

# Mobility Tracking Round 4

Village / Neighbourhood Assessment Catalogue

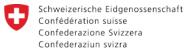
Northern Bahr El Ghazal

November-December 2018









Swiss Agency for Development and Cooperation SDC

### Table of Contents

Aweil Centre	1	Ayai	4
Aroyo		Gakrol	
Awoda	1	Malook Lak	4.
Barmayen	'	Nyieth	
Alok	3	Rainy Makuech	4.
Baau	5	Nyocawany	
Barmayen	7	Hong Wekdit	4
Panjab	9	Mayom Lach	49
Waraneer	11	Panthou	
Nyalath		Rum Riang	5
, Nyalath	13	Tarweng	
Aweil East	15	Makuei Alel	53
Baac		Tiaraliet	
Gok Deng	15	Majak	5.
Madhol	15	Watmuok	
Madhoh	17	Watmuok	57
Malual Bai		Aweil West	
Mathiang	19	Achana	
9	17	Nyinbuoli	59
Mangar Tong 1 Both Yar	21	•	3:
	Ζ1	Ayat East	
Mangok	22	Ayat East	6
Mangok	23	Ayat West	
Wunlang	2.5	Nyinbuoli Village	6.
Manyiel	25	Gomjuer Centre	
Yargot	0.7	Referendom	6.
Mabuk Agiu Area	27	Gomjuer East	
Aweil North	29	New Site	6.
Ariath		Gomjuer West	
Riang Ajawak Area	29	Anyop Juong	69
Malual Centre		Mariam East	
Manger Akot	31	Rumtit	7
Malual East		Mariam West	
Rum Mading Area	33	Udhum	7.
Malual North			
Marol Tiit	35		
Riang Anei	37		
Malual West			
Mayom Angok	39		
Aweil South	41		
Ayai			
,			

#### Northern Bahr El Ghazal, Aweil Centre, Aroyo

# Northern Bahr El Ghazal

### **Awoda**

SOUTH SUDAN

100%

Location SSID: ssid\_SS0501\_0002

Postcode: SS050103

Accessibility: Accessible by foot

Community Leader: Yes Returnees 0%

Registration: No

Who is being registered: NA

No. IDPs: 1278 Households: 274

Reason for displacement: Conflict

Origin of largest IDP group: Western Bahr El Ghazal, Raja Origin of 2<sup>nd</sup> largest IDP group:

NA. NA



Female Male

#### No. returnees: 0 Households: 0

Reason for displacement: NA Origin of largest retunee group: NA

#### Mobility (IDPs)

Date of arrival of first IDP group: Date of arrival of last IDP group: NA

**IDPs** 

Have the IDPs been displaced previously? Yes

Three main reasons preventing the majority of IDPs from returning:

Accessibility, Lack of food, House damaged/destroyed

#### Mobility (returnees)

Date of return of first returnee group: NA Date of return of last returnee group: NA

Are there people displaced from this village / neighbourhood who have not returned yet?

#### Special needs

No. pregnant women: 72 No. breastfeeding mothers: 89

Total number of individuals with special needs: 174

Special needs include pregnant and breastfeeding women, separated, orphaned and unaccompanied children, persons with mental or physical disabilities, persons with chronic diseases or serious medical conditions and old people without caregivers.

#### **Protection**

Main security provider in the village / neighbourhood: Police militia

Health

Most common concern: Malaria Main provider: NGO/INGO

#### Education

Temporary Learning Spaces Type of facility:

Availability of learning supplies: Yes Availability of teachers: Yes



#### Awoda (ssid\_SS0501\_0002) Northern Bahr El Ghazal, Aweil Centre



Distance from main water source

#### <20 min walking

Water fit for human drinking

Yes

People feel safe collecting water

Yes



% collapsed or in danger of shelters\*

0-10%

Average occupants

1-4

Market access (NFIs)

No



Conditions of most latrines

#### Not so good

Evidence of open defecation

Yes

Hygiene promotion campaign

Yes



Access to food

#### Yes offsite

Frequency of food assistance

#### Unknown

Not reported

Market access (food)

Yes



Separate male / female latrines

No

Toilets / bathrooms lock from inside

No

Lighting around all toilets / bathrooms

No



Access to health facility

Yes

Distance from health facility

Off-site (<3 km)

Exclusion from health services

None



Security provided at location

Yes

Common conflict-related incidents

No

Areas avoided by women / girls

No



Access to primary education

Yes

Distance to nearest education facility

1-2 km

% children attending primary education

IDPs, Host, community

<25%

\*The share of collapsed and in danger of collapse shelters in the figure above refers to IDP/returnee shelters only.

#### **WASH**

Connections to functioning pipelines: No

Main water purification method: Boiling

Main water source for cooking / washing: Hand Pumps
Main water source for drinking: Hand Pumps

No. functioning boreholes: 2 Non-functioning: 1

Complaints about drinking water quality: Yes

Main problem with water: Odor/smell

Type of toilet: Latrines No. garbage disposal points: 11

Main garbage disposal method: Garbage pit Is solid waste a problem? Yes

#### Shelter / NFIs

Main shelter type: Tukul

Shelter materials available in nature: Poles, Bamboo, Rope, Grass Shelter mat. available from local market: Poles, Bamboo, Rope, Grass

Three most needed NFIs:

Emergency shelter kits, Kitchen sets, Bedding sets

#### Food

Groups struggling most with food access:

Main source of food: Cultivation/Sale of livestock

#### Northern Bahr El Ghazal, Aweil Centre, Barmayen

# Northern Bahr El Ghazal

### Alok

SOUTH SUDAN

2018-12-07

Location SSID: ssid SS0501 0001

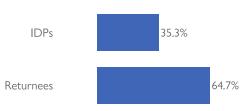
Postcode: SS050106

Accessibility: Accessible by car

Community Leader: Yes

Registration: No

Who is being registered: NA



No. IDPs: 1500 Households: 300

Reason for displacement: Conflict

Origin of largest IDP group:

Northern Bahr El Ghazal, Aweil Centre Origin of 2<sup>nd</sup> largest IDP group:

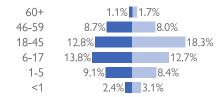
Northern Bahr El Ghazal, Aweil Centre



Female Male

#### No. returnees: 2750 Households: 550

Reason for displacement: Conflict Origin of largest retunee group: Sudan



Female Male

#### Mobility (IDPs)

Date of arrival of first IDP group: 2014-11-12

Have the IDPs been displaced previously?

Three main reasons preventing the majority of IDPs from returning:

Accessibility, Lack of food, House damaged/destroyed

#### Mobility (returnees)

Date of return of first returnee group: 2015-11-25

Date of return of last returnee group: 2018-01-01

Are there people displaced from this village / neighbourhood who have not returned yet? Yes

#### Special needs

No. pregnant women:

30

No. breastfeeding mothers:

Date of arrival of last IDP group:

40

Total number of individuals with special needs: 129

Special needs include pregnant and breastfeeding women, separated, orphaned and unaccompanied children, persons with mental or physical disabilities, persons with chronic diseases or serious medical conditions and old people without caregivers.

#### **Protection**

Main security provider in the village / neighbourhood: Local Authorities

Health

Most common concern: Malaria Main provider: Government

Education

Type of facility: Formal Primary Education

Availability of learning supplies: Yes Availability of teachers: Yes



# Alok (ssid\_SS0501\_0001) Northern Bahr El Ghazal, Aweil Centre



Distance from main water source

#### <20 min walking

Water fit for human drinking

Yes

People feel safe collecting water

No



% collapsed or in danger of shelters\*

### Unknown Not reported

Average occupants

Unknown Not reported

Market access (NFIs)

Yes



Conditions of most latrines

#### Unknown

Not reported

Evidence of open defecation

Yes

Hygiene promotion campaign

No



Access to food

#### Yes onsite

Frequency of food assistance

#### Unknown

Not reported

Market access (food)

Yes



Separate male / female latrines

#### Unknown

Not reported
Toilets / bathrooms lock from inside

#### Unknown

#### Not reported

Lighting around all toilets / bathrooms

Unknown

Not reported



Access to health facility

#### Yes

Distance from health facility

On-site (<3 km)

Exclusion from health services

None



Security provided at location

#### Yes

Common conflict-related incidents

#### Yes

Areas avoided by women / girls

No



Access to primary education

#### Yes

Distance to nearest education facility

1-2 km

% children attending primary education

25-50%

\*The share of collapsed and in danger of collapse shelters in the figure above refers to IDP/returnee shelters only.

#### **WASH**

Connections to functioning pipelines: No
Main water purification method: Boiling
Main water source for cooking / washing: Lake/river
Main water source for drinking: Lake/river

No. functioning boreholes: 0 Non-functioning: 0

Complaints about drinking water quality: Yes

Main problem with water: Too far

Type of toilet: Open defecation No. garbage disposal points:

Main garbage disposal method: No waste disposal Is solid waste a problem? No

#### Shelter / NFIs

Main shelter type: Temporary shelter (Rakooba)
Shelter materials available in nature: Poles, Grass
Shelter mat. available from local market: Poles, Grass

Three most needed NFIs:

Emergency shelter kits, Hygiene kits, Mosquito nets

#### Food

Groups struggling most with food access: IDPs, Returnees

Main source of food: Cultivation/Sale of livestock

#### Northern Bahr El Ghazal, Aweil Centre, Barmayen

# Northern Bahr El Ghazal

### Baau

IOM DISPLACEMENT TRACKING MATRIX SOUTH SUDAN

Location SSID: ssid\_SS0501\_0003

Postcode: SS050106

IDPs

100%

Accessibility: Accessible by foot

Community Leader: Yes

Returnees

0%

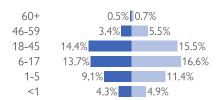
Registration: No

Who is being registered: NA

No. IDPs: 1750 Households: 350

Reason for displacement: Conflict

Origin of largest IDP group: Warrap, Gogrial West Origin of 2<sup>nd</sup> largest IDP group: Warrap, Gogrial West



Female Male

No. returnees: 0 Households: 0

Reason for displacement: NA Origin of largest retunee group: NA

#### Mobility (IDPs)

Date of arrival of first IDP group: 2014-11-21 Date of arrival of last IDP group: 2018-09-11

Have the IDPs been displaced previously?

Three main reasons preventing the majority of IDPs from returning: Lack of food, Lack of safety, Basic infrastructures damaged/flooded

#### Mobility (returnees)

Date of return of first returnee group: 2015-11-20 Date of return of last returnee group: 2018-09-15

Are there people displaced from this village / neighbourhood who have not returned yet?

Yes

#### Special needs

No. pregnant women: 8 No. breastfeeding mothers: 12

Total number of individuals with special needs: 62

Special needs include pregnant and breastfeeding women, separated, orphaned and unaccompanied children, persons with mental or physical disabilities, persons with chronic diseases or serious medical conditions and old people without caregivers.

#### **Protection**

Main security provider in the village / neighbourhood: Local Authorities

#### Health

Most common concern: Malaria Main provider: Government

#### **Education**

Type of facility: Formal Primary Education

Availability of learning supplies: Yes Availability of teachers: Yes



#### Baau (ssid SS0501 0003) Northern Bahr El Ghazal, Aweil Centre



Distance from main water source

#### >20 min walking

Water fit for human drinking

Yes

People feel safe collecting water

Yes



% collapsed or in danger of shelters\*

>75%

Average occupants

1-4

Market access (NFIs)

No



Conditions of most latrines

#### Unknown

Not reported

Evidence of open defecation

Yes

Hygiene promotion campaign

No



Access to food

#### Yes onsite

Frequency of food assistance

Unknown

Not reported

Market access (food)

No



Separate male / female latrines

#### Unknown

#### Not reported

Toilets / bathrooms lock from inside

#### Unknown

#### Not reported

Lighting around all toilets / bathrooms

Unknown

Not reported



Access to health facility

#### Yes

Distance from health facility

On-site (<3 km)

Exclusion from health services

None



Security provided at location

#### Yes

Common conflict-related incidents

#### Yes

Areas avoided by women / girls

No



Access to primary education

#### Yes

Distance to nearest education facility

#### >10 km

% children attending primary education

25-50%

\*The share of collapsed and in danger of collapse shelters in the figure above refers to IDP/returnee shelters only.

#### **WASH**

Connections to functioning pipelines: No

Main water purification method: **Tablets** 

Main water source for cooking / washing: Unprotected well Main water source for drinking: Hand Pumps

No. functioning boreholes: Non-functioning: 2

Complaints about drinking water quality: Main problem with water: Too far

Type of toilet: Open defecation No. garbage disposal points:

Main garbage disposal method: No waste disposal Is solid waste a problem? No

#### Shelter / NFIs

Main shelter type: Temporary shelter (Rakooba)

Shelter materials available in nature:

Poles

Shelter mat. available from local market: Poles, Rope, Grass

Three most needed NFIs:

Emergency shelter kits, Hygiene kits, Mosquito nets

#### Food

Groups struggling most with food access:

IDPs, Host, community

Main source of food:

Cultivation/Sale of livestock

Reason for lack of market access: Far from the village/neighbourhood

#### Northern Bahr El Ghazal, Aweil Centre, Barmayen

# Northern Bahr El Ghazal

# **Barmayen**

SOUTH SUDAN

2018-10-18

Location SSID: ssid SS0501 0004

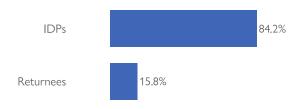
Postcode: SS050106

Accessibility: Accessible by car

Community Leader: Yes

Registration: No

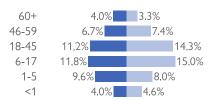
Who is being registered: NA



No. IDPs: 1871 Households: 400

Reason for displacement: Conflict

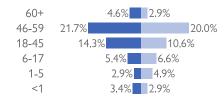
Origin of largest IDP group: Warrap, Gogrial West Origin of 2<sup>nd</sup> largest IDP group: Western Bahr El Ghazal, Jur River





#### No. returnees: 350 Households: 64

Reason for displacement: Conflict Origin of largest retunee group: Sudan





#### Mobility (IDPs)

Date of arrival of first IDP group: 2014-02-11 Date of arrival of last IDP group:

Have the IDPs been displaced previously?

Three main reasons preventing the majority of IDPs from returning:

Accessibility, Lack of food

#### Mobility (returnees)

Date of return of first returnee group: 2015-02-15 Date of return of last returnee group: 2018-09-27

Are there people displaced from this village / neighbourhood who have not returned yet?

#### Special needs

No. pregnant women: No. breastfeeding mothers: 24

Total number of individuals with special needs: 122

Special needs include pregnant and breastfeeding women, separated, orphaned and unaccompanied children, persons with mental or physical disabilities, persons with chronic diseases or serious medical conditions and old people without caregivers.

#### **Protection**

Main security provider in the village / neighbourhood: Local Authorities

#### Health

Most common concern: Malaria Main provider: Government

#### Education

Type of facility: Formal Primary Education

Availability of learning supplies: Yes Availability of teachers: Yes



#### Barmayen (ssid\_SS0501\_0004) Northern Bahr El Ghazal, Aweil Centre



Distance from main water source

#### <20 min walking

Water fit for human drinking

Yes

People feel safe collecting water

Yes



% collapsed or in danger of shelters\*

>75%

Average occupants

1-4

Market access (NFIs)

Yes



Conditions of most latrines

#### Unknown

#### Not reported

Evidence of open defecation

Yes

Hygiene promotion campaign

No



Access to food

#### Yes onsite

Frequency of food assistance

#### Unknown

#### Not reported

Market access (food)

Yes



Separate male / female latrines

#### Unknown

#### Not reported

Toilets / bathrooms lock from inside

#### Unknown

#### Not reported

Lighting around all toilets / bathrooms

#### Unknown

Not reported



Access to health facility

#### Yes

Distance from health facility

#### On-site (<3 km)

Exclusion from health services

None



Security provided at location

#### Yes

Common conflict-related incidents

#### Yes

Areas avoided by women / girls

No



Access to primary education

#### Yes

Distance to nearest education facility

#### 1-2 km

% children attending primary education

25-50%

\*The share of collapsed and in danger of collapse shelters in the figure above refers to IDP/returnee shelters only.

#### **WASH**

Connections to functioning pipelines: No

Main water purification method: Tablets

Main water source for cooking / washing: Hand Pumps
Main water source for drinking: Hand Pumps

No. functioning boreholes: 6 Non-functioning: 4

Complaints about drinking water quality: Yes

Main problem with water: Taste

Type of toilet: Open defecation No. garbage disposal points: C

Main garbage disposal method: No waste disposal Is solid waste a problem? Yes

rriam sheree

Shelter / NFIs

Main shelter type: Temporary shelter (Rakooba)

Shelter materials available in nature: Poles, Rope, Grass Shelter mat. available from local market: Poles, Rope, Grass

Three most needed NFIs:

Emergency shelter kits, Hygiene kits, Mosquito nets

#### Food

Groups struggling most with food access:

IDPs, Returnees, Host, community

Main source of food: Cultivation/Sale of livestock

#### Northern Bahr El Ghazal, Aweil Centre, Barmayen

# Northern Bahr El Ghazal

# **Panjab**

SOUTH SUDAN

Location SSID: ssid SS0501 0008

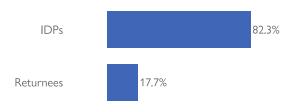
Postcode: SS050106

Accessibility: Accessible by foot

Community Leader: Yes

Registration: No

Who is being registered: NA



No. IDPs: 1100 Households: 220

Reason for displacement: Conflict

Origin of largest IDP group: Northern Bahr El Ghazal, Aweil South

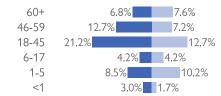
Origin of 2<sup>nd</sup> largest IDP group: Northern Bahr El Ghazal, Aweil South



Female Male

#### No. returnees: 236 Households: 48

Reason for displacement: Conflict Origin of largest retunee group: Sudan



Female Male

#### Mobility (IDPs)

Date of arrival of first IDP group: 2014-11-20

Date of arrival of last IDP group:

2018-07-11

Have the IDPs been displaced previously?

