



% of HH living in Other shelters (Open building): None

# Suryamadi

Site profiles **DISPLACEMENT TRACKING MATRIX - R7 NEPAL EARTHQUAKE 2015** 

June 8, 2016 Published on: Altitude: 1335. m Survey date: May 20, 2016 Bagmati, Bhaktapur, Bhaktapur Municipality (27.6734, 85.4375) 24 102 IDPs households **Site Management** Site ID: 34 Site open date: 25-Apr-2015 Male Female Site type: Other Land ownership: Public/Government Site Classification: Spontaneous 6-17 IDPs from: 60+ Bhaktapur (Dhowcha ,1) and Bhaktapur (Dhowcha,3) 48 54 TOTAL Persons with special vulnerabilities Breastfeeding mother: 1 Elderly-headed household: 1 Person with disabilities: 1 Person with chronic diseases/serious medical conditions: 0 Water **Hygiene / Sanitation** Location of the site's main water source: Off-site (More than 20 minutes) People use toilets on or off site: On-site Main non-drinking water source: Piped water supply Condition of most of the latrines: Good (Hygienic) Main drinking water source: Piped water supply Functioning toilets on-site: 4 Average amount of water available per day/person: 11-15 liters Evidence of open defecation: No Drinking water treated before consumption: No treatment Evidence of hand-washing practices: Unknown Main problem with the water: None Garbage Disposal Type: Municipal collection **Food / Nutrition** Access to food: Yes, Off-site Screening for malnutrition conducted in the area: No Access to a market near from the site: Yes Supplementary feeding availability for pregnant/lactating mother: No Supplementary feeding availability for children: No Most common source for food: Own cash Access to formal education facility: Yes Security on-site/settlement areas: Yes Access to non formal education facility: No Security incidents reported: No Distance to nearest formal education facility: Off-site (More than 20 minutes) Main security provider: Self organized Lighting in communal points: Yes, there is lighting and it is adequate % of girls at the site attending school: 51% to 75% Health Prevalent health problems Distance to the closest functioning health facility: Off-site (Less than 30 minutes) 1st most: Provider of on-site health facilities: Government None 2nd most: None Access to psychosocial support in the last 4 weeks: No 3rd most: None Access to immunization services in the last 4 weeks: No Livelihood Communication Occupation of most of the households before EQ: Agriculture/Livestock Male IDPS get most information from: Radio/Newspaper Occupation of most of the households after EQ: Agriculture/Livestock Female IDPS get most information from: Local leader Access to income generating activities: Yes Complaints being reported: No Main topic of information requested: Livestock on site: No Access to services IDPs have access to land for cultivation: Yes **Monsoon Specific** Site accessible in monsoon: Yes Drinking water accessible in monsoon: Yes Health facility accessible in monsoon Yes Shelters that can survive in monsoon: 26% to 50% Water-proof shelters at site: 26% to 50% Education facility accessible in monsoon: Yes Wash facilities functional in monsoon: Yes Food support accessible in monsoon: Yes Shelter & NEIs % of HH living outside (no shelter): None % of HH have access to electricity: 51% to 75% % of HH living in tents: None % of HH have access to safe cooking facilities: 51% to 75% % of HH living in temporary shelter (CGIs): More than 75% 1st most needed type of NFI: Cooking gas

Displacement Tracking Matrix - International Organisation for Migration - Contact: nepaleqdtm@iom.int

2nd most needed type of NFI: None





Access to non formal education facility: Yes

Prevalent health problems

Site profiles **DISPLACEMENT TRACKING MATRIX - R7** 

**Lower Gamcha NEPAL EARTHQUAKE 2015** June 8, 2016 Published on: Bagmati, Kathmandu, Kirtipur Municipality (27.6714, 85.26553) Altitude: 1372.53 m Survey date: May 18, 2016 30 250 households IDPs **Site Management** Site ID: 122 Site open date: 17-May-2015 Male Female Site type: Open ground (park, playground, sports ground, Community is taking part in SMC: None other) Land ownership: Public/Government Site Classification: Spontaneous 6-17 IDPs from: 60+ Bhaktapur (Lower Gamcha ,7) and Bhaktapur (Lower Gamcha ,7) 129 121 TOTAL Persons with special vulnerabilities Breastfeeding mothers: 8 Elderly-headed household: 1 Person with disabilities: 0 Person with chronic diseases/serious medical conditions: 0 Water **Hygiene / Sanitation** Location of the site's main water source: Off-site (Less than 20 minutes) People use toilets on or off site: On-site Main non-drinking water source: Piped water supply Condition of most of the latrines: Good (Hygienic) Main drinking water source: Protected Well Functioning toilets on-site: 30 Average amount of water available per day/person: More than 15 liters Evidence of open defecation: No Drinking water treated before consumption: Filtered Evidence of hand-washing practices: Unknown Main problem with the water: None Garbage Disposal Type: Burning **Food / Nutrition** 

Access to food: Yes, On-Site	Screening for mainutrition conducted in the area: Yes
Access to a market near from the site: Yes	Supplementary feeding availability for pregnant/lactating mother: No
Most common source for food: <b>Own cash</b>	Supplementary feeding availability for children: <b>No</b>

Access to formal education facility: Yes Security on-site/settlement areas: Yes

Distance to nearest formal education facility: Off-site (Less than 20 minutes) Main security provider: Self organized

Lighting in communal points: Yes, there is lighting and it is adequate % of girls at the site attending school: More than 75%

Security incidents reported: No

Distance to the closest functioning health facility: Off-site (1-2 hours)

#### Health

•			•
1st most:	Cough	Provider of on-site health facilities:	Government
2nd most:	Cold	Access to psychosocial support in the last 4 weeks:	No
3rd most:	Skin infections	Access to immunization services in the last 4 weeks:	No
Livelihood		Commu	nication
Occupation of most of the households before EQ:	Agriculture/Livestock	Male IDPS get most information from:	Mobile phone
Occupation of most of the households after EQ:	Trade	Female IDPS get most information from:	Site management
Access to income generating activities:	Yes	Complaints being reported:	Yes
Livestock on site:	No	Main topic of information requested:	Access to services
IDPs have access to land for cultivation:	Yes		Access to services
		Monsoon Specific	

	Challes O NEL	
Wash facilities functional in monsoon:	Yes	Food support accessible in monsoon: Yes
Water-proof shelters at site:	25% or less	Education facility accessible in monsoon: Yes
Shelters that can survive in monsoon:	None	Health facility accessible in monsoon Yes
Site accessible in monsoon:	Yes	Drinking water accessible in monsoon: Yes

#### **Shelter & NFIs**

ó	% of HH have access to electricity: <b>51% to 75</b> 9	% of HH living outside (no shelter): <b>None</b>
6	% of HH have access to safe cooking facilities: 51% to 759	% of HH living in tents: None
nets	75% 1st most needed type of NFI: Mosquito	HH living in temporary shelter (CGIs): 51% to 75%

% of HH living in emergency makeshift shelters: 25% or less 2nd most needed type of NFI: Mosquito repellents % of HH living in Other shelters (Open building): None 3rd most needed type of NFI: Water filters

Displacement Tracking Matrix - International Organisation for Migration - Contact: nepaleqdtm@iom.int





% of HH living in Other shelters (Open building): None

# Lamoshangu

Site profiles **DISPLACEMENT TRACKING MATRIX - R7 NEPAL EARTHQUAKE 2015** 

June 8, 2016 Published on:

Bagmati, Sindhupalchok, Mankha (27.75619, 85.85563) Altitude: 776.03 m Survey date: May 13, 2016 71 618 households IDPs **Site Management** Site ID: 152 Site open date: 25-May-2015 Site having the SMC: Yes Male Female Site type: Open ground (park, playground, sports ground, other) Land ownership: Public/Government Site Classification: Spontaneous 6-17 IDPs from: 60+ Sindhupalchok (Mankha ,1) and Sindhupalchok (Ramchhe,9) 310 TOTAL 308 Persons with special vulnerabilities Breastfeeding mothers: 20 Elderly-headed households: 3 Persons with disabilities: 4 Persons with chronic diseases/serious medical conditions: 3 Water **Hygiene / Sanitation** Location of the site's main water source: Off-site (Less than 20 minutes) People use toilets on or off site: On-site Condition of most of the latrines: Not so good (not hygienic) Main non-drinking water source: Spring/river Main drinking water source: Spring/river Functioning toilets on-site: 20 Average amount of water available per day/person: More than 15 liters Evidence of open defecation: No Drinking water treated before consumption: No treatment Evidence of hand-washing practices: Unknown Main problem with the water: None Garbage Disposal Type: No waste disposal system **Food / Nutrition** Access to food: Yes, Off-site Screening for malnutrition conducted in the area: No Access to a market near from the site: Yes Supplementary feeding availability for pregnant/lactating mother: No Supplementary feeding availability for children: No Most common source for food: Own cash Access to formal education facility: Yes Security on-site/settlement areas: Yes Access to non formal education facility: No Security incidents reported: Yes Distance to nearest formal education facility: Off-site (Less than 20 minutes) Main security provider: Police Lighting in communal points: No lighting % of girls at the site attending school: More than 75% Health Distance to the closest functioning health facility: On-site Prevalent health problems 1st most: Cough Provider of on-site health facilities: Local Clinic/med practitioners 2nd most: Cold Access to psychosocial support in the last 4 weeks: Yes 3rd most: None Access to immunization services in the last 4 weeks: Yes Livelihood Communication Occupation of most of the households before EQ: Daily wage laborer Male IDPS get most information from: Radio/Newspaper Occupation of most of the households after EQ: Daily wage laborer Female IDPS get most information from: Radio/Newspaper Access to income generating activities: Yes Complaints being reported: Unknown Main topic of information requested: Livestock on site: Yes Recovery plans IDPs have access to land for cultivation: No **Monsoon Specific** Site accessible in monsoon: Yes Drinking water accessible in monsoon: No Health facility accessible in monsoon No Shelters that can survive in monsoon: 51% to 75% Water-proof shelters at site: More than 75% Education facility accessible in monsoon: No Wash facilities functional in monsoon: No Food support accessible in monsoon: Yes Shelter & NEIs % of HH living outside (no shelter): None % of HH have access to electricity: More than 75% % of HH living in tents: 25% or less % of HH have access to safe cooking facilities: 25% or less % of HH living in temporary shelter (CGIs): 51% to 75% 1st most needed type of NFI: CGIs

Displacement Tracking Matrix - International Organisation for Migration - Contact: nepaleqdtm@iom.int

2nd most needed type of NFI: Kitchen sets

3rd most needed type of NFI: Cooking gas





% of HH living in Other shelters (Open building): None

### Mandre

Site profiles **DISPLACEMENT TRACKING MATRIX - R7 NEPAL EARTHQUAKE 2015** 

June 8, 2016 Published on:

Gandaki, Gorkha, Barpak (28.19506, 84.72523) Altitude: 1353.94 m Survey date: May 10, 2016 20 103 households IDPs **Site Management** Site ID: 180 Site open date: 26-Apr-2015 Male Female Site type: Open ground (park, playground, sports ground, other) Land ownership: Private Site Classification: Spontaneous 6-17 IDPs from: 60+ Gorkha (Barpak ,2) 46 57 TOTAL Persons with special vulnerabilities Breastfeeding mothers: 8 Elderly-headed households: 4 Person with disabilities: 0 Person with chronic diseases/serious medical conditions: 0 Water **Hygiene / Sanitation** Location of the site's main water source: On-site (Less than 20 minutes) People use toilets on or off site: On-site Main non-drinking water source: Piped water supply Condition of most of the latrines: Not so good (not hygienic) Main drinking water source: Piped water supply Functioning toilets on-site: 4 Average amount of water available per day/person: 6-10 liters Evidence of open defecation: No Drinking water treated before consumption: Filtered Evidence of hand-washing practices: No Main problem with the water: Odor/smell Garbage Disposal Type: Burning **Food / Nutrition** Access to food: No Screening for malnutrition conducted in the area: No Access to a market near from the site: Yes Supplementary feeding availability for pregnant/lactating mother: No Supplementary feeding availability for children: No Most common source for food: Own cash Access to formal education facility: Yes Security on-site/settlement areas: No Access to non formal education facility: No Security incidents reported: No Distance to nearest formal education facility: On-site (Less than 20 minutes) Main security provider: Unknown Lighting in communal points: No lighting % of girls at the site attending school: More than 75% Health Prevalent health problems Distance to the closest functioning health facility: Off-site (1-2 hours) 1st most: Eye infection Provider of on-site health facilities: Government 2nd most: Cough Access to psychosocial support in the last 4 weeks: Yes 3rd most: None Access to immunization services in the last 4 weeks: Yes Livelihood Communication Occupation of most of the households before EQ: Agriculture/Livestock Male IDPS get most information from: Radio/Newspaper Occupation of most of the households after EQ: Agriculture/Livestock Female IDPS get most information from: Radio/Newspaper Access to income generating activities: Yes Complaints being reported: Unknown Main topic of information requested:
Situation in areas of origin Livestock on site: Yes IDPs have access to land for cultivation: Yes **Monsoon Specific** Site accessible in monsoon: No, no vehicular access Drinking water accessible in monsoon: Yes Shelters that can survive in monsoon: 51% to 75% Health facility accessible in monsoon Yes Water-proof shelters at site: 25% or less Education facility accessible in monsoon: Yes Wash facilities functional in monsoon: Yes Food support accessible in monsoon: Unknown Shelter & NEIs % of HH living outside (no shelter): None % of HH have access to electricity: None % of HH living in tents: None % of HH have access to safe cooking facilities: More than 75% % of HH living in temporary shelter (CGIs): More than 75% 1st most needed type of NFI: Tarpaulin

Displacement Tracking Matrix - International Organisation for Migration - Contact: nepaleqdtm@iom.int

2nd most needed type of NFI: Mosquito nets

3rd most needed type of NFI: CGIs





# **Hope Esparanza**

Site profiles

DISPLACEMENT TRACKING MATRIX - R7

NEPAL EARTHQUAKE 2015

June 8, 2016 Published on: Altitude: 1331.99 m Survey date: May 10, 2016 Bagmati, Kathmandu, Kathmandu Metropolitan (27.7, 85.3559) 90 333 households IDPs **Site Management** Site ID: 203 Site open date: 16-May-2015 Site having the SMC: Yes Male Female Site type: Open ground (park, playground, sports ground, other) Land ownership: Public/Government Site Classification: Spontaneous 6-17 IDPs from: Sindhupalchok (ArmaShingti ,6) and Sindhupalchok (Bhumachaur ,7) 160 TOTAL 173 Persons with special vulnerabilities Breastfeeding mothers: 10 Elderly-headed households: 5 Persons with disabilities: 6 Person with chronic diseases/serious medical conditions: 1 **Hygiene / Sanitation** Location of the site's main water source: On-site (More than 20 minutes) People use toilets on or off site: On-site Main non-drinking water source: Hand pumps Condition of most of the latrines: Good (Hygienic) Main drinking water source: Hand pumps Functioning toilets on-site: 4 Average amount of water available per day/person: 11-15 liters Evidence of open defecation: No Drinking water treated before consumption: Filtered Evidence of hand-washing practices: Yes Main problem with the water: All of the above Garbage Disposal Type: Burning **Food / Nutrition** Access to food: Yes, On-Site Screening for malnutrition conducted in the area: No Access to a market near from the site: Yes Supplementary feeding availability for pregnant/lactating mother: No Supplementary feeding availability for children: No Most common source for food: Food distribution/donation

Access to a market near from the site: Yes Supplementary feeding availability for pregnant/lactating mother: No

Most common source for food: Food distribution/donation Supplementary feeding availability for children: No

Education Protection

Access to formal education facility: Yes Security on-site/settlement areas: No

Access to non formal education facility: Yes Security incidents reported: No

Distance to nearest formal education facility: Off-site (More than 20 minutes) Main security provider: Unknown

% of girls at the site attending school: More than 75% Lighting in communal points: Yes, there is lighting and it is adequate

### Health

Prevalent health problems

Distance to the closest functioning health facility: Off-site (Less than 30 minutes)

1st most: Cold
Provider of on-site health facilities: Government

2nd most: Cough
Access to psychosocial support in the last 4 weeks: No

3rd most: None
Access to immunization services in the last 4 weeks: No

Livelihood

Communication

Occupation of most of the households before FO: Agriculture/Livestock

Male IDPS get most information from: Social Media

Occupation of most of the households before EQ: Agriculture/Livestock

Occupation of most of the households after EQ: Craftsmen

Access to income generating activities: No

Livestock on site: No

Main topic of information requested:

Access to services

Access to services

IDPs have access to land for cultivation: No

Monsoon Specific

Site accessible in monsoon: Yes

Shelters that can survive in monsoon: None

Water-proof shelters at site: None

Wash facilities functional in monsoon: Yes

Wash facilities functional in monsoon: Yes

Shelter & NEIS

% of HH living outside (no shelter): **None** % of HH have access to electricity: **51% to 75%** 

% of HH living in tents: None % of HH have access to safe cooking facilities: 51% to 75%
% of HH living in temporary shelter (CGIs): None 1st most needed type of NFI: Mosquito nets
% of HH living in emergency makeshift shelters: More than 75% 2nd most needed type of NFI: Mosquito repellents
% of HH living in Other shelters (Open building): None 3rd most needed type of NFI: Mosquito repellents

Displacement Tracking Matrix - International Organisation for Migration - Contact: nepaleqdtm@iom.int





% of HH living in emergency makeshift shelters: More than 75%

% of HH living in Other shelters (Open building): None

# Chuchepati

Site profiles **DISPLACEMENT TRACKING MATRIX - R7 NEPAL EARTHQUAKE 2015** 

June 8, 2016 Published on:

Bagmati, Kathmandu, Kathmandu Metropolitan (27.7199, 85.35266) Altitude: 1338.39 m Survey date: May 11, 2016 450 2,180 households IDPs **Site Management** Site ID: 206 Site open date: 25-Apr-2015 Female Male Site type: Open ground (park, playground, sports ground, other) Land ownership: Private Site Classification: Spontaneous 6-17 IDPs from: 60+ Sindhupalchok (Phulpaing katti,2) and Dolakha (Sigati ,6) 1065 TOTAL 1115 Persons with special vulnerabilities Breastfeeding mothers: 60 Elderly-headed households: 20 Persons with disabilities: 16 Persons with chronic diseases/serious medical conditions: 15 Water **Hygiene / Sanitation** Location of the site's main water source: On-site (More than 20 minutes) People use toilets on or off site: On-site Main non-drinking water source: Water truck Condition of most of the latrines: Good (Hygienic) Main drinking water source: Water truck Functioning toilets on-site: 22 Average amount of water available per day/person: 11-15 liters Evidence of open defecation: No Drinking water treated before consumption: Filtered Evidence of hand-washing practices: Yes Main problem with the water: None Garbage Disposal Type: Municipal collection **Food / Nutrition** Access to food: Yes, Off-site Screening for malnutrition conducted in the area: No Access to a market near from the site: Yes Supplementary feeding availability for pregnant/lactating mother: No Supplementary feeding availability for children: No Most common source for food: Own cash Access to formal education facility: Yes Security on-site/settlement areas: No Access to non formal education facility: No Security incidents reported: No Distance to nearest formal education facility: Off-site (Less than 20 minutes) Main security provider: Unknown Lighting in communal points: No lighting % of girls at the site attending school: More than 75% Health Prevalent health problems Distance to the closest functioning health facility: Off-site (1-2 hours) 1st most: Provider of on-site health facilities: Government None 2nd most: None Access to psychosocial support in the last 4 weeks: No Access to immunization services in the last 4 weeks: No 3rd most: None Livelihood Communication Occupation of most of the households before EQ: Agriculture/Livestock Male IDPS get most information from: Social Media Occupation of most of the households after EQ: Daily wage laborer Female IDPS get most information from: Local leader Access to income generating activities: Yes Complaints being reported: No Main topic of information requested: Livestock on site: No Recovery plans IDPs have access to land for cultivation: Yes **Monsoon Specific** Site accessible in monsoon: Yes Drinking water accessible in monsoon: Yes Health facility accessible in monsoon Yes Shelters that can survive in monsoon: 25% or less Water-proof shelters at site: 25% or less Education facility accessible in monsoon: Yes Wash facilities functional in monsoon: Yes Food support accessible in monsoon: Yes Shelter & NEIs % of HH living outside (no shelter): None % of HH have access to electricity: None % of HH living in tents: 25% or less % of HH have access to safe cooking facilities: More than 75% % of HH living in temporary shelter (CGIs): None 1st most needed type of NFI: Mosquito nets

Displacement Tracking Matrix - International Organisation for Migration - Contact: nepaleqdtm@iom.int

2nd most needed type of NFI: Cooking gas





% of HH living in Other shelters (Open building): None

### Golmode

Site profiles **DISPLACEMENT TRACKING MATRIX - R7 NEPAL EARTHQUAKE 2015** 

June 8, 2016 Published on:

Narayani, Makwanpur, Namtaar (27.58762, 85.08438) Altitude: 2433.55 m Survey date: May 14, 2016 46 241 households IDPs **Site Management** Site ID: 209 Site open date: 21-May-2015 Male Female Site type: Open ground (park, playground, sports ground, other) Community is taking part in SMC: None Land ownership: Public/Government Site Classification: Spontaneous 6-17 IDPs from: 60+ (1, Makwanpur (Namtar 116 TOTAL 125 Persons with special vulnerabilities Breastfeeding mothers: 13 Elderly-headed household: 0 Person with disabilities: 0 Person with chronic diseases/serious medical conditions: 0 Water **Hygiene / Sanitation** Location of the site's main water source: On-site (Less than 20 minutes) People use toilets on or off site: On-site Main non-drinking water source: Piped water supply Condition of most of the latrines: Good (Hygienic) Main drinking water source: Piped water supply Functioning toilets on-site: 7 Average amount of water available per day/person: 11-15 liters Evidence of open defecation: No Drinking water treated before consumption: No treatment Evidence of hand-washing practices: Yes Main problem with the water: Suspended solids Garbage Disposal Type: Burning **Food / Nutrition** Access to food: No Screening for malnutrition conducted in the area: No Access to a market near from the site: No Supplementary feeding availability for pregnant/lactating mother: No Supplementary feeding availability for children: No Most common source for food: Own cash Access to formal education facility: Yes Security on-site/settlement areas: No Access to non formal education facility: No Security incidents reported: Yes Distance to nearest formal education facility: Off-site (More than 20 minutes) Main security provider: Unknown Lighting in communal points: No lighting % of girls at the site attending school: More than 75% Health Prevalent health problems Distance to the closest functioning health facility: Off-site (1-2 hours) 1st most: Diarrhea Provider of on-site health facilities: Government 2nd most: None Access to psychosocial support in the last 4 weeks: No 3rd most: None Access to immunization services in the last 4 weeks: Yes Livelihood Communication Occupation of most of the households before EQ: Agriculture/Livestock Male IDPS get most information from: Radio/Newspaper Occupation of most of the households after EQ: Agriculture/Livestock Female IDPS get most information from: Families & friends Access to income generating activities: Yes Complaints being reported: No Main topic of information requested: Livestock on site: No Relocation plan IDPs have access to land for cultivation: Yes **Monsoon Specific** Site accessible in monsoon: Yes Drinking water accessible in monsoon: No Shelters that can survive in monsoon: More than 75% Health facility accessible in monsoon No Water-proof shelters at site: 51% to 75% Education facility accessible in monsoon: No Wash facilities functional in monsoon: Yes Food support accessible in monsoon: Unknown Shelter & NEIs % of HH living outside (no shelter): None % of HH have access to electricity: None % of HH living in tents: None % of HH have access to safe cooking facilities: None % of HH living in temporary shelter (CGIs): More than 75% 1st most needed type of NFI: Mosquito nets

Displacement Tracking Matrix - International Organisation for Migration - Contact: nepaleqdtm@iom.int

2nd most needed type of NFI: Water filters





% of HH living in emergency makeshift shelters: More than 75%

% of HH living in Other shelters (Open building): None

# Hatechaur, Manthali (Site- DISPLACEMENT TRACKING MATRIX - R7

Site profiles **NEPAL EARTHQUAKE 2015** 

Published on:

2nd most needed type of NFI: Tarpaulin

3rd most needed type of NFI: Mosquito nets

June 8, 2016

Altitude: 571.2 m Survey date: May 13, 2016 Janakpur, Ramechhap, Manthali Municipality (27.2325, 86.345) 25 146 households IDPs **Site Management** Site ID: 215 Site open date: 26-Apr-2015 Male Female Site type: Open ground (park, playground, sports ground, other) Community is taking part in SMC: None Land ownership: Public/Government Site Classification: Spontaneous 6-17 IDPs from: Ramechhap (Manthali Municipality ,2) 63 TOTAL 83 Persons with special vulnerabilities Breastfeeding mothers: 11 Elderly-headed households: 2 Persons with disabilities: 5 Person with chronic diseases/serious medical conditions: 1 **Hygiene / Sanitation** People use toilets on or off site: Off-site Location of the site's main water source: Off-site (Less than 20 minutes) Main non-drinking water source: Piped water supply Condition of most of the latrines: Not so good (not hygienic) Main drinking water source: Piped water supply Functioning toilets on-site: 2 Average amount of water available per day/person: More than 15 liters Evidence of open defecation: Yes Drinking water treated before consumption: Filtered Evidence of hand-washing practices: Unknown Main problem with the water: None Garbage Disposal Type: No waste disposal system **Food / Nutrition** Access to food: No Screening for malnutrition conducted in the area: Yes Access to a market near from the site: Yes Supplementary feeding availability for pregnant/lactating mother: Yes Supplementary feeding availability for children: Yes Most common source for food: Own cash Access to formal education facility: Yes Security on-site/settlement areas: No Access to non formal education facility: No Security incidents reported: No Distance to nearest formal education facility: Off-site (Less than 20 minutes) Main security provider: Unknown Lighting in communal points: Yes, there is lighting but it is NOT % of girls at the site attending school: More than 75% adequate Health Prevalent health problems Distance to the closest functioning health facility: Off-site (Less than 30 minutes) 1st most: Cough Provider of on-site health facilities: Government 2nd most: Cold Access to psychosocial support in the last 4 weeks: No 3rd most: Skin infections Access to immunization services in the last 4 weeks: Yes Livelihood Communication Occupation of most of the households before EQ: Agriculture/Livestock Male IDPS get most information from: Radio/Newspaper Occupation of most of the households after EQ: Agriculture/Livestock Female IDPS get most information from: Radio/Newspaper Access to income generating activities: Yes Complaints being reported: No Main topic of information requested: Livestock on site: Yes Recovery plans IDPs have access to land for cultivation: Yes **Monsoon Specific** Site accessible in monsoon: Yes Drinking water accessible in monsoon: Yes Health facility accessible in monsoon Yes Shelters that can survive in monsoon: 25% or less Water-proof shelters at site: None Education facility accessible in monsoon: Yes Wash facilities functional in monsoon: Yes Food support accessible in monsoon: No Shelter & NEIs % of HH living outside (no shelter): None % of HH have access to electricity: More than 75% % of HH living in tents: None % of HH have access to safe cooking facilities: 25% or less % of HH living in temporary shelter (CGIs): 25% or less 1st most needed type of NFI: CGIs

Displacement Tracking Matrix - International Organisation for Migration - Contact: nepaleqdtm@iom.int





% of HH living in Other shelters (Open building): None

# Bulungkhani

Site profiles **DISPLACEMENT TRACKING MATRIX - R7 NEPAL EARTHQUAKE 2015** 

June 8, 2016 Published on:

Janakpur, Dolakha, Bulungkhani (27.47861, 86.10197) Altitude: 1056.14 m Survey date: May 10, 2016 98 353 households IDPs **Site Management** Site ID: 225 Site open date: 25-Apr-2015 Male Female Site type: Other Community is taking part in SMC: Yes Land ownership: Private Site Classification: Spontaneous 6-17 IDPs from: (9, Dolakha (Bulungkhani 168 185 TOTAL Persons with special vulnerabilities Breastfeeding mothers: 10 Elderly-headed households: 2 Persons with disabilities: 8 Person with chronic diseases/serious medical conditions: 0 Water **Hygiene / Sanitation** Location of the site's main water source: On-site (Less than 20 minutes) People use toilets on or off site: On-site Main non-drinking water source: Piped water supply Condition of most of the latrines: Not so good (not hygienic) Main drinking water source: Piped water supply Functioning toilets on-site: 45 Average amount of water available per day/person: More than 15 liters Evidence of open defecation: No Drinking water treated before consumption: No treatment Evidence of hand-washing practices: No Main problem with the water: None Garbage Disposal Type: No waste disposal system **Food / Nutrition** Access to food: No Screening for malnutrition conducted in the area: No Access to a market near from the site: No Supplementary feeding availability for pregnant/lactating mother: No Supplementary feeding availability for children: No Most common source for food: Own/Cultivated Access to formal education facility: Yes Security on-site/settlement areas: No Access to non formal education facility: No Security incidents reported: No Distance to nearest formal education facility: Off-site (More than 20 minutes) Main security provider: Unknown Lighting in communal points: Yes, there is lighting but it is NOT % of girls at the site attending school: More than 75% adequate Health Distance to the closest functioning health facility: Off-site (1-2 hours) Prevalent health problems 1st most: Provider of on-site health facilities: Government Cough 2nd most: Cold Access to psychosocial support in the last 4 weeks: No 3rd most: None Access to immunization services in the last 4 weeks: Yes Livelihood Communication Occupation of most of the households before EQ: Agriculture/Livestock Male IDPS get most information from: Radio/Newspaper Occupation of most of the households after EQ: Agriculture/Livestock Female IDPS get most information from: Families & friends Access to income generating activities: Yes Complaints being reported: Yes Main topic of information requested: Livestock on site: Yes Recovery plans IDPs have access to land for cultivation: Yes **Monsoon Specific** Site accessible in monsoon: No, no vehicular access Drinking water accessible in monsoon: Yes Shelters that can survive in monsoon: 25% or less Health facility accessible in monsoon Yes Water-proof shelters at site: None Education facility accessible in monsoon: No Wash facilities functional in monsoon: Yes Food support accessible in monsoon: No Shelter & NEIs % of HH living outside (no shelter): None % of HH have access to electricity: More than 75% % of HH living in tents: None % of HH have access to safe cooking facilities: None % of HH living in temporary shelter (CGIs): More than 75% 1st most needed type of NFI: CGIs

Displacement Tracking Matrix - International Organisation for Migration - Contact: nepaleqdtm@iom.int

