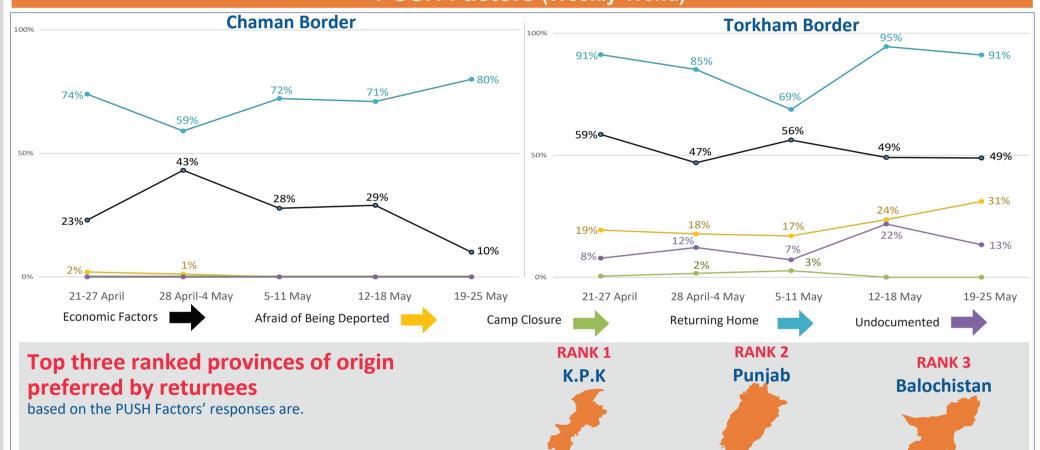
Push factors: Factors which discourage undocumented Afghan nationals from staying in host country. **PUSH FACTORS** Economic Factors Afraid of Being Deported Camp Closure Returning Home Undocumented | **PULL FACTORS** Improvement in Security Situation Availability of Assistance in Afghanistan Reunion with Family and relatives **Own Country** Pull factors: Factors which encourage undocumented Afghan nationals to return to their country of origin.

In Torkham, 'Returning Home' is trending upwards and 91% of the respondents cited this as a push factor (increase of 22 percentage points compared to the last reporting period). 'Economic Factors' is trending downwards and 49% of the respondents cited this as a push factor (decrease of 7 percentage points compared to the last reporting period). 'Afraid of Being Deported' increased to 31% (increase of 14 percentage points compared to the last reporting period). 'Lack of Documentation' was reported by 13% of the respondents (increase of 6 percentage points compared to the last reporting period). Whereas none of the respondents at Torkham reported 'Camp Closure' as a push factor.

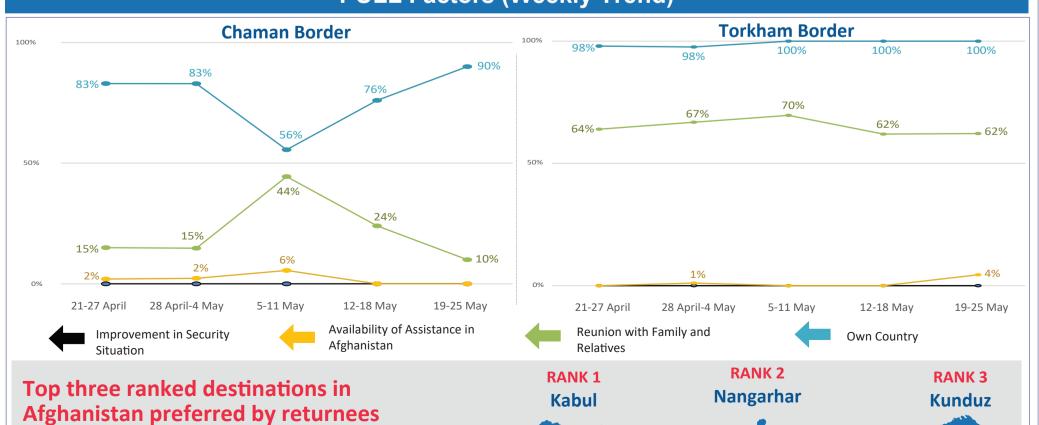
In Chaman, 'Returning Home' is trending upwards and 80% of the respondents cited this as a push factor (increase of 8 percentage points compared to the last reporting period). 'Economic Factors' is trending downwards and 10% of the respondents cited this as a push factor (decrease of 18 percentage points compared to the last reporting period). Whereas none of the respondents at Chaman reported 'Afraid of Being Deported', 'Lack of Documentation' and 'Camp Closure' as a push factor.

The indicator rated as the main pull factor for both border crossing points was 'Own Country'. This was reported by 100% of the respondents at Torkham and 90% of the respondents at Chaman. The second highest concern was 'Reunion with Family / Relatives' which was reported by 62% of the respondents at Torkham and 10% of the respondents at Chaman. Furthermore, 4% of the respondents at Torkham and none at Chaman reported 'Availability of Assistance in Afghanistan'. Whereas none of the respondents at Torkham and Chaman reported 'Improvement in Security Situation' as a pull factor.