Three main reasons preventing the majority of IDPs from returning:

Lack of food, House damaged/destroyed, Lack of safety

#### Mobility (returnees)

Date of return of first returnee group: 2015-02-11

Date of return of last returnee group: 2018-10-19

Are there people displaced from this village / neighbourhood who have not returned yet? Yes

#### Special needs

No. pregnant women:

No. breastfeeding mothers:

Total number of individuals with special needs: 68

Special needs include pregnant and breastfeeding women, separated, orphaned and unaccompanied children, persons with mental or physical disabilities, persons with chronic diseases or serious medical conditions and old people without caregivers.

#### **Protection**

Main security provider in the village / neighbourhood: Local Authorities

#### Health

Most common concern: Malaria Main provider: Government

#### Education

Type of facility: Formal Primary Education

Availability of learning supplies: Yes Availability of teachers: Yes



#### Panjab (ssid SS0501 0008) Northern Bahr El Ghazal, Aweil Centre



Distance from main water source

#### >20 min walking

Water fit for human drinking

Yes

People feel safe collecting water

No



% collapsed or in danger of shelters\*

>75%

Average occupants

1-4

Market access (NFIs)

Yes



Conditions of most latrines

#### Unknown

#### Not reported

Evidence of open defecation

Yes

Hygiene promotion campaign

No



Access to food

#### Yes onsite

Frequency of food assistance

#### Unknown

#### Not reported

Market access (food)

No



Separate male / female latrines

#### Unknown

#### Not reported

Toilets / bathrooms lock from inside

#### Unknown

#### Not reported

Lighting around all toilets / bathrooms

Unknown

Not reported



Access to health facility

#### Yes

Distance from health facility

#### On-site (<3 km)

Exclusion from health services

None



Security provided at location

#### Yes

Common conflict-related incidents

#### Yes

Areas avoided by women / girls

No



Access to primary education

#### Yes

Distance to nearest education facility

#### 6-10 km

% children attending primary education

25-50%

\*The share of collapsed and in danger of collapse shelters in the figure above refers to IDP/returnee shelters only.

#### **WASH**

Connections to functioning pipelines: No Main water purification method: Boiling

Main water source for cooking / washing: Unprotected well Main water source for drinking: Unprotected well

No. functioning boreholes: Non-functioning: 3

Complaints about drinking water quality: Main problem with water: Too far

Type of toilet: Open defecation No. garbage disposal points:

Main garbage disposal method: No waste disposal Is solid waste a problem? No

#### Shelter / NFIs

Main shelter type: Temporary shelter (Rakooba)

Shelter materials available in nature: Poles, Rope, Grass Shelter mat. available from local market: Poles, Rope, Grass

Three most needed NFIs:

Emergency shelter kits, Hygiene kits, Mosquito nets

#### Food

Groups struggling most with food access:

Host, community

Main source of food:

Cultivation/Sale of livestock

Reason for lack of market access: Far from the village/neighbourhood

#### Northern Bahr El Ghazal, Aweil Centre, Barmayen

# Northern Bahr El Ghazal

### Waraneer



Location SSID: ssid\_SS0501\_0009

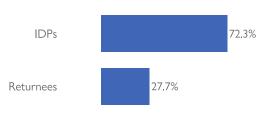
Postcode: SS050106

Accessibility: Accessible by foot

Community Leader: Yes

Registration: No

Who is being registered: NA



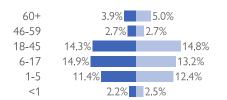
No. IDPs: 919 Households: 182

Reason for displacement: Conflict

Origin of largest IDP group:

Northern Bahr El Ghazal, Aweil South Origin of 2<sup>nd</sup> largest IDP group:

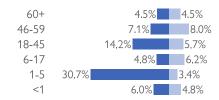
Northern Bahr El Ghazal, Aweil South



Female Male

# No. returnees: 352 Households: 71

Reason for displacement: Conflict Origin of largest retunee group: Sudan





#### Mobility (IDPs)

Date of arrival of first IDP group: NA Date of arrival of last IDP group: 2018-10-11

Have the IDPs been displaced previously?

Three main reasons preventing the majority of IDPs from returning:

Lack of food, Lack of safety, Basic infrastructures damaged/flooded

#### Mobility (returnees)

Date of return of first returnee group: 2015-06-25 Date of return of last returnee group: 2018-10-02

Are there people displaced from this village / neighbourhood who have not returned yet? Yes

#### Special needs

No. pregnant women: 12 No. breastfeeding mothers: 8

Total number of individuals with special needs: 91

Special needs include pregnant and breastfeeding women, separated, orphaned and unaccompanied children, persons with mental or physical disabilities, persons with chronic diseases or serious medical conditions and old people without caregivers.

#### **Protection**

Main security provider in the village / neighbourhood: Local Authorities

#### Health

Most common concern: Malaria Main provider: Government

#### **Education**

Type of facility: Formal Primary Education

Availability of learning supplies: Yes Availability of teachers: Yes



# Waraneer (ssid\_SS0501\_0009) Northern Bahr El Ghazal, Aweil Centre



Distance from main water source

#### >20 min walking

Water fit for human drinking

#### Yes

People feel safe collecting water

No



% collapsed or in danger of shelters\*

### Unknown Not reported

Average occupants

#### Unknown

Not reported

Market access (NFIs)

Yes



Conditions of most latrines

#### Unknown

#### Not reported

Evidence of open defecation

Yes

Hygiene promotion campaign

No



Access to food

#### Yes onsite

Frequency of food assistance

#### Unknown

#### Not reported

Market access (food)

Yes



Separate male / female latrines

#### Unknown

#### Not reported

Toilets / bathrooms lock from inside

#### Unknown

#### Not reported

Lighting around all toilets / bathrooms

#### Unknown

Not reported



Access to health facility

#### Yes

Distance from health facility

#### On-site (>3 km)

Exclusion from health services

None



Security provided at location

#### Yes

Common conflict-related incidents

#### Yes

Areas avoided by women / girls

No



Access to primary education

#### Yes

Distance to nearest education facility

3-5 km

% children attending primary education

25-50%

\*The share of collapsed and in danger of collapse shelters in the figure above refers to IDP/returnee shelters only.

#### **WASH**

Connections to functioning pipelines: No
Main water purification method: Boiling

Main water source for cooking / washing: Hand Pumps
Main water source for drinking: Hand Pumps

No. functioning boreholes: 2 Non-functioning: 3

Complaints about drinking water quality: Yes

Main problem with water: Taste

Type of toilet: Open defecation No. garbage disposal points: O

Main garbage disposal method: No waste disposal Is solid waste a problem? No

#### Shelter / NFIs

Main shelter type: Temporary shelter (Rakooba)

Shelter materials available in nature: Poles, Grass

Shelter mat. available from local market: Poles. Grass

Three most needed NFIs:

Emergency shelter kits, Hygiene kits, Mosquito nets

#### Food

Groups struggling most with food access: IDPs, Returnees, Host, community

Main source of food: Cultivation/Sale of livestock

#### Northern Bahr El Ghazal, Aweil Centre, Nyalath

# Northern Bahr El Ghazal

# **Nyalath**

SOUTH SUDAN

Location SSID: ssid SS0501 0006

Postcode: SS050108

Accessibility: Accessible by foot

Community Leader: Yes

Registration: No

Who is being registered: NA

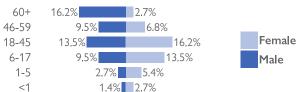


No. IDPs: 74 Households: 11

Reason for displacement: Conflict

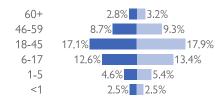
Origin of largest IDP group: Western Bahr El Ghazal, Raja Origin of 2<sup>nd</sup> largest IDP group:

NA. NA



No. returnees: 2341 Households: 450

Reason for displacement: Conflict Origin of largest retunee group: Sudan





#### Mobility (IDPs)

Date of arrival of first IDP group: Date of arrival of last IDP group: 2017-09-13 2018-01-22

Have the IDPs been displaced previously?

Three main reasons preventing the majority of IDPs from returning:

Accessibility, Lack of food, House damaged/destroyed

#### Mobility (returnees)

Date of return of first returnee group: 2018-04-21 Date of return of last returnee group: 2018-10-19

Are there people displaced from this village / neighbourhood who have not returned yet? Yes

#### Special needs

No. pregnant women: 516 No. breastfeeding mothers: 774

Total number of individuals with special needs: 1625

Special needs include pregnant and breastfeeding women, separated, orphaned and unaccompanied children, persons with mental or physical disabilities, persons with chronic diseases or serious medical conditions and old people without caregivers.

#### **Protection**

Main security provider in the village / neighbourhood: Local Authorities

#### Health

Most common concern: Malaria Main provider: NGO/INGO

#### Education

Temporary Learning Spaces Type of facility:

Availability of learning supplies: Yes Availability of teachers: Yes



#### Nyalath (ssid\_SS0501\_0006) Northern Bahr El Ghazal, Aweil Centre



Distance from main water source

#### <20 min walking

Water fit for human drinking

No

People feel safe collecting water

No



% collapsed or in danger of shelters\*

0-10%

Average occupants

1-4

Market access (NFIs)

No



Conditions of most latrines

#### Not so good

Evidence of open defecation

#### Yes

Hygiene promotion campaign

Yes



Access to food

#### Yes onsite

Frequency of food assistance

#### Unknown

Not reported

Market access (food)

Yes



Separate male / female latrines

#### No

Toilets / bathrooms lock from inside

#### No

Lighting around all toilets / bathrooms

No



Access to health facility

#### Yes

Distance from health facility

#### Off-site (<3 km)

Exclusion from health services

None



Security provided at location

#### Yes

Common conflict-related incidents

#### No

Areas avoided by women / girls

No



Access to primary education

#### Yes

Distance to nearest education facility

<1 km

% children attending primary education

<25%

\*The share of collapsed and in danger of collapse shelters in the figure above refers to IDP/returnee shelters only.

#### **WASH**

Connections to functioning pipelines: No

Main water purification method: Boiling

Main water source for cooking / washing: Hand Pumps Main water source for drinking: Hand Pumps

No. functioning boreholes: Non-functioning: 1

Complaints about drinking water quality: Main problem with water: NA

Type of toilet: Latrines No. garbage disposal points:

Main garbage disposal method: Garbage pit

Is solid waste a problem? Yes

#### Shelter / NFIs

Main shelter type: Tukul

Shelter materials available in nature: Poles, Bamboo, Rope Shelter mat. available from local market: Poles, Bamboo, Rope

Three most needed NFIs:

Emergency shelter kits, Kitchen sets, Bedding sets

#### Food

Groups struggling most with food access:

IDPs, Returnees, Host, community

Main source of food: Cultivation/Sale of livestock



# **Gok Deng**

SOUTH SUDAN

2018-07-19

Location SSID: ssid SS0502 0002

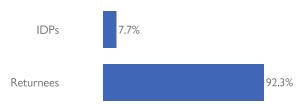
Postcode: SS050201

Accessibility: Accessible by foot

Community Leader: Yes

Registration: No

Who is being registered: NA



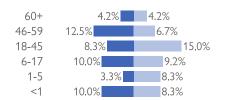
No. IDPs: 120 Households: 25

Reason for displacement: Conflict

Origin of largest IDP group: Warrap, Gogrial East

Origin of 2<sup>nd</sup> largest IDP group:

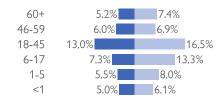
NA. NA



Female Male

#### No. returnees: 1445 Households: 228

Reason for displacement: Conflict Origin of largest retunee group: Sudan





#### Mobility (IDPs)

Date of arrival of first IDP group: Date of arrival of last IDP group: 2014-02-13

Have the IDPs been displaced previously?

Three main reasons preventing the majority of IDPs from returning:

Accessibility, Lack of food, House damaged/destroyed

#### Mobility (returnees)

Date of return of first returnee group: 2015-03-19

Date of return of last returnee group: 2018-11-22

Are there people displaced from this village / neighbourhood who have not returned yet?

#### Special needs

No. pregnant women:

241

No. breastfeeding mothers:

179

Total number of individuals with special needs: 451

Special needs include pregnant and breastfeeding women, separated, orphaned and unaccompanied children, persons with mental or physical disabilities, persons with chronic diseases or serious medical conditions and old people without caregivers.

#### **Protection**

Main security provider in the village / neighbourhood: Local Authorities

#### Health

Most common concern:

Malaria

Main provider: Government

#### Education

Type of facility:

Temporary Learning Spaces

Availability of learning supplies: Yes Availability of teachers: Yes



#### Gok Deng (ssid\_SS0502\_0002) Northern Bahr El Ghazal, Aweil East



Distance from main water source

#### <20 min walking

Water fit for human drinking

Yes

People feel safe collecting water

Yes



% collapsed or in danger of shelters\*

10-25%

Average occupants

1-4

Market access (NFIs)

No



Conditions of most latrines

#### Unknown

#### Not reported

Evidence of open defecation

Yes

Hygiene promotion campaign

Yes



Access to food

#### Yes onsite

Frequency of food assistance

#### Unknown

#### Not reported

Market access (food)

Yes



Separate male / female latrines

#### Unknown

#### Not reported

Toilets / bathrooms lock from inside

#### Unknown

#### Not reported

Lighting around all toilets / bathrooms

Unknown

Not reported



Access to health facility

#### Yes

Distance from health facility

Off-site (<3 km)

Exclusion from health services

None



Security provided at location

#### Yes

Common conflict-related incidents

No

Areas avoided by women / girls

No



Access to primary education

#### Yes

Distance to nearest education facility

1-2 km

% children attending primary education

25-50%

\*The share of collapsed and in danger of collapse shelters in the figure above refers to IDP/returnee shelters only.

#### **WASH**

Connections to functioning pipelines: No

Main water purification method: Boiling

Main water source for cooking / washing: Hand Pumps
Main water source for drinking: Hand Pumps

No. functioning boreholes: 1 Non-functioning: 1

Complaints about drinking water quality: Ye

Main problem with water: Suspended Solids

Type of toilet: Open defecation No. garbage disposal points: 27

Main garbage disposal method: Garbage pit Is solid waste a problem? Yes

#### Shelter / NFIs

Main shelter type: Tukul

Shelter materials available in nature: Poles, Grass
Shelter mat. available from local market: Poles, Grass

Three most needed NFIs:

Emergency shelter kits, Bedding sets, Hygiene kits

#### Food

Groups struggling most with food access:

IDPs, Returnees, Host, community

Main source of food: Bought with cash from market

#### Northern Bahr El Ghazal, Aweil East, Madhol

# Northern Bahr El Ghazal

### **Madhoh**



Location SSID: ssid\_SS0502\_0005

Postcode: SS050202 IDPs 0%

Accessibility: Accessible by foot

Community Leader: Yes Returnees 100%

Registration: No

Who is being registered: NA

No. IDPs: 0 Households: 0

Reason for displacement: NA

Origin of largest IDP group:

NA, NA

Origin of 2<sup>nd</sup> largest IDP group:

NA. NA

#### Mobility (IDPs)

Date of arrival of first IDP group: NA Date of arrival of last IDP group: NA

Have the IDPs been displaced previously?

No

Three main reasons preventing the majority of IDPs from returning:

Lack of food, House damaged/destroyed, Lack of safety

#### **Mobility (returnees)**

Date of return of first returnee group: 2015-02-17 Date of return of last returnee group: 2018-10-13

Are there people displaced from this village / neighbourhood who have not returned yet?

Yes

Special needs

No. pregnant women: 129 No. breastfeeding mothers: 72

Total number of individuals with special needs: 210

Special needs include pregnant and breastfeeding women, separated, orphaned and unaccompanied children, persons with mental or physical disabilities, persons with chronic diseases or serious medical conditions and old people without caregivers.

**Protection** 

Main security provider in the village / neighbourhood: Local Authorities

Health

Most common concern: Malaria Main provider: Government

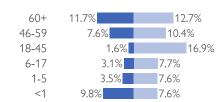
Education

Type of facility: Temporary Learning Spaces

Availability of learning supplies: Yes Availability of teachers: Yes

# No. returnees: 1620 Households: 368

Reason for displacement: Conflict Origin of largest retunee group: Sudan







# Madhoh (ssid\_SS0502\_0005) Northern Bahr El Ghazal, Aweil East



Distance from main water source

#### <20 min walking

Water fit for human drinking

Yes

People feel safe collecting water

Yes



% collapsed or in danger of shelters\*

0-10%

Average occupants

1-4

Market access (NFIs)

No



Conditions of most latrines

#### Not so good

Evidence of open defecation

Yes

Hygiene promotion campaign

Yes



Access to food

#### Yes onsite

Frequency of food assistance

#### Unknown

Not reported

Market access (food)

Yes



Separate male / female latrines

No

Toilets / bathrooms lock from inside

No

Lighting around all toilets / bathrooms

No



Access to health facility

Yes

Distance from health facility

On-site (>3 km)

Exclusion from health services

None



Security provided at location

Yes

Common conflict-related incidents

No

Areas avoided by women / girls

No



Access to primary education

Yes

Distance to nearest education facility

1-2 km

% children attending primary education

25-50%

\*The share of collapsed and in danger of collapse shelters in the figure above refers to IDP/returnee shelters only.