2nd most needed type of NFI: Tarpaulin





### 20 Kilo

Site profiles

DISPLACEMENT TRACKING MATRIX - R7

NEPAL EARTHQUAKE 2015

Published on: June 8, 2016

Bagmati, Sindhupalchok, Jethal (27.69958, 85.89528) Altitude: 2029.99 m Survey date: May 11, 2016 64 226 IDPs households **Site Management** Site ID: 233 Site having the SMC: Yes Site open date: 27-May-2015 Male Female Site type: Open ground (park, playground, sports ground, other) Land ownership: Public/Government Site Classification: Spontaneous 6-17 IDPs from: 60+ Sindhupalchok (Jethal ,5) and Sindhupalchok (Jethal,4) 104 TOTAL 122 Persons with special vulnerabilities Breastfeeding mothers: 8 Elderly-headed households: 4 Persons with disabilities: 3 Persons with chronic diseases/serious medical conditions: 4 Water **Hygiene / Sanitation** Location of the site's main water source: Off-site (More than 20 minutes) People use toilets on or off site: On-site Main non-drinking water source: Spring/river Condition of most of the latrines: Good (Hygienic) Main drinking water source: Spring/river Functioning toilets on-site: 60 Average amount of water available per day/person: More than 15 liters Evidence of open defecation: No Drinking water treated before consumption: No treatment Evidence of hand-washing practices: Unknown Main problem with the water: None Garbage Disposal Type: Garbage pit **Food / Nutrition** Access to food: Yes, On-Site Screening for malnutrition conducted in the area: Yes Access to a market near from the site: Yes Supplementary feeding availability for pregnant/lactating mother: No Supplementary feeding availability for children: No Most common source for food: Own cash Access to formal education facility: Yes Security on-site/settlement areas: No Access to non formal education facility: No Security incidents reported: No Distance to nearest formal education facility: Off-site (More than 20 minutes) Main security provider: Unknown Lighting in communal points: Yes, there is lighting but it is NOT % of girls at the site attending school: More than 75% adequate Health Prevalent health problems Distance to the closest functioning health facility: Off-site (Less than 30 minutes) Provider of on-site health facilities: Government 1st most: None 2nd most: None Access to psychosocial support in the last 4 weeks: Yes 3rd most: None Access to immunization services in the last 4 weeks: Yes Livelihood Communication Occupation of most of the households before EQ: Agriculture/Livestock Male IDPS get most information from: Radio/Newspaper Occupation of most of the households after EQ: Agriculture/Livestock Female IDPS get most information from: Radio/Newspaper Access to income generating activities: Yes Complaints being reported: Unknown Main topic of information requested: Livestock on site: Yes Recovery plans IDPs have access to land for cultivation: Yes **Monsoon Specific** Site accessible in monsoon: Yes Drinking water accessible in monsoon: Yes Health facility accessible in monsoon No Shelters that can survive in monsoon: Unknown Water-proof shelters at site: 51% to 75% Education facility accessible in monsoon: Yes Wash facilities functional in monsoon: Yes Food support accessible in monsoon: Yes Shelter & NEIs % of HH living outside (no shelter): None % of HH have access to electricity: More than 75% % of HH living in tents: None % of HH have access to safe cooking facilities: 26% to 50% % of HH living in temporary shelter (CGIs): More than 75% 1st most needed type of NFI: Cooking gas % of HH living in emergency makeshift shelters: None 2nd most needed type of NFI: Kitchen sets

Displacement Tracking Matrix - International Organisation for Migration - Contact: nepaleqdtm@iom.int





### Simbutar

Site profiles **DISPLACEMENT TRACKING MATRIX - R7 NEPAL EARTHQUAKE 2015** 

June 8, 2016 Published on:

Bagmati, Nuwakot, Bidur Municipality (27.92837, 85.15141) Altitude: 565.41 m Survey date: May 16, 2016 128 402 households IDPs **Site Management** Site ID: 236 Site open date: 30-Apr-2015 Male Female Site type: Open ground (park, playground, sports ground, other) Land ownership: Public/Government Site Classification: Spontaneous 6-17 <u>SMA Nam</u>e: Nor IDPs from: 60+ Nuwakot (Salme ,8) and Nuwakot (Valche ,7) 180 TOTAL 222 Persons with special vulnerabilities Breastfeeding mothers: 30 Elderly-headed household: 0 Persons with disabilities: 5 Person with chronic diseases/serious medical conditions: 0 Water **Hygiene / Sanitation** Location of the site's main water source: On-site (Less than 20 minutes) People use toilets on or off site: On-site Condition of most of the latrines: Not so good (not hygienic) Main non-drinking water source: Spring/river Main drinking water source: Piped water supply Functioning toilets on-site: 20 Average amount of water available per day/person: 6-10 liters Evidence of open defecation: Yes Drinking water treated before consumption: No treatment Evidence of hand-washing practices: Unknown Main problem with the water: None Garbage Disposal Type: Burning **Food / Nutrition** Access to food: Yes, Off-site Screening for malnutrition conducted in the area: No Access to a market near from the site: Yes Supplementary feeding availability for pregnant/lactating mother: No Supplementary feeding availability for children: No Most common source for food: Own cash **Protection** Access to formal education facility: Yes Security on-site/settlement areas: Yes Access to non formal education facility: Yes Security incidents reported: No Distance to nearest formal education facility: Off-site (Less than 20 minutes) Main security provider: Police Lighting in communal points: Yes, there is lighting but it is NOT % of girls at the site attending school: More than 75% adequate Health Distance to the closest functioning health facility: Off-site (1-2 hours) Prevalent health problems 1st most: Cough Provider of on-site health facilities: Government 2nd most: Skin infections Access to psychosocial support in the last 4 weeks: Yes 3rd most: Cold Access to immunization services in the last 4 weeks: No Livelihood Communication Occupation of most of the households before EQ: Agriculture/Livestock Male IDPS get most information from: Families & friends Occupation of most of the households after EQ: Agriculture/Livestock Female IDPS get most information from: Families & friends Access to income generating activities: Yes Complaints being reported: No Main topic of information requested: Livestock on site: No Recovery plans IDPs have access to land for cultivation: No **Monsoon Specific** Site accessible in monsoon: Yes Drinking water accessible in monsoon: Yes Health facility accessible in monsoon Yes Shelters that can survive in monsoon: 51% to 75% Water-proof shelters at site: 51% to 75% Education facility accessible in monsoon: Yes Wash facilities functional in monsoon: Yes Food support accessible in monsoon: Yes Shelter & NEIs % of HH living outside (no shelter): None % of HH have access to electricity: More than 75% % of HH living in tents: None % of HH have access to safe cooking facilities: 51% to 75% % of HH living in temporary shelter (CGIs): More than 75% 1st most needed type of NFI: Construction material % of HH living in emergency makeshift shelters: 25% or less 2nd most needed type of NFI: CGIs

Displacement Tracking Matrix - International Organisation for Migration - Contact: nepaleqdtm@iom.int





% of HH living in Other shelters (Open building): None

## Sano Byasi

Site profiles **DISPLACEMENT TRACKING MATRIX - R7 NEPAL EARTHQUAKE 2015** 

June 8, 2016

Published on: Bagmati, Bhaktapur, Bhaktapur Municipality (27.6704, 85.43345) Altitude: 1310.96 m Survey date: May 18, 2016 57 250 households IDPs **Site Management** Site ID: 288 Site open date: 26-Apr-2015 Male Female Site type: Open ground (park, playground, sports ground, other) Community is taking part in SMC: Yes Land ownership: Private Site Classification: Spontaneous 6-17 IDPs from: 60+ Bhaktapur (Byasi ,10) 135 TOTAL 115 Persons with special vulnerabilities Breastfeeding mothers: 2 Elderly-headed household: 1 Persons with disabilities: 3 Person with chronic diseases/serious medical conditions: 0 Water **Hygiene / Sanitation** Location of the site's main water source: On-site (Less than 20 minutes) People use toilets on or off site: On-site Main non-drinking water source: Water truck Condition of most of the latrines: Good (Hygienic) Main drinking water source: Water truck Functioning toilets on-site: 8 Average amount of water available per day/person: More than 15 liters Evidence of open defecation: No Drinking water treated before consumption: Chlorinated Evidence of hand-washing practices: Unknown Main problem with the water: None Garbage Disposal Type: Municipal collection **Food / Nutrition** Access to food: No Screening for malnutrition conducted in the area: No Access to a market near from the site: Yes Supplementary feeding availability for pregnant/lactating mother: No Supplementary feeding availability for children: No Most common source for food: Own cash Access to formal education facility: Yes Security on-site/settlement areas: Yes Access to non formal education facility: No Security incidents reported: No Distance to nearest formal education facility: Off-site (Less than 20 minutes) Main security provider: Self organized Lighting in communal points: Yes, there is lighting and it is adequate % of girls at the site attending school: More than 75% Health Prevalent health problems Distance to the closest functioning health facility: Off-site (Less than 30 minutes) 1st most: Provider of on-site health facilities: Local Clinic/med practitioners None 2nd most: None Access to psychosocial support in the last 4 weeks: No 3rd most: None Access to immunization services in the last 4 weeks: No Livelihood Communication Occupation of most of the households before EQ: Agriculture/Livestock Male IDPS get most information from: Mobile phone Occupation of most of the households after EQ: Agriculture/Livestock Female IDPS get most information from: Radio/Newspaper Access to income generating activities: Yes Complaints being reported: No Main topic of information requested: Livestock on site: No Access to services IDPs have access to land for cultivation: Yes **Monsoon Specific** Site accessible in monsoon: Yes Drinking water accessible in monsoon: Unknown Health facility accessible in monsoon Yes Shelters that can survive in monsoon: 25% or less Water-proof shelters at site: 25% or less Education facility accessible in monsoon: Yes Wash facilities functional in monsoon: Yes Food support accessible in monsoon: Yes Shelter & NEIs % of HH living outside (no shelter): None % of HH have access to electricity: More than 75% % of HH living in tents: More than 75% % of HH have access to safe cooking facilities: More than 75% % of HH living in temporary shelter (CGIs): 25% or less 1st most needed type of NFI: Mosquito nets

Displacement Tracking Matrix - International Organisation for Migration - Contact: nepaleqdtm@iom.int

2nd most needed type of NFI: Tarpaulin

3rd most needed type of NFI: CGIs





### **Dhansakharka**

Site profiles **DISPLACEMENT TRACKING MATRIX - R7 NEPAL EARTHQUAKE 2015** 

June 8, 2016

Published on: Bagmati, Dhading, Nilkantha Municipality (27.91584, 84.88896) Altitude: 644.66 m Survey date: May 13, 2016 100 365 households IDPs 484 **Site Management** Site ID: Site open date: 08-May-2015 Site having the SMC: Yes Male Female Site type: Open ground (park, playground, sports ground, other) Land ownership: Private Site Classification: Spontaneous 6-17 IDPs from: 60+ Dhading (Lapa ,2) and Dhading (Jharlang ,2) 174 TOTAL 191 Persons with special vulnerabilities Breastfeeding mothers: 25 Elderly-headed households: 3 Persons with disabilities: 2 Persons with chronic diseases/serious medical conditions: 5 Water **Hygiene / Sanitation** Location of the site's main water source: On-site (Less than 20 minutes) People use toilets on or off site: On-site Main non-drinking water source: Piped water supply Condition of most of the latrines: Not so good (not hygienic) Main drinking water source: Piped water supply Functioning toilets on-site: 6 Average amount of water available per day/person: 11-15 liters Evidence of open defecation: No Drinking water treated before consumption: No treatment Evidence of hand-washing practices: Unknown Main problem with the water: Suspended solids Garbage Disposal Type: Garbage pit **Food / Nutrition** Access to food: No Screening for malnutrition conducted in the area: No Access to a market near from the site: Yes Supplementary feeding availability for pregnant/lactating mother: No Supplementary feeding availability for children: No Most common source for food: Own cash Access to formal education facility: Yes Security on-site/settlement areas: No Access to non formal education facility: No Security incidents reported: Yes Distance to nearest formal education facility: Off-site (More than 20 minutes) Main security provider: Unknown Lighting in communal points: No lighting % of girls at the site attending school: More than 75% Health Distance to the closest functioning health facility: Off-site (Less than 30 minutes) Prevalent health problems Provider of on-site health facilities: Government 1st most: Diarrhea 2nd most: None Access to psychosocial support in the last 4 weeks: No Access to immunization services in the last 4 weeks: No 3rd most: None Livelihood Communication Occupation of most of the households before EQ: Agriculture/Livestock Male IDPS get most information from: Radio/Newspaper Occupation of most of the households after EQ: None Female IDPS get most information from: Radio/Newspaper Access to income generating activities: No Complaints being reported: No Main topic of information requested: Livestock on site: No For how long the site will remain active IDPs have access to land for cultivation: No **Monsoon Specific** Site accessible in monsoon: Yes Drinking water accessible in monsoon: No Shelters that can survive in monsoon: None Health facility accessible in monsoon No Water-proof shelters at site: None Education facility accessible in monsoon: Yes Wash facilities functional in monsoon: No Food support accessible in monsoon: Unknown Shelter & NEIs % of HH living outside (no shelter): None % of HH have access to electricity: None % of HH living in tents: None % of HH have access to safe cooking facilities: None % of HH living in temporary shelter (CGIs): More than 75% 1st most needed type of NFI: Cooking gas % of HH living in emergency makeshift shelters: None 2nd most needed type of NFI: Mosquito nets

Displacement Tracking Matrix - International Organisation for Migration - Contact: nepaleqdtm@iom.int

3rd most needed type of NFI: Water filters





% of HH living in Other shelters (Open building): None

## **Damgade**

Site profiles **DISPLACEMENT TRACKING MATRIX - R7 NEPAL EARTHQUAKE 2015** 

June 8, 2016

Published on: Bagmati, Dhading, Nilkantha Municipality (27.92288, 84.89431) Altitude: 808.95 m Survey date: May 13, 2016 498 118 households IDPs **Site Management** Site ID: 486 Site open date: 24-May-2015 Male Female Site type: Open ground (park, playground, sports ground, other) Community is taking part in SMC: Yes Land ownership: Private Site Classification: Spontaneous 6-17 IDPs from: 60+ Dhading (Ree ,9) and Dhading (Ree ,5) 246 TOTAL 252 Persons with special vulnerabilities Breastfeeding mothers: 20 Elderly-headed households: 4 Person with disabilities: 1 Person with chronic diseases/serious medical conditions: 0 Water **Hygiene / Sanitation** Location of the site's main water source: Off-site (More than 20 minutes) People use toilets on or off site: On-site Main non-drinking water source: Piped water supply Condition of most of the latrines: Not so good (not hygienic) Main drinking water source: Unprotected Well Functioning toilets on-site: 5 Average amount of water available per day/person: 6-10 liters Evidence of open defecation: No Drinking water treated before consumption: No treatment Evidence of hand-washing practices: Unknown Main problem with the water: Suspended solids Garbage Disposal Type: Garbage pit **Food / Nutrition** Access to food: No Screening for malnutrition conducted in the area: No Access to a market near from the site: Yes Supplementary feeding availability for pregnant/lactating mother: No Supplementary feeding availability for children: No Most common source for food: Borrowed cash Access to formal education facility: Yes Security on-site/settlement areas: No Access to non formal education facility: No Security incidents reported: No Distance to nearest formal education facility: Off-site (More than 20 minutes) Main security provider: Unknown Lighting in communal points: No lighting % of girls at the site attending school: More than 75% Health Prevalent health problems Distance to the closest functioning health facility: Off-site (Less than 30 minutes) 1st most: Diarrhea Provider of on-site health facilities: Government 2nd most: Pneumonia Access to psychosocial support in the last 4 weeks: No 3rd most: None Access to immunization services in the last 4 weeks: Yes Livelihood Communication Occupation of most of the households before EQ: Agriculture/Livestock Male IDPS get most information from: Radio/Newspaper Occupation of most of the households after EQ: None Female IDPS get most information from: Families & friends Access to income generating activities: Yes Complaints being reported: No Main topic of information requested: Livestock on site: No Recovery plans IDPs have access to land for cultivation: No **Monsoon Specific** Site accessible in monsoon: Yes Drinking water accessible in monsoon: No Health facility accessible in monsoon Yes Shelters that can survive in monsoon: None Water-proof shelters at site: None Education facility accessible in monsoon: Yes Wash facilities functional in monsoon: Yes Food support accessible in monsoon: Unknown Shelter & NEIs % of HH living outside (no shelter): None % of HH have access to electricity: None % of HH living in tents: 25% or less % of HH have access to safe cooking facilities: 25% or less % of HH living in temporary shelter (CGIs): More than 75% 1st most needed type of NFI: Mosquito nets

Displacement Tracking Matrix - International Organisation for Migration - Contact: nepaleqdtm@iom.int

2nd most needed type of NFI: Cooking gas

3rd most needed type of NFI: Construction material





### Boudha

Site profiles
DISPLACEMENT TRACKING MATRIX - R7
NEPAL EARTHQUAKE 2015

Published on: June 8, 2016

Altitude: 1347.54 m Survey date: May 17, 2016 Bagmati, Kathmandu, Kathmandu Metropolitan (27.726, 85.367) 71 220 households IDPs **Site Management** Site ID: 491 Site open date: 18-May-2015 Male **Female** Site type: Open ground (park, playground, sports ground, other) Land ownership: Private Site Classification: Spontaneous 6-17 IDPs from: 60+ Sindhupalchok (Phulping Katti ,9) 109 TOTAL 111 Persons with special vulnerabilities Breastfeeding mothers: 12 Elderly-headed household: 1 Persons with disabilities: 2 Person with chronic diseases/serious medical conditions: 1 Water **Hygiene / Sanitation** Location of the site's main water source: Off-site (More than 20 minutes) People use toilets on or off site: On-site Main non-drinking water source: Hand pumps Condition of most of the latrines: Not so good (not hygienic) Main drinking water source: Piped water supply Functioning toilets on-site: 9 Average amount of water available per day/person: More than 15 liters Evidence of open defecation: No Drinking water treated before consumption: No treatment Evidence of hand-washing practices: Unknown Main problem with the water: None Garbage Disposal Type: Municipal collection **Food / Nutrition** Access to food: Yes, On-Site Screening for malnutrition conducted in the area: No Access to a market near from the site: Yes Supplementary feeding availability for pregnant/lactating mother: No Supplementary feeding availability for children: No Most common source for food: Own cash Access to formal education facility: Yes Security on-site/settlement areas: Yes Access to non formal education facility: No Security incidents reported: No Distance to nearest formal education facility: Off-site (Less than 20 minutes) Main security provider: Self organized Lighting in communal points: No lighting % of girls at the site attending school: More than 75% Health Prevalent health problems Distance to the closest functioning health facility: Off-site (Less than 30 minutes) 1st most: Provider of on-site health facilities: Local Clinic/med practitioners None 2nd most: None Access to psychosocial support in the last 4 weeks: No 3rd most: None Access to immunization services in the last 4 weeks: No Livelihood Communication Occupation of most of the households before EQ: Agriculture/Livestock Male IDPS get most information from: Families & friends Occupation of most of the households after EQ: Agriculture/Livestock Female IDPS get most information from: Site management Access to income generating activities: Yes Complaints being reported: No Main topic of information requested: Livestock on site: No Work opportunities IDPs have access to land for cultivation: No **Monsoon Specific** Site accessible in monsoon: Yes Drinking water accessible in monsoon: Unknown Health facility accessible in monsoon Yes Shelters that can survive in monsoon: 26% to 50% Water-proof shelters at site: 26% to 50% Education facility accessible in monsoon: Yes Wash facilities functional in monsoon: Yes Food support accessible in monsoon: Yes Shelter & NEIs % of HH living outside (no shelter): None % of HH have access to electricity: More than 75% % of HH living in tents: None % of HH have access to safe cooking facilities: More than 75% % of HH living in temporary shelter (CGIs): More than 75% 1st most needed type of NFI: Mosquito nets % of HH living in emergency makeshift shelters: 25% or less 2nd most needed type of NFI: CGIs

Displacement Tracking Matrix - International Organisation for Migration - Contact: nepaleqdtm@iom.int





### Dhuche

Site profiles
DISPLACEMENT TRACKING MATRIX - R7
NEPAL EARTHQUAKE 2015

Published on: June 8, 2016

Survey date: May 14, 2016

Bagmati, Kavrepalanchok, Pokharinarayansthan (27.30804, 85.44444)

Altitude: 374.3 m

26

115

Site ID: 493

Site Management households IDPs

Site open date: 13-May-2015

Site type: Other

Land ownership: Public/Government

**Site Classification: Spontaneous** 

IDPs from:

(Ravrepalanchok (Pokharinarayansthan ,3)

Site Management
Site having the SMC: No
Women participating in SMC: UNKNOWN
Community is taking part in SMC: None
SMA: No
SMA type: None
SMA Name: None
SMA focal point: None
Registration/IDPs list maintained: No

Male		Female
2	<1	2
2	1-5	3
13	6-17	10
34	18-59	36
6	60+	7
57	TOTAL	58

Persons	with	snecial	VIII	neral	nilities

Breastfeeding mothers: 5 Elderly-headed households: 9
Persons with disabilities: 3 Persons with chronic diseases/serious medical conditions: 3
Water Hygiene / Sanitation

Location of the site's main water source: On-site (Less than 20 minutes) People use toilets on or off site: On-site

Main non-drinking water source: Piped water supply Condition of most of the latrines: Not so good (not hygienic)

Main drinking water source: Piped water supply

Average amount of water available per day/person: More than 15 liters

Drinking water treated before consumption: No treatment

Main problem with the water: None

Functioning toilets on-site: 6

Evidence of open defecation: No

Evidence of hand-washing practices: Yes

Main problem with the water: None

Garbage Disposal Type: Burning

**Food / Nutrition** 

Access to food: **No**Screening for malnutrition conducted in the area: **Yes**Access to a market near from the site: **Yes**Supplementary feeding availability for pregnant/lactating mother: **No**Most common source for food: **Own/Cultivated**Supplementary feeding availability for children: **No** 

Education Protection

Access to formal education facility: Yes Security on-site/settlement areas: No

Access to non formal education facility: No Security incidents reported: Yes

Distance to nearest formal education facility: Off-site (More than 20 minutes) Main security provider: Unknown

% of girls at the site attending school: More than 75% Lighting in communal points: Yes, there is lighting but it is NOT

Health

Prevalent health problems

1st most: Cough

Distance to the closest functioning health facility: Off-site (Less than 30 minutes)

Provider of on-site health facilities: Government

2nd most: Cold
Access to psychosocial support in the last 4 weeks: Yes
3rd most: None
Access to immunization services in the last 4 weeks: No

Livelihood
Communication

Occupation of most of the households before EQ: Craftsmen

Occupation of most of the households after EQ: Craftsmen

Male IDPS get most information from: Radio/Newspaper

Female IDPS get most information from: Radio/Newspaper

Access to income generating activities: Yes Complaints being reported: No

Livestock on site: Yes Main topic of information requested:

IDPs have access to land for cultivation: Yes

Monsoon Specific

Site accessible in monsoon: Yes

Shelters that can survive in monsoon: 26% to 50%

Water-proof shelters at site: None

Wash facilities functional in monsoon: Yes

Wash facilities functional in monsoon: Yes

Drinking water accessible in monsoon: Yes

Health facility accessible in monsoon: Yes

Education facility accessible in monsoon: No

Shelter & NFIs

% of HH living outside (no shelter): **None** % of HH have access to electricity: **More than 75%** 

% of HH living in tents: None % of HH have access to safe cooking facilities: None
% of HH living in temporary shelter (CGIs): More than 75% 1st most needed type of NFI: CGIs
% of HH living in emergency makeshift shelters: None 2nd most needed type of NFI: Tarpaulin
% of HH living in Other shelters (Open building): None 3rd most needed type of NFI: None

Displacement Tracking Matrix - International Organisation for Migration - Contact: nepaleqdtm@iom.int





### Barahbise

Site profiles
DISPLACEMENT TRACKING MATRIX - R7
NEPAL EARTHQUAKE 2015

Published on: June 8, 2016

Bagmati, Sindhupalchok, Barahbishe (27.7899, 85.89909) Altitude: 877.23 m Survey date: May 12, 2016 38 142 IDPs households 496 **Site Management** Site ID: Site open date: 27-May-2015 Male **Female** Site type: Open ground (park, playground, sports ground, other) Community is taking part in SMC: No Land ownership: Private Site Classification: Spontaneous 6-17 IDPs from: 60+ Sindhupalchok (Barabishe ,9) and Sindhupalchok (Merming) 74 68 TOTAL Persons with special vulnerabilities Breastfeeding mothers: 6 Elderly-headed households: 3 Person with disabilities: 1 Person with chronic diseases/serious medical conditions: 0 Water **Hygiene / Sanitation** Location of the site's main water source: On-site (Less than 20 minutes) People use toilets on or off site: On-site Main non-drinking water source: Spring/river Condition of most of the latrines: Not so good (not hygienic) Main drinking water source: Spring/river Functioning toilets on-site: 1 Average amount of water available per day/person: More than 15 liters Evidence of open defecation: No Drinking water treated before consumption: No treatment Evidence of hand-washing practices: Unknown Main problem with the water: None Garbage Disposal Type: No waste disposal system **Food / Nutrition** Access to food: Yes, Off-site Screening for malnutrition conducted in the area: No Access to a market near from the site: Yes Supplementary feeding availability for pregnant/lactating mother: No Supplementary feeding availability for children: No Most common source for food: Own cash Access to formal education facility: Yes Security on-site/settlement areas: Yes Access to non formal education facility: No Security incidents reported: No Distance to nearest formal education facility: Off-site (More than 20 minutes) Main security provider: Police Lighting in communal points: No lighting % of girls at the site attending school: 51% to 75% Health Prevalent health problems Distance to the closest functioning health facility: Off-site (Less than 30 minutes) 1st most: Diarrhea Provider of on-site health facilities: Government 2nd most: None Access to psychosocial support in the last 4 weeks: No 3rd most: None Access to immunization services in the last 4 weeks: Yes Livelihood Communication Occupation of most of the households before EQ: Agriculture/Livestock Male IDPS get most information from: Radio/Newspaper Occupation of most of the households after EQ: Agriculture/Livestock Female IDPS get most information from: Radio/Newspaper Access to income generating activities: Yes Complaints being reported: Unknown Main topic of information requested: Livestock on site: Yes Recovery plans IDPs have access to land for cultivation: No **Monsoon Specific** Site accessible in monsoon: Yes Drinking water accessible in monsoon: No Health facility accessible in monsoon No Shelters that can survive in monsoon: 26% to 50% Water-proof shelters at site: 26% to 50% Education facility accessible in monsoon: Yes Wash facilities functional in monsoon: No Food support accessible in monsoon: Unknown

> % of HH living outside (no shelter): None

% of HH living in Other shelters (Open building): None

% of HH have access to electricity: More than 75%

% of HH living in tents: 25% or less
% of HH living in temporary shelter (CGIs): 51% to 75%
% of HH living in emergency makeshift shelters: 25% or less

% of HH have access to safe cooking facilities: **25% or less**1st most needed type of NFI: **Cooking gas** 

2nd most needed type of NFI: CGIs

3rd most needed type of NFI: Mosquito nets

Displacement Tracking Matrix - International Organisation for Migration - Contact: nepaleqdtm@iom.int

Shelter & NEIs





% of HH living in emergency makeshift shelters: None % of HH living in Other shelters (Open building): None

# **Syaubari**

Site profiles **DISPLACEMENT TRACKING MATRIX - R7 NEPAL EARTHQUAKE 2015** 

June 8, 2016 Published on:

Bagmati, Rasuwa, Laharepauwa (28.00437, 85.21006) Altitude: 1670.32 m Survey date: May 12, 2016 **72** 306 households IDPs **Site Management** Site ID: 498 Site open date: 17-May-2015 Male Female Site type: Other Community is taking part in SMC: Yes Land ownership: Private Site Classification: Spontaneous 6-17 IDPs from: 60+ Rasuwa (Haku ,8) and Rasuwa (Haku ,9) 164 142 TOTAL Persons with special vulnerabilities Breastfeeding mothers: 32 Elderly-headed households: 10 Persons with disabilities: 4 Persons with chronic diseases/serious medical conditions: 2 Water **Hygiene / Sanitation** Location of the site's main water source: Off-site (More than 20 minutes) People use toilets on or off site: On-site Main non-drinking water source: Unprotected Well Condition of most of the latrines: Good (Hygienic) Main drinking water source: Hand pumps Functioning toilets on-site: 12 Average amount of water available per day/person: 5 liters and less Evidence of open defecation: No Drinking water treated before consumption: Chlorinated Evidence of hand-washing practices: Unknown Main problem with the water: None Garbage Disposal Type: Burning **Food / Nutrition** Access to food: Yes, On-Site Screening for malnutrition conducted in the area: No Access to a market near from the site: No Supplementary feeding availability for pregnant/lactating mother: No Supplementary feeding availability for children: No Most common source for food: Own cash Access to formal education facility: Yes Security on-site/settlement areas: Yes Access to non formal education facility: No Security incidents reported: No Distance to nearest formal education facility: Off-site (More than 20 minutes) Main security provider: Self organized Lighting in communal points: Yes, there is lighting and it is adequate % of girls at the site attending school: 26% to 50% Health Prevalent health problems Distance to the closest functioning health facility: Off-site (1-2 hours) 1st most: Cough Provider of on-site health facilities: Local Clinic/med practitioners 2nd most: Skin infections Access to psychosocial support in the last 4 weeks: Yes 3rd most: Diarrhea Access to immunization services in the last 4 weeks: No Livelihood Communication Occupation of most of the households before EQ: Agriculture/Livestock Male IDPS get most information from: Local leader Occupation of most of the households after EQ: Daily wage laborer Female IDPS get most information from: Local leader Access to income generating activities: No Complaints being reported: No Main topic of information requested: Livestock on site: No Relocation plan IDPs have access to land for cultivation: No **Monsoon Specific** Site accessible in monsoon: Yes Drinking water accessible in monsoon: No Shelters that can survive in monsoon: None Health facility accessible in monsoon No Water-proof shelters at site: None Education facility accessible in monsoon: Yes Wash facilities functional in monsoon: Yes Food support accessible in monsoon: No Shelter & NEIs % of HH living outside (no shelter): None % of HH have access to electricity: More than 75% % of HH living in tents: 25% or less % of HH have access to safe cooking facilities: None % of HH living in temporary shelter (CGIs): More than 75% 1st most needed type of NFI: Fire wood

Displacement Tracking Matrix - International Organisation for Migration - Contact: nepaleqdtm@iom.int

2nd most needed type of NFI: Cooking gas



# **RCB**

Site profiles **DISPLACEMENT TRACKING MATRIX - R7 NEPAL EARTHQUAKE 2015** 

IOM • OIM  AND CAMP MANAGEMENT CLUSTER			Published on:		June 8, 2016
Survey date: <b>May 11, 2016</b>		Gandaki, Gorkha, Barpak (28	8.20612, 84.74176)		Altitude: 1847.72 m
			35		173
City ID F02	c:	. Managaman		le.	
Site ID: 502		te Management	household	15	IDPs
Site open date: 26-Apr-2015	Site having the SMC:		Dania		Famala
Site type: Open ground (park, playground, sports ground, other)		g in SMC: 26% to 50%	Male	-11	Female
Land ownership: Public/Government	Community is taking SMA: Yes	part III Sivic. Yes	2	<1	3
		nal NCO	9	1-5	10
Site Classification: Spontaneous	SMA Name: Basala		22	6-17	20
IDPs from:	SMA Name: People i		44	18-59	47
Gorkha (Barpak ,5)	SMA focal point: Pus		9	60+	7
	Registration/IDPs list	: maintained: No	86	TOTAL	87
	Persons with speci				
Breastfeeding mothers: 9			ly-headed household:		
Person with disabilities: 1		Person with chronic diseases/seriou		0	
Water  Location of the site's main water source: On-sit	ita (Lass than 20 minutas)		Hygiene / Sanitation e toilets on or off site:	On-site	
		·			
Main <b>non-drinking</b> water source: <b>Piped</b>	d water supply	Condition o	f most of the latrines:	Good (Hyg	gienic)
Main drinking water source: Piped	d water supply	Funct	tioning toilets on-site	4	
Average amount of water available per day/person: 11-15	5 liters	Evidenc	e of open defecation:	No	
Drinking water treated before consumption: Filtere	red	Evidence of ha	nd-washing practices:	: No	
Main problem with the water: None	•	G	arbage Disposal Type:	Burning	
	Food / N	utrition			
Access to food: <b>No</b>		Screening for malnutrition of	onducted in the area	No	
Access to a market near from the site: Yes	Supple	mentary feeding availability for pregn	ant/lactating mother:	No	
Most common source for food: Own o	Own cash Supplementary feeding availability for children: No				
Education			Protection		
Access to formal education facility: Yes		Security on-site/settlem	ent areas: <b>Yes</b>		
Access to non formal education facility: No		Security incidents	reported: No		
Distance to nearest formal education facility: Off-si	ite (Less than 20 minutes)	Main security	provider: <b>Police</b>		
% of girls at the site attending school: More	e than 75%	Lighting in commun	nal points: Yes, there	is lighting a	nd it is adequate
	н	ealth			
Prevalent health problems	D	istance to the closest functioning heal	th facility: Off-site (Lo	ess than 30	minutes)
1st most: Cough	th	Provider of on-site health	facilities: Governme	ent	
2nd most: None		cess to psychosocial support in the last			
3rd most: None	e Acce	ess to immunization services in the last			
Livelihood			Communication		
Occupation of most of the households before EQ: <b>Daily</b>	_	Male IDPS get most informa			
Occupation of most of the households after EQ: <b>Daily</b>	wage laborer	Female IDPS get most information		triends	
Access to income generating activities: Yes			reported: Unknown		
Livestock on site: Yes		Main topic of information r		n areas of o	rigin
IDPs have access to land for cultivation: No					
	Monsoon	•			
Site accessible in monsoon: <b>No, n</b>		_	ccessible in monsoon:		
Shelters that can survive in monsoon: More			accessible in monsoon		
Water-proof shelters at site: 51% t	to 75%		ccessible in monsoon:		
Wash facilities functional in monsoon: Yes			ccessible in monsoon:	Unknown	
	Shelter &				
% of HH living outside (no shelter): None	2	% of HH have access to e	electricity: More than	75%	
% of HH living in tents: <b>None</b>	2	% of HH have access to safe cooking	facilities: More than	75%	
% of HH living in temporary shelter (CGIs): More	e than 75%	1st most needed ty	pe of NFI: <b>CGIs</b>		
% of HH living in emergency makeshift shelters: None	2	2nd most needed ty	pe of NFI: Mosquito	nets	
of finally and the formation to		0.1	C		

