

 **735** Individuals Affected
 **03** Affected Locations
 **08** Damaged Shelters
 **10** Casualties
Movement Trigger: 

Event Overview

On 23 October 2024, a clash occurred between farmers and herders in the community of Tse Anyinyi in Borkiyo ward, Ukum local government area (LGA), Benue State. This incident affected a total of 103 individuals across 21 households, including 49 children, 32 women and 21 men. During the same period, a separate communal clash took place in the community of Ukpute in Ukpa-Ainu Ette ward, Oju LGA, Benue State. This clash affected 53 individuals across 11 households, who were displaced to Oyiwo HC in Ukpa-Ainu Ette ward. The affected individuals included 17 children, 15 women and 21 men. The conflicts resulted in five injuries and three fatalities.

Additionally, on 27 October 2024, armed bandits attacked the community of Daba in Kungurki ward, Kaura Namoda LGA, Zamfara State. This attack affected 579 individuals across 123 households, with 46 individuals displaced to the community of Hayin Bakuso in S/Baura S/Mafara ward. The affected individuals included 323 children, 140 women and 116 men. Two injuries were reported as a result of this attack.

Of all the needs identified, food, non-food items (NFI), health and shelter were the most prevalent. Other needs included security.

Following these events, DTM (Displacement Tracking Matrix) field staff conducted rapid assessments to inform the humanitarian community and Government/partners, and to enable a targeted response.

Nigeria's north-central and north-west zones are afflicted with a multi-dimensional crisis. Long-standing tensions between ethnic and religious groups often result in attacks and banditry or hirabah. These attacks involve kidnapping and grand larceny along major highways by criminal groups. During the past years, the crisis accelerated and has resulted in widespread displacement across the north-central and north-west regions.



Map 1. Showing locations affected.

This map is for illustration purposes only. The boundaries and names shown, and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the International Organization for Migration.

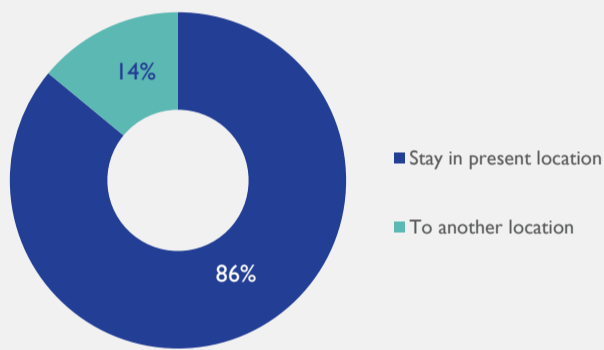


Fig. 1. Movement intention

Priority Needs*



Fig. 2. Most needed assistance

Demographic Breakdown

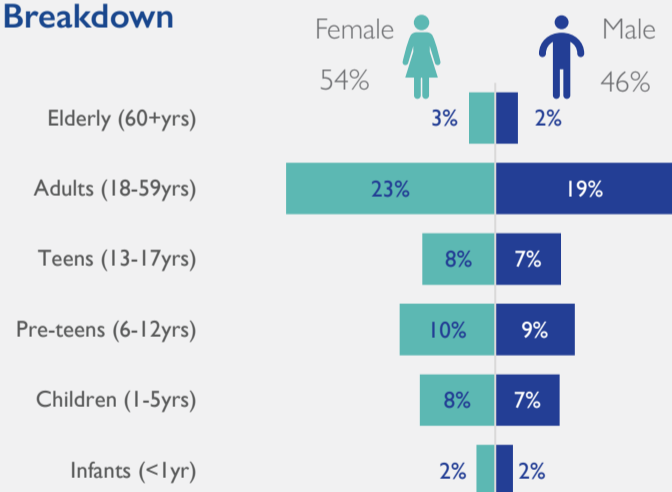


Fig. 3. Gender breakdown of affected population

State	LGA	Ward	Incident type	Number of Affected Household	Number of Affected Individuals			Casualty	Number of Partially Damaged Shelters	Number of fully Damaged Shelters
					Male	Female	Total			
Benue	Ukum	Borkiyo	Attacks	21	48	55	103	2	0	0
	Oju	Ukpa/Ainu Ette	Attacks	11	29	24	53	6	3	5
Zamfara	Kaura Namoda	Kungurki	Attacks	123	262	317	579	2	0	0
Total				155	339	396	735	10	3	5

Methodology: Crises and emergencies require the humanitarian community to act urgently. As a subcomponent of DTM's mobility tracking, flash reports utilise direct observation and a broad network of key informants to monitor sudden displacement resulting from events like disasters or attacks and collect information on the number, profile, and immediate needs of affected populations. In the initial 24 - 48 hours after an incident, DTM Nigeria activates a rapid assessment to document the event, urgent needs of affected individuals, demographic information, and impact. If displacement occurs, DTM Nigeria issues an Early Warning Flash/Incident report within 72 hours, notifying partners and stakeholders.

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