#### **WASH**

Connections to functioning pipelines: No

Main water purification method: Boiling

Main water source for cooking / washing: Hand Pumps
Main water source for drinking: Hand Pumps

No. functioning boreholes: 1 Non-functioning: 1

Complaints about drinking water quality: Yes

Main problem with water: Suspended Solids

Type of toilet: Latrines No. garbage disposal points:

Main garbage disposal method: Garbage pit Is solid waste a problem? Yes

#### Shelter / NFIs

Main shelter type: Tukul

Shelter materials available in nature: Poles, Grass
Shelter mat. available from local market: Poles, Grass

Three most needed NFIs:

Emergency shelter kits, Kitchen sets, Mosquito nets

#### Food

Groups struggling most with food access:

Returnees, Host, community

Main source of food: Cultivation/Sale of livestock

# Northern Bahr El Ghazal

# **Mathiang**

IOM DISPLACEMENT TRACKING MATRIX SOUTH SUDAN

67%

33%

Location SSID: ssid\_SS0502\_0008

Postcode: SS050203

Accessibility: Accessible by other means of transport

Community Leader: Yes

Registration: Yes, paper-based

Who is being registered: IDPs, returnees and host community

No. IDPs: 4306 Households: 859

Reason for displacement: Conflict

Origin of largest IDP group: Northern Bahr El Ghazal, Aweil East Origin of 2<sup>nd</sup> largest IDP group: NA. NA



Female Male

#### No. returnees: 2125 Households: 470

Reason for displacement: Conflict Origin of largest retunee group: Sudan





#### Mobility (IDPs)

Date of arrival of first IDP group: 2013-12-15 Date of arrival of last IDP group: NA

Have the IDPs been displaced previously?

Three main reasons preventing the majority of IDPs from returning:

Lack of food, House damaged/destroyed, Lack of safety

#### Mobility (returnees)

Date of return of first returnee group: 2015-07-17 Date of return of last returnee group: 2018-11-20

**IDPs** 

Returnees

Are there people displaced from this village / neighbourhood who have not returned yet?

Yes

#### Special needs

No. pregnant women: 106 No. breastfeeding mothers: 160

Total number of individuals with special needs: 619

Special needs include pregnant and breastfeeding women, separated, orphaned and unaccompanied children, persons with mental or physical disabilities, persons with chronic diseases or serious medical conditions and old people without caregivers.

#### **Protection**

Main security provider in the village / neighbourhood: Local Authorities

#### Health

Most common concern: Malaria Main provider: NGO/INGO

#### **Education**

Type of facility: Formal Primary Education

Availability of learning supplies: No Availability of teachers: Yes



#### Mathiang (ssid\_SS0502\_0008) Northern Bahr El Ghazal, Aweil East



Distance from main water source

#### >20 min walking

Water fit for human drinking

Yes

People feel safe collecting water

Yes



% collapsed or in danger of shelters\*

### Unknown Not reported

Average occupants

#### Unknown

Not reported

Market access (NFIs)

Yes



Conditions of most latrines

#### Unknown

**Not reported**Evidence of open defecation

Yes

Hygiene promotion campaign

No



Access to food

#### Yes offsite

Frequency of food assistance

#### Once a month

Market access (food)

Yes



Separate male / female latrines

#### Unknown

#### Not reported

Toilets / bathrooms lock from inside

#### Unknown

#### Not reported

Lighting around all toilets / bathrooms

Unknown

Not reported



Access to health facility

#### Yes

Distance from health facility

Off-site (<3 km)

Exclusion from health services

None



Security provided at location

#### Yes

Common conflict-related incidents

No

Areas avoided by women / girls

No



Access to primary education

#### Yes

Distance to nearest education facility

1-2 km

% children attending primary education

25-50%

\*The share of collapsed and in danger of collapse shelters in the figure above refers to IDP/returnee shelters only.

#### **WASH**

Connections to functioning pipelines: No

Main water purification method: None

Main water source for cooking / washing: Hand Pumps
Main water source for drinking: Hand Pumps

No. functioning boreholes: 2 Non-functioning: 1

Complaints about drinking water quality: Ye

Main problem with water: Long queue

Type of toilet: Open defecation No. garbage disposal points:

Main garbage disposal method: No waste disposal Is solid waste a problem? No

#### Shelter / NFIs

Main shelter type: Tukul

Shelter materials available in nature: Poles, Rope, Grass Shelter mat. available from local market: Poles, Rope, Grass

Three most needed NFIs:

Emergency shelter kits, Bedding sets, Hygiene kits

#### Food

Groups struggling most with food access:

IDPs, Returnees, Host, community

Main source of food: Food assistance

#### Northern Bahr El Ghazal, Aweil East, Mangar Tong 1

# Northern Bahr El Ghazal

### **Both Yar**

IOM DISPLACEMENT TRACKING MATRIX SOUTH SUDAN

NA

Location SSID: ssid\_SS0502\_0001

Postcode: SS050204

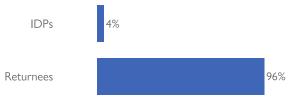
Accessibility: Accessible by other means of transport

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Registration: Yes, paper-based

Community Leader: Yes

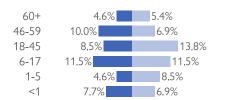
Who is being registered: IDPs, returnees and host community



No. IDPs: 130 Households: 30

Reason for displacement: Conflict

Origin of largest IDP group: Northern Bahr El Ghazal, Aweil East Origin of 2<sup>nd</sup> largest IDP group: Northern Bahr El Ghazal, Aweil East





**Mobility (IDPs)**Date of arrival of

Date of arrival of first IDP group: 2018-04-15

2018-04-15

Have the IDPs been displaced previously?

Three main reasons preventing the majority of IDPs from returning:

Accessibility, Lack of food, No livelihood

Mobility (returnees)

Date of return of first returnee group: 2016-01-01

Date of return of last returnee group: 2018-11-15

Are there people displaced from this village / neighbourhood who have not returned yet? Yes

Special needs

No. pregnant women: 10

No. breastfeeding mothers: 20

Date of arrival of last IDP group:

Total number of individuals with special needs: 80

Special needs include pregnant and breastfeeding women, separated, orphaned and unaccompanied children, persons with mental or physical disabilities, persons with chronic diseases or serious medical conditions and old people without caregivers.

**Protection** 

Main security provider in the village / neighbourhood: Local Authorities

Health

Most common concern: Complicated Pregnancy Main provider: Government

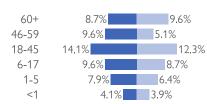
**Education** 

Type of facility: Formal Primary Education

Availability of learning supplies: No Availability of teachers: Yes

#### No. returnees: 3109 Households: 625

Reason for displacement: Conflict Origin of largest retunee group: Sudan







#### Both Yar (ssid\_SS0502\_0001) Northern Bahr El Ghazal, Aweil East



Distance from main water source

#### <20 min walking

Water fit for human drinking

No

People feel safe collecting water

Yes



% collapsed or in danger of shelters\*

### Unknown Not reported

Average occupants

#### Unknown Not reported

Market access (NFIs)

Yes



Conditions of most latrines

#### Unknown

#### Not reported

Evidence of open defecation

Yes

Hygiene promotion campaign

Access to food

No

Yes onsite

Unknown

Not reported

Yes

Frequency of food assistance

Market access (food)



Separate male / female latrines

Unknown

Not reported

Toilets / bathrooms lock from inside

Unknown

Not reported

Unknown

Not reported

Lighting around all toilets / bathrooms

Access to health facility

#### Yes

Distance from health facility

#### Unknown Not reported

Exclusion from health services

None



Security provided at location

#### Yes

Common conflict-related incidents

#### No

Areas avoided by women / girls

Yes



Access to primary education

#### Yes

Distance to nearest education facility

#### 6-10 km

% children attending primary education

>75%

\*The share of collapsed and in danger of collapse shelters in the figure above refers to IDP/returnee shelters only.

#### **WASH**

Connections to functioning pipelines: No

Main water purification method: Filtering

Main water source for cooking / washing: Hand Pumps
Main water source for drinking: Hand Pumps

No. functioning boreholes: 4 Non-functioning: 3

Complaints about drinking water quality: Yes

Main problem with water: Too far

Type of toilet: Open defecation No. garbage disposal points:

Main garbage disposal method: Unknown Is solid waste a problem? No

#### Shelter / NFIs

Main shelter type: Tukul

Shelter materials available in nature: Poles, Bamboo, Rope, Grass Shelter mat. available from local market: Poles, Bamboo, Rope, Grass

Three most needed NFIs:

Emergency shelter kits, Bedding sets, Adult Clothing

#### Food

Groups struggling most with food access:

IDPs, Returnees, Host, community

Main source of food: Cultivation/Sale of livestock

#### Northern Bahr El Ghazal, Aweil East, Mangok

# Northern Bahr El Ghazal

# Mangok

IOM DISPLACEMENT TRACKING MATRIX SOUTH SUDAN

Location SSID: ssid\_SS0502\_0006

Postcode: SS050205 IDPs 0%

Accessibility: Accessible by car

Community Leader: Yes Returnees 100%

Registration: Yes, biometric

Who is being registered: Returnees only

No. IDPs: 0 Households: 0

Reason for displacement: NA

Origin of largest IDP group:

NA, NA

Origin of 2<sup>nd</sup> largest IDP group:

NA, NA

Mobility (IDPs)

Date of arrival of first IDP group: NA Date of arrival of last IDP group: NA

Have the IDPs been displaced previously?

No

Three main reasons preventing the majority of IDPs from returning:

Lack of food, House damaged/destroyed, Lack of safety

Mobility (returnees)

Date of return of first returnee group: 2016-06-17 Date of return of last returnee group: 2018-04-04

Are there people displaced from this village / neighbourhood who have not returned yet?

Yes

Special needs

No. pregnant women: 21 No. breastfeeding mothers: 71

Total number of individuals with special needs: 161

Special needs include pregnant and breastfeeding women, separated, orphaned and unaccompanied children, persons with mental or physical disabilities, persons with chronic diseases or serious medical conditions and old people without caregivers.

**Protection** 

Main security provider in the village / neighbourhood: Local Authorities

Health

Most common concern: Malaria Main provider: NGO/INGO

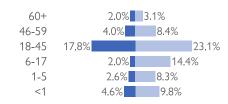
**Education** 

Type of facility: Temporary Learning Spaces

Availability of learning supplies: No Availability of teachers: Yes

#### No. returnees: 3485 Households: 697

Reason for displacement: Conflict Origin of largest retunee group: Sudan







#### Mangok (ssid\_SS0502\_0006) Northern Bahr El Ghazal, Aweil East



Distance from main water source

>20 min walking

Water fit for human drinking

No

People feel safe collecting water

Yes



% collapsed or in danger of shelters\*

>75%

Average occupants

1-4

Market access (NFIs)

Yes



Conditions of most latrines

#### Unknown

Not reported

Evidence of open defecation

Yes

Hygiene promotion campaign

No



Access to food

#### Yes offsite

Frequency of food assistance

Once a month

Market access (food)

Yes



Separate male / female latrines

#### Unknown

Not reported

Toilets / bathrooms lock from inside

#### Unknown

Not reported

Lighting around all toilets / bathrooms

Unknown

Not reported



Access to health facility

#### Yes

Distance from health facility

On-site (>3 km)

Exclusion from health services

None



Security provided at location

#### Yes

Common conflict-related incidents

No

Areas avoided by women / girls

Yes



Access to primary education

#### Yes

Distance to nearest education facility

1-2 km

% children attending primary education

25-50%

Returnees

\*The share of collapsed and in danger of collapse shelters in the figure above refers to IDP/returnee shelters only.

#### **WASH**

Connections to functioning pipelines: No Main water purification method: Boiling Main water source for cooking / washing: Spring Main water source for drinking: Spring

No. functioning boreholes: Non-functioning: 0

Complaints about drinking water quality: Main problem with water: Too far

Type of toilet: Open defecation No. garbage disposal points:

Main garbage disposal method: Burning

Is solid waste a problem? Yes

#### Shelter / NFIs

Main shelter type: Tukul

Shelter materials available in nature: Poles, Bamboo, Rope, Grass Shelter mat. available from local market: Poles, Bamboo, Rope, Grass

Three most needed NFIs:

Emergency shelter kits, Bedding sets, Mosquito nets

#### Food

Groups struggling most with food access:

Food assistance

Main source of food: Reason for lack of market access:

#### Northern Bahr El Ghazal, Aweil East, Wunlang

# Northern Bahr El Ghazal

# **Manyiel**

SOUTH SUDAN

70.7%

Location SSID: ssid SS0502 0007

Postcode: SS050206 29,3% **IDPs** 

Accessibility: Accessible by other means of transport

Community Leader: Yes Returnees

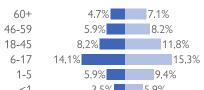
Registration: Yes, paper-based

Who is being registered: IDPs, returnees and host community

No. IDPs: 85 Households: 20

Reason for displacement: Conflict

Origin of largest IDP group: Northern Bahr El Ghazal, Aweil East Origin of 2<sup>nd</sup> largest IDP group: NA. NA

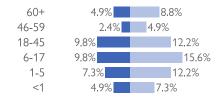


Female Male

<1 3.5% 5.9%

No. returnees: 205 Households: 48

Reason for displacement: Conflict Origin of largest retunee group: Sudan





Mobility (IDPs)

Date of arrival of first IDP group: Date of arrival of last IDP group: 2017-07-25 NA

Have the IDPs been displaced previously?

Three main reasons preventing the majority of IDPs from returning:

Lack of food, House damaged/destroyed, Lack of safety

Mobility (returnees)

Date of return of first returnee group: 2016-02-25 Date of return of last returnee group: 2018-04-19

Are there people displaced from this village / neighbourhood who have not returned yet?

Special needs

No. pregnant women: 20 No. breastfeeding mothers: 10

Total number of individuals with special needs: 43

Special needs include pregnant and breastfeeding women, separated, orphaned and unaccompanied children, persons with mental or physical disabilities, persons with chronic diseases or serious medical conditions and old people without caregivers.

**Protection** 

Main security provider in the village / neighbourhood: Local Authorities

Health

Most common concern: Cough Main provider: Government

Education

Type of facility: Formal Primary Education

Availability of learning supplies: No Availability of teachers: Yes



#### Manyiel (ssid SS0502 0007) Northern Bahr El Ghazal, Aweil East



Distance from main water source

#### <20 min walking

Water fit for human drinking

Yes

People feel safe collecting water

Yes



% collapsed or in danger of shelters\*

#### Unknown Not reported

Average occupants

#### Unknown

Not reported Market access (NFIs)

No



Conditions of most latrines

#### Unknown

#### Not reported

Evidence of open defecation

Yes

Hygiene promotion campaign

Access to food

No

Yes onsite

Once a month

Yes

Frequency of food assistance

Market access (food)



Separate male / female latrines

Unknown

Not reported

Toilets / bathrooms lock from inside

Unknown

Not reported

Unknown

Not reported

Lighting around all toilets / bathrooms

Access to health facility

#### Yes

Distance from health facility

Off-site (<3 km)

Exclusion from health services

None



Security provided at location

#### Yes

Common conflict-related incidents

#### No

Areas avoided by women / girls

Yes



Access to primary education

#### Yes

Distance to nearest education facility

<1 km

% children attending primary education

51-75%

\*The share of collapsed and in danger of collapse shelters in the figure above refers to IDP/returnee shelters only.

#### **WASH**

Connections to functioning pipelines: No

Main water purification method: **Tablets** 

Main water source for cooking / washing: Hand Pumps Main water source for drinking: Hand Pumps

No. functioning boreholes: Non-functioning: 2

Complaints about drinking water quality:

Main problem with water: Too far

Type of toilet: Open defecation No. garbage disposal points:

Main garbage disposal method: Unknown

Is solid waste a problem? No

#### Shelter / NFIs

Main shelter type: Temporary shelter (Rakooba)

Shelter materials available in nature: Poles, Rope, Grass Shelter mat. available from local market: Poles, Rope, Grass

Three most needed NFIs:

Emergency shelter kits, Bedding sets, Adult Clothing

#### Food

Groups struggling most with food access:

IDPs, Returnees, Host, community

Main source of food: Food assistance Reason for lack of market access:

# Northern Bahr El Ghazal

# Mabuk Agiu Area

IOM DISPLACEMENT TRACKING MATRIX SOUTH SUDAN

Location SSID: ssid\_SS0502\_0003

Postcode: SS050207 IDPs 0%

Accessibility: Accessible by other means of transport

Community Leader: Yes Returnees 100%

Registration: Yes, paper-based

Who is being registered: IDPs, returnees and host community

No. IDPs: 0 Households: 0

Reason for displacement: Conflict

Origin of largest IDP group:

NA, NA

Origin of 2<sup>nd</sup> largest IDP group:

NA, NA

#### Mobility (IDPs)

Date of arrival of first IDP group: NA Date of arrival of last IDP group: NA

Have the IDPs been displaced previously?

Three main reasons preventing the majority of IDPs from returning:

Lack of food, House damaged/destroyed, Lack of safety

#### Mobility (returnees)

Date of return of first returnee group: 2018-04-24 Date of return of last returnee group: 2018-10-29

Are there people displaced from this village / neighbourhood who have not returned yet? Yes

#### Special needs

No. pregnant women: 20 No. breastfeeding mothers: 50

Total number of individuals with special needs: 106

Special needs include pregnant and breastfeeding women, separated, orphaned and unaccompanied children, persons with mental or physical disabilities, persons with chronic diseases or serious medical conditions and old people without caregivers.