Displacement Tracking Matrix - International Organisation for Migration - Contact: nepaleqdtm@iom.int

3rd most needed type of NFI: Tarpaulin





### Jelana

Site profiles
DISPLACEMENT TRACKING MATRIX - R7
NEPAL EARTHQUAKE 2015

Published on: June 8, 2016

Altitude: 1319.5 m Survey date: May 18, 2016 Bagmati, Bhaktapur, Bhaktapur Municipality (27.674, 85.421) 293 65 IDPs households **Site Management** Site ID: 503 Site open date: 25-Apr-2015 Male Female Site type: Open ground (park, playground, sports ground, other) Land ownership: Private Site Classification: Spontaneous 6-17 IDPs from: 60+ Bhaktapur (Bhaktapur municipality ,2) 156 137 TOTAL Persons with special vulnerabilities Breastfeeding mothers: 7 Elderly-headed households: 9 Person with disabilities: 1 Person with chronic diseases/serious medical conditions: 1 Water **Hygiene / Sanitation** Location of the site's main water source: On-site (More than 20 minutes) People use toilets on or off site: On-site Main non-drinking water source: Water truck Condition of most of the latrines: Good (Hygienic) Main drinking water source: Water truck Functioning toilets on-site: 8 Average amount of water available per day/person: 11-15 liters Evidence of open defecation: No Drinking water treated before consumption: Filtered Evidence of hand-washing practices: Unknown Main problem with the water: None Garbage Disposal Type: Municipal collection **Food / Nutrition** Access to food: Yes, Off-site Screening for malnutrition conducted in the area: No Access to a market near from the site: Yes Supplementary feeding availability for pregnant/lactating mother: No Supplementary feeding availability for children: No Most common source for food: Own cash Access to formal education facility: Yes Security on-site/settlement areas: No Access to non formal education facility: No Security incidents reported: No Distance to nearest formal education facility: Off-site (Less than 20 minutes) Main security provider: Unknown Lighting in communal points: Yes, there is lighting and it is adequate % of girls at the site attending school: More than 75% Health Prevalent health problems Distance to the closest functioning health facility: Off-site (1-2 hours) 1st most: Provider of on-site health facilities: Local Clinic/med practitioners None 2nd most: None Access to psychosocial support in the last 4 weeks: No 3rd most: None Access to immunization services in the last 4 weeks: No Livelihood Communication Occupation of most of the households before EQ: Agriculture/Livestock Male IDPS get most information from: Radio/Newspaper Occupation of most of the households after EQ: Agriculture/Livestock Female IDPS get most information from: Radio/Newspaper Access to income generating activities: Yes Complaints being reported: No Main topic of information requested: Livestock on site: No Access to services IDPs have access to land for cultivation: Yes **Monsoon Specific** Site accessible in monsoon: Yes Drinking water accessible in monsoon: Yes Shelters that can survive in monsoon: 25% or less Health facility accessible in monsoon Yes Water-proof shelters at site: 25% or less Education facility accessible in monsoon: Yes Wash facilities functional in monsoon: Yes Food support accessible in monsoon: Yes Shelter & NEIs % of HH living outside (no shelter): None % of HH have access to electricity: More than 75% % of HH living in tents: None % of HH have access to safe cooking facilities: More than 75% % of HH living in temporary shelter (CGIs): More than 75% 1st most needed type of NFI: Tarpaulin % of HH living in emergency makeshift shelters: None 2nd most needed type of NFI: Mosquito nets

Displacement Tracking Matrix - International Organisation for Migration - Contact: nepaleqdtm@iom.int

3rd most needed type of NFI: Sleeping beds





### Koldanda

Site profiles
DISPLACEMENT TRACKING MATRIX - R7
NEPAL EARTHQUAKE 2015

Published on: June 8, 2016

Janakpur, Ramechhap, Bhujee (27.473433, 86.279421) Altitude: 1534.08 m Survey date: May 12, 2016 30 143 households IDPs **Site Management** Site ID: 506 Site open date: 26/04/2015 Male Female Site type: Open ground (park, playground, sports ground, other) Community is taking part in SMC: None Land ownership: Public/Government Site Classification: Spontaneous 6-17 IDPs from: 60+ Ramechhap (Bhujee ,5) 61 TOTAL 82 Persons with special vulnerabilities Breastfeeding mothers: 4 Elderly-headed households: 3 Persons with disabilities: 2 Persons with chronic diseases/serious medical conditions: 4 Water **Hygiene / Sanitation** Location of the site's main water source: On-site (Less than 20 minutes) People use toilets on or off site: On-site Condition of most of the latrines: Not so good (not hygienic) Main non-drinking water source: Piped water supply Main drinking water source: Piped water supply Functioning toilets on-site: 4 Average amount of water available per day/person: More than 15 liters Evidence of open defecation: No Drinking water treated before consumption: Boiled Evidence of hand-washing practices: Yes Main problem with the water: Suspended solids Garbage Disposal Type: Garbage pit **Food / Nutrition** Access to food: No Screening for malnutrition conducted in the area: No Access to a market near from the site: No Supplementary feeding availability for pregnant/lactating mother: No Supplementary feeding availability for children: No Most common source for food: Own/Cultivated **Protection** Access to formal education facility: Yes Security on-site/settlement areas: Yes Access to non formal education facility: No Security incidents reported: No Distance to nearest formal education facility: Off-site (More than 20 minutes) Main security provider: Police Lighting in communal points: Yes, there is lighting but it is NOT % of girls at the site attending school: More than 75% adequate Health Distance to the closest functioning health facility: Off-site (1-2 hours) Prevalent health problems 1st most: Cough Provider of on-site health facilities: Government 2nd most: Cold Access to psychosocial support in the last 4 weeks: No 3rd most: None Access to immunization services in the last 4 weeks: Yes Livelihood Communication Occupation of most of the households before EQ: Agriculture/Livestock Male IDPS get most information from: Radio/Newspaper Occupation of most of the households after EQ: Agriculture/Livestock Female IDPS get most information from: Families & friends Access to income generating activities: Yes Complaints being reported: Yes Main topic of information requested: Livestock on site: Yes Recovery plans IDPs have access to land for cultivation: Yes **Monsoon Specific** Site accessible in monsoon: No, no vehicular access Drinking water accessible in monsoon: No Shelters that can survive in monsoon: 26% to 50% Health facility accessible in monsoon Yes Water-proof shelters at site: None Education facility accessible in monsoon: No Wash facilities functional in monsoon: Yes Food support accessible in monsoon: No Shelter & NEIs % of HH living outside (no shelter): None % of HH have access to electricity: More than 75% % of HH living in tents: None % of HH have access to safe cooking facilities: None % of HH living in temporary shelter (CGIs): 51% to 75% 1st most needed type of NFI: CGIs % of HH living in emergency makeshift shelters: 25% or less 2nd most needed type of NFI: Tarpaulin

Displacement Tracking Matrix - International Organisation for Migration - Contact: nepaleqdtm@iom.int





% of HH living in emergency makeshift shelters: None % of HH living in Other shelters (Open building): None

## **Bogetaar**

Site profiles **DISPLACEMENT TRACKING MATRIX - R7 NEPAL EARTHQUAKE 2015** 

June 8, 2016 Published on:

Bagmati, Rasuwa, Laharepauwa (27.991, 85.191) Altitude: 1011.64 m Survey date: May 13, 2016 104 503 households IDPs **Site Management** Site ID: 510 Site open date: 15-Jun-2015 Male Female Site type: Other Land ownership: Private Site Classification: Spontaneous 6-17 IDPs from: 60+ Rasuwa (Dandagaun ,9) and Rasuwa (Bandagaun ,8) 270 TOTAL 233 Persons with special vulnerabilities Breastfeeding mothers: 35 Elderly-headed household: 0 Persons with disabilities: 5 Persons with chronic diseases/serious medical conditions: 10 Water **Hygiene / Sanitation** Location of the site's main water source: Off-site (More than 20 minutes) People use toilets on or off site: On-site Condition of most of the latrines: Not so good (not hygienic) Main non-drinking water source: Piped water supply Main drinking water source: Piped water supply Functioning toilets on-site: 6 Average amount of water available per day/person: 5 liters and less Evidence of open defecation: No Drinking water treated before consumption: No treatment Evidence of hand-washing practices: Unknown Main problem with the water: Taste Garbage Disposal Type: Burning **Food / Nutrition** Access to food: No Screening for malnutrition conducted in the area: No Access to a market near from the site: No Supplementary feeding availability for pregnant/lactating mother: No Supplementary feeding availability for children: No Most common source for food: Own cash Access to formal education facility: Yes Security on-site/settlement areas: Yes Access to non formal education facility: No Security incidents reported: No Distance to nearest formal education facility: Off-site (More than 20 minutes) Main security provider: Self organized Lighting in communal points: No lighting % of girls at the site attending school: 51% to 75% Health Prevalent health problems Distance to the closest functioning health facility: Off-site (Less than 30 minutes) 1st most: Conjunctivitis Provider of on-site health facilities: Local Clinic/med practitioners 2nd most: Cough Access to psychosocial support in the last 4 weeks: No 3rd most: Chicken pox Access to immunization services in the last 4 weeks: Yes Livelihood Communication Occupation of most of the households before EQ: Agriculture/Livestock Male IDPS get most information from: Families & friends Occupation of most of the households after EQ: None Female IDPS get most information from: Families & friends Access to income generating activities: No Complaints being reported: Yes Main topic of information requested: Livestock on site: No Relocation plan IDPs have access to land for cultivation: Yes **Monsoon Specific** Site accessible in monsoon: No, no vehicular access Drinking water accessible in monsoon: Yes Shelters that can survive in monsoon: Unknown Health facility accessible in monsoon Yes Water-proof shelters at site: None Education facility accessible in monsoon: Yes Wash facilities functional in monsoon: Yes Food support accessible in monsoon: No Shelter & NEIs % of HH living outside (no shelter): None % of HH have access to electricity: 25% or less % of HH living in tents: None % of HH have access to safe cooking facilities: 25% or less % of HH living in temporary shelter (CGIs): More than 75% 1st most needed type of NFI: Fire wood

Displacement Tracking Matrix - International Organisation for Migration - Contact: nepaleqdtm@iom.int

2nd most needed type of NFI: Cooking gas





# **Makwanpur Mandre**

Site profiles **DISPLACEMENT TRACKING MATRIX - R7 NEPAL EARTHQUAKE 2015** 

June 8, 2016 Published on:

Narayani, Makwanpur, Namtar (27.56355, 85.07523) Altitude: 2016.28 m Survey date: May 14, 2016 21 110 households IDPs **Site Management** Site ID: 513 Site open date: 25-Apr-2015 Male Female Site type: Open ground (park, playground, sports ground, other) Community is taking part in SMC: None Land ownership: Public/Government Site Classification: Spontaneous 6-17 IDPs from: (3, Makwanpur (Namtar 48 62 TOTAL Persons with special vulnerabilities Breastfeeding mothers: 5 Elderly-headed households: 3 Person with disabilities: 0 Person with chronic diseases/serious medical conditions: 0 **Hygiene / Sanitation** Location of the site's main water source: On-site (Less than 20 minutes) People use toilets on or off site: On-site Main non-drinking water source: Piped water supply Condition of most of the latrines: Good (Hygienic) Main drinking water source: Piped water supply Functioning toilets on-site: 5 Average amount of water available per day/person: 6-10 liters Evidence of open defecation: No Drinking water treated before consumption: No treatment Evidence of hand-washing practices: Yes Main problem with the water: Suspended solids Garbage Disposal Type: Burning **Food / Nutrition** Access to food: No Screening for malnutrition conducted in the area: No Access to a market near from the site: No Supplementary feeding availability for pregnant/lactating mother: No Supplementary feeding availability for children: No Most common source for food: Borrowed cash Access to formal education facility: Yes Security on-site/settlement areas: No Access to non formal education facility: No Security incidents reported: No Distance to nearest formal education facility: Off-site (More than 20 minutes) Main security provider: Unknown Lighting in communal points: Yes, there is lighting but it is NOT % of girls at the site attending school: More than 75% adequate Health Prevalent health problems Distance to the closest functioning health facility: Off-site (More than 2 hours) 1st most: Diarrhea Provider of on-site health facilities: Government 2nd most: Cough Access to psychosocial support in the last 4 weeks: No 3rd most: Skin infections Access to immunization services in the last 4 weeks: Yes Livelihood Communication Occupation of most of the households before EQ: Agriculture/Livestock Male IDPS get most information from: Mobile phone Occupation of most of the households after EQ: Agriculture/Livestock Female IDPS get most information from: Families & friends Access to income generating activities: Yes Complaints being reported: No Main topic of information requested: Livestock on site: Yes Shelter support IDPs have access to land for cultivation: Yes **Monsoon Specific** Site accessible in monsoon: Yes Drinking water accessible in monsoon: No Health facility accessible in monsoon No Shelters that can survive in monsoon: None Water-proof shelters at site: None Education facility accessible in monsoon: Yes Wash facilities functional in monsoon: Yes Food support accessible in monsoon: Unknown Shelter & NEIs

> % of HH living in temporary shelter (CGIs): More than 75% 1st most needed type of NFI: Mosquito nets 2nd most needed type of NFI: CGIs

% of HH living in emergency makeshift shelters: None

% of HH living outside (no shelter): None

% of HH living in Other shelters (Open building): None

% of HH living in tents: None

Displacement Tracking Matrix - International Organisation for Migration - Contact: nepaleqdtm@iom.int

% of HH have access to electricity: More than 75%

3rd most needed type of NFI: Water filters

% of HH have access to safe cooking facilities: None



# **Allgaun**

Site profiles

DISPLACEMENT TRACKING MATRIX - R7

NEPAL EARTHQUAKE 2015

Published on: June 8, 2016

IOM • OIM  AND CAMP MANAGEMENT  CLUSTER			Published on:	June 8, 2016
Survey date: May 10, 2016		Gandaki, Gorkha, Barpak (2	8.21012, 84.73563)	Altitude: 1581.32 m
			28	175
Site ID: <b>517</b>		Site Management	households	IDPs
Site open date: 26-Apr-2015	Site having	the SMC: Yes	110 43 611 6143	.5.0
Site type: Open ground (park, playground, sports ground,		ticipating in SMC: 26% to 50%	Male	Female
other)		r is taking part in SMC: Yes	1 <1	4
Land ownership: Private	SMA: Yes	is taking part in since. Tes	6 1-5	8
Site Classification: Spontaneous		nternational NGO	17 <b>6-17</b>	29
IDPs from:		: People in Need	48 18-59	_
ior a monit		point: Pushpa Ghale	11 60+	17
Gorkha (Barpak ,3)	_			
_	Registration	n/IDPs list maintained: No	83 TOTAI	92
	Parcons w	sith special vulperabilities		
Breastfeeding mothers:		vith special vulnerabilities  Elderl	y-headed households: <b>2</b>	
Person with disabilities:		Person with chronic diseases/serior	•	
Water			Hygiene / Sanitation	
Location of the site's main water source:	On-site (Less than 20 m		e toilets on or off site: On-site	
Main <b>non-drinking</b> water source:	Piped water supply	Condition o	of most of the latrines: Good (H	ygienic)
Main <b>drinking</b> water source:	Piped water supply	Func	tioning toilets on-site: 3	
Average amount of water available per day/person:			ce of open defecation: <b>No</b>	
Drinking water treated before consumption:	Filtered	Evidence of ha	nd-washing practices: Yes	
Main problem with the water:			arbage Disposal Type: Burning	
·		Food / Nutrition		
Access to food:		Screening for malnutrition of	conducted in the area: <b>No</b>	
Access to a market near from the site:	Yes	Supplementary feeding availability for pregn	ant/lactating mother: No	
Most common source for food:	Own cash	Supplementary feeding av	vailability for children: No	
Education			Protection	
Access to formal education facility:	Yes	Security on-site/settlem	ent areas: <b>Yes</b>	
Access to non formal education facility:	No	Security incidents	reported: No	
Distance to nearest formal education facility:	Off-site (More than 20	minutes) Main security	provider: Self organized	
% of girls at the site attending school:	More than 75%	Lighting in commu	nal points: Yes, there is lighting	but it is NOT
		Health	adequate	
Prevalent health proble	ems	Distance to the closest functioning heal	th facility: Off-site (1-2 hours)	
1st most:	None	Provider of on-site health		
2nd most:		Access to psychosocial support in the las		
3rd most:	None	Access to immunization services in the las		
Livelihood	A miles da sur de la constant	Male IDDS and and if	Communication	
Occupation of most of the households before EQ:		_	tion from: Families & friends	
Occupation of most of the households after EQ:	· ,	Female IDPS get most informa		
Access to income generating activities:		Complaints being	•	
Livestock on site:		Main topic of information r	equested: Situation in areas of	origin
IDPs have access to land for cultivation:		Annana Caratta		
Site accessible in monsoon:		Aonsoon Specific  S Drinking water a	ccessible in monsoon: Yes	
Shelters that can survive in monsoon:			accessible in monsoon. Yes	
Water-proof shelters at site:			ccessible in monsoon: Yes	
Wash facilities functional in monsoon:			ccessible in monsoon: <b>Unknow</b>	n
Trassasass rancaonal in monadon.		Shelter & NFIs	- Charles	
% of HH living outside (no shelter):			electricity: More than 75%	
% of HH living in tents:		% of HH have access to safe cooking		
% of HH living in temporary shelter (CGIs):			pe of NFI: <b>Tarpaulin</b>	
% of HH living in emergency makeshift shelters:		2nd most needed ty		
5 G ,				

Displacement Tracking Matrix - International Organisation for Migration - Contact: nepaleqdtm@iom.int





% of HH living in Other shelters (Open building): None

### Sikre

Site profiles
DISPLACEMENT TRACKING MATRIX - R7
NEPAL EARTHQUAKE 2015

Published on: June 8, 2016

Bagmati, Sindhupalchok, Attarpur (27.68249, 85.89162) Altitude: 2021.46 m Survey date: May 12, 2016 143 518 households IDPs **Site Management** Site ID: 521 Site open date: 25-May-2015 Male Female Site type: Open ground (park, playground, sports ground, other) Land ownership: Public/Government Site Classification: Spontaneous 6-17 IDPs from: 60+ Sindhupalchok (Attarpur,8) 248 TOTAL 270 Persons with special vulnerabilities Breastfeeding mothers: 20 Elderly-headed households: 5 Persons with disabilities: 2 Persons with chronic diseases/serious medical conditions: 2 Water **Hygiene / Sanitation** Location of the site's main water source: On-site (Less than 20 minutes) People use toilets on or off site: On-site Main non-drinking water source: Spring/river Condition of most of the latrines: Good (Hygienic) Main drinking water source: Spring/river Functioning toilets on-site: 143 Average amount of water available per day/person: More than 15 liters Evidence of open defecation: No Drinking water treated before consumption: No treatment Evidence of hand-washing practices: Unknown Main problem with the water: None Garbage Disposal Type: Garbage pit **Food / Nutrition** Access to food: Yes, On-Site Screening for malnutrition conducted in the area: No Access to a market near from the site: Yes Supplementary feeding availability for pregnant/lactating mother: No Supplementary feeding availability for children: Yes Most common source for food: Own cash **Protection** Access to formal education facility: Yes Security on-site/settlement areas: Yes Access to non formal education facility: No Security incidents reported: No Distance to nearest formal education facility: Off-site (Less than 20 minutes) Main security provider: Self organized Lighting in communal points: Yes, there is lighting but it is NOT % of girls at the site attending school: More than 75% adequate Health Prevalent health problems Distance to the closest functioning health facility: Off-site (1-2 hours) 1st most: Cough Provider of on-site health facilities: Local Clinic/med practitioners 2nd most: Cold Access to psychosocial support in the last 4 weeks: Yes 3rd most: None Access to immunization services in the last 4 weeks: Yes Livelihood Communication Occupation of most of the households before EQ: Agriculture/Livestock Male IDPS get most information from: Radio/Newspaper Occupation of most of the households after EQ: Agriculture/Livestock Female IDPS get most information from: Radio/Newspaper Access to income generating activities: Yes Complaints being reported: Unknown Main topic of information requested: Livestock on site: Yes Recovery plans IDPs have access to land for cultivation: Yes **Monsoon Specific** Site accessible in monsoon: Yes Drinking water accessible in monsoon: Yes Shelters that can survive in monsoon: 51% to 75% Health facility accessible in monsoon No Water-proof shelters at site: 51% to 75% Education facility accessible in monsoon: Yes Wash facilities functional in monsoon: Yes Food support accessible in monsoon: Yes Shelter & NEIs % of HH living outside (no shelter): None % of HH have access to electricity: More than 75% % of HH living in tents: None % of HH have access to safe cooking facilities: More than 75% % of HH living in temporary shelter (CGIs): More than 75% 1st most needed type of NFI: Construction material

Displacement Tracking Matrix - International Organisation for Migration - Contact: nepaleqdtm@iom.int

2nd most needed type of NFI: None





% of HH living in emergency makeshift shelters: More than 75%

% of HH living in Other shelters (Open building): None

### **Aalchi Danda**

Site profiles
DISPLACEMENT TRACKING MATRIX - R7
NEPAL EARTHQUAKE 2015

Published on: June 8, 2016

Bagmati, Dhading, Nilkantha Municipality (27.90291, 84.89446) Altitude: 730.92 m Survey date: May 11, 2016 56 247 households IDPs **Site Management** Site ID: 529 Site open date: 10-Jun-2015 Site having the SMC: Yes Male Female Site type: Open ground (park, playground, sports ground, other) Land ownership: Private Site Classification: Spontaneous 6-17 IDPs from: 60+ Dhading (Ree ,1) and Dhading (Ree ,8) 131 TOTAL 116 Persons with special vulnerabilities Breastfeeding mothers: 23 Elderly-headed households: 4 Persons with disabilities: 3 Person with chronic diseases/serious medical conditions: 0 Water **Hygiene / Sanitation** Location of the site's main water source: Off-site (More than 20 minutes) People use toilets on or off site: Off-site Main non-drinking water source: Unprotected Well Condition of most of the latrines: Non usable Main drinking water source: Unprotected Well Functioning toilets on-site: 8 Average amount of water available per day/person: 6-10 liters Evidence of open defecation: Yes Drinking water treated before consumption: No treatment Evidence of hand-washing practices: No Main problem with the water: Suspended solids Garbage Disposal Type: Garbage pit **Food / Nutrition** Access to food: No Screening for malnutrition conducted in the area: No Access to a market near from the site: Yes Supplementary feeding availability for pregnant/lactating mother: No Supplementary feeding availability for children: No Most common source for food: Borrowed cash Access to formal education facility: Yes Security on-site/settlement areas: No Access to non formal education facility: No Security incidents reported: Yes Distance to nearest formal education facility: Off-site (More than 20 minutes) Main security provider: Unknown Lighting in communal points: No lighting % of girls at the site attending school: More than 75% Health Prevalent health problems Distance to the closest functioning health facility: On-site 1st most: Diarrhea Provider of on-site health facilities: Local NGOs 2nd most: None Access to psychosocial support in the last 4 weeks: No Access to immunization services in the last 4 weeks: No 3rd most: None Livelihood Communication Occupation of most of the households before EQ: Agriculture/Livestock Male IDPS get most information from: Radio/Newspaper Occupation of most of the households after EQ: Daily wage laborer Female IDPS get most information from: Families & friends Access to income generating activities: Yes Complaints being reported: No Main topic of information requested: Livestock on site: No Shelter support IDPs have access to land for cultivation: No **Monsoon Specific** Site accessible in monsoon: Yes Drinking water accessible in monsoon: No Shelters that can survive in monsoon: None Health facility accessible in monsoon No Water-proof shelters at site: None Education facility accessible in monsoon: Yes Wash facilities functional in monsoon: Yes Food support accessible in monsoon: Unknown Shelter & NEIs % of HH living outside (no shelter): None % of HH have access to electricity: None % of HH living in tents: 25% or less % of HH have access to safe cooking facilities: None % of HH living in temporary shelter (CGIs): None 1st most needed type of NFI: CGIs

Displacement Tracking Matrix - International Organisation for Migration - Contact: nepaleqdtm@iom.int

2nd most needed type of NFI: Fire wood





% of HH living in Other shelters (Open building): None

### Bhimtar

Site profiles **DISPLACEMENT TRACKING MATRIX - R7 NEPAL EARTHQUAKE 2015** 

June 8, 2016 Published on: Bagmati, Sindhupalchok, Sangachok (27.68951, 85.68343) Altitude: 726.65 m Survey date: May 11, 2016 152 **721** households IDPs **Site Management** Site ID: 530 Site open date: 25-Apr-2015 Male Female Site type: Open ground (park, playground, sports ground, other) Community is taking part in SMC: Yes Land ownership: Private Site Classification: Spontaneous 6-17 IDPs from: 60+ Sindhupalchok (Sangachok, 9) 346 375 TOTAL Persons with special vulnerabilities Breastfeeding mothers: 22 Elderly-headed households: 11 Persons with disabilities: 3 Persons with chronic diseases/serious medical conditions: 2 Water **Hygiene / Sanitation** Location of the site's main water source: Off-site (Less than 20 minutes) People use toilets on or off site: On-site Condition of most of the latrines: Not so good (not hygienic) Main non-drinking water source: Spring/river Main drinking water source: Spring/river Functioning toilets on-site: 60 Average amount of water available per day/person: More than 15 liters Evidence of open defecation: No Drinking water treated before consumption: No treatment Evidence of hand-washing practices: Unknown Main problem with the water: None Garbage Disposal Type: Burning **Food / Nutrition** Access to food: Yes, Off-site Screening for malnutrition conducted in the area: No Access to a market near from the site: No Supplementary feeding availability for pregnant/lactating mother: No Supplementary feeding availability for children: No Most common source for food: Own/Cultivated Access to formal education facility: Yes Security on-site/settlement areas: No Access to non formal education facility: No Security incidents reported: No Distance to nearest formal education facility: Off-site (Less than 20 minutes) Main security provider: Unknown Lighting in communal points: No lighting % of girls at the site attending school: More than 75% Health Prevalent health problems Distance to the closest functioning health facility: Off-site (1-2 hours) 1st most: Cough Provider of on-site health facilities: Government 2nd most: Cold Access to psychosocial support in the last 4 weeks: No 3rd most: None Access to immunization services in the last 4 weeks: Yes Livelihood Communication Occupation of most of the households before EQ: Agriculture/Livestock Male IDPS get most information from: Radio/Newspaper Occupation of most of the households after EQ: Agriculture/Livestock Female IDPS get most information from: Radio/Newspaper Access to income generating activities: Yes Complaints being reported: Unknown Main topic of information requested: Livestock on site: Yes Recovery plans IDPs have access to land for cultivation: Yes **Monsoon Specific** Site accessible in monsoon: No, no vehicular access Drinking water accessible in monsoon: No Shelters that can survive in monsoon: 26% to 50% Health facility accessible in monsoon No Water-proof shelters at site: 26% to 50% Education facility accessible in monsoon: Yes Wash facilities functional in monsoon: No Food support accessible in monsoon: No Shelter & NEIs % of HH living outside (no shelter): None % of HH have access to electricity: More than 75% % of HH living in tents: None % of HH have access to safe cooking facilities: 26% to 50% % of HH living in temporary shelter (CGIs): More than 75% 1st most needed type of NFI: CGIs

Displacement Tracking Matrix - International Organisation for Migration - Contact: nepaleqdtm@iom.int

2nd most needed type of NFI: Kitchen sets





Survey date: May 10, 2016

### Melamchi Pul Bazaar

Site profiles **DISPLACEMENT TRACKING MATRIX - R7 NEPAL EARTHQUAKE 2015** 

38

households

June 8, 2016 Published on:

134

IDPs

Bagmati, Sindhupalchok, Melamchi Municipality (27.829595, 85.577029) Altitude: 815.05 m

Site ID: 531 Site open date: 25-Apr-2015 Site type: Open ground (park, playground, sports ground, other)

Land ownership: Private

Site Classification: Spontaneous

IDPs from:

Sindhupalchok (Melamchi ,6) and Sindhupalchok (Melamchi ,13)

Site Management
Site having the SMC: Yes
Women participating in SMC: 26% to 50%
Community is taking part in SMC: Yes
SMA: Yes
SMA type: International NGO
SMA Name: ACTED
SMA focal point: Bhupendra Dahal
Registration/IDPs list maintained: Yes

Male		Female
1	<1	1
5	1-5	7
13	6-17	12
47	18-59	39
5	60+	4
71	TOTAL	63

Persons wi	ith specia	ıl vu	Ineral	oilities

Breastfeeding mothers: 8 Elderly-headed households: 12 Persons with disabilities: 4 Person with chronic diseases/serious medical conditions: 0 Water **Hygiene / Sanitation** 

Location of the site's main water source: On-site (Less than 20 minutes)

Main non-drinking water source: Spring/river

Main drinking water source: Spring/river Average amount of water available per day/person: More than 15 liters Drinking water treated before consumption: No treatment

Main problem with the water: Odor/smell

People use toilets on or off site: On-site

Condition of most of the latrines: Not so good (not hygienic)

Functioning toilets on-site: 8 Evidence of open defecation: No Evidence of hand-washing practices: Unknown Garbage Disposal Type: Garbage pit

#### **Food / Nutrition**

Access to food: Yes, Off-site Screening for malnutrition conducted in the area: No Access to a market near from the site: Yes Supplementary feeding availability for pregnant/lactating mother: No Supplementary feeding availability for children: No Most common source for food: Own/Cultivated

Access to formal education facility: Yes

Security on-site/settlement areas: No

Access to non formal education facility: No Security incidents reported: No Distance to nearest formal education facility: Off-site (Less than 20 minutes) Main security provider: Unknown

Health

% of girls at the site attending school: More than 75%

Lighting in communal points: Yes, there is lighting but it is NOT

adequate

Prevalent health problems

1st most: None 2nd most: None Distance to the closest functioning health facility: Off-site (Less than 30 minutes)

Provider of on-site health facilities: Government

Access to psychosocial support in the last 4 weeks: No 3rd most: None Access to immunization services in the last 4 weeks: Yes