PUSH Factors (Weekly Trend)



PULL Factors (Weekly Trend)





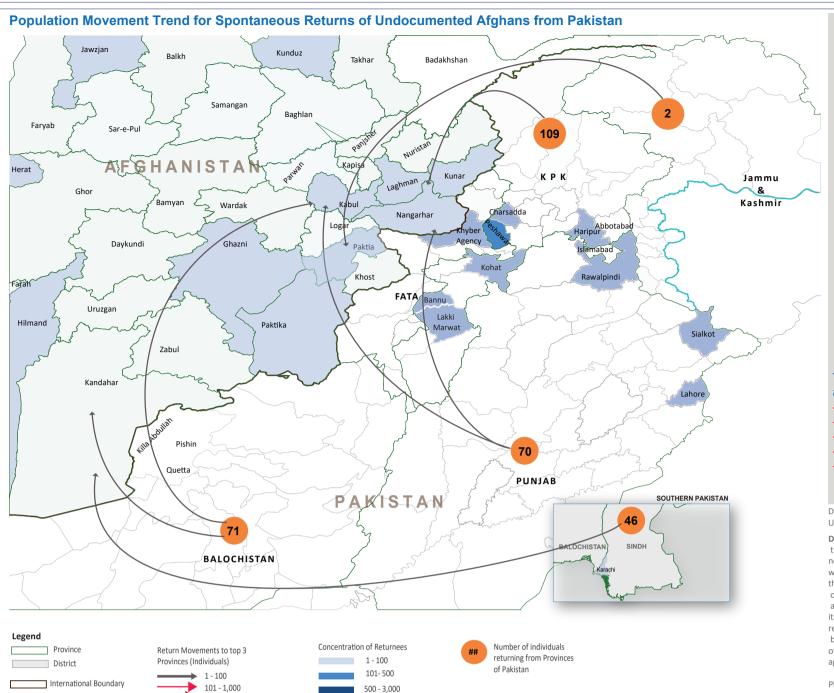
12th - 25th May 2019

Line of Control

Line of Control

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DTM



AFGHANISTAN

The top 5 destination provinces

- for returns are
- Kabul (26%)
- Kandahar (26%) - Nangarhar (11%)
- Kunduz (10%)
- Baghlan (8%)



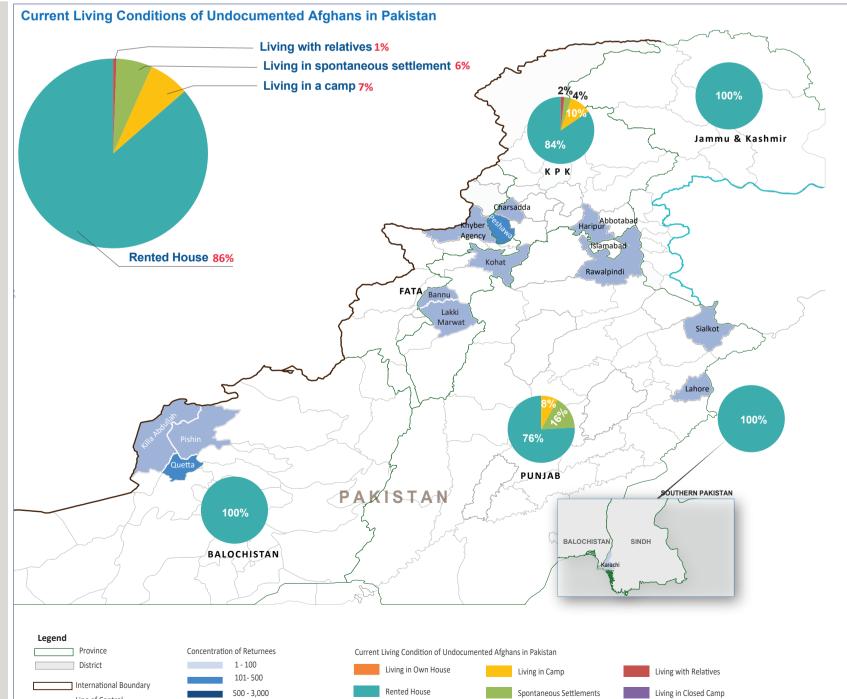
The largest proportion of returns are from:

- **Khyber Pakhtunkhwa (36%)**
- **Punjab (24%)**
- **Balochistan (24%)**
- Sindh (15%)
- PAK (1%)

Data Source: Population Census Organization,

Disclaimers: The designations employed and the presentation of material on this map do not imply the expression of any opinion whatsoever on the part of the Secretariat of the United Nations concerning the legal status of any country, territory, city or area or of its authorities, or concerning the delimitation of its frontiers or boundaries. The dotted line represents approximately the line of control between India and Pakistan. The final status of Jammu and Kashmir has not yet been agreed upon by the parties

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Overall, 86% of Undocumented Afghan returnees from this week reported living in rented houses, whereas 7% reported living in a 'Camp,' 6% reported 'living in a **spontaneous settlement,** and the remaining 1% reported 'living with relatives'.

There are differences at the provincial level where for example in Sindh and Balochistan **100%**, in **KP 84%**, and in **Punjab** 76% of Undocumented Afghan returnees reported living in 'rented houses'.

In KP, 10% of the Undocumented Afghan returnees reported living in Camp compared to 8% in Punjab, and none in Sindh & Balochistan.

Data Source: Population Census Organization, UNOCHA

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 * The Response for "Own House" relates to the fact that land/house is bought in the name of Pakistani relatives.