#### **Protection**

Main security provider in the village / neighbourhood: Local Authorities

#### Health

Most common concern: Diarrhea Main provider: Government

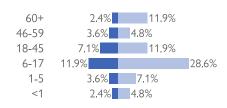
#### **Education**

Type of facility: Formal Primary Education

Availability of learning supplies: No Availability of teachers: Yes

# No. returnees: 420 Households: 91

Reason for displacement: Conflict Origin of largest retunee group: Sudan







#### Mabuk Agiu Area (ssid SS0502 0003) Northern Bahr El Ghazal, Aweil East



Distance from main water source

#### >20 min walking

Water fit for human drinking

No

People feel safe collecting water

Yes



% collapsed or in danger of shelters\*

>75%

Average occupants

1-4

Market access (NFIs)

Yes



Conditions of most latrines

#### Unknown

#### Not reported

Evidence of open defecation

Yes

Hygiene promotion campaign

Yes



Access to food

#### Yes onsite

Frequency of food assistance

Once a month

Market access (food)

Yes



Separate male / female latrines

#### Unknown

#### Not reported

Toilets / bathrooms lock from inside

#### Unknown

#### Not reported

Lighting around all toilets / bathrooms

Unknown

Not reported



Access to health facility

#### Yes

Distance from health facility

Off-site (<3 km)

Exclusion from health services

None

Shelter / NFIs

Main shelter type:

Three most needed NFIs:



Security provided at location

#### Yes

Common conflict-related incidents

#### No

Areas avoided by women / girls

Yes



Access to primary education

#### Yes

Distance to nearest education facility

3-5 km

% children attending primary education

25-50%

Poles, Rope, Grass

Temporary shelter (Rakooba)

Shelter mat. available from local market: Poles, Rope, Grass

Emergency shelter kits, Adult clothing, Child Clothing

\*The share of collapsed and in danger of collapse shelters in the figure above refers to IDP/returnee shelters only.

#### **WASH**

Connections to functioning pipelines: No Main water purification method: Filtering

Main water source for cooking / washing: Hand Pumps Main water source for drinking: Hand Pumps

No. functioning boreholes:

Complaints about drinking water quality:

Main problem with water: No complaints

Type of toilet: Open defecation No. garbage disposal points:

Main garbage disposal method: Unknown Is solid waste a problem? No

Non-functioning: 5

Food

Groups struggling most with food access:

Shelter materials available in nature:

IDPs, Returnees, Host, community

Main source of food: Food assistance Reason for lack of market access:

28



# Riang Ajawak Area



Location SSID: ssid\_SS0503\_0006

Postcode: SS050301 **IDPs** 0%

Accessibility: Accessible by foot

Community Leader: Yes 100% Returnees

Registration: No

Who is being registered: NA

No. IDPs: 0 Households: 0

Reason for displacement: NA

Origin of largest IDP group:

NA. NA

Origin of 2<sup>nd</sup> largest IDP group:

NA. NA

Mobility (IDPs)

Date of arrival of first IDP group: Date of arrival of last IDP group: NA

Have the IDPs been displaced previously?

No

Three main reasons preventing the majority of IDPs from returning:

Accessibility, Lack of food, House damaged/destroyed

Mobility (returnees)

Date of return of first returnee group: NA Date of return of last returnee group: NA

Are there people displaced from this village / neighbourhood who have not returned yet?

Special needs

No. pregnant women: 38 No. breastfeeding mothers: 21

Total number of individuals with special needs: 72

Special needs include pregnant and breastfeeding women, separated, orphaned and unaccompanied children, persons with mental or physical disabilities, persons with chronic diseases or serious medical conditions and old people without caregivers.

**Protection** 

Main security provider in the village / neighbourhood: Local Authorities

Health

Most common concern: Malaria Main provider: NGO/INGO

Education

Temporary Learning Spaces Type of facility:

Availability of learning supplies: Yes Availability of teachers: Yes

#### No. returnees: 2901 Households: 582

Reason for displacement: Conflict Origin of largest retunee group: Sudan







#### Riang Ajawak Area (ssid\_SS0503\_0006) Northern Bahr El Ghazal, Aweil North



Distance from main water source

#### <20 min walking

Water fit for human drinking

Yes

People feel safe collecting water

Yes



% collapsed or in danger of shelters\*

### Unknown Not reported

Average occupants

Unknown

Not reported

Market access (NFIs)

No



Conditions of most latrines

#### Not so good

Evidence of open defecation

Yes

Hygiene promotion campaign

Yes



Access to food

#### Yes onsite

Frequency of food assistance

Unknown

Not reported

Market access (food)

Yes



Separate male / female latrines

No

Toilets / bathrooms lock from inside

No

Lighting around all toilets / bathrooms

No



Access to health facility

#### Yes

Distance from health facility

Off-site (<3 km)

Exclusion from health services

None



Security provided at location

#### Yes

Common conflict-related incidents

No

Areas avoided by women / girls

No



Access to primary education

#### Yes

Distance to nearest education facility

<1 km

% children attending primary education

<25%

\*The share of collapsed and in danger of collapse shelters in the figure above refers to IDP/returnee shelters only.

#### **WASH**

Connections to functioning pipelines: No

Main water purification method: Boiling

Main water source for cooking / washing: Hand Pumps
Main water source for drinking: Hand Pumps

No. functioning boreholes: 2 Non-functioning: 1

Complaints about drinking water quality: Yes

Main problem with water: Suspended Solids

Type of toilet: Latrines No. garbage disposal points:

Main garbage disposal method: Garbage pit Is solid waste a problem? Yes

#### Shelter / NFIs

Main shelter type: Tukul

Shelter materials available in nature: Poles, Bamboo, Rope Shelter mat. available from local market: Poles, Bamboo, Rope

Three most needed NFIs:

Emergency shelter kits, Kitchen sets, Bedding sets

#### Food

Groups struggling most with food access: Returnees

Main source of food: Cultivation/Sale of livestock

#### Northern Bahr El Ghazal, Aweil North, Malual Centre

# Northern Bahr El Ghazal

# Manger Akot

SOUTH SUDAN

Location SSID: ssid SS0503 0002

Postcode: SS050302 **IDPs** 0%

Accessibility: Accessible by foot

Community Leader: Yes 100% Returnees

Registration: No

Who is being registered: NA

No. IDPs: 0 Households: 0

Reason for displacement: NA

Origin of largest IDP group:

NA. NA

Origin of 2<sup>nd</sup> largest IDP group:

NA. NA

#### Mobility (IDPs)

Date of arrival of first IDP group: Date of arrival of last IDP group: NA

Have the IDPs been displaced previously? No

Three main reasons preventing the majority of IDPs from returning:

Accessibility, Lack of food, House damaged/destroyed

#### Mobility (returnees)

Date of return of first returnee group: 2017-10-14 Date of return of last returnee group: 2018-06-19

Are there people displaced from this village / neighbourhood who have not returned yet?

Special needs

No. pregnant women: 134 No. breastfeeding mothers:

Total number of individuals with special needs: 227

Special needs include pregnant and breastfeeding women, separated, orphaned and unaccompanied children, persons with mental or physical disabilities, persons with chronic diseases or serious medical conditions and old people without caregivers.

**Protection** 

Main security provider in the village / neighbourhood: Local Authorities

Health

Most common concern: Malaria Main provider: Government

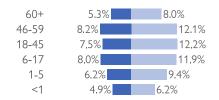
Education

Temporary Learning Spaces Type of facility:

Availability of learning supplies: Yes Availability of teachers: Yes

#### No. returnees: 721 Households: 139

Reason for displacement: Conflict Origin of largest retunee group: Northern Bahr El Ghazal, Aweil North







#### Manger Akot (ssid\_SS0503\_0002) Northern Bahr El Ghazal, Aweil North



Distance from main water source

#### <20 min walking

Water fit for human drinking

Yes

People feel safe collecting water

Yes



% collapsed or in danger of shelters\*

### Unknown Not reported

Average occupants

Unknown

Not reported

Market access (NFIs)

No



Conditions of most latrines

#### Not so good

Evidence of open defecation

Yes

Hygiene promotion campaign

Yes



Access to food

#### Yes offsite

Frequency of food assistance

#### Unknown

Not reported

Market access (food)

Yes



Separate male / female latrines

No

Toilets / bathrooms lock from inside

No

Lighting around all toilets / bathrooms

No



Access to health facility

#### Yes

Distance from health facility

On-site (>3 km)

Exclusion from health services

None



Security provided at location

#### Yes

Common conflict-related incidents

No

Areas avoided by women / girls

No



Access to primary education

#### Yes

Distance to nearest education facility

1-2 km

% children attending primary education

25-50%

\*The share of collapsed and in danger of collapse shelters in the figure above refers to IDP/returnee shelters only.

#### **WASH**

Connections to functioning pipelines: No

Main water purification method: Boiling

Main water source for cooking / washing: Hand Pumps
Main water source for drinking: Hand Pumps

No. functioning boreholes: 1 Non-functioning: 1

Complaints about drinking water quality: Ye

Main problem with water: Odor/smell

Type of toilet: Latrines No. garbage disposal points:

Main garbage disposal method: Garbage pit Is solid waste a problem? Yes

#### Shelter / NFIs

Main shelter type: Tukul

Shelter materials available in nature: Poles, Rope Shelter mat. available from local market: Poles, Rope

Three most needed NFIs:

Emergency shelter kits, Kitchen sets, Bedding sets

#### Food

Groups struggling most with food access:

Returnees, Host, community

Main source of food: Cultivation/Sale of livestock



# Rum Mading Area



Location SSID: ssid SS0503 0009

Postcode: SS050303 **IDPs** 0%

Accessibility: Accessible by foot

Community Leader: No 100% Returnees

Registration: No

Who is being registered: NA

No. IDPs: 0 Households: 0

Reason for displacement: NA

Origin of largest IDP group:

NA. NA

Origin of 2<sup>nd</sup> largest IDP group:

NA. NA

#### Mobility (IDPs)

Date of arrival of first IDP group: Date of arrival of last IDP group: NA

Have the IDPs been displaced previously?

No

Three main reasons preventing the majority of IDPs from returning:

Accessibility, Lack of food, Lack of safety

#### Mobility (returnees)

Date of return of first returnee group: 2015-01-14 Date of return of last returnee group: 2018-11-17

Are there people displaced from this village / neighbourhood who have not returned yet?

Special needs

No. pregnant women: 341 No. breastfeeding mothers: 297

Total number of individuals with special needs: 655

Special needs include pregnant and breastfeeding women, separated, orphaned and unaccompanied children, persons with mental or physical disabilities, persons with chronic diseases or serious medical conditions and old people without caregivers.

**Protection** 

Main security provider in the village / neighbourhood: Local Authorities

Health

Most common concern: Malaria Main provider: Government

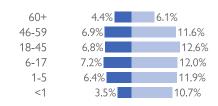
Education

Temporary Learning Spaces Type of facility:

Availability of learning supplies: Yes Availability of teachers: Yes

#### No. returnees: 2906 Households: 565

Reason for displacement: Other, specify Origin of largest retunee group: Sudan







#### Rum Mading Area (ssid\_SS0503\_0009) Northern Bahr El Ghazal, Aweil North



Distance from main water source

#### <20 min walking

Water fit for human drinking

No

People feel safe collecting water

No



% collapsed or in danger of shelters\*

0-10%

Average occupants

1-4

Market access (NFIs)

No



Conditions of most latrines

#### Not so good

Evidence of open defecation

Yes

Hygiene promotion campaign

No



Access to food

#### Yes onsite

Frequency of food assistance

#### Unknown

Not reported

Market access (food)

Yes



Separate male / female latrines

No

Toilets / bathrooms lock from inside

No

Lighting around all toilets / bathrooms

No



Access to health facility

#### Yes

Distance from health facility

On-site (>3 km)

Exclusion from health services

None



Security provided at location

#### Yes

Common conflict-related incidents

#### Yes

Areas avoided by women / girls

No



Access to primary education

#### Yes

Distance to nearest education facility

1-2 km

% children attending primary education

Returnees, Host, community

25-50%

\*The share of collapsed and in danger of collapse shelters in the figure above refers to IDP/returnee shelters only.

#### **WASH**

Connections to functioning pipelines: No

Main water purification method: Boiling

Main water source for cooking / washing: Hand Pumps
Main water source for drinking: Hand Pumps

No. functioning boreholes: 2 Non-functioning: 1

Complaints about drinking water quality: Yes

Main problem with water: Suspended Solids

Type of toilet: Latrines No. garbage disposal points:

Main garbage disposal method: Garbage pit Is solid waste a problem? Yes

#### Shelter / NFIs

Main shelter type: Tukul

Shelter materials available in nature: Rope, Grass Shelter mat. available from local market: Poles, Grass

Three most needed NFIs:

Emergency shelter kits, Kitchen sets, Bedding sets

#### Food

Groups struggling most with food access:

Main source of food: Cultivation/Sale of livestock

# Northern Bahr El Ghazal, Aweil North, Malual North

# Northern Bahr El Ghazal

# **Marol Tiit**

SOUTH SUDAN

Location SSID: ssid\_SS0503\_0004

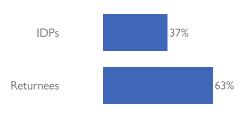
Postcode: SS050304

Accessibility: Accessible by car

Community Leader: Yes

Registration: No

Who is being registered: NA



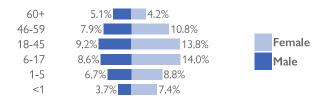
No. IDPs: 2789 Households: 564

Reason for displacement: Conflict

Origin of largest IDP group:

Northern Bahr El Ghazal, Aweil North Origin of 2<sup>nd</sup> largest IDP group:

NA. NA



# Mobility (IDPs)

Date of arrival of first IDP group: 2014-02-14

Date of arrival of last IDP group:

2018-07-06

Have the IDPs been displaced previously?

Three main reasons preventing the majority of IDPs from returning:

Accessibility, Lack of food, House damaged/destroyed

# Mobility (returnees)

Date of return of first returnee group: 2016-02-18

Date of return of last returnee group: 2018-10-19

Are there people displaced from this village / neighbourhood who have not returned yet? Yes

160

Special needs

No. pregnant women: 74 No. breastfeeding mothers: 52

Total number of individuals with special needs:

Special needs include pregnant and breastfeeding women, separated, orphaned and unaccompanied children, persons with mental or physical disabilities, persons with chronic diseases or serious medical conditions and old people without caregivers.

**Protection** 

Main security provider in the village / neighbourhood: Local Authorities

Health

Most common concern: Malaria Main provider: Government

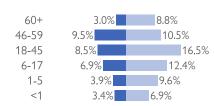
Education

Temporary Learning Spaces Type of facility:

Availability of learning supplies: Yes Availability of teachers: Yes

# No. returnees: 4751 Households: 954

Reason for displacement: Conflict Origin of largest retunee group: Sudan







# Marol Tiit (ssid\_SS0503\_0004) Northern Bahr El Ghazal, Aweil North



Distance from main water source

# <20 min walking

Water fit for human drinking

No

People feel safe collecting water

No



% collapsed or in danger of shelters\*

0-10%

Average occupants

1-4

Market access (NFIs)

No



Conditions of most latrines

### Not so good

Evidence of open defecation

Yes

Hygiene promotion campaign

Yes



Access to food

# Yes onsite

Frequency of food assistance

# Unknown

Not reported

Market access (food)

Yes



Separate male / female latrines

No

Toilets / bathrooms lock from inside

No

Lighting around all toilets / bathrooms

No



Access to health facility

Yes

Distance from health facility

Off-site (<3 km)

Exclusion from health services

None



Security provided at location

Yes

Common conflict-related incidents

No

Areas avoided by women / girls

No



Access to primary education

Yes

Distance to nearest education facility

1-2 km

% children attending primary education

<25%

\*The share of collapsed and in danger of collapse shelters in the figure above refers to IDP/returnee shelters only.

### **WASH**

Connections to functioning pipelines: No

Main water purification method: Boiling

Main water source for cooking / washing: Hand Pumps
Main water source for drinking: Hand Pumps

No. functioning boreholes: 1 Non-functioning: 1

Complaints about drinking water quality: Yes

Main problem with water: Odor/smell

Type of toilet: Latrines No. garbage disposal points:

Main garbage disposal method: Garbage pit Is solid waste a problem? Yes

# Shelter / NFIs

Main shelter type: Tukul

Shelter materials available in nature: Poles, Grass
Shelter mat. available from local market: Poles, Grass

Three most needed NFIs:

Emergency shelter kits, Kitchen sets, Bedding sets

### Food

Groups struggling most with food access:

IDPs, Returnees, Host, community

Main source of food: Cultivation/Sale of livestock

Reason for lack of market access: NA

# Northern Bahr El Ghazal, Aweil North, Malual North

# Northern Bahr El Ghazal

# Riang Anei

IOM DISPLACEMENT TRACKING MATRIX SOUTH SUDAN

Location SSID: ssid\_SS0503\_0008

Postcode: SS050304 IDPs 0%

Accessibility: Accessible by foot

Community Leader: Yes Returnees 100%

Registration: No

Who is being registered: NA

No. IDPs: 0 Households: 0

Reason for displacement: NA

Origin of largest IDP group:

NA, NA

Origin of 2<sup>nd</sup> largest IDP group:

NA, NA

# Mobility (IDPs)

Date of arrival of first IDP group: NA Date of arrival of last IDP group: NA

Have the IDPs been displaced previously?

No

Three main reasons preventing the majority of IDPs from returning:

Lack of food, House damaged/destroyed, Lack of safety

# Mobility (returnees)

Date of return of first returnee group: 2017-11-17 Date of return of last returnee group: 2018-04-14

Are there people displaced from this village / neighbourhood who have not returned yet?

Special needs

No. pregnant women: 39 No. breastfeeding mothers: 9

Total number of individuals with special needs: 60

Special needs include pregnant and breastfeeding women, separated, orphaned and unaccompanied children, persons with mental or physical disabilities, persons with chronic diseases or serious medical conditions and old people without caregivers.