Livelihood

Communication

Occupation of most of the households before EQ: Agriculture/Livestock Male IDPS get most information from: Radio/Newspaper Occupation of most of the households after EQ: Agriculture/Livestock Female IDPS get most information from: Radio/Newspaper

Access to income generating activities: Yes

Livestock on site: Yes

IDPs have access to land for cultivation: Yes

Complaints being reported: Unknown

Main topic of information requested: Recovery plans

**Monsoon Specific** 

Site accessible in monsoon: Yes Shelters that can survive in monsoon: 51% to 75% Water-proof shelters at site: 26% to 50% Wash facilities functional in monsoon: Unknown

Drinking water accessible in monsoon: No Health facility accessible in monsoon Yes Education facility accessible in monsoon: Yes Food support accessible in monsoon: Yes

% of HH have access to electricity: More than 75%

Shelter & NEIs

% of HH living outside (no shelter): None

% of HH living in Other shelters (Open building): None

% of HH living in tents: None % of HH living in temporary shelter (CGIs): More than 75% % of HH living in emergency makeshift shelters: None

% of HH have access to safe cooking facilities: More than 75% 1st most needed type of NFI: Cooking gas 2nd most needed type of NFI: Mosquito nets

3rd most needed type of NFI: CGIs

Displacement Tracking Matrix - International Organisation for Migration - Contact: nepaleqdtm@iom.int





### Ghansu

Site profiles **DISPLACEMENT TRACKING MATRIX - R7 NEPAL EARTHQUAKE 2015** 

June 8, 2016 Published on: Gandaki, Gorkha, Kerauja (28.23357, 84.9049) Altitude: 2124.18 m Survey date: May 17, 2016 142 673 households IDPs **Site Management** Site ID: 534 Site open date: 30-Apr-2015 Male Female Site type: Open ground (park, playground, sports ground, other) Land ownership: Private Site Classification: Spontaneous 6-17 IDPs from: 60+ Gorkha (Kerauja, 4) and Gorkha (Kerauja, 1) 304 369 TOTAL Persons with special vulnerabilities Breastfeeding mothers: 40 Elderly-headed households: 5 Persons with disabilities: 5 Persons with chronic diseases/serious medical conditions: 2

Water **Hygiene / Sanitation** Location of the site's main water source: On-site (Less than 20 minutes) People use toilets on or off site: On-site Main non-drinking water source: Piped water supply Condition of most of the latrines: Good (Hygienic) Main drinking water source: Piped water supply Functioning toilets on-site: 18

Average amount of water available per day/person: 11-15 liters Evidence of open defecation: No Drinking water treated before consumption: Filtered Evidence of hand-washing practices: Yes Main problem with the water: None Garbage Disposal Type: Burning

**Food / Nutrition** 

Access to food: No Screening for malnutrition conducted in the area: No Access to a market near from the site: No Supplementary feeding availability for pregnant/lactating mother: No Supplementary feeding availability for children: No Most common source for food: Own cash

Access to formal education facility: Yes Security on-site/settlement areas: No Access to non formal education facility: No Security incidents reported: No Distance to nearest formal education facility: On-site (Less than 20 minutes) Main security provider: Unknown

Lighting in communal points: Yes, there is lighting but it is NOT % of girls at the site attending school: More than 75%

adequate Health

Prevalent health problems Distance to the closest functioning health facility: On-site 1st most: Provider of on-site health facilities: Government None 2nd most: None Access to psychosocial support in the last 4 weeks: Yes 3rd most: None Access to immunization services in the last 4 weeks: Yes Livelihood Communication

Occupation of most of the households before EQ: Agriculture/Livestock Male IDPS get most information from: Families & friends Occupation of most of the households after EQ: Agriculture/Livestock Female IDPS get most information from: Families & friends

Access to income generating activities: No Complaints being reported: No

Livestock on site: Yes

Main topic of information requested: Situation in areas of origin IDPs have access to land for cultivation: Yes

**Monsoon Specific** 

Site accessible in monsoon: No, no vehicular access Drinking water accessible in monsoon: Yes Shelters that can survive in monsoon: Unknown Health facility accessible in monsoon Yes Water-proof shelters at site: None Education facility accessible in monsoon: Yes Wash facilities functional in monsoon: Yes Food support accessible in monsoon: Unknown

Shelter & NEIs

% of HH living outside (no shelter): None % of HH have access to electricity: More than 75%

% of HH living in tents: None % of HH have access to safe cooking facilities: More than 75%

% of HH living in temporary shelter (CGIs): More than 75% 1st most needed type of NFI: Tarpaulin % of HH living in emergency makeshift shelters: None 2nd most needed type of NFI: Cooking gas % of HH living in Other shelters (Open building): None 3rd most needed type of NFI: CGIs

Displacement Tracking Matrix - International Organisation for Migration - Contact: nepaleqdtm@iom.int





#### Kiuten

Site profiles

DISPLACEMENT TRACKING MATRIX - R7

NEPAL EARTHQUAKE 2015

Published on: June 8, 2016

Gandaki, Gorkha, Kerauja (28.23348, 84.90236) Altitude: 2019.02 m Survey date: May 16, 2016 **175** 710 households IDPs 540 **Site Management** Site ID: Site open date: 28-Apr-2015 Male Female Site type: Open ground (park, playground, sports ground, other) Land ownership: Private Site Classification: Spontaneous 6-17 IDPs from: 60+ (4, Gorkha (Kerauja 342 368 TOTAL Persons with special vulnerabilities Breastfeeding mothers: 35 Elderly-headed households: 16 Persons with disabilities: 3 Persons with chronic diseases/serious medical conditions: 18 Water **Hygiene / Sanitation** Location of the site's main water source: On-site (Less than 20 minutes) People use toilets on or off site: On-site Main non-drinking water source: Piped water supply Condition of most of the latrines: Good (Hygienic) Main drinking water source: Piped water supply Functioning toilets on-site: 10 Average amount of water available per day/person: 11-15 liters Evidence of open defecation: No Drinking water treated before consumption: Filtered Evidence of hand-washing practices: No Main problem with the water: None Garbage Disposal Type: Burning **Food / Nutrition** Access to food: No Screening for malnutrition conducted in the area: No Access to a market near from the site: No Supplementary feeding availability for pregnant/lactating mother: No Supplementary feeding availability for children: No Most common source for food: Own cash Access to formal education facility: Yes Security on-site/settlement areas: No Access to non formal education facility: No Security incidents reported: No Distance to nearest formal education facility: Off-site (Less than 20 minutes) Main security provider: Unknown Lighting in communal points: Yes, there is lighting but it is NOT % of girls at the site attending school: More than 75% adequate Health Prevalent health problems Distance to the closest functioning health facility: Off-site (Less than 30 minutes) 1st most: Provider of on-site health facilities: Government Cold 2nd most: None Access to psychosocial support in the last 4 weeks: Yes 3rd most: None Access to immunization services in the last 4 weeks: Yes Livelihood Communication Occupation of most of the households before EQ: Agriculture/Livestock Male IDPS get most information from: Families & friends Occupation of most of the households after EQ: Agriculture/Livestock Female IDPS get most information from: Families & friends Access to income generating activities: No Complaints being reported: Yes Main topic of information requested: Livestock on site: Yes Situation in areas of origin IDPs have access to land for cultivation: Yes **Monsoon Specific** Site accessible in monsoon: No, no vehicular access Drinking water accessible in monsoon: Yes Shelters that can survive in monsoon: Unknown Health facility accessible in monsoon Yes Water-proof shelters at site: None Education facility accessible in monsoon: Yes Wash facilities functional in monsoon: Yes Food support accessible in monsoon: Unknown Shelter & NEIs % of HH living outside (no shelter): None % of HH have access to electricity: More than 75% % of HH living in tents: None % of HH have access to safe cooking facilities: More than 75% % of HH living in temporary shelter (CGIs): More than 75% 1st most needed type of NFI: CGIs % of HH living in emergency makeshift shelters: None 2nd most needed type of NFI: Fixing kits

Displacement Tracking Matrix - International Organisation for Migration - Contact: nepaleqdtm@iom.int

3rd most needed type of NFI: Tarpaulin





# **Panglacho**

Site profiles **DISPLACEMENT TRACKING MATRIX - R7 NEPAL EARTHQUAKE 2015** 

June 8, 2016

Published on: Gandaki, Gorkha, Kerauja (28.23273, 84.89742) Altitude: 1994.94 m Survey date: May 17, 2016 40 162 households IDPs 541 **Site Management** Site ID: Site open date: 26-Apr-2015 Male Female Site type: Open ground (park, playground, sports ground, other) Land ownership: Private Site Classification: Spontaneous 6-17 IDPs from: 60+ (3), Gorkha (Kerauja 71 TOTAL 91 Persons with special vulnerabilities Breastfeeding mothers: 6 Elderly-headed households: 7 Persons with disabilities: 3 Persons with chronic diseases/serious medical conditions: 7 Water **Hygiene / Sanitation** Location of the site's main water source: On-site (Less than 20 minutes) People use toilets on or off site: On-site Main non-drinking water source: Piped water supply Condition of most of the latrines: Good (Hygienic) Main drinking water source: Piped water supply Functioning toilets on-site: 8 Average amount of water available per day/person: 6-10 liters Evidence of open defecation: No Drinking water treated before consumption: Filtered Evidence of hand-washing practices: No Main problem with the water: None Garbage Disposal Type: Burning **Food / Nutrition** Access to food: No Screening for malnutrition conducted in the area: No Access to a market near from the site: No Supplementary feeding availability for pregnant/lactating mother: No Supplementary feeding availability for children: No Most common source for food: Own cash Access to formal education facility: Yes Security on-site/settlement areas: No Access to non formal education facility: No Security incidents reported: No Distance to nearest formal education facility: Off-site (More than 20 minutes) Main security provider: Unknown Lighting in communal points: No lighting % of girls at the site attending school: More than 75% Health Prevalent health problems Distance to the closest functioning health facility: Off-site (Less than 30 minutes) 1st most: Provider of on-site health facilities: Government None 2nd most: None Access to psychosocial support in the last 4 weeks: Yes 3rd most: None Access to immunization services in the last 4 weeks: Yes Livelihood Communication Occupation of most of the households before EQ: Agriculture/Livestock Male IDPS get most information from: Families & friends Occupation of most of the households after EQ: Agriculture/Livestock Female IDPS get most information from: Families & friends Access to income generating activities: No Complaints being reported: No Main topic of information requested: Livestock on site: Yes Recovery plans IDPs have access to land for cultivation: Yes **Monsoon Specific** Site accessible in monsoon: No, no vehicular access Drinking water accessible in monsoon: Yes Shelters that can survive in monsoon: Unknown Health facility accessible in monsoon Yes Water-proof shelters at site: None Education facility accessible in monsoon: Yes Wash facilities functional in monsoon: Yes Food support accessible in monsoon: Unknown Shelter & NEIs % of HH living outside (no shelter): None % of HH have access to electricity: None % of HH living in tents: None % of HH have access to safe cooking facilities: More than 75%

Displacement Tracking Matrix - International Organisation for Migration - Contact: nepaleqdtm@iom.int

1st most needed type of NFI: Tarpaulin

2nd most needed type of NFI: Cooking gas

3rd most needed type of NFI: CGIs

% of HH living in temporary shelter (CGIs): More than 75%

% of HH living in emergency makeshift shelters: None

% of HH living in Other shelters (Open building): None





% of HH living in temporary shelter (CGIs): 26% to 50%

% of HH living in emergency makeshift shelters: 26% to 50%

% of HH living in Other shelters (Open building): None

### Tallo Aahale

Site profiles **DISPLACEMENT TRACKING MATRIX - R7 NEPAL EARTHQUAKE 2015** 

June 8, 2016 Published on:

Bagmati, Dhading, Dhola (27.90623, 84.84672) Altitude: 764.75 m Survey date: May 11, 2016 26 135 households IDPs 564 **Site Management** Site ID: Site open date: 23-Jun-2015 Site having the SMC: Yes Male Female Site type: Open ground (park, playground, sports ground, other) Land ownership: Private Site Classification: Spontaneous 6-17 IDPs from: 60+ Dhading (Lapa ,1) and Dhading (Lapa ,6) 64 71 TOTAL Persons with special vulnerabilities Breastfeeding mothers: 9 Elderly-headed households: 2 Person with disabilities: 0 Person with chronic diseases/serious medical conditions: 0 Water **Hygiene / Sanitation** Location of the site's main water source: On-site (Less than 20 minutes) People use toilets on or off site: On-site Main non-drinking water source: Piped water supply Condition of most of the latrines: Good (Hygienic) Main drinking water source: Piped water supply Functioning toilets on-site: 12 Average amount of water available per day/person: 11-15 liters Evidence of open defecation: No Drinking water treated before consumption: No treatment Evidence of hand-washing practices: Yes Main problem with the water: None Garbage Disposal Type: Garbage pit **Food / Nutrition** Access to food: Yes, Off-site Screening for malnutrition conducted in the area: No Access to a market near from the site: No Supplementary feeding availability for pregnant/lactating mother: No Supplementary feeding availability for children: No Most common source for food: Food distribution/donation Access to formal education facility: Yes Security on-site/settlement areas: No Access to non formal education facility: No Security incidents reported: No Distance to nearest formal education facility: Off-site (More than 20 minutes) Main security provider: Unknown Lighting in communal points: Yes, there is lighting but it is NOT % of girls at the site attending school: More than 75% adequate Health Prevalent health problems Distance to the closest functioning health facility: Off-site (1-2 hours) 1st most: Provider of on-site health facilities: Government None 2nd most: None Access to psychosocial support in the last 4 weeks: No 3rd most: None Access to immunization services in the last 4 weeks: Yes Livelihood Communication Occupation of most of the households before EQ: Agriculture/Livestock Male IDPS get most information from: Mobile phone Occupation of most of the households after EQ: None Female IDPS get most information from: Families & friends Access to income generating activities: Yes Complaints being reported: Yes Main topic of information requested:

Other Livestock on site: No IDPs have access to land for cultivation: No **Monsoon Specific** Site accessible in monsoon: No, no vehicular access Drinking water accessible in monsoon: Yes Shelters that can survive in monsoon: None Health facility accessible in monsoon Yes Water-proof shelters at site: None Education facility accessible in monsoon: Yes Wash facilities functional in monsoon: Yes Food support accessible in monsoon: Unknown Shelter & NEIs % of HH living outside (no shelter): None % of HH have access to electricity: More than 75% % of HH living in tents: 25% or less % of HH have access to safe cooking facilities: None

Displacement Tracking Matrix - International Organisation for Migration - Contact: nepaleqdtm@iom.int

1st most needed type of NFI: CGIs

3rd most needed type of NFI: None





% of HH living in emergency makeshift shelters: 26% to 50%

% of HH living in Other shelters (Open building): None

### **Bhuwale Pani**

Site profiles **DISPLACEMENT TRACKING MATRIX - R7 NEPAL EARTHQUAKE 2015** 

June 8, 2016 Published on:

Bagmati, Dhading, Dhola (27.90456, 84.83822) Altitude: 858.33 m Survey date: May 11, 2016 29 140 households IDPs **Site Management** Site ID: 565 Site open date: 23-Jun-2015 Site having the SMC: Yes Male **Female** Site type: Open ground (park, playground, sports ground, other) Land ownership: Private Site Classification: Spontaneous 6-17 IDPs from: 60+ Dhading (Lapa ,1) and Dhading (Lapa ,6) 70 70 TOTAL Persons with special vulnerabilities Breastfeeding mothers: 8 Elderly-headed households: 3 Persons with disabilities: 3 Person with chronic diseases/serious medical conditions: 0 Water **Hygiene / Sanitation** Location of the site's main water source: On-site (Less than 20 minutes) People use toilets on or off site: On-site Main non-drinking water source: Piped water supply Condition of most of the latrines: Good (Hygienic) Main drinking water source: Piped water supply Functioning toilets on-site: 10 Average amount of water available per day/person: 6-10 liters Evidence of open defecation: No Drinking water treated before consumption: No treatment Evidence of hand-washing practices: Yes Main problem with the water: None Garbage Disposal Type: Garbage pit **Food / Nutrition** Access to food: Yes, Off-site Screening for malnutrition conducted in the area: No Access to a market near from the site: Yes Supplementary feeding availability for pregnant/lactating mother: No Supplementary feeding availability for children: No Most common source for food: Food distribution/donation Access to formal education facility: Yes Security on-site/settlement areas: No Access to non formal education facility: No Security incidents reported: No Distance to nearest formal education facility: Off-site (More than 20 minutes) Main security provider: Unknown Lighting in communal points: Yes, there is lighting but it is NOT % of girls at the site attending school: More than 75% adequate Health Prevalent health problems Distance to the closest functioning health facility: Off-site (1-2 hours) 1st most: Provider of on-site health facilities: Government None 2nd most: None Access to psychosocial support in the last 4 weeks: No 3rd most: None Access to immunization services in the last 4 weeks: Yes Livelihood Communication Occupation of most of the households before EQ: Agriculture/Livestock Male IDPS get most information from: Mobile phone Occupation of most of the households after EQ: None Female IDPS get most information from: Families & friends Access to income generating activities: Yes Complaints being reported: Yes Main topic of information requested:

Other Livestock on site: No IDPs have access to land for cultivation: No **Monsoon Specific** Site accessible in monsoon: No, no vehicular access Drinking water accessible in monsoon: Unknown Shelters that can survive in monsoon: None Health facility accessible in monsoon Yes Water-proof shelters at site: None Education facility accessible in monsoon: Yes Wash facilities functional in monsoon: Yes Food support accessible in monsoon: Unknown Shelter & NEIs % of HH living outside (no shelter): None % of HH have access to electricity: None % of HH living in tents: 26% to 50% % of HH have access to safe cooking facilities: None % of HH living in temporary shelter (CGIs): 25% or less 1st most needed type of NFI: CGIs

Displacement Tracking Matrix - International Organisation for Migration - Contact: nepaleqdtm@iom.int

2nd most needed type of NFI: Mosquito nets





% of HH living in Other shelters (Open building): None

### Kalanchi toll

Site profiles **DISPLACEMENT TRACKING MATRIX - R7 NEPAL EARTHQUAKE 2015** 

June 8, 2016

Published on: Bagmati, Nuwakot, Kimtang (28.01839, 85.03113) Altitude: 1738.91 m Survey date: May 18, 2016 22 104 households IDPs 566 **Site Management** Site ID: Site open date: 26-Apr-2015 Male Female Site type: Open ground (park, playground, sports ground, other) Land ownership: Private Site Classification: Spontaneous 6-17 IDPs from: 60+ Nuwakot (Kimtang ,5) and Nuwakot (Kimtang 46 58 TOTAL Persons with special vulnerabilities Breastfeeding mothers: 3 Elderly-headed households: 2 Person with disabilities: 0 Person with chronic diseases/serious medical conditions: 0 Water **Hygiene / Sanitation** Location of the site's main water source: On-site (Less than 20 minutes) People use toilets on or off site: On-site Condition of most of the latrines: Not so good (not hygienic) Main non-drinking water source: Spring/river Main drinking water source: Spring/river Functioning toilets on-site: 4 Average amount of water available per day/person: 6-10 liters Evidence of open defecation: No Drinking water treated before consumption: No treatment Evidence of hand-washing practices: Unknown Main problem with the water: None Garbage Disposal Type: Burning **Food / Nutrition** Access to food: Yes, Off-site Screening for malnutrition conducted in the area: No Access to a market near from the site: No Supplementary feeding availability for pregnant/lactating mother: No Supplementary feeding availability for children: No Most common source for food: Own/Cultivated Access to formal education facility: Yes Security on-site/settlement areas: No Access to non formal education facility: Yes Security incidents reported: No Distance to nearest formal education facility: Off-site (More than 20 minutes) Main security provider: Unknown Lighting in communal points: Yes, there is lighting but it is NOT % of girls at the site attending school: More than 75% adequate Health Prevalent health problems Distance to the closest functioning health facility: Off-site (1-2 hours) 1st most: Provider of on-site health facilities: Government None 2nd most: None Access to psychosocial support in the last 4 weeks: No 3rd most: None Access to immunization services in the last 4 weeks: No Livelihood Communication Occupation of most of the households before EQ: Agriculture/Livestock Male IDPS get most information from: Families & friends Occupation of most of the households after EQ: Agriculture/Livestock Female IDPS get most information from: Families & friends Access to income generating activities: Yes Complaints being reported: No Main topic of information requested: Livestock on site: Yes Recovery plans IDPs have access to land for cultivation: Yes **Monsoon Specific** Site accessible in monsoon: No, no vehicular access Drinking water accessible in monsoon: Yes Health facility accessible in monsoon No Shelters that can survive in monsoon: 26% to 50% Water-proof shelters at site: 26% to 50% Education facility accessible in monsoon: Yes Wash facilities functional in monsoon: Yes Food support accessible in monsoon: Yes Shelter & NEIs % of HH living outside (no shelter): None % of HH have access to electricity: 51% to 75% % of HH living in tents: None % of HH have access to safe cooking facilities: 51% to 75% % of HH living in temporary shelter (CGIs): More than 75% 1st most needed type of NFI: CGIs

Displacement Tracking Matrix - International Organisation for Migration - Contact: nepaleqdtm@iom.int

2nd most needed type of NFI: Tools





# **Dursa Gaang**

Site profiles **DISPLACEMENT TRACKING MATRIX - R7 NEPAL EARTHQUAKE 2015** 

June 8, 2016

Published on: Bagmati, Rasuwa, Dhunche (28.11263, 85.29504) Altitude: 2041.27 m Survey date: May 11, 2016 50 243 households IDPs 568 **Site Management** Site ID: Site open date: 25-Apr-2015 Male Female Site type: Open ground (park, playground, sports ground, other) Land ownership: Public/Government Site Classification: Spontaneous 6-17 IDPs from: 60+ Rasuwa (Haku ,3) and Rasuwa (Haku ,2) 124 119 TOTAL Persons with special vulnerabilities Breastfeeding mothers: 12 Elderly-headed household: 1 Person with disabilities: 1 Person with chronic diseases/serious medical conditions: 0 Water **Hygiene / Sanitation** Location of the site's main water source: Off-site (More than 20 minutes) People use toilets on or off site: On-site Main non-drinking water source: Piped water supply Condition of most of the latrines: Not so good (not hygienic) Main drinking water source: Piped water supply Functioning toilets on-site: 4 Average amount of water available per day/person: 11-15 liters Evidence of open defecation: Yes Drinking water treated before consumption: No treatment Evidence of hand-washing practices: Unknown Main problem with the water: Suspended solids Garbage Disposal Type: Burning **Food / Nutrition** Access to food: No Screening for malnutrition conducted in the area: No Access to a market near from the site: Yes Supplementary feeding availability for pregnant/lactating mother: No Supplementary feeding availability for children: No Most common source for food: Own cash **Protection** Access to formal education facility: Yes Security on-site/settlement areas: Yes Access to non formal education facility: No Security incidents reported: No Distance to nearest formal education facility: Off-site (Less than 20 minutes) Main security provider: Police Lighting in communal points: Yes, there is lighting but it is NOT % of girls at the site attending school: 25% or less adequate Health Prevalent health problems Distance to the closest functioning health facility: Off-site (Less than 30 minutes) 1st most: Diarrhea Provider of on-site health facilities: Government 2nd most: Cough Access to psychosocial support in the last 4 weeks: No 3rd most: Conjunctivitis Access to immunization services in the last 4 weeks: No Livelihood Communication Occupation of most of the households before EQ: Agriculture/Livestock Male IDPS get most information from: Local leader Occupation of most of the households after EQ: Daily wage laborer Female IDPS get most information from: Families & friends Access to income generating activities: No Complaints being reported: Unknown Main topic of information requested: Livestock on site: No Relocation plan IDPs have access to land for cultivation: No **Monsoon Specific** Site accessible in monsoon: Yes Drinking water accessible in monsoon: No Health facility accessible in monsoon Yes Shelters that can survive in monsoon: Unknown Water-proof shelters at site: None Education facility accessible in monsoon: Yes Wash facilities functional in monsoon: Yes Food support accessible in monsoon: No Shelter & NEIs % of HH living outside (no shelter): None % of HH have access to electricity: More than 75% % of HH living in tents: 25% or less % of HH have access to safe cooking facilities: 25% or less % of HH living in temporary shelter (CGIs): 51% to 75% 1st most needed type of NFI: Fire wood % of HH living in emergency makeshift shelters: None 2nd most needed type of NFI: Cooking gas

Displacement Tracking Matrix - International Organisation for Migration - Contact: nepaleqdtm@iom.int

3rd most needed type of NFI: Other





# Kebu

Site profiles

DISPLACEMENT TRACKING MATRIX - R7

NEPAL EARTHQUAKE 2015

Published on: June 8, 2016

IOM • OIM  AND CAMP MANAGEMENT CLUSTER			Published on:	June 8, 2016
Survey date: May 10, 2016		Bagmati, Rasuwa, Dhunche (28.11648, 85.29909) Altitude: 1832.7		Altitude: 1832.78 m
			35	158
Site ID: <b>571</b>		Site Management	households	IDPs
Site open date: 15-May-2015	Site having the		Households	151 3
5.10 Spen date: 25 may 2025		icipating in SMC: 51% to 75%	Male	Female
Site type: Other		s taking part in SMC: Yes	3 <1	2
Land ownership: Private	SMA: No		5 <b>1-5</b>	5
Site Classification: Spontaneous	SMA type: No	one	32 <b>6-17</b>	32
IDPs from:	SMA Name: I		25 <b>18-59</b>	
	SMA focal po		12 60+	16
Rasuwa (Haku ,3) and Rasuwa (Haku ,7)	_	/IDPs list maintained: Yes	77 TOTAL	
	ivegisti ation/	IDF3 II3t Haintaineu. Te3	77 10141	. 61
Persons with special vulnerabilities				
Breastfeeding mothers:			y-headed households: 4	
Person with disabilities:		Person with chronic diseases/serior	•	
Water		1	Hygiene / Sanitation	
Location of the site's main water source:	Off-site (More than 20 n	ninutes) People us	e toilets on or off site: Off-site	
Main non-drinking water source:	Unprotected Well	Condition of	of most of the latrines: Not so go	ood (not hygienic)
Main <b>drinking</b> water source:	Unprotected Well	Func	tioning toilets on-site: 1	
Average amount of water available per day/person:	6-10 liters	Evidenc	ce of open defecation: Yes	
Drinking water treated before consumption:	No treatment	Evidence of ha	nd-washing practices: <b>Unknow</b>	n
Main problem with the water:	Suspended solids	G	arbage Disposal Type: Burning	
	Fo	ood / Nutrition		
Access to food: <b>No</b> Screening for malnutrition conducted in the area: <b>No</b>				
Access to a market near from the site:	No	Supplementary feeding availability for pregn	ant/lactating mother: No	
Most common source for food:	Borrowed cash	Supplementary feeding av	ailability for children: <b>No</b>	
Education			Protection	
Access to formal education facility:	Yes	Security on-site/settlem	ent areas: <b>No</b>	
Access to non formal education facility:	No	Security incidents	reported: No	
Distance to nearest formal education facility:	Off-site (More than 20 n	ninutes) Main security	provider: <b>Unknown</b>	
% of girls at the site attending school:	25% or less	Lighting in commu	nal points: Yes, there is lighting	but it is NOT
Health adequate				
Prevalent health proble	ems	Distance to the closest functioning heal	th facility: Off-site (1-2 hours)	
1st most:			n facilities: International organi	zation
2nd most:	•	Access to psychosocial support in the las		
	Diarrhea	Access to immunization services in the las		
Livelihood	A /1 :	Mala IDDC and month informed	Communication	
Occupation of most of the households before EQ:  Occupation of most of the households after EQ:		_	tion from: Families & friends	
Access to income generating activities:		Female IDPS get most informa  Complaints being		
Livestock on site:		Main topic of information r		
IDPs have access to land for cultivation:		Main topic of information i	Other	
ibrs have access to land for cultivation.		onecon Specific		
Site accessible in monsoon:		onsoon Specific  Drinking water a	ccessible in monsoon: <b>No</b>	
Shelters that can survive in monsoon:	-	•	accessible in monsoon <b>No</b>	
Water-proof shelters at site:			ccessible in monsoon: Yes	
Wash facilities functional in monsoon:			ccessible in monsoon: <b>No</b>	
Shelter & NFIs				
% of HH living outside (no shelter):	None	% of HH have access to	electricity: More than 75%	
% of HH living in tents:		% of HH have access to safe cooking		
% of HH living in temporary shelter (CGIs):			/pe of NFI: Cooking gas	
% of HH living in emergency makeshift shelters:			/pe of NFI: <b>Fire wood</b>	

Displacement Tracking Matrix - International Organisation for Migration - Contact: nepaleqdtm@iom.int





% of HH living in emergency makeshift shelters: 25% or less

% of HH living in Other shelters (Open building): None

#### **Karagar Toal**

Site profiles **DISPLACEMENT TRACKING MATRIX - R7 NEPAL EARTHQUAKE 2015** 

June 8, 2016 Published on: Bagmati, Rasuwa, Dhunche (28.11018, 85.29837) Altitude: 2052.55 m Survey date: May 11, 2016 35 182 households IDPs **Site Management** Site ID: 572 Site open date: 13-May-2015 Male Female Site type: Other Community is taking part in SMC: Yes Land ownership: Private SMA type: None Site Classification: Spontaneous 6-17 MA Name: Nor IDPs from: 60+ Rasuwa (Haku ,5) and Rasuwa (Haku ,6) 97 85 TOTAL Persons with special vulnerabilities Breastfeeding mothers: 8 Elderly-headed household: 0 Person with disabilities: 1 Person with chronic diseases/serious medical conditions: 0 Water **Hygiene / Sanitation** Location of the site's main water source: Off-site (More than 20 minutes) People use toilets on or off site: On-site Main non-drinking water source: Piped water supply Condition of most of the latrines: Not so good (not hygienic) Main drinking water source: Piped water supply Functioning toilets on-site: 2 Average amount of water available per day/person: 11-15 liters Evidence of open defecation: Yes Drinking water treated before consumption: No treatment Evidence of hand-washing practices: Unknown Main problem with the water: None Garbage Disposal Type: No waste disposal system **Food / Nutrition** Access to food: No Screening for malnutrition conducted in the area: Yes Access to a market near from the site: Yes Supplementary feeding availability for pregnant/lactating mother: Yes Supplementary feeding availability for children: Yes Most common source for food: Borrowed cash Access to formal education facility: Yes Security on-site/settlement areas: Yes Access to non formal education facility: No Security incidents reported: No Distance to nearest formal education facility: Off-site (Less than 20 minutes) Main security provider: Military Lighting in communal points: Yes, there is lighting but it is NOT % of girls at the site attending school: 26% to 50% adequate Health Prevalent health problems Distance to the closest functioning health facility: Off-site (Less than 30 minutes) 1st most: Cough Provider of on-site health facilities: Government 2nd most: Diarrhea Access to psychosocial support in the last 4 weeks: No 3rd most: Conjunctivitis Access to immunization services in the last 4 weeks: No Livelihood Communication Occupation of most of the households before EQ: Agriculture/Livestock Male IDPS get most information from: Authorities Occupation of most of the households after EQ: Employed Female IDPS get most information from: Families & friends Access to income generating activities: Yes Complaints being reported: Unknown Main topic of information requested: Livestock on site: Yes Recovery plans IDPs have access to land for cultivation: No **Monsoon Specific** Site accessible in monsoon: Yes Drinking water accessible in monsoon: No Shelters that can survive in monsoon: 25% or less Health facility accessible in monsoon Yes Water-proof shelters at site: None Education facility accessible in monsoon: Yes Wash facilities functional in monsoon: No Food support accessible in monsoon: No Shelter & NEIs % of HH living outside (no shelter): None % of HH have access to electricity: More than 75% % of HH living in tents: None % of HH have access to safe cooking facilities: 51% to 75% % of HH living in temporary shelter (CGIs): More than 75% 1st most needed type of NFI: Sleeping beds

