

ZAMBIA – DISPLACEMENT TRACKING MATRIX

SUMMARY OF DISPLACEMENT IN SOUTHERN, WESTERN AND NORTH-WESTERN PROVINCES

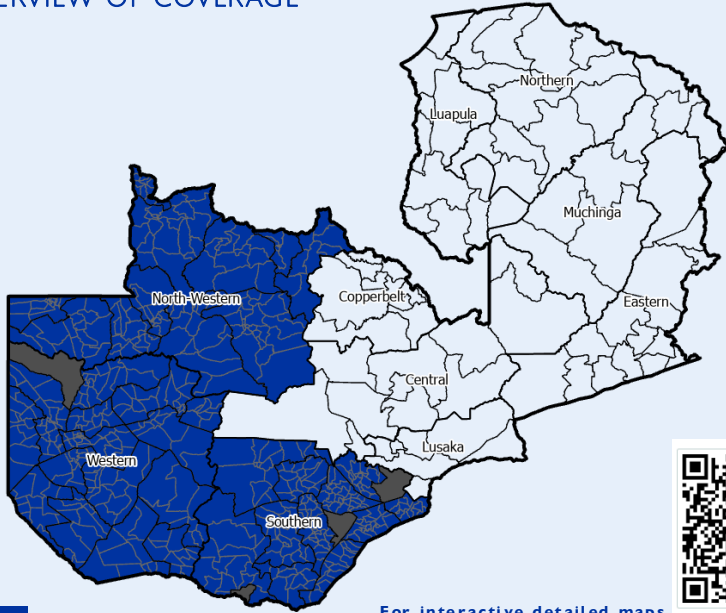


DASHBOARD: 01

DATA AS OF: 12 DECEMBER 2024

PUBLICATION: 27 January 2025

OVERVIEW OF COVERAGE



Scan to open on your phone

Assessed Wards

For interactive detailed maps access our StoryMap via QR code.

This map is for illustration purposes only. Names and boundaries on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by IOM.

KEY FIGURES



202,218

Total individuals reported as IDP arrivals, departures or returns



40,172

Total households reported as IDP arrivals, departures or returns



140,261

Reported IDP arrivals (Individuals)



36%

Percentage of arrival children



42,200

Reported IDP departures (Individuals)



577

Wards assessed



19,757

Reported IDP returns (Individuals)



84%

Reported drought as main reason for displacement

GENDER BREAKDOWN OF ADULT ARRIVALS AND RETURNS



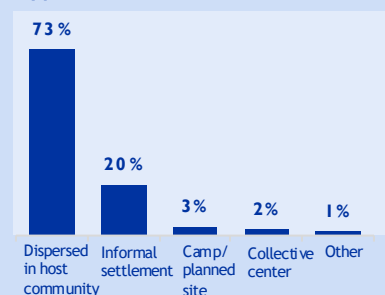
44%

56%

Male Female

IDP ARRIVALS

Proportion of locations by Shelter Type

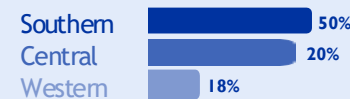


Top 3 Reported Needs



Food
Shelter
Access to Health Services

Top 3 Provinces of Origin



METHODOLOGY

Between 12 November and 12 December, DTM teams (70 enumerators) conducted drought assessments in three provinces (Southern, Western, and North-Western). The assessment focused on the number of IDP arrivals, departures, and returns due to drought and other climate-related factors, as well as the basic needs and vulnerabilities of each population group. Data collection was based on key informant interviews conducted at ward level across 577 wards in 37 districts.