**Protection** 

Main security provider in the village / neighbourhood: Local Authorities

Health

Most common concern: Malaria Main provider: Government

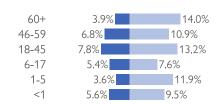
Education

Type of facility: Temporary Learning Spaces

Availability of learning supplies: Yes Availability of teachers: Yes

# No. returnees: 1261 Households: 235

Reason for displacement: Conflict Origin of largest retunee group: Sudan







# Riang Anei (ssid\_SS0503\_0008) Northern Bahr El Ghazal, Aweil North



Distance from main water source

# <20 min walking

Water fit for human drinking

Yes

People feel safe collecting water

Yes



% collapsed or in danger of shelters\*

10-25%

Average occupants

1-4

Market access (NFIs)

No



Conditions of most latrines

### Not so good

Evidence of open defecation

Yes

Hygiene promotion campaign

No



Access to food

## Yes onsite

Frequency of food assistance

# Unknown

Not reported

Market access (food)

Yes



Separate male / female latrines

No

Toilets / bathrooms lock from inside

No

Lighting around all toilets / bathrooms

No



Access to health facility

### Yes

Distance from health facility

On-site (>3 km)

Exclusion from health services

None



Security provided at location

### Yes

Common conflict-related incidents

No

Areas avoided by women / girls

No



Access to primary education

### Yes

Distance to nearest education facility

1-2 km

% children attending primary education

25-50%

\*The share of collapsed and in danger of collapse shelters in the figure above refers to IDP/returnee shelters only.

### **WASH**

Connections to functioning pipelines: No

Main water purification method: Boiling

Main water source for cooking / washing: Hand Pumps
Main water source for drinking: Hand Pumps

No. functioning boreholes: 1 Non-functioning: 1

Complaints about drinking water quality: Yes

Main problem with water: Odor/smell

Type of toilet: Latrines No. garbage disposal points:

Main garbage disposal method: Garbage pit Is solid waste a problem? Yes

# Shelter / NFIs

Main shelter type: Tukul

Shelter materials available in nature: Poles, Rope Shelter mat. available from local market: Poles, Rope

Three most needed NFIs:

Emergency shelter kits, Kitchen sets, Bedding sets

### Food

Groups struggling most with food access:

Returnees, Host, community

Main source of food: Bought with cash from market

Reason for lack of market access: NA



# Mayom Angok

SOUTH SUDAN

Location SSID: ssid SS0503 0005

Postcode: SS050305

Accessibility: Accessible by foot

Community Leader: Yes

Registration: No

Who is being registered: NA



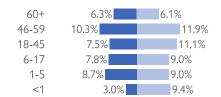
No. IDPs: 1675 Households: 300

Reason for displacement: Conflict

Origin of largest IDP group:

Northern Bahr El Ghazal, Aweil North Origin of 2<sup>nd</sup> largest IDP group:

NA. NA



Female Male

Mobility (IDPs)

Date of arrival of first IDP group:

2014-03-21

Date of arrival of last IDP group:

2017-11-19

Have the IDPs been displaced previously?

Three main reasons preventing the majority of IDPs from returning:

Accessibility, Lack of food, House damaged/destroyed

Mobility (returnees)

Date of return of first returnee group: 2015-01-24

Date of return of last returnee group: 2018-09-09

Are there people displaced from this village / neighbourhood who have not returned yet?

Special needs

No. pregnant women:

271

No. breastfeeding mothers:

117

Total number of individuals with special needs: 432

Special needs include pregnant and breastfeeding women, separated, orphaned and unaccompanied children, persons with mental or physical disabilities, persons with chronic diseases or serious medical conditions and old people without caregivers.

**Protection** 

Main security provider in the village / neighbourhood:

Local Authorities

Health

Most common concern:

Malaria

Main provider: Government

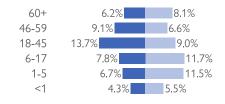
Education

Temporary Learning Spaces Type of facility:

Availability of learning supplies: Yes Availability of teachers: Yes

# No. returnees: 2177 Households: 436

Reason for displacement: Conflict Origin of largest retunee group: Sudan







# Mayom Angok (ssid\_SS0503\_0005) Northern Bahr El Ghazal, Aweil North



Distance from main water source

# <20 min walking

Water fit for human drinking

Yes

People feel safe collecting water

Yes



% collapsed or in danger of shelters\*

0-10%

Average occupants

1-4

Market access (NFIs)

No



Conditions of most latrines

### Not so good

Evidence of open defecation

Yes

Hygiene promotion campaign

Yes



Access to food

# Yes offsite

Frequency of food assistance

# Unknown Not reported

Market access (food)

Yes



Separate male / female latrines

No

Toilets / bathrooms lock from inside

No

Lighting around all toilets / bathrooms

No



Access to health facility

Yes

Distance from health facility

Off-site (<3 km)

Exclusion from health services

None



Security provided at location

Yes

Common conflict-related incidents

No

Areas avoided by women / girls

No



Access to primary education

Yes

Distance to nearest education facility

1-2 km

% children attending primary education

25-50%

\*The share of collapsed and in danger of collapse shelters in the figure above refers to IDP/returnee shelters only.

### **WASH**

Connections to functioning pipelines: No

Main water purification method: Boiling

Main water source for cooking / washing: Hand Pumps
Main water source for drinking: Hand Pumps

No. functioning boreholes: 1 Non-functioning: 1

Complaints about drinking water quality: Yes

Main problem with water: Suspended Solids

Type of toilet: Latrines No. garbage disposal points:

Main garbage disposal method: Garbage pit Is solid waste a problem? Yes

# Shelter / NFIs

Main shelter type: Tukul

Shelter materials available in nature: Poles, Rope Shelter mat. available from local market: Poles, Rope

Three most needed NFIs:

Emergency shelter kits, Bedding sets, Hygiene kits

### Food

Groups struggling most with food access:

IDPs, Returnees, Host, community

Main source of food: Bought with cash from market

Reason for lack of market access: NA

40

# Northern Bahr El Ghazal, Aweil South, Ayai

# Northern Bahr El Ghazal

# Ayai

IOM DISPLACEMENT TRACKING MATRIX SOUTH SUDAN

2016-05-07

Location SSID: ssid\_SS0504\_0001

Postcode: SS050401

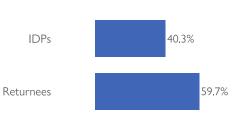
Accessibility: Accessible by other means of transport

recessionity. Recessione by other means of transport

Registration: Yes, paper-based

Community Leader: Yes

Who is being registered: IDPs, returnees and host community



No. IDPs: 1515 Households: 315

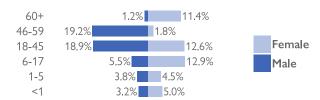
Reason for displacement: Conflict

Origin of largest IDP group:

Warrap, Gogrial East

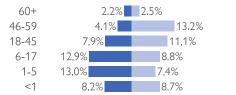
Origin of 2<sup>nd</sup> largest IDP group:

Abyei Administrative Area, Abyei Administrative Area



# No. returnees: 2245 Households: 449

Reason for displacement: Conflict Origin of largest retunee group: Sudan





# Mobility (IDPs)

Date of arrival of first IDP group: 2014-02-03

Have the IDPs been displaced previously?

Three main reasons preventing the majority of IDPs from returning:

Lack of food, House damaged/destroyed, Lack of safety

# Mobility (returnees)

Date of return of first returnee group: 2015-01-05 Date of return of last returnee group: 2016-02-03

Are there people displaced from this village / neighbourhood who have not returned yet? Yes

# Special needs

No. pregnant women: 39

No. breastfeeding mothers: 27

Date of arrival of last IDP group:

Total number of individuals with special needs: 311

Special needs include pregnant and breastfeeding women, separated, orphaned and unaccompanied children, persons with mental or physical disabilities, persons with chronic diseases or serious medical conditions and old people without caregivers.

# **Protection**

Main security provider in the village / neighbourhood: Local Authorities

# Health

Most common concern: Malaria Main provider: NGO/INGO

# **Education**

Type of facility: Formal Primary Education



# Ayai (ssid\_SS0504\_0001) Northern Bahr El Ghazal, Aweil South



Distance from main water source

# >20 min walking

Water fit for human drinking

### Yes

People feel safe collecting water

No



% collapsed or in danger of shelters\*

# Unknown Not reported

Average occupants

# Unknown

Not reported

Market access (NFIs)

Yes



Conditions of most latrines

# Unknown

# Not reported

Evidence of open defecation

### Yes

Hygiene promotion campaign

Yes



Access to food

## Yes onsite

Frequency of food assistance

### Once a month

Market access (food)

Yes



Separate male / female latrines

# Unknown

# Not reported

Toilets / bathrooms lock from inside

### Unknown

### Not reported

Lighting around all toilets / bathrooms

# Unknown

Not reported



Access to health facility

# Yes

Distance from health facility

### Mobile clinic / HEW

Exclusion from health services

None



Security provided at location

### Yes

Common conflict-related incidents

## No

Areas avoided by women / girls

No



Access to primary education

### Yes

Distance to nearest education facility

3-5 km

% children attending primary education

51-75%

\*The share of collapsed and in danger of collapse shelters in the figure above refers to IDP/returnee shelters only.

### **WASH**

Connections to functioning pipelines: Yes

Main water purification method: Filtering

Main water source for cooking / washing: Hand Pumps

Main water source for drinking: Hand Pumps

No. functioning boreholes: 28 Non-functioning: 25

Complaints about drinking water quality: Yes

Main problem with water: Too far

Type of toilet: Open defecation No. garbage disposal points:

Main garbage disposal method: No waste disposal Is solid waste a problem? No

## Shelter / NFIs

Main shelter type: Temporary shelter (Rakooba)

Shelter materials available in nature: Poles, Rope, Grass Shelter mat. available from local market: Poles, Rope, Grass

Three most needed NFIs:

Kitchen sets, Hygiene kits, Mosquito nets

# Food

Groups struggling most with food access:

IDPs, Returnees, Host, community

Main source of food: Food assistance

Reason for lack of market access: N

# Northern Bahr El Ghazal

# Malook Lak

IOM DISPLACEMENT TRACKING MATRIX SOUTH SUDAN

54,7%

45.3%

Location SSID: ssid\_SS0504\_0005

Postcode: SS050402

Accessibility: Accessible by other means of transport

Community Leader: Yes Returnees

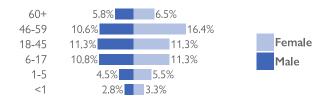
Registration: Yes, paper-based

Who is being registered: IDPs, returnees and host community

No. IDPs: 1750 Households: 350

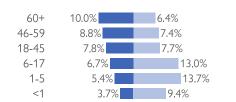
Reason for displacement: Communal Clashes

Origin of largest IDP group: Western Bahr El Ghazal, Wau Origin of 2<sup>nd</sup> largest IDP group: Warrap, Gogrial West



# No. returnees: 1450 Households: 290

Reason for displacement: Conflict Origin of largest retunee group: Sudan





# Mobility (IDPs)

Date of arrival of first IDP group: 2014-07-05 Date of arrival of last IDP group: 2016-12-11

**IDPs** 

Have the IDPs been displaced previously? Ye

Three main reasons preventing the majority of IDPs from returning:

Accessibility, Lack of food, Lack of safety

# Mobility (returnees)

Date of return of first returnee group: 2015-05-15 Date of return of last returnee group: 2016-11-07

Are there people displaced from this village / neighbourhood who have not returned yet?

Yes

# Special needs

No. pregnant women: 279 No. breastfeeding mothers: 895

Total number of individuals with special needs: 4659

Special needs include pregnant and breastfeeding women, separated, orphaned and unaccompanied children, persons with mental or physical disabilities, persons with chronic diseases or serious medical conditions and old people without caregivers.

## **Protection**

Main security provider in the village / neighbourhood: Local Authorities

# Health

Most common concern: Malaria Main provider: Government

# **Education**

Type of facility: Formal Primary Education



# Malook Lak (ssid SS0504 0005) Northern Bahr El Ghazal, Aweil South



Distance from main water source

# >20 min walking

Water fit for human drinking

Yes

People feel safe collecting water

No



% collapsed or in danger of shelters\*

0-10%

Average occupants

1-4

Market access (NFIs)

Yes



Conditions of most latrines

# Unknown

Not reported

Evidence of open defecation

Yes

Hygiene promotion campaign

Yes



Access to food

# Yes onsite

Frequency of food assistance

### Once a month

Market access (food)

Yes



Separate male / female latrines

# Unknown

Not reported

Toilets / bathrooms lock from inside

### Unknown

Not reported

Lighting around all toilets / bathrooms

Unknown

Not reported



Access to health facility

## Yes

Distance from health facility

### Mobile clinic / HEW

Exclusion from health services

None



Security provided at location

### Yes

Common conflict-related incidents

No

Areas avoided by women / girls

No



Access to primary education

### Yes

Distance to nearest education facility

3-5 km

% children attending primary education

25-50%

\*The share of collapsed and in danger of collapse shelters in the figure above refers to IDP/returnee shelters only.

### **WASH**

Connections to functioning pipelines: Yes

Main water purification method: Boiling

Main water source for cooking / washing: Hand Pumps Main water source for drinking: Hand Pumps

No. functioning boreholes: Non-functioning: 19

Complaints about drinking water quality: Yes

Main problem with water: Too far

Type of toilet: Open defecation No. garbage disposal points: 12

Main garbage disposal method: Burning

Is solid waste a problem? Yes

# Shelter / NFIs

Main shelter type: Temporary shelter (Rakooba)

Shelter materials available in nature: Poles, Rope, Grass Shelter mat. available from local market: Poles, Rope, Grass

Three most needed NFIs:

Emergency shelter kits, Hygiene kits, Mosquito nets

### Food

Groups struggling most with food access:

IDPs, Returnees, Host, community

Main source of food: Food assistance

Reason for lack of market access:



# Rainy Makuech

SOUTH SUDAN

2016-11-07

Location SSID: ssid SS0504 0007

Postcode: SS050403

Accessibility: Accessible by other means of transport

Registration: Yes, paper-based

Community Leader: Yes

Who is being registered: IDPs, returnees and host community

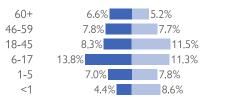


No. IDPs: 1380 Households: 276

Reason for displacement: Conflict

Origin of largest IDP group: Warrap, Gogrial West Origin of 2<sup>nd</sup> largest IDP group:

Warrap, NA



Female Male

Mobility (IDPs)

Date of arrival of first IDP group: Date of arrival of last IDP group: 2014-04-15

Have the IDPs been displaced previously?

Three main reasons preventing the majority of IDPs from returning:

Accessibility, Lack of food, Lack of safety

Mobility (returnees)

Date of return of first returnee group: 2015-11-07 Date of return of last returnee group: 2016-09-11

Are there people displaced from this village / neighbourhood who have not returned yet?

Special needs

No. pregnant women: 129 No. breastfeeding mothers: 89

Total number of individuals with special needs: 789

Special needs include pregnant and breastfeeding women, separated, orphaned and unaccompanied children, persons with mental or physical disabilities, persons with chronic diseases or serious medical conditions and old people without caregivers.

**Protection** 

Main security provider in the village / neighbourhood: Local Authorities

Health

Most common concern: Malaria Main provider: Government

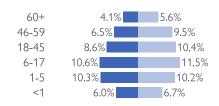
Education

Type of facility: Formal Primary Education

Availability of learning supplies: Yes Availability of teachers: Yes

# No. returnees: 1940 Households: 387

Reason for displacement: Conflict Origin of largest retunee group: Sudan







# Rainy Makuech (ssid\_SS0504\_0007) Northern Bahr El Ghazal, Aweil South



Distance from main water source

# >20 min walking

Water fit for human drinking

### Yes

People feel safe collecting water

Yes



% collapsed or in danger of shelters\*

# Unknown Not reported

Average occupants

# Unknown Not reported

Market access (NFIs)

No



Conditions of most latrines

# Unknown

# Not reported

Evidence of open defecation

Yes

Hygiene promotion campaign

Access to food

No

Yes offsite

Once a month

Yes

Frequency of food assistance

Market access (food)



Separate male / female latrines

Unknown

Not reported

Toilets / bathrooms lock from inside

Unknown

Not reported

Unknown

Not reported

Lighting around all toilets / bathrooms

Access to health facility

## Yes

Distance from health facility

# Off-site (<3 km)

Exclusion from health services

None



Security provided at location

### Yes

Common conflict-related incidents

## No

Areas avoided by women / girls

No



Access to primary education

### Yes

Distance to nearest education facility

3-5 km

% children attending primary education

25-50%

\*The share of collapsed and in danger of collapse shelters in the figure above refers to IDP/returnee shelters only.