Displacement Tracking Matrix - International Organisation for Migration - Contact: nepaleqdtm@iom.int

2nd most needed type of NFI: Cooking gas

3rd most needed type of NFI: Fire wood





### Khadegaun (Selang-1)

Site profiles **DISPLACEMENT TRACKING MATRIX - R7 NEPAL EARTHQUAKE 2015** 

June 8, 2016 Published on: Altitude: 2009.88 m Survey date: May 9, 2016 Bagmati, Sindhupalchok, Selang (27.8397, 85.71983) 49 257 IDPs households **Site Management** Site ID: 575 Site open date: 27-Apr-2015 Site having the SMC: Yes Male Female Site type: Open ground (park, playground, sports ground, Land ownership: Public/Government Site Classification: Spontaneous 6-17 IDPs from: Sindhupalchok (Golche ,1) and Sindhupalchok (Gumba,5) 124 133 TOTAL Persons with special vulnerabilities Breastfeeding mothers: 12 Elderly-headed households: 4 Persons with disabilities: 4 Persons with chronic diseases/serious medical conditions: 5 **Hygiene / Sanitation** Location of the site's main water source: On-site (Less than 20 minutes) People use toilets on or off site: On-site Main non-drinking water source: Spring/river Condition of most of the latrines: Good (Hygienic) Main drinking water source: Spring/river Functioning toilets on-site: 9 Average amount of water available per day/person: More than 15 liters Evidence of open defecation: No Drinking water treated before consumption: No treatment Evidence of hand-washing practices: Unknown Main problem with the water: Suspended solids Garbage Disposal Type: Garbage pit **Food / Nutrition** Access to food: Yes, Off-site Screening for malnutrition conducted in the area: No Access to a market near from the site: No Supplementary feeding availability for pregnant/lactating mother: No Supplementary feeding availability for children: No Most common source for food: Own cash Access to formal education facility: Yes Security on-site/settlement areas: Yes Access to non formal education facility: No Security incidents reported: No Distance to nearest formal education facility: On-site (Less than 20 minutes) Main security provider: Self organized Lighting in communal points: No lighting % of girls at the site attending school: More than 75% Health Prevalent health problems Distance to the closest functioning health facility: Off-site (1-2 hours) Provider of on-site health facilities: Government 1st most: Diarrhea 2nd most: Cold Access to psychosocial support in the last 4 weeks: Yes 3rd most: Cough Access to immunization services in the last 4 weeks: Yes Livelihood Communication Occupation of most of the households before EQ: Agriculture/Livestock Male IDPS get most information from: Authorities Occupation of most of the households after EQ: Agriculture/Livestock Female IDPS get most information from: Authorities

Access to income generating activities: No Livestock on site: Yes

IDPs have access to land for cultivation: Yes

Complaints being reported: Unknown Main topic of information requested: Recovery plans

**Monsoon Specific** 

Site accessible in monsoon: No, no vehicular access Drinking water accessible in monsoon: No Shelters that can survive in monsoon: 26% to 50% Health facility accessible in monsoon Yes Water-proof shelters at site: 51% to 75% Education facility accessible in monsoon: Yes Wash facilities functional in monsoon: Unknown Food support accessible in monsoon: Unknown Shelter & NEIs

% of HH living outside (no shelter): None % of HH have access to electricity: None

% of HH living in tents: 25% or less % of HH have access to safe cooking facilities: 51% to 75% % of HH living in temporary shelter (CGIs): 25% or less 1st most needed type of NFI: CGIs

% of HH living in emergency makeshift shelters: 51% to 75% 2nd most needed type of NFI: Mosquito nets % of HH living in Other shelters (Open building): None 3rd most needed type of NFI: Cooking gas





Persons with disabilities: 2

Main non-drinking water source: Spring/river

### Kafledanda (Selang-1)

Site profiles **DISPLACEMENT TRACKING MATRIX - R7 NEPAL EARTHQUAKE 2015** 

June 8, 2016 Published on:

Altitude: 1858.69 m Bagmati, Sindhupalchok, Selang (27.84605, 85.71926)

Person with chronic diseases/serious medical conditions: 0

Condition of most of the latrines: Not so good (not hygienic)

Communication

Survey date: May 9, 2016 40 188 households IDPs **Site Management** Site ID: 576 Site having the SMC: Yes Site open date: 28-Apr-2015 Male **Female** Site type: Open ground (park, playground, sports ground, Land ownership: Private Site Classification: Spontaneous 6-17 IDPs from: Sindhupalchok (Selang ,8) and Sindhupalchok (Golche,9) 98 TOTAL 90 Persons with special vulnerabilities Breastfeeding mothers: 8 Elderly-headed households: 6

> **Hygiene / Sanitation** Location of the site's main water source: Off-site (More than 20 minutes) People use toilets on or off site: On-site

Main drinking water source: Spring/river Functioning toilets on-site: 3 Average amount of water available per day/person: More than 15 liters Evidence of open defecation: Yes Drinking water treated before consumption: No treatment Evidence of hand-washing practices: Unknown

Main problem with the water: None Garbage Disposal Type: No waste disposal system

**Food / Nutrition** 

Access to food: Yes, Off-site Screening for malnutrition conducted in the area: No Access to a market near from the site: No Supplementary feeding availability for pregnant/lactating mother: No Supplementary feeding availability for children: No Most common source for food: Own cash

Access to formal education facility: Yes Security on-site/settlement areas: Yes Access to non formal education facility: No Security incidents reported: No Distance to nearest formal education facility: On-site (Less than 20 minutes) Main security provider: Self organized

Lighting in communal points: No lighting % of girls at the site attending school: More than 75%

Health

Distance to the closest functioning health facility: Off-site (More than 2 hours) Prevalent health problems Provider of on-site health facilities: Government 1st most: Cough 2nd most: Diarrhea

Access to psychosocial support in the last 4 weeks: No 3rd most: Skin infections Access to immunization services in the last 4 weeks: Yes Livelihood

Occupation of most of the households before EQ: Agriculture/Livestock Male IDPS get most information from: Authorities

Occupation of most of the households after EQ: Agriculture/Livestock Female IDPS get most information from: Authorities Access to income generating activities: No Complaints being reported: Unknown

Main topic of information requested: Livestock on site: Yes

Recovery plans

IDPs have access to land for cultivation: Yes

**Monsoon Specific** 

Site accessible in monsoon: No, no vehicular access Drinking water accessible in monsoon: No Shelters that can survive in monsoon: 26% to 50% Health facility accessible in monsoon No Water-proof shelters at site: 25% or less Education facility accessible in monsoon: Yes Wash facilities functional in monsoon: No Food support accessible in monsoon: Yes

Shelter & NEIs

% of HH living outside (no shelter): None % of HH have access to electricity: None

% of HH living in tents: 25% or less % of HH have access to safe cooking facilities: 26% to 50% % of HH living in temporary shelter (CGIs): 25% or less 1st most needed type of NFI: CGIs

% of HH living in emergency makeshift shelters: 51% to 75% 2nd most needed type of NFI: Mosquito nets % of HH living in Other shelters (Open building): None 3rd most needed type of NFI: Cooking gas





Site open date: 27-Apr-2015

Site type: Other Land ownership: Public/Government Site Classification: Spontaneous

IDPs from:

(Golche ,9)

Survey date: May 11, 2016

Site ID:

### Banskharka (Selang-1)

Site profiles **DISPLACEMENT TRACKING MATRIX - R7 NEPAL EARTHQUAKE 2015** 

June 8, 2016 Published on:

Bagmati, Sindhupalchok, Selang (27.8362, 85.71486) Altitude: 2109.85 m 60 334 households IDPs **Site Management** Site having the SMC: Yes Male Female 6-17 Sindhupalchok (Selang ,1) and Sindhupalchok 160 174 TOTAL

Persons wi	ith spe	cial vul	Inerab	ulities

Breastfeeding mothers: 15 Elderly-headed households: 6 Persons with disabilities: 4 Persons with chronic diseases/serious medical conditions: 3 **Hygiene / Sanitation** 

Location of the site's main water source: Off-site (More than 20 minutes) People use toilets on or off site: On-site

Main non-drinking water source: Spring/river Condition of most of the latrines: Not so good (not hygienic)

Main drinking water source: Spring/river Functioning toilets on-site: 11 Average amount of water available per day/person: 11-15 liters Evidence of open defecation: Yes Drinking water treated before consumption: No treatment Evidence of hand-washing practices: Yes

> Main problem with the water: None Garbage Disposal Type: Garbage pit

#### **Food / Nutrition**

Access to food: Yes, Off-site Screening for malnutrition conducted in the area: Yes Access to a market near from the site: Yes Supplementary feeding availability for pregnant/lactating mother: No Supplementary feeding availability for children: No Most common source for food: Own cash

Access to formal education facility: Yes Security on-site/settlement areas: Yes Access to non formal education facility: No Security incidents reported: No Distance to nearest formal education facility: On-site (Less than 20 minutes) Main security provider: Self organized

Lighting in communal points: No lighting % of girls at the site attending school: More than 75%

#### Health

Distance to the closest functioning health facility: Off-site (1-2 hours) Prevalent health problems Provider of on-site health facilities: Government 1st most: Diarrhea 2nd most: Cough Access to psychosocial support in the last 4 weeks: Yes 3rd most: Skin infections Access to immunization services in the last 4 weeks: Yes Livelihood Communication

Occupation of most of the households before EQ: Agriculture/Livestock Male IDPS get most information from: Mobile phone Occupation of most of the households after EQ: Agriculture/Livestock Female IDPS get most information from: Mobile phone Access to income generating activities: No Complaints being reported: Unknown

Main topic of information requested:

Other Livestock on site: Yes

IDPs have access to land for cultivation: Yes

#### **Monsoon Specific**

Site accessible in monsoon: No, no vehicular access Drinking water accessible in monsoon: No Shelters that can survive in monsoon: 25% or less Health facility accessible in monsoon No Water-proof shelters at site: 25% or less Education facility accessible in monsoon: Yes Wash facilities functional in monsoon: No Food support accessible in monsoon: Yes

#### Shelter & NEIs

% of HH living outside (no shelter): None % of HH have access to electricity: None

% of HH living in tents: 25% or less % of HH have access to safe cooking facilities: 26% to 50% % of HH living in temporary shelter (CGIs): 26% to 50% 1st most needed type of NFI: CGIs

% of HH living in emergency makeshift shelters: 26% to 50% 2nd most needed type of NFI: Mosquito nets % of HH living in Other shelters (Open building): None 3rd most needed type of NFI: Cooking gas





% of HH living in emergency makeshift shelters: None

% of HH living in Other shelters (Open building): None

#### Pani Pokhari

Site profiles

DISPLACEMENT TRACKING MATRIX - R7

NEPAL EARTHQUAKE 2015

Published on: June 8, 2016

Altitude: 2270.79 m Survey date: May 11, 2016 Janakpur, Dolakha, Suspakshemawati (27.4277, 86.3306) **82** 284 households IDPs **Site Management** Site ID: 589 Site open date: 26-May-2015 Male Female Site type: Other Community is taking part in SMC: Yes Land ownership: Public/Government Site Classification: Spontaneous 6-17 IDPs from: 60+ Dolakha (Suspakshemawati,1) 136 148 TOTAL Persons with special vulnerabilities Breastfeeding mothers: 15 Elderly-headed households: 12 Persons with disabilities: 5 Persons with chronic diseases/serious medical conditions: 3 Water **Hygiene / Sanitation** Location of the site's main water source: On-site (Less than 20 minutes) People use toilets on or off site: On-site Main non-drinking water source: Piped water supply Condition of most of the latrines: Not so good (not hygienic) Main drinking water source: Piped water supply Functioning toilets on-site: 32 Average amount of water available per day/person: More than 15 liters Evidence of open defecation: No Drinking water treated before consumption: No treatment Evidence of hand-washing practices: Yes Main problem with the water: Suspended solids Garbage Disposal Type: No waste disposal system **Food / Nutrition** Access to food: No Screening for malnutrition conducted in the area: No Access to a market near from the site: No Supplementary feeding availability for pregnant/lactating mother: No Supplementary feeding availability for children: No Most common source for food: Own cash Access to formal education facility: Yes Security on-site/settlement areas: No Access to non formal education facility: No Security incidents reported: No Distance to nearest formal education facility: Off-site (More than 20 minutes) Main security provider: Unknown Lighting in communal points: Yes, there is lighting but it is NOT % of girls at the site attending school: More than 75% adequate Health Distance to the closest functioning health facility: Off-site (1-2 hours) Prevalent health problems 1st most: Cough Provider of on-site health facilities: Government 2nd most: Cold Access to psychosocial support in the last 4 weeks: Yes 3rd most: Diarrhea Access to immunization services in the last 4 weeks: Yes Livelihood Communication Occupation of most of the households before EQ: Agriculture/Livestock Male IDPS get most information from: Radio/Newspaper Occupation of most of the households after EQ: Agriculture/Livestock Female IDPS get most information from: Families & friends Access to income generating activities: Yes Complaints being reported: Yes Main topic of information requested: Livestock on site: Yes Recovery plans IDPs have access to land for cultivation: Yes **Monsoon Specific** Site accessible in monsoon: No, no vehicular access Drinking water accessible in monsoon: Yes Health facility accessible in monsoon Yes Shelters that can survive in monsoon: 26% to 50% Water-proof shelters at site: None Education facility accessible in monsoon: No Wash facilities functional in monsoon: Yes Food support accessible in monsoon: No Shelter & NEIs % of HH living outside (no shelter): None % of HH have access to electricity: More than 75% % of HH living in tents: None % of HH have access to safe cooking facilities: None % of HH living in temporary shelter (CGIs): More than 75% 1st most needed type of NFI: CGIs

Displacement Tracking Matrix - International Organisation for Migration - Contact: nepaleqdtm@iom.int

2nd most needed type of NFI: Tarpaulin

3rd most needed type of NFI: Mosquito nets





#### **Pokhari Ratomato Danda**

Site profiles **DISPLACEMENT TRACKING MATRIX - R7 NEPAL EARTHQUAKE 2015** 

June 8, 2016 Published on:

Bagmati, Dhading, Nilkantha Municipality (27.90191, 84.89779) Altitude: 793.4 m Survey date: May 11, 2016 65 211 households IDPs **Site Management** Site ID: 592 Site open date: 22-Jun-2015 Site having the SMC: Yes Male Female Site type: Open ground (park, playground, sports ground, other) Land ownership: Public/Government Site Classification: Spontaneous 6-17 IDPs from: 60+ Dhading (Tipling ,9) and Dhading (Tipling ,8) 88 TOTAL 123 Persons with special vulnerabilities Breastfeeding mothers: 16 Elderly-headed households: 5 Persons with disabilities: 3 Persons with chronic diseases/serious medical conditions: 2 Water **Hygiene / Sanitation** Location of the site's main water source: Off-site (More than 20 minutes) People use toilets on or off site: On-site Main non-drinking water source: Piped water supply Condition of most of the latrines: Not so good (not hygienic) Main drinking water source: Piped water supply Functioning toilets on-site: 6 Average amount of water available per day/person: 11-15 liters Evidence of open defecation: No Drinking water treated before consumption: Filtered Evidence of hand-washing practices: No Main problem with the water: None Garbage Disposal Type: Garbage pit **Food / Nutrition** Access to food: No Screening for malnutrition conducted in the area: No Access to a market near from the site: Yes Supplementary feeding availability for pregnant/lactating mother: No Supplementary feeding availability for children: No Most common source for food: Borrowed cash Access to formal education facility: Yes Security on-site/settlement areas: No Access to non formal education facility: No Security incidents reported: No Distance to nearest formal education facility: Off-site (More than 20 minutes) Main security provider: Unknown Lighting in communal points: Yes, there is lighting but it is NOT % of girls at the site attending school: More than 75% adequate Health Distance to the closest functioning health facility: Off-site (1-2 hours) Prevalent health problems 1st most: Provider of on-site health facilities: Government None 2nd most: None Access to psychosocial support in the last 4 weeks: No 3rd most: None Access to immunization services in the last 4 weeks: Yes Livelihood Communication Occupation of most of the households before EQ: Trade Male IDPS get most information from: Social Media Occupation of most of the households after EQ: None Female IDPS get most information from: Families & friends Access to income generating activities: Yes Complaints being reported: No Main topic of information requested: Livestock on site: No Situation in areas of origin IDPs have access to land for cultivation: No

Site accessible in monsoon: Yes

**Monsoon Specific** 

Drinking water accessible in monsoon: Yes Health facility accessible in monsoon Yes Shelters that can survive in monsoon: 25% or less Water-proof shelters at site: 26% to 50% Education facility accessible in monsoon: Yes Wash facilities functional in monsoon: No Food support accessible in monsoon: Unknown

Shelter & NEIs

% of HH living outside (no shelter): None % of HH have access to electricity: More than 75%

% of HH living in tents: 25% or less % of HH have access to safe cooking facilities: None

% of HH living in temporary shelter (CGIs): More than 75% 1st most needed type of NFI: Mosquito nets % of HH living in emergency makeshift shelters: None 2nd most needed type of NFI: Cooking gas % of HH living in Other shelters (Open building): None 3rd most needed type of NFI: Fire wood





% of HH living in emergency makeshift shelters: None

% of HH living in Other shelters (Open building): None

#### **Bogetaar 2**

Site profiles **DISPLACEMENT TRACKING MATRIX - R7 NEPAL EARTHQUAKE 2015** 

June 8, 2016

Published on: Bagmati, Rasuwa, Laharepauwa (27.98089, 85.18499) Altitude: 734.58 m Survey date: May 13, 2016 92 357 households IDPs 594 **Site Management** Site ID: Site open date: 15-Jun-2015 Male Female Site type: Other Community is taking part in SMC: Yes Land ownership: Private Site Classification: Spontaneous 6-17 IDPs from: 60+ Rasuwa (Haku ,8) and Rasuwa (Haku ,9) 179 TOTAL 178 Persons with special vulnerabilities Breastfeeding mothers: 20 Elderly-headed households: 4 Persons with disabilities: 2 Persons with chronic diseases/serious medical conditions: 6 Water **Hygiene / Sanitation** Location of the site's main water source: On-site (Less than 20 minutes) People use toilets on or off site: On-site Main non-drinking water source: Piped water supply Condition of most of the latrines: Good (Hygienic) Main drinking water source: Piped water supply Functioning toilets on-site: 11 Average amount of water available per day/person: 5 liters and less Evidence of open defecation: No Drinking water treated before consumption: Filtered Evidence of hand-washing practices: Unknown Main problem with the water: None Garbage Disposal Type: Garbage pit **Food / Nutrition** Access to food: Yes, On-Site Screening for malnutrition conducted in the area: Yes Access to a market near from the site: No Supplementary feeding availability for pregnant/lactating mother: No Supplementary feeding availability for children: No Most common source for food: Own cash Access to formal education facility: Yes Security on-site/settlement areas: Yes Access to non formal education facility: No Security incidents reported: Yes Distance to nearest formal education facility: Off-site (More than 20 minutes) Main security provider: Self organized Lighting in communal points: Yes, there is lighting but it is NOT % of girls at the site attending school: More than 75% adequate Health Prevalent health problems Distance to the closest functioning health facility: Off-site (1-2 hours) 1st most: Conjunctivitis Provider of on-site health facilities: Local Clinic/med practitioners 2nd most: Cough Access to psychosocial support in the last 4 weeks: Yes 3rd most: Diarrhea Access to immunization services in the last 4 weeks: Yes Livelihood Communication Occupation of most of the households before EQ: Agriculture/Livestock Male IDPS get most information from: Authorities Occupation of most of the households after EQ: None Female IDPS get most information from: Families & friends Access to income generating activities: No Complaints being reported: Yes Main topic of information requested: Livestock on site: No Relocation plan IDPs have access to land for cultivation: No **Monsoon Specific** Site accessible in monsoon: Yes Drinking water accessible in monsoon: Yes Shelters that can survive in monsoon: Unknown Health facility accessible in monsoon Yes Water-proof shelters at site: None Education facility accessible in monsoon: Yes Wash facilities functional in monsoon: Yes Food support accessible in monsoon: No Shelter & NEIs % of HH living outside (no shelter): None % of HH have access to electricity: More than 75% % of HH living in tents: None % of HH have access to safe cooking facilities: More than 75% % of HH living in temporary shelter (CGIs): More than 75% 1st most needed type of NFI: Other

Displacement Tracking Matrix - International Organisation for Migration - Contact: nepaleqdtm@iom.int

2nd most needed type of NFI: Other

3rd most needed type of NFI: Other





#### **Naubise**

Site profiles **DISPLACEMENT TRACKING MATRIX - R7 NEPAL EARTHQUAKE 2015** 

June 8, 2016 Published on: Bagmati, Rasuwa, Laharepauwa (27.99591, 84.82314) Altitude: 620.89 m Survey date: May 12, 2016 **171** 769 households IDPs **Site Management** Site ID: 595 Site open date: 21-May-2015 Male Female Site type: Other Community is taking part in SMC: Yes Land ownership: Private Site Classification: Spontaneous 6-17 IDPs from: 60+ (8, Rasuwa (Haku ,9) and Rasuwa (Haku 367 TOTAL 402 Persons with special vulnerabilities Breastfeeding mothers: 50 Elderly-headed households: 5 Persons with disabilities: 10 Persons with chronic diseases/serious medical conditions: 2 Water **Hygiene / Sanitation** Location of the site's main water source: Off-site (Less than 20 minutes) People use toilets on or off site: On-site Condition of most of the latrines: Not so good (not hygienic) Main non-drinking water source: Piped water supply Main drinking water source: Piped water supply Functioning toilets on-site: 45 Average amount of water available per day/person: 5 liters and less Evidence of open defecation: No Drinking water treated before consumption: No treatment Evidence of hand-washing practices: Unknown Main problem with the water: None Garbage Disposal Type: Garbage pit **Food / Nutrition** Access to food: Yes, On-Site Screening for malnutrition conducted in the area: No Access to a market near from the site: Yes Supplementary feeding availability for pregnant/lactating mother: No Supplementary feeding availability for children: No Most common source for food: Own cash Access to formal education facility: Yes Security on-site/settlement areas: Yes Access to non formal education facility: Yes Security incidents reported: Yes Distance to nearest formal education facility: Off-site (More than 20 minutes) Main security provider: Self organized Lighting in communal points: No lighting % of girls at the site attending school: 51% to 75% Health Prevalent health problems Distance to the closest functioning health facility: Off-site (1-2 hours) 1st most: Conjunctivitis Provider of on-site health facilities: Local Clinic/med practitioners 2nd most: Cough Access to psychosocial support in the last 4 weeks: No 3rd most: Skin infections Access to immunization services in the last 4 weeks: No Livelihood Communication Occupation of most of the households before EQ: Agriculture/Livestock Male IDPS get most information from: Radio/Newspaper Occupation of most of the households after EQ: Daily wage laborer Female IDPS get most information from: Families & friends Access to income generating activities: No Complaints being reported: Yes Main topic of information requested: Livestock on site: Yes Relocation plan IDPs have access to land for cultivation: Yes **Monsoon Specific** Site accessible in monsoon: Yes Drinking water accessible in monsoon: No Shelters that can survive in monsoon: 25% or less Health facility accessible in monsoon Yes Water-proof shelters at site: None Education facility accessible in monsoon: Yes Wash facilities functional in monsoon: Yes Food support accessible in monsoon: No Shelter & NEIs % of HH living outside (no shelter): None % of HH have access to electricity: 26% to 50% % of HH living in tents: None % of HH have access to safe cooking facilities: 26% to 50% % of HH living in temporary shelter (CGIs): More than 75% 1st most needed type of NFI: Other % of HH living in emergency makeshift shelters: None 2nd most needed type of NFI: Other

Displacement Tracking Matrix - International Organisation for Migration - Contact: nepaleqdtm@iom.int

3rd most needed type of NFI: Electric fans





#### **Tatopani**

Site profiles **DISPLACEMENT TRACKING MATRIX - R7 NEPAL EARTHQUAKE 2015** 

June 8, 2016 Published on: Bagmati, Dhading, Nilkantha (27.91731, 84.90354) Altitude: 667.52 m Survey date: May 9, 2016 28 92 IDPs households 596 **Site Management** Site ID: Site open date: 26-Apr-2015 Male Female Site type: Open ground (park, playground, sports ground, other) Land ownership: Private Site Classification: Spontaneous 6-17 IDPs from: 60+ Dhading (Jharlang ,1) and Dhading (Jharlang 44 48 TOTAL Persons with special vulnerabilities Breastfeeding mothers: 6 Elderly-headed households: 2 Person with disabilities: 1 Person with chronic diseases/serious medical conditions: 0 Water **Hygiene / Sanitation** Location of the site's main water source: On-site (Less than 20 minutes) People use toilets on or off site: On-site Main non-drinking water source: Piped water supply Condition of most of the latrines: Good (Hygienic) Main drinking water source: Piped water supply Functioning toilets on-site: 3 Average amount of water available per day/person: 11-15 liters Evidence of open defecation: No Drinking water treated before consumption: Filtered Evidence of hand-washing practices: No Main problem with the water: None Garbage Disposal Type: Garbage pit **Food / Nutrition** Access to food: No Screening for malnutrition conducted in the area: No Access to a market near from the site: Yes Supplementary feeding availability for pregnant/lactating mother: No Supplementary feeding availability for children: No Most common source for food: Borrowed cash Access to formal education facility: Yes Security on-site/settlement areas: No Access to non formal education facility: No Security incidents reported: No Distance to nearest formal education facility: Off-site (More than 20 minutes) Main security provider: Unknown Lighting in communal points: No lighting % of girls at the site attending school: More than 75% Health Prevalent health problems Distance to the closest functioning health facility: Off-site (1-2 hours) 1st most: Cough Provider of on-site health facilities: Government 2nd most: Cold Access to psychosocial support in the last 4 weeks: No 3rd most: None Access to immunization services in the last 4 weeks: No Livelihood Communication Occupation of most of the households before EQ: Agriculture/Livestock Male IDPS get most information from: Mobile phone Occupation of most of the households after EQ: Daily wage laborer Female IDPS get most information from: Families & friends Access to income generating activities: Yes Complaints being reported: No Main topic of information requested: Livestock on site: No Work opportunities IDPs have access to land for cultivation: No **Monsoon Specific** Site accessible in monsoon: No, no vehicular access Drinking water accessible in monsoon: No Shelters that can survive in monsoon: None Health facility accessible in monsoon No Water-proof shelters at site: None Education facility accessible in monsoon: Yes Wash facilities functional in monsoon: Yes Food support accessible in monsoon: Unknown Shelter & NEIs % of HH living outside (no shelter): None % of HH have access to electricity: None % of HH living in tents: None % of HH have access to safe cooking facilities: None % of HH living in temporary shelter (CGIs): None 1st most needed type of NFI: Mosquito nets % of HH living in emergency makeshift shelters: More than 75% 2nd most needed type of NFI: CGIs

Displacement Tracking Matrix - International Organisation for Migration - Contact: nepaleqdtm@iom.int

3rd most needed type of NFI: Cooking gas





### **Gyan Bijay Sibir**

Site profiles
DISPLACEMENT TRACKING MATRIX - R7
NEPAL EARTHQUAKE 2015

Published on: June 8, 2016

Survey date: May 18, 2016

Bagmati, Bhaktapur, Bhaktapur Municipality (27.6729333, 85.42315)

Altitude: 1335.95 m

20
110

Site ID: 598

Site Management households IDPs

Site open date: 25-Apr-2015

Site type: Collective centre (schools, offices, religious, hospital, other)

Land ownership: Public/Government

Site Classification: Spontaneous

IDPs from:

Bhaktapur (Napu ,17) and Bhaktapur (Napu

Site Management
Site having the SMC: Yes
Women participating in SMC: 25% or less
Community is taking part in SMC: Yes
SMA: Yes
SMA type: International NGO
SMA Name: IOM
SMA focal point: Suman
Registration/IDPs list maintained: Yes

Male		Female
0	<1	0
4	1-5	2
15	6-17	19
30	18-59	33
3	60+	4
52	TOTAL	58

Persons	with	special	vu	nera	bilities

Breastfeeding mothers: 3 Elderly-headed household: 0

Persons with disabilities: 4 Person with chronic diseases/serious medical conditions: 1

Water Hygiene / Sanitation

Location of the site's main water source: Off-site (More than 20 minutes)

People use toilets on or off site: On-site

Main non-drinking water source: Piped water supply Condition of most of the latrines: Not so good (not hygienic)

Main drinking water source: Piped water supply

Average amount of water available per day/person: 11-15 liters

Drinking water treated before consumption: No treatment

Main problem with the water: None

Functioning toilets on-site: 2

Evidence of open defecation: No

Evidence of hand-washing practices: No

Garbage Disposal Type: Burning

**Food / Nutrition** 

Access to food: Yes, On-Site

Screening for malnutrition conducted in the area: No

Access to a market near from the site: Yes

Supplementary feeding availability for pregnant/lactating mother: No

Most common source for food: Own cash

Supplementary feeding availability for children: No

Education Protection

Access to formal education facility: Yes Security on-site/settlement areas: No

Access to non formal education facility: No Security incidents reported: No

Distance to nearest formal education facility: Off-site (Less than 20 minutes) Main security provider: Unknown

% of girls at the site attending school: More than 75% Lighting in communal points: Yes, there is lighting and it is adequate

Health

Prevalent health problems
Distance to the closest functioning health facility: Off-site (1-2 hours)

1st most: None
Provider of on-site health facilities: Government

2nd most: None
Access to psychosocial support in the last 4 weeks: No

3rd most: None
Access to immunization services in the last 4 weeks: No

Livelihood
Communication

Occupation of most of the households before EQ: Agriculture/Livestock

Occupation of most of the households after EQ: Agriculture/Livestock

Access to income generating activities: Yes

Complaints being reported: No

Livestock on site: No

Main topic of information requested:

Access to services

IDPs have access to land for cultivation: No

Monsoon Specific

Site accessible in monsoon: Yes

Shelters that can survive in monsoon: None

Water-proof shelters at site: None

Wash facilities functional in monsoon: No

Drinking water accessible in monsoon: Yes

Health facility accessible in monsoon: Yes

Education facility accessible in monsoon: Yes

Food support accessible in monsoon: Yes

Shelter & NFIs

% of HH living outside (no shelter): **None** % of HH have access to electricity: **51% to 75%** 

% of HH living in tents: 51% to 75% % of HH have access to safe cooking facilities: 51% to 75% % of HH living in temporary shelter (CGIs): 25% or less 1st most needed type of NFI: Other

% of HH living in emergency makeshift shelters: **None** 2nd most needed type of NFI: **Mosquito nets** 

% of HH living in Other shelters (Open building): None

3rd most needed type of NFI: CGIs

Displacement Tracking Matrix - International Organisation for Migration - Contact: nepaleqdtm@iom.int