### **WASH**

Connections to functioning pipelines: No

Main water purification method: Boiling

Main water source for cooking / washing: Hand Pumps
Main water source for drinking: Hand Pumps

No. functioning boreholes: 17 Non-functioning: 6

Complaints about drinking water quality: Yes

Main problem with water: Too far

Type of toilet: Open defecation No. garbage disposal points:

Main garbage disposal method: No waste disposal Is solid waste a problem? Yes

# Shelter / NFIs

Main shelter type: Temporary shelter (Rakooba)

Shelter materials available in nature: Poles, Rope, Grass Shelter mat. available from local market: Poles, Rope, Grass

Three most needed NFIs:

Emergency shelter kits, Hygiene kits, Mosquito nets

### Food

Groups struggling most with food access:

IDPs, Returnees, Host, community

Main source of food: Food assistance Reason for lack of market access: NA



# Hong Wekdit

IOM DISPLACEMENT TRACKING MATRIX SOUTH SUDAN

2016-06-03

Location SSID: ssid\_SS0504\_0002

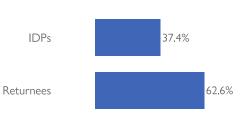
Postcode: SS050405

Accessibility: Accessible by other means of transport

Community Leader: Yes

Registration: Yes, paper-based

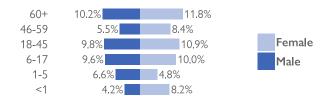
Who is being registered: IDPs, returnees and host community



No. IDPs: 890 Households: 170

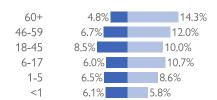
Reason for displacement: Communal Clashes

Origin of largest IDP group: Western Bahr El Ghazal, Wau Origin of 2<sup>nd</sup> largest IDP group: Warrap, Gogrial West



No. returnees: 1488 Households: 301

Reason for displacement: Conflict Origin of largest retunee group: Sudan





Mobility (IDPs)

Date of arrival of first IDP group: 2014-05-10 Date of arrival of last IDP group:

Have the IDPs been displaced previously?

Three main reasons preventing the majority of IDPs from returning:

Lack of food, House damaged/destroyed, Lack of safety

**Mobility (returnees)** 

Date of return of first returnee group: 2015-07-11 Date of return of last returnee group: 2016-05-07

Are there people displaced from this village / neighbourhood who have not returned yet?

Yes

Special needs

No. pregnant women: 37 No. breastfeeding mothers: 8

Total number of individuals with special needs: 335

Special needs include pregnant and breastfeeding women, separated, orphaned and unaccompanied children, persons with mental or physical disabilities, persons with chronic diseases or serious medical conditions and old people without caregivers.

**Protection** 

Main security provider in the village / neighbourhood: Local Authorities

Health

Most common concern: Malaria Main provider: Government

**Education** 

Type of facility: Formal Primary Education



# Hong Wekdit (ssid\_SS0504\_0002) Northern Bahr El Ghazal, Aweil South



Distance from main water source

# >20 min walking

Water fit for human drinking

Yes

People feel safe collecting water

No



% collapsed or in danger of shelters\*

0-10%

Average occupants

5-6

Market access (NFIs)

Yes



Conditions of most latrines

# Unknown

# Not reported

Evidence of open defecation

Yes

Hygiene promotion campaign

Yes



Access to food

# Yes offsite

Frequency of food assistance

### Once a month

Market access (food)

Yes



Separate male / female latrines

# Unknown

# Not reported

Toilets / bathrooms lock from inside

### Unknown

### Not reported

Lighting around all toilets / bathrooms

# Unknown

Not reported



Access to health facility

## Yes

Distance from health facility

# Off-site (<3 km)

Exclusion from health services

None

Shelter / NFIs

Main shelter type:

Three most needed NFIs:



Security provided at location

### Yes

Common conflict-related incidents

No

Areas avoided by women / girls

No



Access to primary education

### Yes

Distance to nearest education facility

3-5 km

% children attending primary education

25-50%

Poles, Rope, Grass

Poles, Rope, Grass

\*The share of collapsed and in danger of collapse shelters in the figure above refers to IDP/returnee shelters only.

### **WASH**

Connections to functioning pipelines: No

Main water purification method: Boiling

Main water source for cooking / washing: Hand Pumps Main water source for drinking: Hand Pumps

No. functioning boreholes:

Complaints about drinking water quality: Main problem with water: Too far

Type of toilet: Open defecation No. garbage disposal points:

Main garbage disposal method: Compost Is solid waste a problem? Yes

Non-functioning: 5

Food

Groups struggling most with food access:

Shelter materials available in nature:

Shelter mat. available from local market:

IDPs, Returnees, Host, community

Main source of food: Food assistance

Tukul

Emergency shelter kits, Kitchen sets, Mosquito nets

Reason for lack of market access:

# Northern Bahr El Ghazal

# **Mayom Lach**



Location SSID: ssid\_SS0504\_0006

Postcode: SS050405

Accessibility: Accessible by other means of transport

, reconstruction of a single reconstruction of a single re-

Registration: No

Who is being registered: NA

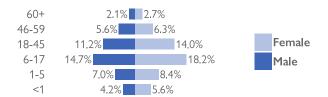
Community Leader: Yes



No. IDPs: 1046 Households: 205

Reason for displacement: Communal Clashes

Origin of largest IDP group: Central Equatoria, Juba Origin of 2<sup>nd</sup> largest IDP group: Warrap, Gogrial West



# No. returnees: 1491 Households: 278

Reason for displacement: Communal Clashes Origin of largest retunee group: Sudan



# Mobility (IDPs)

Date of arrival of first IDP group: 2014-03-19 Date of arrival of last IDP group: 2016-09-20

Have the IDPs been displaced previously?

Three main reasons preventing the majority of IDPs from returning:

Lack of food, House damaged/destroyed, Lack of safety

# Mobility (returnees)

Date of return of first returnee group: 2015-05-20 Date of return of last returnee group: 2016-09-21

Are there people displaced from this village / neighbourhood who have not returned yet?

Yes

# Special needs

No. pregnant women: 109 No. breastfeeding mothers: 82

Total number of individuals with special needs: 811

Special needs include pregnant and breastfeeding women, separated, orphaned and unaccompanied children, persons with mental or physical disabilities, persons with chronic diseases or serious medical conditions and old people without caregivers.

## **Protection**

Main security provider in the village / neighbourhood: Community Leaders

# Health

Most common concern: Malaria Main provider: Government

# **Education**

Type of facility: Temporary Learning Spaces



# Mayom Lach (ssid\_SS0504\_0006) Northern Bahr El Ghazal, Aweil South



Distance from main water source

# >20 min walking

Water fit for human drinking

Yes

People feel safe collecting water

Yes



% collapsed or in danger of shelters\*

0-10%

Average occupants

5-6

Market access (NFIs)

Yes



Conditions of most latrines

### Not so good

Evidence of open defecation

Yes

Hygiene promotion campaign

No



Access to food

# Yes offsite

Frequency of food assistance

# Unknown

Not reported

Market access (food)

No



Separate male / female latrines

### No

Toilets / bathrooms lock from inside

### Yes

Lighting around all toilets / bathrooms

No



Access to health facility

### Yes

Distance from health facility

### Mobile clinic / HEW

Exclusion from health services

None



Security provided at location

### Yes

Common conflict-related incidents

### Yes

Areas avoided by women / girls

No



Access to primary education

### Yes

Distance to nearest education facility

3-5 km

% children attending primary education

IDPs, Returnees, Host, community

25-50%

\*The share of collapsed and in danger of collapse shelters in the figure above refers to IDP/returnee shelters only.

### **WASH**

Connections to functioning pipelines: No

Main water purification method: None

Main water source for cooking / washing: Hand Pumps
Main water source for drinking: Hand Pumps

No. functioning boreholes: 4 Non-functioning: 7

Complaints about drinking water quality: Yes

Main problem with water: Insufficient amount

Type of toilet: Latrines No. garbage disposal points:

Main garbage disposal method: Garbage pit Is solid waste a problem? Yes

# Shelter / NFIs

Main shelter type: Tukul

Shelter materials available in nature: Poles, Bamboo, Rope Shelter mat. available from local market: Poles, Bamboo, Rope

Three most needed NFIs:

Emergency shelter kits, Kitchen sets, Mosquito nets

### Food

Groups struggling most with food access:

Main source of food: Bought with cash from market

Reason for lack of market access: Due to Conflict

# Northern Bahr El Ghazal

# Rum Riang

IOM DISPLACEMENT TRACKING MATRIX SOUTH SUDAN

60%

40%

Location SSID: ssid\_SS0504\_0008

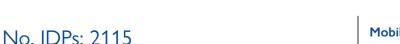
Postcode: SS050406

Accessibility: Accessible by other means of transport

Community Leader: Yes

Registration: Yes, paper-based

Who is being registered: IDPs, returnees and host community



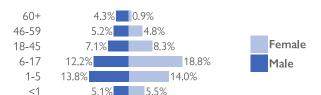
Households: 423

Reason for displacement: Communal Clashes

Origin of largest IDP group: Warrap, Gogrial West

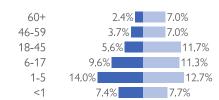
Origin of  $2^{nd}$  largest IDP group:

Warrap, Gogrial West



# No. returnees: 1410 Households: 282

Reason for displacement: Conflict Origin of largest retunee group: Sudan





# Mobility (IDPs)

Date of arrival of first IDP group: 2014-11-12 Date of arrival of last IDP group: 2016-05-07

**IDPs** 

Returnees

Have the IDPs been displaced previously?

Three main reasons preventing the majority of IDPs from returning:

Accessibility, Lack of food, Lack of safety

# Mobility (returnees)

Date of return of first returnee group: 2015-12-12 Date of return of last returnee group: 2016-07-05

Are there people displaced from this village / neighbourhood who have not returned yet? Yes

# Special needs

No. pregnant women: 271 No. breastfeeding mothers: 197

Total number of individuals with special needs: 2669

Special needs include pregnant and breastfeeding women, separated, orphaned and unaccompanied children, persons with mental or physical disabilities, persons with chronic diseases or serious medical conditions and old people without caregivers.

## **Protection**

Main security provider in the village / neighbourhood: Local Authorities

# Health

Most common concern: Malaria Main provider: Government

# **Education**

Type of facility: Formal Primary Education



# Rum Riang (ssid\_SS0504\_0008) Northern Bahr El Ghazal, Aweil South



Distance from main water source

# >20 min walking

Water fit for human drinking

Yes

People feel safe collecting water

No



% collapsed or in danger of shelters\*

25-50%

Average occupants

5-6

Market access (NFIs)

Yes



Conditions of most latrines

# Unknown

# Not reported

Evidence of open defecation

Yes

Hygiene promotion campaign

Yes



Access to food

# Yes onsite

Frequency of food assistance

Once a month

Market access (food)

Yes



Separate male / female latrines

### Unknown

# Not reported

Toilets / bathrooms lock from inside

### Unknown

# Not reported

Lighting around all toilets / bathrooms

Unknown

Not reported



Access to health facility

### Yes

Distance from health facility

Off-site (<3 km)

Exclusion from health services

None



Security provided at location

### Yes

Common conflict-related incidents

No

Areas avoided by women / girls

No



Access to primary education

### Yes

Distance to nearest education facility

3-5 km

% children attending primary education

25-50%

\*The share of collapsed and in danger of collapse shelters in the figure above refers to IDP/returnee shelters only.

### **WASH**

Connections to functioning pipelines: Yes Main water purification method: Boiling

Main water source for cooking / washing: Hand Pumps Main water source for drinking: Hand Pumps

No. functioning boreholes: Non-functioning: 17

Complaints about drinking water quality: Yes Main problem with water: Too far

Type of toilet: Open defecation

Main garbage disposal method: Burning

No. garbage disposal points:

Is solid waste a problem? Yes

# Shelter / NFIs

Main shelter type: Temporary shelter (Rakooba)

Shelter materials available in nature: Poles, Rope, Grass Shelter mat. available from local market: Poles, Rope, Grass

Three most needed NFIs:

Emergency shelter kits, Hygiene kits, Mosquito nets

### Food

Groups struggling most with food access:

IDPs, Returnees, Host, community

Main source of food: Food assistance

Reason for lack of market access:

# Northern Bahr El Ghazal

# Makuei Alel

SOUTH SUDAN

2016-02-03

Location SSID: ssid\_SS0504\_0004

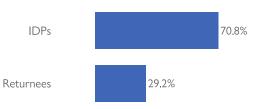
Postcode: SS050407

Accessibility: Accessible by other means of transport

Community Leader: Yes

Registration: Yes, paper-based

Who is being registered: IDPs, returnees and host community



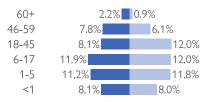
No. IDPs: 2435 Households: 487

Reason for displacement: Communal Clashes

Origin of largest IDP group: Warrap, Gogrial West

Origin of 2<sup>nd</sup> largest IDP group:

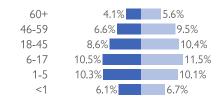
Western Bahr El Ghazal, Wau





# No. returnees: 1005 Households: 199

Reason for displacement: Conflict Origin of largest retunee group: Sudan





# Mobility (IDPs)

Date of arrival of first IDP group: Date of arrival of last IDP group: 2014-07-05

Have the IDPs been displaced previously?

Three main reasons preventing the majority of IDPs from returning:

Accessibility, Lack of food, Lack of safety

# Mobility (returnees)

Date of return of first returnee group: 2015-05-09 Date of return of last returnee group: 2016-09-15

Are there people displaced from this village / neighbourhood who have not returned yet? Yes

# Special needs

No. pregnant women: 479 No. breastfeeding mothers: 372

Total number of individuals with special needs: 2571

Special needs include pregnant and breastfeeding women, separated, orphaned and unaccompanied children, persons with mental or physical disabilities, persons with chronic diseases or serious medical conditions and old people without caregivers.

## **Protection**

Main security provider in the village / neighbourhood: Local Authorities

### Health

Most common concern: Malaria Main provider: Government

# Education

Type of facility: Formal Primary Education



# Makuei Alel (ssid\_SS0504\_0004) Northern Bahr El Ghazal, Aweil South



Distance from main water source

# >20 min walking

Water fit for human drinking

### Yes

People feel safe collecting water

No



% collapsed or in danger of shelters\*

# Unknown Not reported

Average occupants

# Unknown

Not reported

Market access (NFIs)

Yes



Conditions of most latrines

# Unknown

# Not reported

Evidence of open defecation

### Yes

Hygiene promotion campaign

Yes



Access to food

# Yes onsite

Frequency of food assistance

### Once a month

Market access (food)

Yes



Separate male / female latrines

# Unknown

# Not reported

Toilets / bathrooms lock from inside

### Unknown

### Not reported

Lighting around all toilets / bathrooms

# Unknown

Not reported



Access to health facility

# Yes

Distance from health facility

# On-site (>3 km)

Exclusion from health services

None



Security provided at location

### Yes

Common conflict-related incidents

### No

Areas avoided by women / girls

No



Access to primary education

### Yes

Distance to nearest education facility

3-5 km

% children attending primary education

25-50%

\*The share of collapsed and in danger of collapse shelters in the figure above refers to IDP/returnee shelters only.

### **WASH**

Connections to functioning pipelines: Yes

Main water purification method: Boiling

Main water source for cooking / washing: Hand Pumps
Main water source for drinking: Hand Pumps

No. functioning boreholes: 8 Non-functioning: 9

Complaints about drinking water quality: Yes

Main problem with water: Too far

Type of toilet: Open defecation No. garbage disposal points:

Main garbage disposal method: Burning Is solid waste a problem? Yes

# Shelter / NFIs

Main shelter type: Temporary shelter (Rakooba)

Shelter materials available in nature: Poles, Rope, Grass Shelter mat. available from local market: Poles, Rope, Grass

Three most needed NFIs:

Emergency shelter kits, Hygiene kits, Mosquito nets

### Food

Groups struggling most with food access:

IDPs, Returnees, Host, community

Main source of food: Food assistance

Reason for lack of market access: N

# Northern Bahr El Ghazal

# Majak

IOM DISPLACEMENT TRACKING MATRIX SOUTH SUDAN

57,2%

2018-10-10

42.8%

Location SSID: ssid\_SS0504\_0003

Postcode: SS050408

Accessibility: Accessible by other means of transport

Community Leader: Yes

Registration: Yes, paper-based

Who is being registered: IDPs, returnees and host community

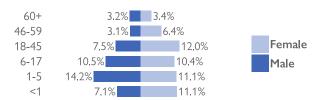
No. IDPs: 2479 Households: 490

Reason for displacement: Communal Clashes

Origin of largest IDP group: Warrap, Gogrial West

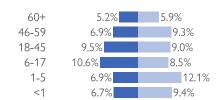
Origin of  $2^{nd}$  largest IDP group:

Warrap, Gogrial West



No. returnees: 1858 Households: 370

Reason for displacement: Conflict Origin of largest retunee group: Sudan





# Mobility (IDPs)

Date of arrival of first IDP group: 2017-12-20 Date of arrival of last IDP group:

Have the IDPs been displaced previously?

Three main reasons preventing the majority of IDPs from returning:

Lack of food, House damaged/destroyed, Lack of safety

# **Mobility (returnees)**

Date of return of first returnee group: 2016-10-29 Date of return of last returnee group: 2017-07-30

**IDPs** 

Returnees

Are there people displaced from this village / neighbourhood who have not returned yet?

Yes

# Special needs

No. pregnant women: 300 No. breastfeeding mothers: 270

Total number of individuals with special needs: 1398

Special needs include pregnant and breastfeeding women, separated, orphaned and unaccompanied children, persons with mental or physical disabilities, persons with chronic diseases or serious medical conditions and old people without caregivers.

### **Protection**

Main security provider in the village / neighbourhood: Local Authorities

# Health

Most common concern: Malaria Main provider: Government

# **Education**

Type of facility: Temporary Learning Spaces



# Majak (ssid\_SS0504\_0003) Northern Bahr El Ghazal, Aweil South



Distance from main water source

# <20 min walking

Water fit for human drinking

No

People feel safe collecting water

Yes



% collapsed or in danger of shelters\*

# Unknown Not reported

Average occupants

# Unknown Not reported

Market access (NFIs)

Yes



Conditions of most latrines

# Unknown

Not reported

Evidence of open defecation

Yes

Hygiene promotion campaign

Yes



Access to food

# Yes offsite

Frequency of food assistance

### Once a month

Market access (food)

Yes



Separate male / female latrines

# Unknown

# Not reported

Toilets / bathrooms lock from inside

### Unknown

### Not reported

Lighting around all toilets / bathrooms

# Unknown

Not reported



Access to health facility

# Yes

Distance from health facility

# Off-site (>3 km)

Exclusion from health services

None



Security provided at location

### Yes

Common conflict-related incidents

### Yes

Areas avoided by women / girls

No



Access to primary education

### Yes

Distance to nearest education facility

3-5 km

% children attending primary education

25-50%

\*The share of collapsed and in danger of collapse shelters in the figure above refers to IDP/returnee shelters only.

### **WASH**

Connections to functioning pipelines: No

Main water purification method: Boiling

Main water source for cooking / washing: Hand Pumps Main water source for drinking: Hand Pumps

No. functioning boreholes: 11 Non-functioning: 2

Complaints about drinking water quality: Yes Main problem with water: Too far

Type of toilet: Open defecation No. garbage disposal points:

Main garbage disposal method: Compost

Is solid waste a problem? No

Shelter / NFIs

Main shelter type:

Shelter materials available in nature: Poles, Rope, Grass Shelter mat. available from local market: Poles, Rope, Grass

Tukul

Three most needed NFIs:

Emergency shelter kits, Kitchen sets, Hygiene kits

### Food

Groups struggling most with food access:

IDPs, Returnees, Host, community

Main source of food: Food assistance

Reason for lack of market access:

# Northern Bahr El Ghazal, Aweil South, Watmuok

# Northern Bahr El Ghazal

# Watmuok

IOM DISPLACEMENT TRACKING MATRIX SOUTH SUDAN

2016-06-20

Location SSID: ssid\_SS0504\_0009

Postcode: SS050409

Accessibility: Accessible by other means of transport

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Registration: Yes, paper-based

Community Leader: Yes

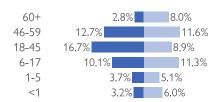
Who is being registered: IDPs, returnees and host community



No. IDPs: 1555 Households: 304

Reason for displacement: Conflict

Origin of largest IDP group: Warrap, Gogrial West Origin of 2<sup>nd</sup> largest IDP group: NA. NA

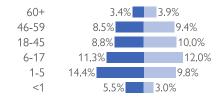




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# No. returnees: 3279 Households: 653

Reason for displacement: Conflict Origin of largest retunee group: Sudan





# Mobility (IDPs)

Date of arrival of first IDP group: 2014-05-15 Date of arrival of last IDP group:

Have the IDPs been displaced previously?

Three main reasons preventing the majority of IDPs from returning:

Accessibility, Lack of food, House damaged/destroyed

# Mobility (returnees)

Date of return of first returnee group: 2015-01-01 Date of return of last returnee group: 2016-02-03

Are there people displaced from this village / neighbourhood who have not returned yet? Yes

# Special needs

No. pregnant women: 379 No. breastfeeding mothers: 278

Total number of individuals with special needs: 2730

Special needs include pregnant and breastfeeding women, separated, orphaned and unaccompanied children, persons with mental or physical disabilities, persons with chronic diseases or serious medical conditions and old people without caregivers.

## **Protection**

Main security provider in the village / neighbourhood: Local Authorities

# Health

Most common concern: Malaria Main provider: NGO/INGO

# **Education**

Type of facility: Formal Primary Education



# Watmuok (ssid SS0504 0009) Northern Bahr El Ghazal, Aweil South



Distance from main water source

# >20 min walking

Water fit for human drinking

Yes

People feel safe collecting water

Yes



% collapsed or in danger of shelters\*

# Unknown Not reported

Average occupants

# Unknown

Not reported

Market access (NFIs)

No



Conditions of most latrines

# Unknown

# Not reported

Evidence of open defecation

Yes

Hygiene promotion campaign

No



Access to food

# Yes offsite

Frequency of food assistance

### Once a month

Market access (food)

Yes



Separate male / female latrines

# Unknown

# Not reported

Toilets / bathrooms lock from inside

### Unknown

### Not reported

Lighting around all toilets / bathrooms

Unknown

Not reported



Access to health facility

## Yes

Distance from health facility

Off-site (<3 km)

Exclusion from health services

None



Security provided at location

### Yes

Common conflict-related incidents

### No

Areas avoided by women / girls

Yes



Access to primary education

### Yes

Distance to nearest education facility

3-5 km

% children attending primary education

25-50%

\*The share of collapsed and in danger of collapse shelters in the figure above refers to IDP/returnee shelters only.

### **WASH**

Connections to functioning pipelines: No

Main water purification method: Boiling

Main water source for cooking / washing: Hand Pumps Main water source for drinking: Hand Pumps

No. functioning boreholes:

Complaints about drinking water quality: Main problem with water: Too far

Type of toilet: Open defecation No. garbage disposal points:

Main garbage disposal method: Burning Non-functioning: 3

12

Is solid waste a problem? Yes

# Shelter / NFIs

Main shelter type: Tukul

Shelter materials available in nature: Poles, Bamboo, Grass Shelter mat. available from local market: Poles, Rope, Grass

Three most needed NFIs:

Emergency shelter kits, Kitchen sets, Bedding sets

### Food

Groups struggling most with food access:

IDPs, Returnees, Host, community

Main source of food: Food assistance

Reason for lack of market access:

# Northern Bahr El Ghazal, Aweil West, Achana

# Northern Bahr El Ghazal

# Nyinbuoli



Location SSID: ssid\_SS0505\_0005

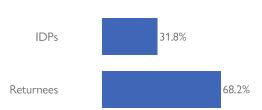
Postcode: SS050501

Accessibility: Accessible by car

Community Leader: Yes

Registration: No

Who is being registered: NA



No. IDPs: 147 Households: 32

Reason for displacement: Conflict

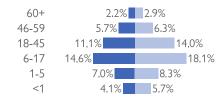
Origin of largest IDP group: Northern Bahr El Ghazal, Aweil West Origin of 2<sup>nd</sup> largest IDP group: NA. NA





# No. returnees: 315 Households: 67

Reason for displacement: Conflict Origin of largest retunee group: Sudan





# Mobility (IDPs)

Date of arrival of first IDP group: 2017-01-31 Date of arrival of last IDP group: 2017-05-27

Have the IDPs been displaced previously?

Three main reasons preventing the majority of IDPs from returning:

Accessibility, Lack of food, House damaged/destroyed

# Mobility (returnees)

Date of return of first returnee group: 2018-02-14 Date of return of last returnee group: 2018-07-02

Are there people displaced from this village / neighbourhood who have not returned yet? Yes

# Special needs

No. pregnant women: 14 No. breastfeeding mothers: 24

Total number of individuals with special needs: 68

Special needs include pregnant and breastfeeding women, separated, orphaned and unaccompanied children, persons with mental or physical disabilities, persons with chronic diseases or serious medical conditions and old people without caregivers.

## **Protection**

Main security provider in the village / neighbourhood: Local Authorities

# Health

Most common concern: Malaria Main provider: NGO/INGO

# **Education**

Type of facility: Temporary Learning Spaces



# Nyinbuoli (ssid\_SS0505\_0005) Northern Bahr El Ghazal, Aweil West



Distance from main water source

# <20 min walking

Water fit for human drinking

Yes

People feel safe collecting water

Yes



% collapsed or in danger of shelters\*

10-25%

Average occupants

1-4

Market access (NFIs)

Yes



Conditions of most latrines

### Not so good

Evidence of open defecation

Yes

Hygiene promotion campaign

Yes



Access to food

# No

Frequency of food assistance

# Unknown

Not reported

Market access (food)

Yes



Separate male / female latrines

### No

Toilets / bathrooms lock from inside

### Yes

Lighting around all toilets / bathrooms

No



Access to health facility

## Yes

Distance from health facility

# Off-site (>3 km)

Exclusion from health services

None



Security provided at location

### Yes

Common conflict-related incidents

### Yes

Areas avoided by women / girls

No



Access to primary education

### Yes

Distance to nearest education facility

1-2 km

% children attending primary education

25-50%

\*The share of collapsed and in danger of collapse shelters in the figure above refers to IDP/returnee shelters only.

### **WASH**

Connections to functioning pipelines: No

Main water purification method: Boiling

Main water source for cooking / washing: Hand Pumps
Main water source for drinking: Hand Pumps

No. functioning boreholes: 3 Non-functioning: 1

Complaints about drinking water quality: Yes

Main problem with water: Suspended Solids

Type of toilet: Latrines No. garbage disposal points:

Main garbage disposal method: Garbage pit Is solid waste a problem? Yes

# Shelter / NFIs

Main shelter type: Tukul

Shelter materials available in nature: Poles, Grass

Shelter mat. available from local market: Poles, Bamboo, Rope, Grass

Three most needed NFIs:

Emergency shelter kits, Kitchen sets, Bedding sets

### Food

Groups struggling most with food access: NA

Main source of food: Bought with cash from market

Reason for lack of market access: NA

# Northern Bahr El Ghazal, Aweil West, Ayat East

# Northern Bahr El Ghazal

# **Ayat East**

IOM DISPLACEMENT TRACKING MATRIX SOUTH SUDAN

2017-07-12

Location SSID: ssid\_SS0505\_0002

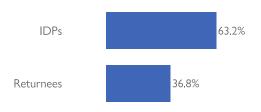
Postcode: SS050504

Accessibility: Accessible by foot

Community Leader: Yes

Registration: No

Who is being registered: NA



Date of arrival of last IDP group:

No. IDPs: 480 Households: 102

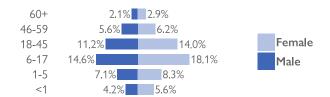
Reason for displacement: Natural Disaster

Origin of largest IDP group:

Northern Bahr El Ghazal, Aweil West

Origin of 2<sup>nd</sup> largest IDP group:

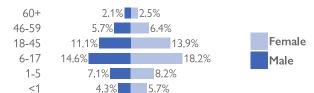
Northern Bahr El Ghazal, Aweil West



# No. returnees: 280 Households: 62

Reason for displacement: Natural Disaster Origin of largest retunee group:

Sudan



# Mobility (IDPs)

Date of arrival of first IDP group: 2013-12-13

Have the IDPs been displaced previously?

Three main reasons preventing the majority of IDPs from returning:

Accessibility, Lack of food, House damaged/destroyed

# **Mobility (returnees)**

Date of return of first returnee group: 2017-01-19 Date of return of last returnee group: 2018-03-24

Are there people displaced from this village / neighbourhood who have not returned yet?

Yes

# Special needs

No. pregnant women: 41 No. breastfeeding mothers: 69

Total number of individuals with special needs: 202

Special needs include pregnant and breastfeeding women, separated, orphaned and unaccompanied children, persons with mental or physical disabilities, persons with chronic diseases or serious medical conditions and old people without caregivers.

### **Protection**

Main security provider in the village / neighbourhood: Community Leaders

# Health

Most common concern: Complicated Pregnancy Main provider: NA

### **Education**

Type of facility: Formal Primary Education



# Ayat East (ssid\_SS0505\_0002) Northern Bahr El Ghazal, Aweil West



Distance from main water source

# >20 min walking

Water fit for human drinking

Yes

People feel safe collecting water

Yes



% collapsed or in danger of shelters\*

10-25%

Average occupants

1-4

Market access (NFIs)

Yes



Conditions of most latrines

# Unknown

Not reported

Evidence of open defecation

Yes

Hygiene promotion campaign

No



Access to food

# Yes onsite

Frequency of food assistance

Once a month

Market access (food)

No



Separate male / female latrines

### Unknown

# Not reported

Toilets / bathrooms lock from inside

### Unknown

### Not reported

Lighting around all toilets / bathrooms

Unknown

Not reported



Access to health facility

# No

Distance from health facility

# Unknown Not reported

Exclusion from health services

Unknown

Not reported



Security provided at location

### Yes

Common conflict-related incidents

## No

Areas avoided by women / girls

Yes



Access to primary education

### Yes

Distance to nearest education facility

### >10 km

% children attending primary education

25-50%

\*The share of collapsed and in danger of collapse shelters in the figure above refers to IDP/returnee shelters only.

### **WASH**

Connections to functioning pipelines: No

Main water purification method: Filtering

Main water source for cooking / washing: Hand Pumps
Main water source for drinking: Hand Pumps

No. functioning boreholes: 4 Non-functioning: 3

Complaints about drinking water quality: Yes

Main problem with water: Odor/smell

Type of toilet: Open defecation No. garbage disposal points:

Main garbage disposal method: Burning Is solid waste a problem? Yes

### Shelter / NFIs

Main shelter type: Tukul

Shelter materials available in nature: Poles, Rope, Grass
Shelter mat. available from local market: Poles, Bamboo, Grass

Three most needed NFIs:

Bedding sets, Hygiene kits, Mosquito nets

## Food

Groups struggling most with food access:

Host, community

Main source of food: Food assistance

Reason for lack of market access: Far from the village/neighbourhood

# Northern Bahr El Ghazal

# Nyinbuoli Village



NA

Location SSID: ssid SS0505 0006

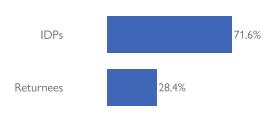
Postcode: SS050505

Accessibility: Accessible by car

Community Leader: Yes

Registration: Yes, paper-based

Who is being registered: IDPs, returnees and host community



No. IDPs: 2105 Households: 471

Reason for displacement: Conflict

Origin of largest IDP group:

NA. NA

Origin of 2<sup>nd</sup> largest IDP group:

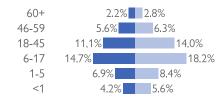
NA. NA



Female Male

No. returnees: 836 Households: 165

Reason for displacement: Conflict Origin of largest retunee group: Sudan



Female Male

Mobility (IDPs)

Date of arrival of first IDP group: Date of arrival of last IDP group:

Have the IDPs been displaced previously?

Three main reasons preventing the majority of IDPs from returning:

Accessibility, Lack of food, Lack of safety

Mobility (returnees)

Date of return of first returnee group: NA Date of return of last returnee group: NA

Are there people displaced from this village / neighbourhood who have not returned yet?

Special needs

No. pregnant women: 39 No. breastfeeding mothers: 27

Total number of individuals with special needs: 310

Special needs include pregnant and breastfeeding women, separated, orphaned and unaccompanied children, persons with mental or physical disabilities, persons with chronic diseases or serious medical conditions and old people without caregivers.

**Protection** 

Main security provider in the village / neighbourhood: Self Organized

Health

Most common concern: Malaria Main provider: NA

Education

Type of facility: Formal Primary Education



# Nyinbuoli Village (ssid\_SS0505\_0006) Northern Bahr El Ghazal, Aweil West



Distance from main water source

# >20 min walking

Water fit for human drinking

### Yes

People feel safe collecting water

No



% collapsed or in danger of shelters\*

# Unknown Not reported

Average occupants

# Unknown Not reported

Market access (NFIs)

Yes



Conditions of most latrines

# Unknown

# Not reported

Evidence of open defecation

Yes

Hygiene promotion campaign

Access to food

No

Yes offsite

Irregular

No

Frequency of food assistance

Market access (food)



Separate male / female latrines

Unknown

Not reported

Toilets / bathrooms lock from inside

Unknown

Not reported

Lighting around all toilets / bathrooms

Unknown

Not reported

Access to health facility

# No

Distance from health facility

# Unknown Not reported

Exclusion from health services

Unknown Not reported



Security provided at location

### Yes

Common conflict-related incidents

## No

Areas avoided by women / girls

Yes



Access to primary education

### Yes

Distance to nearest education facility

3-5 km

% children attending primary education

25-50%

\*The share of collapsed and in danger of collapse shelters in the figure above refers to IDP/returnee shelters only.

### **WASH**

Connections to functioning pipelines: No

Main water purification method: Filtering

Main water source for cooking / washing: Hand Pumps

Main water source for drinking: Hand Pumps

No. functioning boreholes: 0 Non-functioning: 0

Complaints about drinking water quality: Yes

Main problem with water: Too far

Type of toilet: Open defecation No. garbage disposal points:

Main garbage disposal method: No waste disposal Is solid waste a problem? No

### Shelter / NFIs

Main shelter type: Temporary shelter (Rakooba)

Shelter materials available in nature: Poles, Rope, Grass Shelter mat. available from local market: Poles, Rope, Grass

Three most needed NFIs:

Emergency shelter kits, Kitchen sets, Hygiene kits

### Food

Groups struggling most with food access:

IDPs, Returnees, Host, community

Main source of food: Food assistance

Reason for lack of market access: Far from the village/neighbourhood

# Northern Bahr El Ghazal, Aweil West, Gomjuer Centre

# Northern Bahr El Ghazal

# Referendom

IOM DISPLACEMENT TRACKING MATRIX SOUTH SUDAN

2018-08-16

Location SSID: ssid\_SS0505\_0007

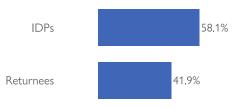
Postcode: SS050506

Accessibility: Accessible by car

Community Leader: Yes

Registration: No

Who is being registered: NA

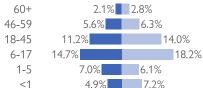


No. IDPs: 8913 Households: 1620

Reason for displacement: Conflict

Origin of largest IDP group:

Northern Bahr El Ghazal, Aweil Centre Origin of 2<sup>nd</sup> largest IDP group: Western Bahr El Ghazal, Raja

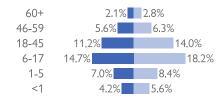


Female Male

7.2%

No. returnees: 6434 Households: 1261

Reason for displacement: Conflict Origin of largest retunee group: Sudan





Mobility (IDPs)

Date of arrival of first IDP group: 2017-04-26 Date of arrival of last IDP group:

Have the IDPs been displaced previously?