% of HH living in emergency makeshift shelters: None

% of HH living in Other shelters (Open building): None

#### Jana Sewa Sibir

Site profiles **DISPLACEMENT TRACKING MATRIX - R7 NEPAL EARTHQUAKE 2015** 

June 8, 2016 Published on: Bagmati, Bhaktapur, Bhaktapur Municipality (27.668625, 85.426138) Altitude: 1312.48 m Survey date: May 17, 2016 42 300 households IDPs 600 **Site Management** Site ID: Site open date: 25-Apr-2015 Male Female Site type: Open ground (park, playground, sports ground, other) Community is taking part in SMC: None Land ownership: Public/Government Site Classification: Spontaneous 6-17 IDPs from: 60+ Bhaktapur (Bhaktapur municipalty ,14) 140 160 TOTAL Persons with special vulnerabilities Breastfeeding mothers: 9 Elderly-headed households: 10 Person with disabilities: 1 Persons with chronic diseases/serious medical conditions: 5 Water **Hygiene / Sanitation** Location of the site's main water source: On-site (More than 20 minutes) People use toilets on or off site: On-site Main non-drinking water source: Piped water supply Condition of most of the latrines: Good (Hygienic) Main drinking water source: Piped water supply Functioning toilets on-site: 4 Average amount of water available per day/person: 11-15 liters Evidence of open defecation: No Drinking water treated before consumption: No treatment Evidence of hand-washing practices: Yes Main problem with the water: None Garbage Disposal Type: Garbage pit **Food / Nutrition** Access to food: Yes, Off-site Screening for malnutrition conducted in the area: No Access to a market near from the site: Yes Supplementary feeding availability for pregnant/lactating mother: No Supplementary feeding availability for children: No Most common source for food: Own cash Access to formal education facility: Yes Security on-site/settlement areas: No Access to non formal education facility: No Security incidents reported: No Distance to nearest formal education facility: Off-site (Less than 20 minutes) Main security provider: Unknown Lighting in communal points: Yes, there is lighting and it is adequate % of girls at the site attending school: More than 75% Health Prevalent health problems Distance to the closest functioning health facility: Off-site (1-2 hours) 1st most: Cough Provider of on-site health facilities: Government 2nd most: Cold Access to psychosocial support in the last 4 weeks: No 3rd most: None Access to immunization services in the last 4 weeks: No Livelihood Communication Occupation of most of the households before EQ: Agriculture/Livestock Male IDPS get most information from: Radio/Newspaper Occupation of most of the households after EQ: Daily wage laborer Female IDPS get most information from: Radio/Newspaper Access to income generating activities: Yes Complaints being reported: No Main topic of information requested: Livestock on site: No Access to services IDPs have access to land for cultivation: Yes **Monsoon Specific** Site accessible in monsoon: Yes Drinking water accessible in monsoon: Yes Health facility accessible in monsoon Yes Shelters that can survive in monsoon: 26% to 50% Water-proof shelters at site: 26% to 50% Education facility accessible in monsoon: Yes Wash facilities functional in monsoon: Yes Food support accessible in monsoon: Yes Shelter & NEIs % of HH living outside (no shelter): None % of HH have access to electricity: More than 75% % of HH living in tents: 25% or less % of HH have access to safe cooking facilities: More than 75% % of HH living in temporary shelter (CGIs): More than 75% 1st most needed type of NFI: Tarpaulin

Displacement Tracking Matrix - International Organisation for Migration - Contact: nepaleqdtm@iom.int

2nd most needed type of NFI: Mosquito nets





### Pandhare/ Paula Dil

Site profiles
DISPLACEMENT TRACKING MATRIX - R7
NEPAL EARTHQUAKE 2015

June 8, 2016 Published on: Bagmati, Dhading, Salyantar (27.99591, 84.82314) Altitude: 620.89 m Survey date: May 10, 2016 42 133 households IDPs 604 **Site Management** Site ID: Site open date: 21-May-2015 Site having the SMC: Yes Male Female Site type: Open ground (park, playground, sports ground, other) Land ownership: Public/Government Site Classification: Spontaneous 6-17 IDPs from: Dhading (Lapa ,1) and Dhading (Lapa ,6) 61 TOTAL 72 Persons with special vulnerabilities Breastfeeding mothers: 10 Elderly-headed households: 5 Persons with disabilities: 2 Person with chronic diseases/serious medical conditions: 0 **Hygiene / Sanitation** Location of the site's main water source: Off-site (More than 20 minutes) People use toilets on or off site: On-site Main non-drinking water source: Unprotected Well Condition of most of the latrines: Not so good (not hygienic) Main drinking water source: Unprotected Well Functioning toilets on-site: 6 Average amount of water available per day/person: 6-10 liters Evidence of open defecation: No Drinking water treated before consumption: No treatment Evidence of hand-washing practices: Unknown Main problem with the water: None Garbage Disposal Type: Garbage pit **Food / Nutrition** Access to food: No Screening for malnutrition conducted in the area: No Access to a market near from the site: Yes Supplementary feeding availability for pregnant/lactating mother: No Supplementary feeding availability for children: No Most common source for food: Own cash Access to formal education facility: Yes Security on-site/settlement areas: No Access to non formal education facility: No Security incidents reported: No Distance to nearest formal education facility: Off-site (More than 20 minutes) Main security provider: Unknown Lighting in communal points: No lighting % of girls at the site attending school: More than 75% Health Distance to the closest functioning health facility: Off-site (1-2 hours) Prevalent health problems Provider of on-site health facilities: Government 1st most: Diarrhea 2nd most: None Access to psychosocial support in the last 4 weeks: No Access to immunization services in the last 4 weeks: No 3rd most: None Livelihood Communication

Occupation of most of the households before EQ: Agriculture/Livestock

Occupation of most of the households after EQ: None

Access to income generating activities: **No** 

Livestock on site: No

IDPs have access to land for cultivation: No

Male IDPS get most information from: Mobile phone

Female IDPS get most information from: Families & friends

Complaints being reported: **No**Main topic of information requested:

Shelter support

**Monsoon Specific** 

Site accessible in monsoon: Yes

Shelters that can survive in monsoon: None

Water-proof shelters at site: None

Water facilities functional in monsoon: Yes

Drinking water accessible in monsoon: Yes

Health facility accessible in monsoon: Yes

Education facility accessible in monsoon: Yes

Food support accessible in monsoon: Unknown

Shelter & NFIs

% of HH living outside (no shelter): **None** % of HH have access to electricity: **None** 

% of HH living in tents: More than 75% % of HH have access to safe cooking facilities: 25% or less
% of HH living in temporary shelter (CGIs): 25% or less
1st most needed type of NFI: Cooking gas
% of HH living in emergency makeshift shelters: None 2nd most needed type of NFI: Mosquito nets
% of HH living in Other shelters (Open building): None 3rd most needed type of NFI: CGIs





% of HH living in emergency makeshift shelters: None

% of HH living in Other shelters (Open building): None

#### **Kusume Chautaro**

Site profiles **DISPLACEMENT TRACKING MATRIX - R7 NEPAL EARTHQUAKE 2015** 

June 8, 2016 Published on:

Bagmati, Dhading, Nilkantha (27.90051, 84.89377) Altitude: 667.82 m Survey date: May 12, 2016 63 194 IDPs households 605 **Site Management** Site ID: Site open date: 20-Aug-2015 Male Female Site type: Open ground (park, playground, sports ground, other) Land ownership: Public/Government Site Classification: Spontaneous 6-17 IDPs from: 60+ Dhading (Sertung ,9) and Dhading (Lapa ,2) 101 TOTAL 93 Persons with special vulnerabilities Breastfeeding mothers: 8 Elderly-headed households: 2 Person with disabilities: 1 Person with chronic diseases/serious medical conditions: 0 **Hygiene / Sanitation** Location of the site's main water source: Off-site (More than 20 minutes) People use toilets on or off site: On-site Main non-drinking water source: Surface water Condition of most of the latrines: Not so good (not hygienic) Main drinking water source: Unprotected Well Functioning toilets on-site: 3 Average amount of water available per day/person: 6-10 liters Evidence of open defecation: No Drinking water treated before consumption: No treatment Evidence of hand-washing practices: Unknown Main problem with the water: Suspended solids Garbage Disposal Type: Garbage pit **Food / Nutrition** Access to food: No Screening for malnutrition conducted in the area: No Access to a market near from the site: Yes Supplementary feeding availability for pregnant/lactating mother: No Supplementary feeding availability for children: No Most common source for food: Borrowed cash Access to formal education facility: Yes Security on-site/settlement areas: No Access to non formal education facility: No Security incidents reported: No Distance to nearest formal education facility: Off-site (More than 20 minutes) Main security provider: Unknown Lighting in communal points: Yes, there is lighting but it is NOT % of girls at the site attending school: More than 75% adequate Health Prevalent health problems Distance to the closest functioning health facility: Off-site (Less than 30 minutes) 1st most: Provider of on-site health facilities: Government None 2nd most: None Access to psychosocial support in the last 4 weeks: No 3rd most: None Access to immunization services in the last 4 weeks: Yes Livelihood Communication Occupation of most of the households before EQ: Agriculture/Livestock Male IDPS get most information from: Mobile phone Occupation of most of the households after EQ: None Female IDPS get most information from: Site management Access to income generating activities: No Complaints being reported: No Main topic of information requested: Livestock on site: No Shelter support IDPs have access to land for cultivation: No **Monsoon Specific** Site accessible in monsoon: No, no vehicular access Drinking water accessible in monsoon: No Health facility accessible in monsoon Yes Shelters that can survive in monsoon: 26% to 50% Water-proof shelters at site: 51% to 75% Education facility accessible in monsoon: Yes Wash facilities functional in monsoon: Yes Food support accessible in monsoon: Unknown Shelter & NEIs % of HH living outside (no shelter): None % of HH have access to electricity: More than 75% % of HH living in tents: None % of HH have access to safe cooking facilities: None % of HH living in temporary shelter (CGIs): More than 75% 1st most needed type of NFI: Mosquito nets

Displacement Tracking Matrix - International Organisation for Migration - Contact: nepaleqdtm@iom.int

2nd most needed type of NFI: Cooking gas

3rd most needed type of NFI: Sleeping beds





#### Libali

Site profiles **DISPLACEMENT TRACKING MATRIX - R7 NEPAL EARTHQUAKE 2015** 

June 8, 2016 Published on: Bagmati, Bhaktapur, Bhaktapur Municipality (27.66921, 85.44234) Altitude: 1313.09 m Survey date: May 17, 2016 42 214 households IDPs **Site Management** Site ID: 607 Site open date: 01-Aug-2015 Male Female Site type: Open ground (park, playground, sports ground, other) Land ownership: Public/Government Site Classification: Spontaneous 6-17 IDPs from: 60+ Bhaktapur (Bhaktapur municipality ,2) and Bhaktapur (Bhaktapur municipality ,7) 102 TOTAL 112 Persons with special vulnerabilities Breastfeeding mothers: 2 Elderly-headed households: 12 Persons with disabilities: 3 Person with chronic diseases/serious medical conditions: 1 Water **Hygiene / Sanitation** Location of the site's main water source: On-site (Less than 20 minutes) People use toilets on or off site: On-site Main non-drinking water source: Water truck Condition of most of the latrines: Good (Hygienic) Main drinking water source: Water truck Functioning toilets on-site: 10 Average amount of water available per day/person: 11-15 liters Evidence of open defecation: No Drinking water treated before consumption: No treatment Evidence of hand-washing practices: Unknown Main problem with the water: None Garbage Disposal Type: Garbage pit **Food / Nutrition** Access to food: Yes, On-Site Screening for malnutrition conducted in the area: No Access to a market near from the site: Yes Supplementary feeding availability for pregnant/lactating mother: No Supplementary feeding availability for children: No Most common source for food: Own cash Access to formal education facility: Yes Security on-site/settlement areas: No Access to non formal education facility: No Security incidents reported: No Distance to nearest formal education facility: Off-site (Less than 20 minutes) Main security provider: Unknown Lighting in communal points: Yes, there is lighting but it is NOT % of girls at the site attending school: More than 75% adequate Health Prevalent health problems Distance to the closest functioning health facility: Off-site (Less than 30 minutes) 1st most: Provider of on-site health facilities: Government None 2nd most: None Access to psychosocial support in the last 4 weeks: No 3rd most: None Access to immunization services in the last 4 weeks: No Livelihood Communication Occupation of most of the households before EQ: Agriculture/Livestock Male IDPS get most information from: Families & friends Occupation of most of the households after EQ: Agriculture/Livestock Female IDPS get most information from: Families & friends Access to income generating activities: Yes Complaints being reported: No Main topic of information requested: Livestock on site: No Access to services IDPs have access to land for cultivation: No **Monsoon Specific** Site accessible in monsoon: Yes Drinking water accessible in monsoon: Yes Health facility accessible in monsoon Yes Shelters that can survive in monsoon: 26% to 50% Water-proof shelters at site: 26% to 50% Education facility accessible in monsoon: Yes Wash facilities functional in monsoon: Yes Food support accessible in monsoon: Yes Shelter & NEIs % of HH living outside (no shelter): None % of HH have access to electricity: More than 75% % of HH living in tents: None % of HH have access to safe cooking facilities: More than 75% % of HH living in temporary shelter (CGIs): More than 75% 1st most needed type of NFI: Tarpaulin % of HH living in emergency makeshift shelters: None 2nd most needed type of NFI: Mosquito nets

Displacement Tracking Matrix - International Organisation for Migration - Contact: nepaleqdtm@iom.int





#### Wimlung

Site profiles
DISPLACEMENT TRACKING MATRIX - R7
NEPAL EARTHQUAKE 2015

Published on: June 8, 2016

Bagmati, Rasuwa, Dhunche (28.10796, 85.31051) Altitude: 1869.97 m Survey date: May 10, 2016 34 207 IDPs households 612 **Site Management** Site ID: Site open date: 30-Jul-2015 Male **Female** Site type: Open ground (park, playground, sports ground, other) Land ownership: Public/Government Site Classification: Spontaneous 6-17 IDPs from: 60+ Rasuwa (Haku ,3) and Rasuwa (Haku ,2) 94 TOTAL 113 Persons with special vulnerabilities Breastfeeding mothers: 16 Elderly-headed households: 2 Persons with disabilities: 5 Persons with chronic diseases/serious medical conditions: 4 Water **Hygiene / Sanitation** Location of the site's main water source: Off-site (Less than 20 minutes) People use toilets on or off site: Unknown Main non-drinking water source: Piped water supply Condition of most of the latrines: No toilets Main drinking water source: Piped water supply Functioning toilets on-site: 0 Average amount of water available per day/person: 5 liters and less Evidence of open defecation: Yes Drinking water treated before consumption: No treatment Evidence of hand-washing practices: Unknown Main problem with the water: None Garbage Disposal Type: Burning **Food / Nutrition** Access to food: No Screening for malnutrition conducted in the area: Yes Access to a market near from the site: Yes Supplementary feeding availability for pregnant/lactating mother: Yes Supplementary feeding availability for children: Yes Most common source for food: Borrowed cash Access to formal education facility: Yes Security on-site/settlement areas: No Access to non formal education facility: Yes Security incidents reported: No Distance to nearest formal education facility: Off-site (More than 20 minutes) Main security provider: Unknown Lighting in communal points: Yes, there is lighting and it is adequate % of girls at the site attending school: 26% to 50% Health Prevalent health problems Distance to the closest functioning health facility: Off-site (Less than 30 minutes) 1st most: Diarrhea Provider of on-site health facilities: International organization 2nd most: Cough Access to psychosocial support in the last 4 weeks: No 3rd most: Conjunctivitis Access to immunization services in the last 4 weeks: No Livelihood Communication Occupation of most of the households before EQ: Agriculture/Livestock Male IDPS get most information from: Radio/Newspaper Occupation of most of the households after EQ: None Female IDPS get most information from: Radio/Newspaper Access to income generating activities: No Complaints being reported: Yes Main topic of information requested: Livestock on site: Yes Relocation plan IDPs have access to land for cultivation: No **Monsoon Specific** Site accessible in monsoon: Yes Drinking water accessible in monsoon: Yes Health facility accessible in monsoon Yes Shelters that can survive in monsoon: 51% to 75% Water-proof shelters at site: None Education facility accessible in monsoon: Yes Wash facilities functional in monsoon: No Food support accessible in monsoon: No Shelter & NEIs % of HH living outside (no shelter): None % of HH have access to electricity: More than 75% % of HH living in tents: None % of HH have access to safe cooking facilities: 25% or less % of HH living in temporary shelter (CGIs): More than 75% 1st most needed type of NFI: CGIs % of HH living in emergency makeshift shelters: None 2nd most needed type of NFI: Fire wood

Displacement Tracking Matrix - International Organisation for Migration - Contact: nepaleqdtm@iom.int





#### **Kolchet**

Site profiles **DISPLACEMENT TRACKING MATRIX - R7 NEPAL EARTHQUAKE 2015** 

June 8, 2016 Published on: Gandaki, Gorkha, Kerauja (28.24494, 84.88504) Altitude: 1196.66 m Survey date: May 17, 2016 **27 130** households IDPs 615 **Site Management** Site ID: Site open date: 30-Apr-2015 Male Female Site type: Open ground (park, playground, sports ground, other) Community is taking part in SMC: None Land ownership: Private Site Classification: Spontaneous 6-17 IDPs from: 60+ (4, Gorkha (Kerauja 60 70 TOTAL Persons with special vulnerabilities Breastfeeding mothers: 7 Elderly-headed households: 2 Persons with disabilities: 3 Person with chronic diseases/serious medical conditions: 0 Water **Hygiene / Sanitation** Location of the site's main water source: On-site (Less than 20 minutes) People use toilets on or off site: On-site Main non-drinking water source: Piped water supply Condition of most of the latrines: Good (Hygienic) Main drinking water source: Piped water supply Functioning toilets on-site: 7 Average amount of water available per day/person: 11-15 liters Evidence of open defecation: No Drinking water treated before consumption: Filtered Evidence of hand-washing practices: Yes Main problem with the water: None Garbage Disposal Type: Burning **Food / Nutrition** Access to food: No Screening for malnutrition conducted in the area: No Access to a market near from the site: No Supplementary feeding availability for pregnant/lactating mother: No Supplementary feeding availability for children: No Most common source for food: Own cash Access to formal education facility: Yes Security on-site/settlement areas: No Access to non formal education facility: No Security incidents reported: No Distance to nearest formal education facility: On-site (Less than 20 minutes) Main security provider: Unknown Lighting in communal points: Yes, there is lighting but it is NOT % of girls at the site attending school: More than 75% adequate Health Prevalent health problems Distance to the closest functioning health facility: On-site 1st most: Provider of on-site health facilities: Government Cold 2nd most: None Access to psychosocial support in the last 4 weeks: Yes 3rd most: None Access to immunization services in the last 4 weeks: Yes Livelihood Communication Occupation of most of the households before EQ: Agriculture/Livestock Male IDPS get most information from: Families & friends Occupation of most of the households after EQ: Agriculture/Livestock Female IDPS get most information from: Families & friends Access to income generating activities: No Complaints being reported: No Main topic of information requested: Livestock on site: Yes Situation in areas of origin IDPs have access to land for cultivation: Yes **Monsoon Specific** Site accessible in monsoon: No, no vehicular access Drinking water accessible in monsoon: Yes Shelters that can survive in monsoon: More than 75% Health facility accessible in monsoon Yes Water-proof shelters at site: None Education facility accessible in monsoon: Yes Wash facilities functional in monsoon: Yes Food support accessible in monsoon: Unknown Shelter & NEIs % of HH living outside (no shelter): None % of HH have access to electricity: More than 75% % of HH living in tents: None % of HH have access to safe cooking facilities: More than 75% % of HH living in temporary shelter (CGIs): More than 75% 1st most needed type of NFI: Tarpaulin % of HH living in emergency makeshift shelters: None 2nd most needed type of NFI: Cooking gas

Displacement Tracking Matrix - International Organisation for Migration - Contact: nepaleqdtm@iom.int

3rd most needed type of NFI: CGIs





% of HH living in emergency makeshift shelters: None

% of HH living in Other shelters (Open building): None

#### Santibazar

Site profiles **DISPLACEMENT TRACKING MATRIX - R7 NEPAL EARTHQUAKE 2015** 

June 8, 2016

Published on: Bagmati, Nuwakot, Manakamana (28.01908, 85.18295) Altitude: 765.9 m Survey date: May 18, 2016 45 210 households IDPs 618 **Site Management** Site ID: Site having the SMC: Yes Site open date: 03-Sep-2015 Male Female Site type: Open ground (park, playground, sports ground, other) Land ownership: Private Site Classification: Spontaneous 6-17 IDPs from: 60+ Rasuwa (Dadagaun ,9) and Rasuwa (Dadagaun ,7) 103 107 TOTAL Persons with special vulnerabilities Breastfeeding mothers: 8 Elderly-headed household: 0 Person with disabilities: 1 Person with chronic diseases/serious medical conditions: 0 Water **Hygiene / Sanitation** Location of the site's main water source: On-site (Less than 20 minutes) People use toilets on or off site: On-site Condition of most of the latrines: Not so good (not hygienic) Main non-drinking water source: Spring/river Main drinking water source: Spring/river Functioning toilets on-site: 3 Average amount of water available per day/person: 6-10 liters Evidence of open defecation: No Drinking water treated before consumption: No treatment Evidence of hand-washing practices: Unknown Main problem with the water: None Garbage Disposal Type: Burning **Food / Nutrition** Access to food: Yes, Off-site Screening for malnutrition conducted in the area: No Access to a market near from the site: Yes Supplementary feeding availability for pregnant/lactating mother: No Supplementary feeding availability for children: No Most common source for food: Own cash Access to formal education facility: Yes Security on-site/settlement areas: No Access to non formal education facility: Yes Security incidents reported: No Distance to nearest formal education facility: Off-site (More than 20 minutes) Main security provider: Unknown Lighting in communal points: No lighting % of girls at the site attending school: More than 75% Health Prevalent health problems Distance to the closest functioning health facility: Off-site (1-2 hours) 1st most: Provider of on-site health facilities: Government None 2nd most: None Access to psychosocial support in the last 4 weeks: Yes 3rd most: None Access to immunization services in the last 4 weeks: No Livelihood Communication Occupation of most of the households before EQ: Daily wage laborer Male IDPS get most information from: Families & friends Occupation of most of the households after EQ: Daily wage laborer Female IDPS get most information from: Families & friends Access to income generating activities: Yes Complaints being reported: No Main topic of information requested: Livestock on site: Yes Recovery plans IDPs have access to land for cultivation: No **Monsoon Specific** Site accessible in monsoon: Yes Drinking water accessible in monsoon: Unknown Shelters that can survive in monsoon: 26% to 50% Health facility accessible in monsoon Yes Water-proof shelters at site: 26% to 50% Education facility accessible in monsoon: Yes Wash facilities functional in monsoon: Yes Food support accessible in monsoon: Yes Shelter & NEIs % of HH living outside (no shelter): None % of HH have access to electricity: None % of HH living in tents: None % of HH have access to safe cooking facilities: 26% to 50% % of HH living in temporary shelter (CGIs): More than 75% 1st most needed type of NFI: Mosquito nets

Displacement Tracking Matrix - International Organisation for Migration - Contact: nepaleqdtm@iom.int

2nd most needed type of NFI: None





#### Wasikacha

Site profiles **DISPLACEMENT TRACKING MATRIX - R7 NEPAL EARTHQUAKE 2015** 

June 8, 2016 Published on:

Bagmati, Bhaktapur, Bhaktapur Municipality (27.66724, 85.43408) Altitude: 1312.9 m Survey date: May 18, 2016 50 250 households IDPs Site ID: 619 **Site Management** Site open date: 26-Apr-2015 Male Female Site type: Collective centre (schools, offices, religious, hospital, other) Land ownership: Private Site Classification: Spontaneous 6-17 IDPs from: 60+ (7, Bhaktapur (Golmadi 132 TOTAL 118 Persons with special vulnerabilities Breastfeeding mothers: 3 Elderly-headed households: 2 Person with disabilities: 0 Person with chronic diseases/serious medical conditions: 1 Water **Hygiene / Sanitation** Location of the site's main water source: Off-site (Less than 20 minutes) People use toilets on or off site: On-site Main non-drinking water source: Water truck Condition of most of the latrines: Not so good (not hygienic) Main drinking water source: Water truck Functioning toilets on-site: 10 Average amount of water available per day/person: More than 15 liters Evidence of open defecation: No Drinking water treated before consumption: Filtered Evidence of hand-washing practices: No Main problem with the water: Odor/smell Garbage Disposal Type: Municipal collection **Food / Nutrition** Access to food: No Screening for malnutrition conducted in the area: No Access to a market near from the site: Yes Supplementary feeding availability for pregnant/lactating mother: No Supplementary feeding availability for children: No Most common source for food: Own cash Access to formal education facility: Yes Security on-site/settlement areas: Yes Access to non formal education facility: No Security incidents reported: No Distance to nearest formal education facility: Off-site (Less than 20 minutes) Main security provider: Self organized Lighting in communal points: Yes, there is lighting and it is adequate % of girls at the site attending school: More than 75% Health Prevalent health problems Distance to the closest functioning health facility: Off-site (Less than 30 minutes) 1st most: Provider of on-site health facilities: Local Clinic/med practitioners None 2nd most: None Access to psychosocial support in the last 4 weeks: No 3rd most: None Access to immunization services in the last 4 weeks: No Livelihood Communication Occupation of most of the households before EQ: Agriculture/Livestock Male IDPS get most information from: Mobile phone Occupation of most of the households after EQ: Employed Female IDPS get most information from: Site management Access to income generating activities: Yes Complaints being reported: Yes Main topic of information requested: Livestock on site: Yes Access to services IDPs have access to land for cultivation: Yes **Monsoon Specific** Site accessible in monsoon: Yes Drinking water accessible in monsoon: Yes Health facility accessible in monsoon Yes Shelters that can survive in monsoon: 26% to 50% Water-proof shelters at site: 26% to 50% Education facility accessible in monsoon: Yes Wash facilities functional in monsoon: Yes Food support accessible in monsoon: Yes Shelter & NEIs % of HH living outside (no shelter): None % of HH have access to electricity: More than 75% % of HH living in tents: None % of HH have access to safe cooking facilities: More than 75% % of HH living in temporary shelter (CGIs): More than 75% 1st most needed type of NFI: Mosquito nets % of HH living in emergency makeshift shelters: None 2nd most needed type of NFI: None

Displacement Tracking Matrix - International Organisation for Migration - Contact: nepaleqdtm@iom.int





% of HH living in temporary shelter (CGIs): None

% of HH living in Other shelters (Open building): None

% of HH living in emergency makeshift shelters: More than 75%

### **Bramhayanipeeth 2**

Site profiles
DISPLACEMENT TRACKING MATRIX - R7
NEPAL EARTHQUAKE 2015

Published on: June 8, 2016

Altitude: 1321.9 m Survey date: May 18, 2016 Bagmati, Bhaktapur, Bhaktapur Municipality (27.6746833, 85.4432667) 20 100 households IDPs **Site Management** Site ID: 620 Site open date: 26-Jun-2015 Male **Female** Site type: Open ground (park, playground, sports ground, other) Community is taking part in SMC: None Land ownership: Public/Government Site Classification: Spontaneous 6-17 IDPs from: Bhaktapur (Brahmyani ,1) and Bhaktapur (Jella 45 55 TOTAL Persons with special vulnerabilities Breastfeeding mothers: 2 Elderly-headed household: 0 Person with disabilities: 0 Person with chronic diseases/serious medical conditions: 0 **Hygiene / Sanitation** Location of the site's main water source: Off-site (Less than 20 minutes) People use toilets on or off site: On-site Main non-drinking water source: Protected Well Condition of most of the latrines: Good (Hygienic) Main drinking water source: Piped water supply Functioning toilets on-site: 5 Average amount of water available per day/person: More than 15 liters Evidence of open defecation: No Drinking water treated before consumption: No treatment Evidence of hand-washing practices: Unknown Main problem with the water: None Garbage Disposal Type: No waste disposal system **Food / Nutrition** Access to food: No Screening for malnutrition conducted in the area: No Access to a market near from the site: Yes Supplementary feeding availability for pregnant/lactating mother: No Supplementary feeding availability for children: No Most common source for food: Own cash Access to formal education facility: Yes Security on-site/settlement areas: Yes Access to non formal education facility: No Security incidents reported: No Distance to nearest formal education facility: Off-site (Less than 20 minutes) Main security provider: Self organized Lighting in communal points: Yes, there is lighting and it is adequate % of girls at the site attending school: More than 75% Health Prevalent health problems Distance to the closest functioning health facility: Off-site (Less than 30 minutes) 1st most: Cough Provider of on-site health facilities: Government 2nd most: Cold Access to psychosocial support in the last 4 weeks: No 3rd most: Skin infections Access to immunization services in the last 4 weeks: No Livelihood Communication Occupation of most of the households before EQ: Daily wage laborer Male IDPS get most information from: Mobile phone Occupation of most of the households after EQ: Daily wage laborer Female IDPS get most information from: Radio/Newspaper Access to income generating activities: Yes Complaints being reported: No Main topic of information requested: Livestock on site: Yes Access to services IDPs have access to land for cultivation: Yes **Monsoon Specific** Site accessible in monsoon: Yes Drinking water accessible in monsoon: Yes Health facility accessible in monsoon Yes Shelters that can survive in monsoon: 25% or less Water-proof shelters at site: 26% to 50% Education facility accessible in monsoon: Yes Wash facilities functional in monsoon: Yes Food support accessible in monsoon: Yes Shelter & NEIs % of HH living outside (no shelter): None % of HH have access to electricity: More than 75% % of HH living in tents: 25% or less % of HH have access to safe cooking facilities: More than 75%

Displacement Tracking Matrix - International Organisation for Migration - Contact: nepaleqdtm@iom.int

1st most needed type of NFI: Mosquito nets

2nd most needed type of NFI: Water filters





Survey date: May 18, 2016

### **Bramhayanipeeth Chokha**

Site profiles
DISPLACEMENT TRACKING MATRIX - R7
NEPAL EARTHQUAKE 2015

Published on: June 8, 2016

IDPs

Bagmati, Bhaktapur, Bhaktapur Municipality (27.6757333, 85.44355)

Altitude: 1333.5 m

Site ID: 621
Site open date: 28-Apr-2015
Site type: Open ground (park, playground, sports ground, other)

Land ownership: Private
Site Classification: Spontaneous

IDPs from:

Bhaktapur (Suryamadi ,1) and Bhaktapur (Jelana ,2)

Site Management
Site having the SMC: Yes
Women participating in SMC: 25% or less
Community is taking part in SMC: Yes
SMA: Yes
SMA type: International NGO
SMA Name: IOM
SMA focal point: Suman
Registration/IDPs list maintained: Yes

Male		Female
4	<1	5
22	1-5	17
35	6-17	38
84	18-59	100
25	60+	20
170	TOTAL	180

households

<b>Persons</b>	with	cnacia	MIL	Inoral	hilitiac
L CI 20112	WILLI	specia	vu	illei ai	Ullities

Breastfeeding mothers: 15 Elderly-headed households: 7
Persons with disabilities: 5 Persons with chronic diseases/serious medical conditions: 2
Water Hygiene / Sanitation

Location of the site's main water source: Off-site (Less than 20 minutes)

Main non-drinking water source: Protected Well

Main **drinking** water source: **Piped water supply**Average amount of water available per day/person: **More than 15 liters**Drinking water treated before consumption: **No treatment** 

Main problem with the water: Odor/smell

People use toilets on or off site: On-site

Condition of most of the latrines: Not so good (not hygienic)

Functioning toilets on-site: 8

Evidence of open defecation: No

Evidence of hand-washing practices: Unknown

Garbage Disposal Type: Municipal collection

**Food / Nutrition** 

Access to food: Yes, On-Site

Screening for malnutrition conducted in the area: No

Access to a market near from the site: Yes

Supplementary feeding availability for pregnant/lactating mother: No

Most common source for food: Own cash

Supplementary feeding availability for children: No

Protection

Access to formal education facility: Yes

Access to non formal education facility: No

Security on-site/settlement areas: Yes

Access to non formal education facility: No

Security incidents reported: No

Distance to nearest formal education facility: Off-site (Less than 20 minutes)

Main security provider: Self organized

% of girls at the site attending school: More than 75% Lighting in communal points: Yes, there is lighting but it is NOT

adequate

Health

Prevalent health problems

Distance to the closest functioning health facility: Off-site (Less than 30 minutes)

1st most: Cough

Provider of on-site health facilities: Local Clinic/med practitioners

2nd most: **Cold** Access to psychosocial support in the last 4 weeks: **No**3rd most: **Skin infections** Access to immunization services in the last 4 weeks: **No** 

Livelihood Communication

Occupation of most of the households before EQ: Agriculture/Livestock

Occupation of most of the households after EQ: Agriculture/Livestock

Male IDPS get most information from: Families & friends

Access to income generating activities: Yes Complaints being reported: No

Livestock on site: **Yes** Main topic of information requested: Work opportunities

IDPs have access to land for cultivation: Yes

**Monsoon Specific** 

Site accessible in monsoon: Yes

Drinking water accessible in monsoon: Unknown

Shelters that can survive in monsoon: 25% or less

Water-proof shelters at site: 25% or less

Wash facilities functional in monsoon: Yes

Food support accessible in monsoon: Unknown

Shelter & NFIs

% of HH living outside (no shelter): **None** % of HH have access to electricity: **More than 75**%

% of HH living in tents: 25% or less % of HH have access to safe cooking facilities: More than 75% % of HH living in temporary shelter (CGIs): More than 75% 1st most needed type of NFI: Mosquito nets % of HH living in emergency makeshift shelters: None 2nd most needed type of NFI: Solar lamps % of HH living in Other shelters (Open building): None 3rd most needed type of NFI: None





Survey date: May 18, 2016

# Inaachok (Maheshwori

Site profiles **DISPLACEMENT TRACKING MATRIX - R7 NEPAL EARTHQUAKE 2015** 

June 8, 2016 Published on:

> 135 IDPs

22

households

Bagmati, Bhaktapur, Bhaktapur Municipality (27.670882, 85.435689) Altitude: 1309.7 m

622 Site ID: Site open date: 06-May-2015

Site type: Other

Land ownership: Private

Site Classification: Spontaneous

IDPs from:

(6, Bhaktapur (Inachowk wachuto

Site Management
Site having the SMC: Yes
Women participating in SMC: 26% to 50%
Community is taking part in SMC: Yes
SMA: Yes
SMA type: International NGO
SMA Name: IOM
SMA focal point: Suman
Registration/IDPs list maintained: Yes

Male		Female
0	<1	0
0	1-5	1
3	6-17	4
59	18-59	59
3	60+	6
65	TOTAL	70

#### Persons with special vulnerabilities

Breastfeeding mother: 0 Elderly-headed households: 2 Persons with disabilities: 3 Person with chronic diseases/serious medical conditions: 0 **Hygiene / Sanitation** 

Location of the site's main water source: Off-site (Less than 20 minutes)

Main non-drinking water source: Protected Well

Main drinking water source: Protected Well Average amount of water available per day/person: More than 15 liters Drinking water treated before consumption: No treatment

Main problem with the water: None

People use toilets on or off site: On-site

Condition of most of the latrines: Good (Hygienic)

Functioning toilets on-site: 20 Evidence of open defecation: No Evidence of hand-washing practices: Unknown

Garbage Disposal Type: Municipal collection

#### **Food / Nutrition**

Access to food: No Screening for malnutrition conducted in the area: No Access to a market near from the site: Yes Supplementary feeding availability for pregnant/lactating mother: No Supplementary feeding availability for children: No Most common source for food: Own cash

Access to non formal education facility: No

Access to formal education facility: Yes

Security on-site/settlement areas: Yes Security incidents reported: No

Distance to nearest formal education facility: Off-site (Less than 20 minutes)

Main security provider: Self organized

% of girls at the site attending school: More than 75%

Lighting in communal points: Yes, there is lighting and it is adequate

#### Health

Prevalent health problems Distance to the closest functioning health facility: Off-site (Less than 30 minutes) 1st most: Cough Provider of on-site health facilities: Local Clinic/med practitioners 2nd most: Cold Access to psychosocial support in the last 4 weeks: No 3rd most: None Access to immunization services in the last 4 weeks: No Livelihood Communication

Occupation of most of the households before EQ: Agriculture/Livestock Occupation of most of the households after EQ: Agriculture/Livestock Access to income generating activities: Yes

Site accessible in monsoon: Yes

Livestock on site: No IDPs have access to land for cultivation: Yes

Male IDPS get most information from: Mobile phone Female IDPS get most information from: Families & friends

Complaints being reported: No

Main topic of information requested:

Access to services

#### **Monsoon Specific**

Drinking water accessible in monsoon: Unknown Shelters that can survive in monsoon: 26% to 50% Health facility accessible in monsoon Yes Water-proof shelters at site: 26% to 50% Education facility accessible in monsoon: Yes Wash facilities functional in monsoon: Yes Food support accessible in monsoon: Yes

Shelter & NEIs

% of HH living outside (no shelter): None

% of HH living in tents: None % of HH living in temporary shelter (CGIs): 26% to 50% % of HH living in emergency makeshift shelters: None % of HH living in Other shelters (Open building): None

% of HH have access to electricity: More than 75% % of HH have access to safe cooking facilities: More than 75%

1st most needed type of NFI: Mosquito nets 2nd most needed type of NFI: Water filters 3rd most needed type of NFI: None





#### **Bhedichaur**

Site profiles
DISPLACEMENT TRACKING MATRIX - R7
NEPAL EARTHQUAKE 2015

Published on: June 8, 2016

 Survey date: May 10, 2016
 Bagmati, Sindhupalchok, Nawalpur (27.813627, 85.640363)
 Altitude: 1556.9 m

 36
 176

 Site ID: 624
 Site Management
 households
 IDPs

Site ID: 624
Site open date: 27-Apr-2015
Site type: Open ground (park, playground, sports ground, other)

Land ownership: Public/Government
Site Classification: Spontaneous

IDPs from:

Sindhupalchok (Simpal kavre ,2) and Sindhupalchok (Nawalpur ,9)

Site Management
Site having the SMC: Yes
Women participating in SMC: 26% to 50%
Community is taking part in SMC: Yes
SMA: Yes
SMA type: International NGO
SMA Name: ACTED
SMA focal point: Bhupindra
Registration/IDPs list maintained: Yes

Male		Female
Iviaic		remaie
0	<1	1
3	1-5	3
29	6-17	15
51	18-59	58
7	60+	9
90	TOTAL	86

Persons	with	snecial	VIII	Ineral	nilities

Breastfeeding mothers: 5 Elderly-headed households: 3

Person with disabilities: 1 Person with chronic diseases/serious medical conditions: 0

Water Hygiene / Sanitation

Location of the site's main water source: Off-site (Less than 20 minutes)

People use toilets on or off site: On-site

Main non-drinking water source: Spring/river Condition of most of the latrines: Not so good (not hygienic)

Main drinking water source: Spring/river Functioning toilets on-site: 14

Average amount of water available per day/person: 11-15 liters Evidence of open defecation: No

Drinking water treated before consumption: No treatment Evidence of hand-washing practices: Unknown

Main problem with the water: None Garbage Disposal Type: Garbage pit

**Food / Nutrition** 

Access to food: Yes, Off-site Screening for malnutrition conducted in the area: No

Access to a market near from the site: Yes Supplementary feeding availability for pregnant/lactating mother: No

Most common source for food: Borrowed cash Supplementary feeding availability for children: No

ducation Protection

Access to formal education facility: Yes

Access to non formal education facility: No

Distance to nearest formal education facility: Off-site (Less than 20 minutes)

% of girls at the site attending school: More than 75%

Security on-site/settlement areas: Yes

Security on-site/settlement areas: Yes

Main security provider: Self organized

Lighting in communal points: No lighting

Health

Prevalent health problems

Distance to the closest functioning health facility: Off-site (Less than 30 minutes)

1st most: Diarrhea

Provider of on-site health facilities: Government

2nd most: Cold
Access to psychosocial support in the last 4 weeks: No
3rd most: Cough
Access to immunization services in the last 4 weeks: Yes
Livelihood
Communication

Occupation of most of the households before EQ: Agriculture/Livestock

Occupation of most of the households after EQ: Agriculture/Livestock

Access to income generating activities: Yes

Male IDPS get most information from: Families & friends

Female IDPS get most information from: Families & friends

Complaints being reported: Unknown

Access to income generating activities: Yes Complaints being reported: Unknown

Livestock on site: **No** Main topic of information requested: \_

Recovery plans

IDPs have access to land for cultivation: Yes

Monsoon Specific

Site accessible in monsoon: Yes

Shelters that can survive in monsoon: More than 75%

Water-proof shelters at site: 51% to 75%

Wash facilities functional in monsoon: No

Food support accessible in monsoon: Unknown

Shelter & NFIs

% of HH living outside (no shelter): **None** % of HH have access to electricity: **More than 75%** 

% of HH living in tents: None % of HH have access to safe cooking facilities: More than 75% % of HH living in temporary shelter (CGIs): More than 75% 1st most needed type of NFI: Mosquito nets

% of HH living in emergency makeshift shelters: **None**2nd most needed type of NFI: **CGIs**% of HH living in Other shelters (Open building): **None**3rd most needed type of NFI: **Fire wood** 





### Korthali naya basti

Site profiles
DISPLACEMENT TRACKING MATRIX - R7
NEPAL EARTHQUAKE 2015

Published on: June 8, 2016

Bagmati, Sindhupalchok, Tatopani (27.932864, 85.948535) Altitude: 2068.4 m Survey date: May 13, 2016 46 162 households IDPs 625 **Site Management** Site ID: Site open date: 28-Apr-2015 Male **Female** Site type: Open ground (park, playground, sports ground, Land ownership: Public/Government Site Classification: Spontaneous 6-17 IDPs from: Sindhupalchok (Tatopani ,9) and Sindhupalchok (Tatopani ,3) 75 TOTAL 87 Persons with special vulnerabilities Breastfeeding mothers: 10 Elderly-headed households: 3 Persons with disabilities: 4 Persons with chronic diseases/serious medical conditions: 4 **Hygiene / Sanitation** Location of the site's main water source: On-site (Less than 20 minutes) People use toilets on or off site: On-site Main non-drinking water source: Spring/river Condition of most of the latrines: Good (Hygienic) Main drinking water source: Spring/river Functioning toilets on-site: 25 Average amount of water available per day/person: More than 15 liters Evidence of open defecation: Yes Drinking water treated before consumption: No treatment Evidence of hand-washing practices: Unknown Main problem with the water: Suspended solids Garbage Disposal Type: Garbage pit **Food / Nutrition** Access to food: Yes, Off-site Screening for malnutrition conducted in the area: No Access to a market near from the site: Yes Supplementary feeding availability for pregnant/lactating mother: No Supplementary feeding availability for children: No Most common source for food: Own cash Access to formal education facility: Yes Security on-site/settlement areas: Yes Access to non formal education facility: No Security incidents reported: No Distance to nearest formal education facility: Off-site (Less than 20 minutes) Main security provider: Police Lighting in communal points: No lighting % of girls at the site attending school: More than 75% Health Prevalent health problems Distance to the closest functioning health facility: Off-site (Less than 30 minutes) 1st most: Cough Provider of on-site health facilities: Government 2nd most: Cold Access to psychosocial support in the last 4 weeks: No 3rd most: Diarrhea Access to immunization services in the last 4 weeks: Yes Livelihood Communication Occupation of most of the households before EQ: Agriculture/Livestock Male IDPS get most information from: Radio/Newspaper Occupation of most of the households after EQ: Agriculture/Livestock Female IDPS get most information from: Radio/Newspaper Access to income generating activities: Yes Complaints being reported: Unknown Main topic of information requested: Livestock on site: Yes Recovery plans IDPs have access to land for cultivation: Yes **Monsoon Specific** Site accessible in monsoon: No, no vehicular access Drinking water accessible in monsoon: No Health facility accessible in monsoon No Shelters that can survive in monsoon: 26% to 50% Water-proof shelters at site: 25% or less Education facility accessible in monsoon: Yes Wash facilities functional in monsoon: Yes Food support accessible in monsoon: No Shelter & NEIs % of HH living outside (no shelter): None % of HH have access to electricity: More than 75% % of HH living in tents: None % of HH have access to safe cooking facilities: 25% or less

Displacement Tracking Matrix - International Organisation for Migration - Contact: nepaleqdtm@iom.int

1st most needed type of NFI: CGIs

2nd most needed type of NFI: Kitchen sets

3rd most needed type of NFI: Cooking gas

% of HH living in temporary shelter (CGIs): 25% or less

% of HH living in emergency makeshift shelters: More than 75%

% of HH living in Other shelters (Open building): None



% of HH living in emergency makeshift shelters: None % of HH living in Other shelters (Open building): None

# **Jholunge**

Site profiles **DISPLACEMENT TRACKING MATRIX - R7 NEPAL EARTHQUAKE 2015** 

IOM • OIM  AND CAMP MANAGEMENT  CLUSTER			Published on:	June 8, 2016
Survey date: May 9, 2016		Gandaki, Gorkha, Simjung (28	3.16897, 84.70477)	Altitude: 793.6 m
			20	93
Site ID: <b>628</b>		Site Management	households	IDPs
Site open date: 26-Apr-2015	Site havir	ng the SMC: Yes		
		participating in SMC: 26% to 50%	Male	Female
Site type: Other	_	ity is taking part in SMC: Yes	2 <1	3
Land ownership: Private	SMA: Yes		6 1-5	4
Site Classification: Spontaneous		e: International NGO	17 <b>6-17</b>	14
IDPs from:		ne: People in Need	24 18-59	18
	SMA foca	ıl point: Pushpa Ghale	2 60+	3
Gorkha (Saurpani ,8)	Registrat	ion/IDPs list maintained: No	51 TOTAL	42
			31 101/12	<del></del>
	Persons	s with special vulnerabilities		
Breastfeeding mothers:		•	-headed households: 3	
Person with disabilities:		Person with chronic diseases/seriou	s medical conditions: 0	
Water		н	ygiene / Sanitation	
Location of the site's main water source:	On-site (Less than 20	<b>People use</b>	toilets on or off site: On-site	
Main non-drinking water source:	Spring/river	Condition of	most of the latrines: Good (Hyg	ienic)
Main <b>drinking</b> water source:	Dined water supply	Functi	ioning toilets on-site: 3	
Average amount of water available per day/person:			e of open defecation: <b>No</b>	
Drinking water treated before consumption:			nd-washing practices: <b>Unknown</b>	
Main problem with the water:			rbage Disposal Type: Burning	
Wall problem with the water.	None		in bage bisposar Type. <b>Burning</b>	
Access to food:	No	Food / Nutrition  Screening for malnutrition co	anducted in the area: No	
Access to a market near from the site:		Supplementary feeding availability for pregna		
Most common source for food:		Supplementary feeding availability for pregna	-	
	Own cash	Supplementally recuiling ave		
Access to formal education facility:	Vec	Security on-site/settleme	Protection	
Access to non formal education facility:		Security on site sections		
Distance to nearest formal education facility:		,	provider: <b>Police</b>	
% of girls at the site attending school:			al points: No lighting	
70 Of girls at the site attending school.	Wore than 73%	Health	ai politis.	
Prevalent health proble	ms	Distance to the closest functioning healt	h facility: Off-site (Less than 30	minutes)
1st most:			facilities: Local Clinic/med pract	
2nd most:		Access to psychosocial support in the last	•	
3rd most:	None	Access to immunization services in the last	4 weeks: <b>Yes</b>	
Livelihood			Communication	
Occupation of most of the households before EQ:	Agriculture/Livestoc	k Male IDPS get most informat	ion from: Radio/Newspaper	
Occupation of most of the households after EQ:	Daily wage laborer	Female IDPS get most informat	ion from: Families & friends	
Access to income generating activities:	Yes	Complaints being	reported: <b>Unknown</b>	
Livestock on site:	Yes	Main topic of information re	equested: Situation in areas of o	rigin
IDPs have access to land for cultivation:	Yes		Situation in areas or o	rigiii
		Monsoon Specific		
Site accessible in monsoon:	Yes	Drinking water ac	cessible in monsoon: Yes	
Shelters that can survive in monsoon:	More than 75%	Health facility a	ccessible in monsoon Yes	
Water-proof shelters at site:	51% to 75%	Education facility ac	cessible in monsoon: Yes	
Wash facilities functional in monsoon:	Yes	Food support ac	cessible in monsoon: Yes	
		Shelter & NFIs		
% of HH living outside (no shelter):	None	% of HH have access to e	lectricity: None	
% of HH living in tents:	None	% of HH have access to safe cooking	facilities: None	
% of HH living in temporary shelter (CGIs):	More than 75%	1st most needed type	oe of NFI: <b>Tarpaulin</b>	

Displacement Tracking Matrix - International Organisation for Migration - Contact: nepaleqdtm@iom.int

2nd most needed type of NFI: Mosquito nets

3rd most needed type of NFI: CGIs





% of HH living in emergency makeshift shelters: None

% of HH living in Other shelters (Open building): None

#### Golmadi

Site profiles
DISPLACEMENT TRACKING MATRIX - R7
NEPAL EARTHQUAKE 2015

Published on: June 8, 2016

Bagmati, Bhaktapur, Bhaktapur Municipality (27.66998, 85.43233) Altitude: 1311.8 m Survey date: May 18, 2016 282 47 households IDPs 630 **Site Management** Site ID: Site open date: 28-Apr-2015 Male Female Site type: Open ground (park, playground, sports ground, other) Land ownership: Public/Government Site Classification: Spontaneous 6-17 IDPs from: 60+ Bhaktapur (Bhaktapur municipalty ,7) 152 TOTAL 130 Persons with special vulnerabilities Breastfeeding mother: 1 Elderly-headed households: 6 Persons with disabilities: 3 Persons with chronic diseases/serious medical conditions: 2 Water **Hygiene / Sanitation** Location of the site's main water source: On-site (More than 20 minutes) People use toilets on or off site: On-site Main non-drinking water source: Hand pumps Condition of most of the latrines: Good (Hygienic) Main drinking water source: Water truck Functioning toilets on-site: 6 Average amount of water available per day/person: 11-15 liters Evidence of open defecation: No Drinking water treated before consumption: No treatment Evidence of hand-washing practices: Yes Main problem with the water: None Garbage Disposal Type: Municipal collection **Food / Nutrition** Access to food: Yes, Off-site Screening for malnutrition conducted in the area: No Access to a market near from the site: Yes Supplementary feeding availability for pregnant/lactating mother: No Supplementary feeding availability for children: No Most common source for food: Own cash Access to formal education facility: Yes Security on-site/settlement areas: No Access to non formal education facility: No Security incidents reported: No Distance to nearest formal education facility: Off-site (More than 20 minutes) Main security provider: Unknown Lighting in communal points: Yes, there is lighting and it is adequate % of girls at the site attending school: More than 75% Health Prevalent health problems Distance to the closest functioning health facility: Off-site (Less than 30 minutes) 1st most: Provider of on-site health facilities: Local Clinic/med practitioners None 2nd most: None Access to psychosocial support in the last 4 weeks: No Access to immunization services in the last 4 weeks: No 3rd most: None Livelihood Communication Occupation of most of the households before EQ: Agriculture/Livestock Male IDPS get most information from: Radio/Newspaper Occupation of most of the households after EQ: Agriculture/Livestock Female IDPS get most information from: Radio/Newspaper Access to income generating activities: Yes Complaints being reported: No Main topic of information requested: Livestock on site: Yes Access to services IDPs have access to land for cultivation: Yes **Monsoon Specific** Site accessible in monsoon: Yes Drinking water accessible in monsoon: Yes Health facility accessible in monsoon Yes Shelters that can survive in monsoon: 25% or less Water-proof shelters at site: 25% or less Education facility accessible in monsoon: Yes Wash facilities functional in monsoon: Yes Food support accessible in monsoon: Yes Shelter & NEIs % of HH living outside (no shelter): None % of HH have access to electricity: 26% to 50% % of HH living in tents: 25% or less % of HH have access to safe cooking facilities: 26% to 50% % of HH living in temporary shelter (CGIs): 51% to 75% 1st most needed type of NFI: Mosquito nets

Displacement Tracking Matrix - International Organisation for Migration - Contact: nepaleqdtm@iom.int

2nd most needed type of NFI: CGIs

3rd most needed type of NFI: Tarpaulin





% of HH living in emergency makeshift shelters: None

% of HH living in Other shelters (Open building): None

# Katangal

Site profiles **DISPLACEMENT TRACKING MATRIX - R7 NEPAL EARTHQUAKE 2015** 

IOM • OIM  AND CAMP MANAGEMENT  CLUSTER			Published on:	June 8, 2016
Survey date: May 9, 2016	Bagmati, L	alitpur, Karyabinayak Municipality (27.63	3709, 85.29614)	Altitude: 1301. m
			54	200
Site ID: <b>631</b>		Site Management	households	IDPs
Site open date: 15-Jun-2015	Site having the S			
		ating in SMC: UNKNOWN	Male	Female
Site type: Other	_	king part in SMC: None	_	<1 4
Land ownership: Private	SMA: Yes		10 1	1-5 15
Site Classification: Spontaneous	SMA type: Intern	national NGO	15 <b>6</b>	<b>-17</b> 20
IDPs from:	SMA Name: IOM		42 <b>18</b>	<b>3-59</b> 66
Bhaktapur (Karyabinayak municilality ,9) and	SMA focal point:	Suman	13 6	i <b>0+</b> 12
Bhaktapur (Karyabinayak municipality ,7)	Registration/IDP	s list maintained: No	83 TC	TAL 117
			_	_
	Persons with s	pecial vulnerabilities		
Breastfeeding mothers:	15	Elderly-h	eaded household: 0	
Person with disabilities:	0	Person with chronic diseases/serious m	nedical conditions: 0	
Water			ene / Sanitation	
Location of the site's <b>main water</b> source:	On-site (Less than 20 minute	People use to	ilets on or off site: Off-s	site
Main non-drinking water source:	Piped water supply	Condition of me	ost of the latrines: Goo	d (Hygienic)
Main drinking water source:	Piped water supply	Function	ing toilets on-site: 4	
Average amount of water available per day/person:	11-15 liters	Evidence of	f open defecation: <b>No</b>	
Drinking water treated before consumption:	No treatment	Evidence of hand-v	washing practices: Unki	nown
Main problem with the water:	None	Garba	age Disposal Type: <b>Mun</b>	icipal collection
	Food	/ Nutrition		
Access to food:	Yes, Off-site	Screening for malnutrition cond	lucted in the area: <b>No</b>	
Access to a market near from the site:	<b>Yes</b> Su	pplementary feeding availability for pregnant,	lactating mother: <b>No</b>	
Most common source for food:	Own cash	Supplementary feeding availa	bility for children: <b>No</b>	
Education			Protection	
Access to formal education facility:	Yes	Security on-site/settlement	areas: No	
Access to non formal education facility:	No	Security incidents rep	orted: <b>No</b>	
Distance to nearest formal education facility:	Off-site (Less than 20 minut	es) Main security pro	ovider: <b>Unknown</b>	
% of girls at the site attending school:	More than 75%	Lighting in communal բ	ooints: Yes, there is ligh	iting and it is adequate
		Health		
Prevalent health proble		Distance to the closest functioning health fa		an 30 minutes)
1st most: 2nd most:	ŭ	Provider of on-site health fac Access to psychosocial support in the last 4 v		
3rd most:		Access to immunization services in the last 4 v		
Livelihood	Tronc .		communication	
Occupation of most of the households before EQ:	Agriculture/Livestock	Male IDPS get most information		
Occupation of most of the households after EQ:	Agriculture/Livestock	Female IDPS get most information	from: Families & frien	ds
Access to income generating activities:	Yes	Complaints being rep	orted: <b>No</b>	
Livestock on site:	No	Main topic of information requ		
IDPs have access to land for cultivation:	Yes		Access to service	es
	Monso	oon Specific		
Site accessible in monsoon:	Yes	Drinking water acces	ssible in monsoon: Yes	
Shelters that can survive in monsoon:	26% to 50%	Health facility acce	ssible in monsoon Yes	
Water-proof shelters at site:	25% or less	Education facility acces	ssible in monsoon: Yes	
Wash facilities functional in monsoon:	Yes	Food support acces	ssible in monsoon: Yes	
	Shelte	er & NFIs		
% of HH living outside (no shelter):	None	% of HH have access to elect	tricity: 51% to 75%	
% of HH living in tents:	25% or less	% of HH have access to safe cooking fac	ilities: More than 75%	
% of HH living in temporary shelter (CGIs):	51% to 75%	1st most needed type	of NFI: Mosquito nets	

Displacement Tracking Matrix - International Organisation for Migration - Contact: nepaleqdtm@iom.int

2nd most needed type of NFI: Kitchen sets

3rd most needed type of NFI: Tools





% of HH living in emergency makeshift shelters: 25% or less

% of HH living in Other shelters (Open building): None

### Bakha-2

Site profiles

DISPLACEMENT TRACKING MATRIX - R7

NEPAL EARTHQUAKE 2015

Published on: June 8, 2016

IOM • OIM CLUSTER			Published on:	June 8, 2016
Survey date: May 17, 2016	Bagmati,	Lalitpur, Karyabinayak Municipality (27	.6352, 85.29568)	Altitude: 1300. m
			35	250
		41		
Site ID: <b>632</b>		Site Management	households	IDPs
Site open date: 25-Apr-2015	Site having the S			
Site type: Open ground (park, playground, sports ground,		ating in SMC: None	Male	Female
other)		king part in SMC: Yes	2 <1	3
Land ownership: Private	SMA: Yes		7 1-5	8
Site Classification: Spontaneous	SMA type: Interr		35 <b>6-17</b>	25
IDPs from:	SMA Name: ION		70 <b>18-59</b>	60
Lalitpur (Bakha ,6)	SMA focal point:	: Suman	15 <b>60</b> +	25
Editpui (Bukita ,6)	Registration/IDP	s list maintained: Yes	129 TOTAL	121
	Persons with s	pecial vulnerabilities		
Breastfeeding mothers:	8	Elderly-h	neaded households: 3	
Person with disabilities:	1	Person with chronic diseases/serious	medical conditions: <b>0</b>	
Water		Hy	giene / Sanitation	
Location of the site's <b>main water</b> source:	On-site (Less than 20 minut	es) People use t	oilets on or off site: <b>On-site</b>	
Main non-drinking water source:	Unprotected Well	Condition of r	most of the latrines: Not so go	od (not hygienic)
Main drinking water source:	Piped water supply	Functio	ning toilets on-site: 4	
Average amount of water available per day/person:	More than 15 liters	Evidence	of open defecation: <b>No</b>	
Drinking water treated before consumption:	No treatment	Evidence of hand	l-washing practices: <b>No</b>	
Main problem with the water:	All of the above	Gar	bage Disposal Type: Municipal	collection
	Food	/ Nutrition		
Access to food:	Yes, On-Site	Screening for malnutrition cor	nducted in the area: <b>No</b>	
Access to a market near from the site:	Yes Su	pplementary feeding availability for pregnan	t/lactating mother: <b>No</b>	
Most common source for food:	Own cash	Supplementary feeding avai	lability for children: <b>No</b>	
Education			Protection	
Access to formal education facility:	Yes	Security on-site/settlemen	t areas: Yes	
Access to non formal education facility:	No	Security incidents re	ported: <b>No</b>	
Distance to nearest formal education facility:	Off-site (Less than 20 minut	•	rovider: Self organized	
% of girls at the site attending school:	51% to 75%	Lighting in communal	points: Yes, there is lighting a	ind it is adequate
		Health		
Prevalent health proble	ms	Distance to the closest functioning health		
	Cough		acilities: Local Clinic/med prac	titioners
2nd most:		Access to psychosocial support in the last 4		
3rd most:	None	Access to immunization services in the last 4		
Livelihood	0		Communication	
Occupation of most of the households before EQ:	_	Male IDPS get most information		
Occupation of most of the households after EQ:	,	Female IDPS get most information		
Access to income generating activities:		Complaints being re	•	
Livestock on site:		Main topic of information req	uested: Access to services	
IDPs have access to land for cultivation:				
63		oon Specific		
Site accessible in monsoon:		_	essible in monsoon: Yes	
Shelters that can survive in monsoon:			essible in monsoon Yes	
Water-proof shelters at site:		,	essible in monsoon: Yes	
Wash facilities functional in monsoon:		Food support acci er & NFIs	essible in monsoon: <b>Yes</b>	
% of HH living outside (no shelter):		% of HH have access to ele	ctricity: More than 75%	
			•	
% of HH living in temporary shelter (CGIs):		% of HH have access to safe cooking for		
% of HH living in temporary shelter (CGIs):		1st most needed type	of NEI: Mosquito nets	

Displacement Tracking Matrix - International Organisation for Migration - Contact: nepaleqdtm@iom.int

2nd most needed type of NFI: Water filters





#### Bakha

Site profiles
DISPLACEMENT TRACKING MATRIX - R7
NEPAL EARTHQUAKE 2015

Published on: June 8, 2016

Bagmati, Lalitpur, Karyabinayak Municipality (27.63586, 85.29533) Altitude: 1300. m Survey date: May 18, 2016 35 250 IDPs households 633 **Site Management** Site ID: Site open date: 25-Apr-2015 Male **Female** Site type: Open ground (park, playground, sports ground, other) Community is taking part in SMC: None Land ownership: Private Site Classification: Spontaneous 6-17 IDPs from: 60+ (6, Lalitpur (Bakha,9) and Lalitpur (Bakha 124 126 TOTAL Persons with special vulnerabilities Breastfeeding mothers: 5 Elderly-headed household: 1 Person with disabilities: 0 Person with chronic diseases/serious medical conditions: 0 Water **Hygiene / Sanitation** Location of the site's main water source: Off-site (Less than 20 minutes) People use toilets on or off site: On-site Main non-drinking water source: Piped water supply Condition of most of the latrines: Good (Hygienic) Main drinking water source: Piped water supply Functioning toilets on-site: 6 Average amount of water available per day/person: More than 15 liters Evidence of open defecation: No Drinking water treated before consumption: No treatment Evidence of hand-washing practices: Unknown Main problem with the water: None Garbage Disposal Type: Burning **Food / Nutrition** Access to food: No Screening for malnutrition conducted in the area: No Access to a market near from the site: Yes Supplementary feeding availability for pregnant/lactating mother: No Supplementary feeding availability for children: No Most common source for food: Own cash Access to formal education facility: Yes Security on-site/settlement areas: Yes Access to non formal education facility: No Security incidents reported: No Distance to nearest formal education facility: Off-site (Less than 20 minutes) Main security provider: Self organized Lighting in communal points: Yes, there is lighting and it is adequate % of girls at the site attending school: More than 75% Health Prevalent health problems Distance to the closest functioning health facility: Off-site (Less than 30 minutes) 1st most: Provider of on-site health facilities: Local Clinic/med practitioners None 2nd most: None Access to psychosocial support in the last 4 weeks: No 3rd most: None Access to immunization services in the last 4 weeks: No Livelihood Communication Occupation of most of the households before EQ: Agriculture/Livestock Male IDPS get most information from: Mobile phone Occupation of most of the households after EQ: Employed Female IDPS get most information from: Families & friends Access to income generating activities: Yes Complaints being reported: No Main topic of information requested: Livestock on site: No Work opportunities IDPs have access to land for cultivation: Yes **Monsoon Specific** Site accessible in monsoon: Yes Drinking water accessible in monsoon: Yes Health facility accessible in monsoon Yes Shelters that can survive in monsoon: 25% or less Water-proof shelters at site: 25% or less Education facility accessible in monsoon: Yes Wash facilities functional in monsoon: Yes Food support accessible in monsoon: Unknown Shelter & NEIs % of HH living outside (no shelter): None % of HH have access to electricity: More than 75% % of HH living in tents: 25% or less % of HH have access to safe cooking facilities: More than 75% % of HH living in temporary shelter (CGIs): More than 75% 1st most needed type of NFI: Mosquito nets % of HH living in emergency makeshift shelters: None 2nd most needed type of NFI: Solar lamps