Three main reasons preventing the majority of IDPs from returning:

Lack of safety

**Mobility (returnees)** 

Date of return of first returnee group: 2015-06-15 Date of return of last returnee group: 2018-07-27

Are there people displaced from this village / neighbourhood who have not returned yet?

Yes

Special needs

No. pregnant women: 210 No. breastfeeding mothers: 315

Total number of individuals with special needs: 832

Special needs include pregnant and breastfeeding women, separated, orphaned and unaccompanied children, persons with mental or physical disabilities, persons with chronic diseases or serious medical conditions and old people without caregivers.

Protection

Main security provider in the village / neighbourhood: Local Authorities

Health

Most common concern: Malaria Main provider: Government

**Education** 

Type of facility: Formal Primary Education



# Referendom (ssid\_SS0505\_0007) Northern Bahr El Ghazal, Aweil West



Distance from main water source

# <20 min walking

Water fit for human drinking

No

People feel safe collecting water

No



% collapsed or in danger of shelters\*

0-10%

Average occupants

1-4

Market access (NFIs)

Yes



Conditions of most latrines

### Unknown

# Not reported

Evidence of open defecation

Yes

Hygiene promotion campaign

Access to food

No

Yes offsite

Unknown

Not reported

Yes

Frequency of food assistance

Market access (food)



Access to health facility

### Yes

Separate male / female latrines

Unknown

Not reported

Toilets / bathrooms lock from inside

Unknown

Not reported

Unknown

Not reported

Lighting around all toilets / bathrooms

Distance from health facility

# Off-site (>3 km)

Exclusion from health services

None



Security provided at location

### Yes

Common conflict-related incidents

### Yes

Areas avoided by women / girls

No



Access to primary education

### Yes

Distance to nearest education facility

3-5 km

% children attending primary education

51-75%

\*The share of collapsed and in danger of collapse shelters in the figure above refers to IDP/returnee shelters only.

### **WASH**

Connections to functioning pipelines: No

Main water purification method: Filtering

Main water source for cooking / washing: Hand Pumps
Main water source for drinking: Hand Pumps

No. functioning boreholes: 2 Non-functioning: 1

Complaints about drinking water quality: Yes

Main problem with water: Long queue

Type of toilet: Open defecation No. garbage disposal points:

Main garbage disposal method: No waste disposal Is solid waste a problem? Yes

## Shelter / NFIs

Main shelter type: Tukul

Shelter materials available in nature: Poles, Rope, Grass Shelter mat. available from local market: Poles, Rope, Grass

Three most needed NFIs:

Emergency shelter kits, Bedding sets, Mosquito nets

### Food

Groups struggling most with food access:

IDPs, Returnees, Host, community

Main source of food: Bought with cash from market

Reason for lack of market access: NA

# Northern Bahr El Ghazal, Aweil West, Gomjuer East

# Northern Bahr El Ghazal

# **New Site**

IOM DISPLACEMENT TRACKING MATRIX SOUTH SUDAN

Location SSID: ssid\_SS0505\_0004

Postcode: SS050507 IDPs 0%

Accessibility: Accessible by foot

Community Leader: Yes Returnees 100%

Registration: Yes, paper-based

Who is being registered: IDPs, returnees and host community

No. IDPs: 0 Households: 0

Reason for displacement: NA

Origin of largest IDP group:

NA, NA

Origin of 2<sup>nd</sup> largest IDP group:

NA. NA

# Mobility (IDPs)

Date of arrival of first IDP group: NA Date of arrival of last IDP group: NA

Have the IDPs been displaced previously?

No

Three main reasons preventing the majority of IDPs from returning:

Accessibility, Lack of food, Lack of safety

# Mobility (returnees)

Date of return of first returnee group: 2017-09-16 Date of return of last returnee group: 2018-10-15

Are there people displaced from this village / neighbourhood who have not returned yet? Yes

Special needs

No. pregnant women: 35 No. breastfeeding mothers: 27

Total number of individuals with special needs: 304

Special needs include pregnant and breastfeeding women, separated, orphaned and unaccompanied children, persons with mental or physical disabilities, persons with chronic diseases or serious medical conditions and old people without caregivers.

**Protection** 

Main security provider in the village / neighbourhood: Self Organized

Health

Most common concern: Malaria Main provider: Local Clinic

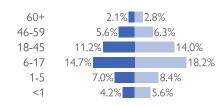
Education

Type of facility: Formal Primary Education

Availability of learning supplies: No Availability of teachers: Yes

# No. returnees: 1915 Households: 383

Reason for displacement: Conflict Origin of largest retunee group: Sudan







# New Site (ssid\_SS0505\_0004) Northern Bahr El Ghazal, Aweil West



Distance from main water source

# >20 min walking

Water fit for human drinking

Yes

People feel safe collecting water

No



% collapsed or in danger of shelters\*

0-10%

Average occupants

1-4

Market access (NFIs)

Yes



Conditions of most latrines

# Unknown

Not reported

Evidence of open defecation

Yes

Hygiene promotion campaign

No



Access to food

# Yes offsite

Frequency of food assistance

Irregular

Market access (food)

No



Separate male / female latrines

### Unknown

# Not reported

Toilets / bathrooms lock from inside

### Unknown

# Not reported

Lighting around all toilets / bathrooms

Unknown

Not reported



Access to health facility

## Yes

Distance from health facility

Off-site (<3 km)

Exclusion from health services

None



Security provided at location

### Yes

Common conflict-related incidents

### No

Areas avoided by women / girls

Yes



Access to primary education

### Yes

Distance to nearest education facility

3-5 km

% children attending primary education

25-50%

\*The share of collapsed and in danger of collapse shelters in the figure above refers to IDP/returnee shelters only.

### **WASH**

Connections to functioning pipelines: No

Main water purification method: Filtering

Main water source for cooking / washing: Hand Pumps
Main water source for drinking: Hand Pumps

No. functioning boreholes: 0 Non-functioning: 0

Complaints about drinking water quality: Yes

Main problem with water: Too far

Type of toilet: Open defecation No. garbage disposal points:

Main garbage disposal method: No waste disposal Is solid waste a problem? No

# Shelter / NFIs

Main shelter type: Temporary shelter (Rakooba)

Shelter materials available in nature: Poles, Rope, Grass Shelter mat. available from local market: Poles, Rope, Grass

Three most needed NFIs:

Emergency shelter kits, Kitchen sets, Hygiene kits

### Food

Groups struggling most with food access:

Returnees, Host, community

Main source of food: Food assistance

Reason for lack of market access: Due to Conflict

# Northern Bahr El Ghazal, Aweil West, Gomjuer West



# **Anyop Juong**

SOUTH SUDAN

2017-04-04

Location SSID: ssid SS0505 0001

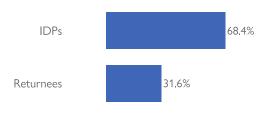
Postcode: SS050508

Accessibility: Accessible by foot

Community Leader: Yes

Registration: Yes, paper-based

Who is being registered: IDPs, returnees and host community



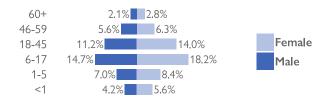
No. IDPs: 1886 Households: 377

Reason for displacement: Natural Disaster

Origin of largest IDP group: Northern Bahr El Ghazal, Aweil West

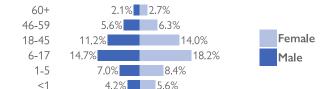
Origin of 2<sup>nd</sup> largest IDP group:

Northern Bahr El Ghazal, Aweil West



# No. returnees: 873 Households: 161

Reason for displacement: Conflict Origin of largest retunee group: Sudan



# Mobility (IDPs)

Date of arrival of first IDP group: 2013-12-13

Have the IDPs been displaced previously?

Three main reasons preventing the majority of IDPs from returning:

Accessibility, Lack of food, House damaged/destroyed

# Mobility (returnees)

Date of return of first returnee group: 2017-08-13

Date of return of last returnee group: 2018-04-04

Date of arrival of last IDP group:

Are there people displaced from this village / neighbourhood who have not returned yet? Yes

# Special needs

No. pregnant women:

51

No. breastfeeding mothers:

Total number of individuals with special needs: 185

Special needs include pregnant and breastfeeding women, separated, orphaned and unaccompanied children, persons with mental or physical disabilities, persons with chronic diseases or serious medical conditions and old people without caregivers.

# **Protection**

Main security provider in the village / neighbourhood: Local Authorities

# Health

Main provider: NGO/INGO Most common concern: Malaria

# Education

Type of facility: Formal Primary Education



# Anyop Juong (ssid\_SS0505\_0001) Northern Bahr El Ghazal, Aweil West



Distance from main water source

# >20 min walking

Water fit for human drinking

Yes

People feel safe collecting water

No



% collapsed or in danger of shelters\*

0-10%

Average occupants

1-4

Market access (NFIs)

No



Conditions of most latrines

### Unknown

# Not reported

Evidence of open defecation

Yes

Hygiene promotion campaign

No



Access to food

# Yes onsite

Frequency of food assistance

# Unknown

# Not reported

Market access (food)

Yes



Separate male / female latrines

### Unknown

# Not reported

Toilets / bathrooms lock from inside

### Unknown

# Not reported

Lighting around all toilets / bathrooms

# Unknown

Not reported



Access to health facility

### Yes

Distance from health facility

# On-site (<3 km)

Exclusion from health services

Returnees



Security provided at location

### Yes

Common conflict-related incidents

### Yes

Areas avoided by women / girls

Yes



Access to primary education

### Yes

Distance to nearest education facility

# 6-10 km

% children attending primary education

25-50%

\*The share of collapsed and in danger of collapse shelters in the figure above refers to IDP/returnee shelters only.

### **WASH**

Connections to functioning pipelines: No

Main water purification method: Tablets

Main water source for cooking / washing: Hand Pumps
Main water source for drinking: Hand Pumps

No. functioning boreholes: 3 Non-functioning: 1

Complaints about drinking water quality: Ye

Main problem with water: Odor/smell

Type of toilet: Open defecation No. garbage disposal points:

Main garbage disposal method: Garbage pit Is solid waste a problem? Yes

## Shelter / NFIs

Main shelter type: Tukul

Shelter materials available in nature: Poles, Grass
Shelter mat. available from local market: Bamboo, Grass

Three most needed NFIs:

Kitchen sets, Hygiene kits, Mosquito nets

# Food

Groups struggling most with food access:

IDPs, Host, community

Main source of food: Cultivation/Sale of livestock

Reason for lack of market access: NA

# Northern Bahr El Ghazal, Aweil West, Mariam East

# Northern Bahr E Ghazal

# Rumtit



Location SSID: ssid\_SS0505\_0008

Postcode: SS050509 **IDPs** 0%

Accessibility: Accessible by car

Community Leader: Yes 100% Returnees

Registration: Yes, paper-based

Who is being registered: Returnees only

No. IDPs: 0 Households: 0

Reason for displacement: NA

Origin of largest IDP group:

NA. NA

Origin of 2<sup>nd</sup> largest IDP group:

NA. NA

# Mobility (IDPs)

Date of arrival of first IDP group: Date of arrival of last IDP group: NA

Have the IDPs been displaced previously?

No

Three main reasons preventing the majority of IDPs from returning:

Lack of food, House damaged/destroyed, Lack of safety

# Mobility (returnees)

Date of return of first returnee group: 2015-03-04 Date of return of last returnee group: 2018-07-17

Are there people displaced from this village / neighbourhood who have not returned yet? Yes

Special needs

No. pregnant women: 38 No. breastfeeding mothers: 176

Total number of individuals with special needs: 287

Special needs include pregnant and breastfeeding women, separated, orphaned and unaccompanied children, persons with mental or physical disabilities, persons with chronic diseases or serious medical conditions and old people without caregivers.

**Protection** 

Main security provider in the village / neighbourhood: Local Authorities

Health

Most common concern: Malaria Main provider: Government

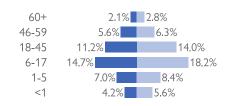
Education

Type of facility: Formal Primary Education

Availability of learning supplies: Yes Availability of teachers: Yes

# No. returnees: 7223 Households: 1313

Reason for displacement: Conflict Origin of largest retunee group: Sudan









# Rumtit (ssid SS0505 0008) Northern Bahr El Ghazal, Aweil West



Distance from main water source

# <20 min walking

Water fit for human drinking

No

People feel safe collecting water

No



% collapsed or in danger of shelters\*

0-10%

Average occupants

1-4

Market access (NFIs)

Yes



Conditions of most latrines

# Unknown

# Not reported

Evidence of open defecation

Yes

Hygiene promotion campaign

No



Access to food

## No

Frequency of food assistance

# Unknown

# Not reported

Market access (food)

Yes



Separate male / female latrines

### Unknown

# Not reported

Toilets / bathrooms lock from inside

### Unknown

# Not reported

Lighting around all toilets / bathrooms

# Unknown

Not reported



Access to health facility

## Yes

Distance from health facility

# Off-site (<3 km)

Exclusion from health services

None



Security provided at location

### Yes

Common conflict-related incidents

### Yes

Areas avoided by women / girls

No



Access to primary education

### Yes

Distance to nearest education facility

6-10 km

% children attending primary education

25-50%

\*The share of collapsed and in danger of collapse shelters in the figure above refers to IDP/returnee shelters only.

### **WASH**

Connections to functioning pipelines: Yes Main water purification method: Filtering

Main water source for cooking / washing: Hand Pumps

Main water source for drinking: Hand Pumps

No. functioning boreholes:

Complaints about drinking water quality:

Main problem with water: Long queue

Type of toilet: Open defecation No. garbage disposal points: 11

Main garbage disposal method: Unknown Non-functioning: 1

Is solid waste a problem? No

Shelter / NFIs

Main shelter type:

Temporary shelter (Rakooba)

Shelter materials available in nature:

Poles, Grass

NA

Shelter mat. available from local market: Poles, Rope, Grass

Three most needed NFIs:

Emergency shelter kits, Bedding sets, Mosquito nets

### Food

Groups struggling most with food access:

Bought with cash from market Main source of food:

Reason for lack of market access: NA

# Northern Bahr El Ghazal, Aweil West, Mariam West

# Northern Bahr Ghazal

# **Udhum**



Location SSID: ssid\_SS0505\_0009

Postcode: SS050510

Accessibility: Accessible by car

Community Leader: Yes

Registration: Yes, paper-based

Who is being registered: IDPs, returnees and host community



No. IDPs: 1983 Households: 369

Reason for displacement: Conflict

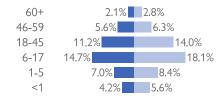
Origin of largest IDP group: Northern Bahr El Ghazal, Aweil West Origin of 2<sup>nd</sup> largest IDP group: Western Bahr El Ghazal, Raja



Female Male

# No. returnees: 1389 Households: 282

Reason for displacement: Conflict Origin of largest retunee group: Sudan



Female Male

# Mobility (IDPs)

Date of arrival of first IDP group: 2017-06-01 Date of arrival of last IDP group: 2018-01-21

Have the IDPs been displaced previously?

Three main reasons preventing the majority of IDPs from returning:

Lack of food, House damaged/destroyed

# Mobility (returnees)

Date of return of first returnee group: 2016-02-04 Date of return of last returnee group: 2018-04-17

Are there people displaced from this village / neighbourhood who have not returned yet? Yes

# Special needs

No. pregnant women: 215 No. breastfeeding mothers: 301

Total number of individuals with special needs: 887

Special needs include pregnant and breastfeeding women, separated, orphaned and unaccompanied children, persons with mental or physical disabilities, persons with chronic diseases or serious medical conditions and old people without caregivers.

### **Protection**

Main security provider in the village / neighbourhood: Local Authorities

### Health

Most common concern: Malaria Main provider: Government

# **Education**

Type of facility: Formal Primary Education



# Udhum (ssid\_SS0505\_0009) Northern Bahr El Ghazal, Aweil West



Distance from main water source

# >20 min walking

Water fit for human drinking

Yes

People feel safe collecting water

Yes



% collapsed or in danger of shelters\*

25-50%

Average occupants

1-4

Market access (NFIs)

No



Conditions of most latrines

# Unknown

Not reported

Evidence of open defecation

Yes

Hygiene promotion campaign

Yes



Access to food

## Yes onsite

Frequency of food assistance

# Unknown

Not reported

Market access (food)

Yes



Separate male / female latrines

# Unknown

# Not reported

Toilets / bathrooms lock from inside

### Unknown

### Not reported

Lighting around all toilets / bathrooms

Unknown

Not reported



Access to health facility

### Yes

Distance from health facility

On-site (>3 km)

Exclusion from health services

None



Security provided at location

### Yes

Common conflict-related incidents

No

Areas avoided by women / girls

No



Access to primary education

### Yes

Distance to nearest education facility

6-10 km

% children attending primary education

51-75%

\*The share of collapsed and in danger of collapse shelters in the figure above refers to IDP/returnee shelters only.

### **WASH**

Connections to functioning pipelines: No

Main water purification method: None

Main water source for cooking / washing: Hand Pumps
Main water source for drinking: Hand Pumps

No. functioning boreholes: 2 Non-functioning: 1

Complaints about drinking water quality: Yes

Main problem with water: Long queue

Type of toilet: Open defecation No. garbage disposal points: 20

Main garbage disposal method: No waste disposal Is solid waste a problem? No

## Shelter / NFIs

Main shelter type: Temporary shelter (Rakooba)

Shelter materials available in nature: Poles, Rope, Grass Shelter mat. available from local market: Poles, Rope, Grass

Three most needed NFIs:

Emergency shelter kits, Kitchen sets, Bedding sets

### Food

Groups struggling most with food access:

IDPs, Returnees, Host, community

Main source of food: Bought with cash from market

Reason for lack of market access: NA