Displacement Tracking Matrix - International Organisation for Migration - Contact: nepaleqdtm@iom.int

3rd most needed type of NFI: Other





#### Keraujabesi

Site profiles **DISPLACEMENT TRACKING MATRIX - R7 NEPAL EARTHQUAKE 2015** 

June 8, 2016 Published on:

Altitude: 1116. m Survey date: May 16, 2016 Gandaki, Gorkha, Kerauja (28.241331, 84.883746) 44 212 IDPs households **Site Management** Site ID: 637 Site open date: 26-Apr-2015 Male Female Site type: Open ground (park, playground, sports ground, other) Community is taking part in SMC: None Land ownership: Private Site Classification: Spontaneous 6-17 IDPs from: 60+ (3), Gorkha (Kerauja 104 TOTAL 108 Persons with special vulnerabilities Breastfeeding mothers: 9 Elderly-headed households: 4 Persons with disabilities: 3 Persons with chronic diseases/serious medical conditions: 2 **Hygiene / Sanitation** Location of the site's main water source: Off-site (Less than 20 minutes) People use toilets on or off site: On-site Condition of most of the latrines: Not so good (not hygienic) Main non-drinking water source: Spring/river Main drinking water source: Spring/river Functioning toilets on-site: 4 Average amount of water available per day/person: More than 15 liters Evidence of open defecation: No Drinking water treated before consumption: Filtered Evidence of hand-washing practices: Unknown Main problem with the water: Suspended solids Garbage Disposal Type: Burning **Food / Nutrition** Access to food: No Screening for malnutrition conducted in the area: No Access to a market near from the site: No Supplementary feeding availability for pregnant/lactating mother: No Supplementary feeding availability for children: No Most common source for food: Own cash Access to formal education facility: Yes Security on-site/settlement areas: No Access to non formal education facility: No Security incidents reported: No Distance to nearest formal education facility: Off-site (More than 20 minutes) Main security provider: Unknown Lighting in communal points: No lighting % of girls at the site attending school: More than 75% Health Prevalent health problems Distance to the closest functioning health facility: Off-site (More than 2 hours) 1st most: Provider of on-site health facilities: Government None 2nd most: None Access to psychosocial support in the last 4 weeks: No 3rd most: None Access to immunization services in the last 4 weeks: Yes Livelihood Communication Occupation of most of the households before EQ: Agriculture/Livestock Male IDPS get most information from: Families & friends Occupation of most of the households after EQ: Agriculture/Livestock Female IDPS get most information from: Families & friends Access to income generating activities: No Complaints being reported: No Main topic of information requested: Livestock on site: Yes Situation in areas of origin IDPs have access to land for cultivation: Yes **Monsoon Specific** Site accessible in monsoon: No, no vehicular access Drinking water accessible in monsoon: Unknown Shelters that can survive in monsoon: Unknown Health facility accessible in monsoon Yes Water-proof shelters at site: None Education facility accessible in monsoon: Yes Wash facilities functional in monsoon: Unknown Food support accessible in monsoon: Unknown Shelter & NEIs % of HH living outside (no shelter): None % of HH have access to electricity: None

% of HH living in temporary shelter (CGIs): More than 75% 1st most needed type of NFI: CGIs

% of HH living in tents: None

% of HH living in emergency makeshift shelters: 25% or less 2nd most needed type of NFI: Tarpaulin % of HH living in Other shelters (Open building): None 3rd most needed type of NFI: Mosquito nets

Displacement Tracking Matrix - International Organisation for Migration - Contact: nepaleqdtm@iom.int

% of HH have access to safe cooking facilities: More than 75%





% of HH living in emergency makeshift shelters: None

% of HH living in Other shelters (Open building): None

#### Galthung

Site profiles

DISPLACEMENT TRACKING MATRIX - R7

NEPAL EARTHQUAKE 2015

Published on: June 8, 2016

Bagmati, Sindhupalchok, Mankal (27.52995, 85.32451) Altitude: 1968. m Survey date: May 11, 2016 30 162 households IDPs 639 **Site Management** Site ID: Site open date: 26-Apr-2015 Male Female Site type: Open ground (park, playground, sports ground, other) Community is taking part in SMC: None Land ownership: Private Site Classification: Spontaneous 6-17 IDPs from: 60+ Sindhupalchok (Mankal ,1) and Sindhupalchok (Mankal,7) 70 TOTAL 92 Persons with special vulnerabilities Breastfeeding mothers: 10 Elderly-headed households: 5 Persons with disabilities: 2 Person with chronic diseases/serious medical conditions: 0 Water **Hygiene / Sanitation** Location of the site's main water source: On-site (Less than 20 minutes) People use toilets on or off site: On-site Condition of most of the latrines: Not so good (not hygienic) Main non-drinking water source: Spring/river Main drinking water source: Spring/river Functioning toilets on-site: 10 Average amount of water available per day/person: More than 15 liters Evidence of open defecation: No Drinking water treated before consumption: No treatment Evidence of hand-washing practices: Unknown Main problem with the water: None Garbage Disposal Type: Burning **Food / Nutrition** Access to food: Yes, Off-site Screening for malnutrition conducted in the area: Yes Access to a market near from the site: Yes Supplementary feeding availability for pregnant/lactating mother: Yes Supplementary feeding availability for children: Yes Most common source for food: Own cash Access to formal education facility: Yes Security on-site/settlement areas: Yes Access to non formal education facility: No Security incidents reported: No Distance to nearest formal education facility: On-site (Less than 20 minutes) Main security provider: Self organized Lighting in communal points: No lighting % of girls at the site attending school: More than 75% Health Prevalent health problems Distance to the closest functioning health facility: Off-site (1-2 hours) Provider of on-site health facilities: Government 1st most: Cough 2nd most: Cold Access to psychosocial support in the last 4 weeks: No 3rd most: None Access to immunization services in the last 4 weeks: Yes Livelihood Communication Occupation of most of the households before EQ: Agriculture/Livestock Male IDPS get most information from: Radio/Newspaper Occupation of most of the households after EQ: Agriculture/Livestock Female IDPS get most information from: Radio/Newspaper Access to income generating activities: Yes Complaints being reported: Unknown Main topic of information requested: Livestock on site: Yes Recovery plans IDPs have access to land for cultivation: Yes **Monsoon Specific** Site accessible in monsoon: Yes Drinking water accessible in monsoon: No Shelters that can survive in monsoon: 51% to 75% Health facility accessible in monsoon No Water-proof shelters at site: 51% to 75% Education facility accessible in monsoon: Yes Wash facilities functional in monsoon: No Food support accessible in monsoon: Yes Shelter & NEIs % of HH living outside (no shelter): None % of HH have access to electricity: More than 75% % of HH living in tents: None % of HH have access to safe cooking facilities: More than 75% % of HH living in temporary shelter (CGIs): More than 75% 1st most needed type of NFI: Kitchen sets

Displacement Tracking Matrix - International Organisation for Migration - Contact: nepaleqdtm@iom.int

2nd most needed type of NFI: Cooking gas

3rd most needed type of NFI: Mosquito nets





% of HH living in emergency makeshift shelters: 25% or less

% of HH living in Other shelters (Open building): None

### **Tripura Sundari**

Site profiles **DISPLACEMENT TRACKING MATRIX - R7 NEPAL EARTHQUAKE 2015** 

June 8, 2016 Published on:

Bagmati, Bhaktapur, Bhaktapur Municipality (27.672239, 85.430644) Altitude: 1333. m Survey date: May 17, 2016 29 141 households IDPs 646 **Site Management** Site ID: Site open date: 26-Apr-2015 Male Female Site type: Open ground (park, playground, sports ground, other) Land ownership: Public/Government Site Classification: Spontaneous 6-17 IDPs from: 60+ 8), Bhaktapur (Tripura sundari 79 TOTAL 62 Persons with special vulnerabilities Breastfeeding mother: 1 Elderly-headed households: 2 Person with disabilities: 0 Person with chronic diseases/serious medical conditions: 0 Water **Hygiene / Sanitation** Location of the site's main water source: Off-site (More than 20 minutes) People use toilets on or off site: On-site Main non-drinking water source: Piped water supply Condition of most of the latrines: Good (Hygienic) Main drinking water source: Piped water supply Functioning toilets on-site: 8 Average amount of water available per day/person: More than 15 liters Evidence of open defecation: No Drinking water treated before consumption: No treatment Evidence of hand-washing practices: Unknown Main problem with the water: None Garbage Disposal Type: Municipal collection **Food / Nutrition** Access to food: Yes, On-Site Screening for malnutrition conducted in the area: No Access to a market near from the site: Yes Supplementary feeding availability for pregnant/lactating mother: No Supplementary feeding availability for children: No Most common source for food: Own cash Access to formal education facility: Yes Security on-site/settlement areas: Yes Access to non formal education facility: No Security incidents reported: No Distance to nearest formal education facility: Off-site (Less than 20 minutes) Main security provider: Self organized Lighting in communal points: Yes, there is lighting and it is adequate % of girls at the site attending school: More than 75% Health Prevalent health problems Distance to the closest functioning health facility: Off-site (1-2 hours) 1st most: Provider of on-site health facilities: Local Clinic/med practitioners None 2nd most: None Access to psychosocial support in the last 4 weeks: No Access to immunization services in the last 4 weeks: No 3rd most: None Livelihood Communication Occupation of most of the households before EQ: Agriculture/Livestock Male IDPS get most information from: Mobile phone Occupation of most of the households after EQ: Agriculture/Livestock Female IDPS get most information from: Families & friends Access to income generating activities: Yes Complaints being reported: No Main topic of information requested: Livestock on site: No Access to services IDPs have access to land for cultivation: Yes **Monsoon Specific** Site accessible in monsoon: Yes Drinking water accessible in monsoon: Unknown Health facility accessible in monsoon Yes Shelters that can survive in monsoon: 25% or less Water-proof shelters at site: 25% or less Education facility accessible in monsoon: Yes Wash facilities functional in monsoon: Yes Food support accessible in monsoon: Yes Shelter & NEIs % of HH living outside (no shelter): None % of HH have access to electricity: More than 75% % of HH living in tents: None % of HH have access to safe cooking facilities: More than 75% % of HH living in temporary shelter (CGIs): More than 75% 1st most needed type of NFI: Mosquito nets

Displacement Tracking Matrix - International Organisation for Migration - Contact: nepaleqdtm@iom.int

2nd most needed type of NFI: Mosquito repellents

3rd most needed type of NFI: Fixing kits





Drinking water treated before consumption: No treatment

Distan

Main problem with the water: Odor/smell

## Khacha(Suryodaya School)

Site profiles **DISPLACEMENT TRACKING MATRIX - R7 NEPAL EARTHQUAKE 2015** 

Evidence of hand-washing practices: Unknown

Garbage Disposal Type: Municipal collection

June 8, 2016 Published on: Bagmati, Bhaktapur, Bhaktapur Municipality (27.670823, 85.434263) Altitude: 1316. m Survey date: May 18, 2016 27 148 households IDPs Site ID: 647 **Site Management** Site open date: 26-Apr-2015 Female Male Site type: Collective centre (schools, offices, religious, hospital, other) Community is taking part in SMC: None Land ownership: Private Site Classification: Spontaneous 6-17 IDPs from: Bhaktapur (Khacha ,7) 71 77 TOTAL Persons with special vulnerabilities Breastfeeding mothers: 6 Elderly-headed households: 2 Person with disabilities: 1 Person with chronic diseases/serious medical conditions: 0 **Hygiene / Sanitation** Location of the site's main water source: Off-site (Less than 20 minutes) People use toilets on or off site: Unknown Main non-drinking water source: Protected Well Condition of most of the latrines: No toilets Main drinking water source: Piped water supply Functioning toilets on-site: 0 Average amount of water available per day/person: More than 15 liters Evidence of open defecation: No

	_
Food	/ Nutrition

Access to food: No	Screening for malnutrition conducted in the area: No	
Access to a market near from the site: Yes Su	pplementary feeding availability for pregnant/lactating mother: No	
Most common source for food: Own cash	Supplementary feeding availability for children: No	
Education	Protection	
Access to formal education facility: Yes	Security on-site/settlement areas: Yes	
Access to non formal education facility: No	Security incidents reported: No	
ance to nearest formal education facility: Off-site (Less than 20 minut	es) Main security provider: Self organized	
% of girls at the site attending school: More than 75%	Lighting in communal points: Yes, there is lighting but it is NOT	
	Health adequate	
Prevalent health problems	Distance to the closest functioning health facility: Official (Less than 30 minutes)	

		Health
	Prevalent health problems	Distance to the closest functioning health facility: Off-site (Less than 30 minutes)
	1st most: Cough	Provider of on-site health facilities: Local Clinic/med practitioners
	2nd most: Cold	Access to psychosocial support in the last 4 weeks: No
	3rd most: Skin infections	Access to immunization services in the last 4 weeks: No
	Livelihood	Communication
(	Occupation of most of the households before EQ: Agriculture/Livestock	Male IDPS get most information from: Mobile phone

Occupation of most of the households after EQ: Daily wage laborer Female IDPS get most information from: Site management Access to income generating activities: Yes Complaints being reported: No Main topic of information requested: Livestock on site: No Work opportunities IDPs have access to land for cultivation: Yes

#### **Monsoon Specific**

Site accessible in monsoon: Yes Drinking water accessible in monsoon: No Shelters that can survive in monsoon: 25% or less Health facility accessible in monsoon Yes Water-proof shelters at site: 25% or less Education facility accessible in monsoon: Yes Wash facilities functional in monsoon: No Food support accessible in monsoon: Unknown

#### Shelter & NEIs

% of HH living outside (no shelter): None % of HH have access to electricity: More than 75% % of HH living in tents: 25% or less % of HH have access to safe cooking facilities: More than 75% % of HH living in temporary shelter (CGIs): 51% to 75% 1st most needed type of NFI: Mosquito nets % of HH living in emergency makeshift shelters: None 2nd most needed type of NFI: Other % of HH living in Other shelters (Open building): None 3rd most needed type of NFI: Other





% of HH living in emergency makeshift shelters: None

% of HH living in Other shelters (Open building): None

### Inachok (Jhartila)

Site profiles **DISPLACEMENT TRACKING MATRIX - R7 NEPAL EARTHQUAKE 2015** 

June 8, 2016 Published on:

Bagmati, Bhaktapur, Bhaktapur Municipality (27.67193, 85.433907) Altitude: 1326. m Survey date: May 16, 2016 43 197 households IDPs 648 **Site Management** Site ID: Site having the SMC: Yes Site open date: 25-Apr-2015 Male **Female** Site type: Open ground (park, playground, sports ground, other) Land ownership: Private Site Classification: Spontaneous 6-17 IDPs from: Bhaktapur (Bhaktapur municipality ,7) 94 TOTAL 103 Persons with special vulnerabilities Breastfeeding mothers: 2 Elderly-headed household: 0 Person with disabilities: 0 Person with chronic diseases/serious medical conditions: 1 **Hygiene / Sanitation** Location of the site's main water source: Off-site (Less than 20 minutes) People use toilets on or off site: On-site Condition of most of the latrines: Not so good (not hygienic) Main non-drinking water source: Water truck Main drinking water source: Piped water supply Functioning toilets on-site: 4 Average amount of water available per day/person: 11-15 liters Evidence of open defecation: No Drinking water treated before consumption: No treatment Evidence of hand-washing practices: Unknown Main problem with the water: None Garbage Disposal Type: Garbage pit **Food / Nutrition** Access to food: Yes, Off-site Screening for malnutrition conducted in the area: No Access to a market near from the site: Yes Supplementary feeding availability for pregnant/lactating mother: No Supplementary feeding availability for children: No Most common source for food: Own cash Access to formal education facility: Yes Security on-site/settlement areas: No Access to non formal education facility: No Security incidents reported: No Distance to nearest formal education facility: Off-site (Less than 20 minutes) Main security provider: Unknown Lighting in communal points: Yes, there is lighting but it is NOT % of girls at the site attending school: More than 75% adequate Health Prevalent health problems Distance to the closest functioning health facility: Off-site (Less than 30 minutes) 1st most: Cough Provider of on-site health facilities: Local Clinic/med practitioners 2nd most: Cold Access to psychosocial support in the last 4 weeks: No 3rd most: None Access to immunization services in the last 4 weeks: No Livelihood Communication Occupation of most of the households before EQ: Agriculture/Livestock Male IDPS get most information from: Social Media Occupation of most of the households after EQ: Agriculture/Livestock Female IDPS get most information from: Local leader Access to income generating activities: Yes Complaints being reported: No Main topic of information requested: Livestock on site: No IDPs have access to land for cultivation: Yes **Monsoon Specific** Site accessible in monsoon: Yes Drinking water accessible in monsoon: No Health facility accessible in monsoon Yes Shelters that can survive in monsoon: 26% to 50% Water-proof shelters at site: 26% to 50% Education facility accessible in monsoon: Yes Wash facilities functional in monsoon: Yes Food support accessible in monsoon: Yes Shelter & NEIs % of HH living outside (no shelter): None % of HH have access to electricity: 51% to 75% % of HH living in tents: None % of HH have access to safe cooking facilities: More than 75% % of HH living in temporary shelter (CGIs): More than 75% 1st most needed type of NFI: Mosquito nets

Displacement Tracking Matrix - International Organisation for Migration - Contact: nepaleqdtm@iom.int

2nd most needed type of NFI: None





Survey date: May 16, 2016

# Dekocha (Khowpa College)

Site profiles **DISPLACEMENT TRACKING MATRIX - R7 NEPAL EARTHQUAKE 2015** 

36

households

June 8, 2016 Published on:

> 162 IDPs

Bagmati, Bhaktapur, Bhaktapur Municipality (27.677064, 85.432566) Altitude: 1324. m

649 Site ID: Site open date: 15-Jun-2015

Site type: Open ground (park, playground, sports ground, other)

Land ownership: Public/Government

Site Classification: Spontaneous

IDPs from:

Bhaktapur (Bhaktapur municipality ,5) and Bhaktapur (Bhaktapur municipality ,8)

Site Management
Site having the SMC: Yes
Women participating in SMC: 25% or less
Community is taking part in SMC: Yes
SMA: Yes
SMA type: International NGO
SMA Name: IOM
SMA focal point: Suman
Registration/IDPs list maintained: Yes

Male		Female
1	<1	0
2	1-5	5
10	6-17	5
58	18-59	77
0	60+	4
71	TOTAL	91

#### Persons with special vulnerabilities

Breastfeeding mothers: 3 Elderly-headed households: 8 Persons with disabilities: 4 Persons with chronic diseases/serious medical conditions: 3 **Hygiene / Sanitation** 

Location of the site's main water source: On-site (Less than 20 minutes)

Main non-drinking water source: Water truck

Main drinking water source: Water truck Average amount of water available per day/person: 11-15 liters Drinking water treated before consumption: Boiled Main problem with the water: Suspended solids

Access to formal education facility: Yes

Condition of most of the latrines: Good (Hygienic) Functioning toilets on-site: 8 Evidence of open defecation: No

Evidence of hand-washing practices: No Garbage Disposal Type: Municipal collection

#### **Food / Nutrition**

Access to food: Yes, Off-site Screening for malnutrition conducted in the area: No Access to a market near from the site: Yes Supplementary feeding availability for pregnant/lactating mother: No Supplementary feeding availability for children: No Most common source for food: Own cash

Access to non formal education facility: No Distance to nearest formal education facility: Off-site (Less than 20 minutes)

% of girls at the site attending school: 51% to 75%

Security on-site/settlement areas: Yes

Security incidents reported: No Main security provider: Police

Lighting in communal points: Yes, there is lighting and it is adequate

People use toilets on or off site: On-site

#### Health

Prevalent health problems Distance to the closest functioning health facility: Off-site (Less than 30 minutes) 1st most: Provider of on-site health facilities: Government None 2nd most: None Access to psychosocial support in the last 4 weeks: No 3rd most: None Access to immunization services in the last 4 weeks: No Livelihood Communication

Occupation of most of the households before EQ: Agriculture/Livestock Occupation of most of the households after EQ: Agriculture/Livestock Access to income generating activities: Yes

Livestock on site: No

IDPs have access to land for cultivation: No

Male IDPS get most information from: Radio/Newspaper Female IDPS get most information from: Radio/Newspaper

Complaints being reported: No Main topic of information requested:

Access to services

#### **Monsoon Specific**

Site accessible in monsoon: Yes Drinking water accessible in monsoon: Yes Shelters that can survive in monsoon: 26% to 50% Health facility accessible in monsoon Yes Water-proof shelters at site: 26% to 50% Education facility accessible in monsoon: Yes Wash facilities functional in monsoon: Yes Food support accessible in monsoon: Yes Shelter & NEIs

% of HH living outside (no shelter): None % of HH have access to electricity: More than 75% % of HH living in tents: None % of HH have access to safe cooking facilities: More than 75% % of HH living in temporary shelter (CGIs): More than 75% 1st most needed type of NFI: Mosquito nets

% of HH living in emergency makeshift shelters: None 2nd most needed type of NFI: Tarpaulin % of HH living in Other shelters (Open building): None 3rd most needed type of NFI: None





#### Jumbu

Site profiles **DISPLACEMENT TRACKING MATRIX - R7 NEPAL EARTHQUAKE 2015** 

June 8, 2016 Published on: Altitude: 950. m Survey date: May 12, 2016 Bagmati, Sindhupalchok, Gati (27.820871, 85.878403) 40 155 households IDPs 652 **Site Management** Site ID: Site open date: 20-Jan-2016 Male Female Site type: Open ground (park, playground, sports ground, other) Land ownership: Public/Government Site Classification: Spontaneous 6-17 IDPs from: 60+ Sindhupalchok (Gati ,8) 84 71 TOTAL Persons with special vulnerabilities Breastfeeding mothers: 7 Elderly-headed households: 3 Person with disabilities: 1 Person with chronic diseases/serious medical conditions: 1 Water **Hygiene / Sanitation** Location of the site's main water source: Off-site (Less than 20 minutes) People use toilets on or off site: On-site Main non-drinking water source: Spring/river Condition of most of the latrines: Not so good (not hygienic) Main drinking water source: Spring/river Functioning toilets on-site: 3 Average amount of water available per day/person: More than 15 liters Evidence of open defecation: Yes Drinking water treated before consumption: Filtered Evidence of hand-washing practices: Unknown Main problem with the water: None Garbage Disposal Type: No waste disposal system **Food / Nutrition** Access to food: Yes, Off-site Screening for malnutrition conducted in the area: No Access to a market near from the site: Yes Supplementary feeding availability for pregnant/lactating mother: No Supplementary feeding availability for children: No Most common source for food: Own cash Access to formal education facility: Yes Security on-site/settlement areas: Yes Access to non formal education facility: No Security incidents reported: No Distance to nearest formal education facility: Off-site (More than 20 minutes) Main security provider: Police Lighting in communal points: No lighting % of girls at the site attending school: More than 75% Health Prevalent health problems Distance to the closest functioning health facility: Off-site (More than 2 hours) 1st most: Cough Provider of on-site health facilities: Government 2nd most: Cold Access to psychosocial support in the last 4 weeks: No 3rd most: None Access to immunization services in the last 4 weeks: Yes Livelihood Communication Occupation of most of the households before EQ: Agriculture/Livestock Male IDPS get most information from: Radio/Newspaper Occupation of most of the households after EQ: Daily wage laborer Female IDPS get most information from: Radio/Newspaper Access to income generating activities: Yes Complaints being reported: Unknown Main topic of information requested: Livestock on site: Yes Recovery plans IDPs have access to land for cultivation: No **Monsoon Specific** Site accessible in monsoon: Yes Drinking water accessible in monsoon: No Shelters that can survive in monsoon: 25% or less Health facility accessible in monsoon No Water-proof shelters at site: 25% or less Education facility accessible in monsoon: Yes Wash facilities functional in monsoon: No Food support accessible in monsoon: Yes Shelter & NEIs % of HH living outside (no shelter): None % of HH have access to electricity: More than 75% % of HH living in tents: None % of HH have access to safe cooking facilities: 25% or less % of HH living in temporary shelter (CGIs): More than 75% 1st most needed type of NFI: CGIs % of HH living in emergency makeshift shelters: 25% or less 2nd most needed type of NFI: Kitchen sets

Displacement Tracking Matrix - International Organisation for Migration - Contact: nepaleqdtm@iom.int

3rd most needed type of NFI: Mosquito nets





### **Syanu Khokana**

Site profiles
DISPLACEMENT TRACKING MATRIX - R7
NEPAL EARTHQUAKE 2015

Published on: June 8, 2016

Bagmati, Lalitpur, Karyabinayak Municipality (27.64432, 85.29386) Altitude: 1311. m Survey date: May 19, 2016 35 175 households IDPs 654 **Site Management** Site ID: Site open date: 26-Apr-2015 Male Female Site type: Other Community is taking part in SMC: None Land ownership: Private Site Classification: Spontaneous 6-17 IDPs from: (6, Lalitpur (Sano khokana 85 TOTAL 90 Persons with special vulnerabilities Breastfeeding mothers: 10 Elderly-headed households: 15 Persons with disabilities: 2 Persons with chronic diseases/serious medical conditions: 2 **Hygiene / Sanitation** Location of the site's main water source: On-site (Less than 20 minutes) People use toilets on or off site: On-site Main non-drinking water source: Piped water supply Condition of most of the latrines: Good (Hygienic) Main drinking water source: Piped water supply Functioning toilets on-site: 34 Average amount of water available per day/person: 11-15 liters Evidence of open defecation: No Drinking water treated before consumption: Filtered Evidence of hand-washing practices: Yes Main problem with the water: All of the above Garbage Disposal Type: Garbage pit **Food / Nutrition** Access to food: Yes, Off-site Screening for malnutrition conducted in the area: No Access to a market near from the site: Yes Supplementary feeding availability for pregnant/lactating mother: No Supplementary feeding availability for children: No Most common source for food: Own cash Access to formal education facility: Yes Security on-site/settlement areas: Yes Access to non formal education facility: No Security incidents reported: No Distance to nearest formal education facility: Off-site (Less than 20 minutes) Main security provider: Self organized Lighting in communal points: Yes, there is lighting and it is adequate % of girls at the site attending school: More than 75% Health Prevalent health problems Distance to the closest functioning health facility: Off-site (Less than 30 minutes) 1st most: Provider of on-site health facilities: Government None 2nd most: None Access to psychosocial support in the last 4 weeks: No 3rd most: None Access to immunization services in the last 4 weeks: No Livelihood Communication Occupation of most of the households before EQ: Craftsmen Male IDPS get most information from: Local leader Occupation of most of the households after EQ: Craftsmen Female IDPS get most information from: Radio/Newspaper Access to income generating activities: Yes Complaints being reported: No Main topic of information requested: Livestock on site: No Access to services IDPs have access to land for cultivation: Yes **Monsoon Specific** Site accessible in monsoon: Yes Drinking water accessible in monsoon: Yes Health facility accessible in monsoon Yes Shelters that can survive in monsoon: 25% or less Water-proof shelters at site: 25% or less Education facility accessible in monsoon: Yes Wash facilities functional in monsoon: Yes Food support accessible in monsoon: Yes Shelter & NEIs % of HH living outside (no shelter): None % of HH have access to electricity: More than 75% % of HH living in tents: None % of HH have access to safe cooking facilities: More than 75%

Displacement Tracking Matrix - International Organisation for Migration - Contact: nepaleqdtm@iom.int

1st most needed type of NFI: Mosquito nets

2nd most needed type of NFI: None

3rd most needed type of NFI: None

% of HH living in temporary shelter (CGIs): More than 75%

% of HH living in emergency makeshift shelters: None

% of HH living in Other shelters (Open building): None





% of HH living in emergency makeshift shelters: 25% or less

% of HH living in Other shelters (Open building): None

#### Gacha

Site profiles
DISPLACEMENT TRACKING MATRIX - R7
NEPAL EARTHQUAKE 2015

Published on: June 8, 2016

Bagmati, Lalitpur, Karyabinayak Municipality (27.63437, 85.29757) Altitude: 1323. m Survey date: May 19, 2016 488 100 households IDPs 655 **Site Management** Site ID: Site open date: 25-Apr-2015 Male Female Site type: Open ground (park, playground, sports ground, other) Community is taking part in SMC: None Land ownership: Private Site Classification: Spontaneous 6-17 IDPs from: 60+ Lalitpur (Gawcha ,6) and Lalitpur (Gawcha ,4) 254 234 TOTAL Persons with special vulnerabilities Breastfeeding mothers: 15 Elderly-headed households: 3 Persons with disabilities: 3 Persons with chronic diseases/serious medical conditions: 2 Water **Hygiene / Sanitation** Location of the site's main water source: On-site (Less than 20 minutes) People use toilets on or off site: On-site Main non-drinking water source: Piped water supply Condition of most of the latrines: Good (Hygienic) Main drinking water source: Piped water supply Functioning toilets on-site: 12 Average amount of water available per day/person: 11-15 liters Evidence of open defecation: No Drinking water treated before consumption: Filtered Evidence of hand-washing practices: Unknown Main problem with the water: None Garbage Disposal Type: Garbage pit **Food / Nutrition** Access to food: Yes, Off-site Screening for malnutrition conducted in the area: No Access to a market near from the site: Yes Supplementary feeding availability for pregnant/lactating mother: No Supplementary feeding availability for children: No Most common source for food: Own cash Access to formal education facility: Yes Security on-site/settlement areas: No Access to non formal education facility: No Security incidents reported: No Distance to nearest formal education facility: Off-site (More than 20 minutes) Main security provider: Unknown Lighting in communal points: Yes, there is lighting but it is NOT % of girls at the site attending school: More than 75% adequate Health Prevalent health problems Distance to the closest functioning health facility: Off-site (Less than 30 minutes) 1st most: Provider of on-site health facilities: Government None 2nd most: None Access to psychosocial support in the last 4 weeks: No 3rd most: None Access to immunization services in the last 4 weeks: No Livelihood Communication Occupation of most of the households before EQ: Agriculture/Livestock Male IDPS get most information from: Radio/Newspaper Occupation of most of the households after EQ: Agriculture/Livestock Female IDPS get most information from: Radio/Newspaper Access to income generating activities: Yes Complaints being reported: No Main topic of information requested: Livestock on site: Yes Access to services IDPs have access to land for cultivation: Yes **Monsoon Specific** Site accessible in monsoon: No, no vehicular access Drinking water accessible in monsoon: Yes Shelters that can survive in monsoon: 25% or less Health facility accessible in monsoon Yes Water-proof shelters at site: 25% or less Education facility accessible in monsoon: Yes Wash facilities functional in monsoon: Yes Food support accessible in monsoon: Yes Shelter & NEIs % of HH living outside (no shelter): None % of HH have access to electricity: More than 75% % of HH living in tents: None % of HH have access to safe cooking facilities: More than 75% % of HH living in temporary shelter (CGIs): 51% to 75% 1st most needed type of NFI: Electric fans

Displacement Tracking Matrix - International Organisation for Migration - Contact: nepaleqdtm@iom.int

2nd most needed type of NFI: Water filters



#### Sebung

Site profiles **DISPLACEMENT TRACKING MATRIX - R7 NEPAL EARTHQUAKE 2015** 

June 8, 2016 Published on: Bagmati, Sindhupalchok, Listi (27.543046, 85.504995) Altitude: 1794. m Survey date: May 13, 2016 42 194 households IDPs 658 **Site Management** Site ID: Site open date: 25-Apr-2015 Male Female Site type: Open ground (park, playground, sports ground, other) Community is taking part in SMC: None Land ownership: Private Site Classification: Spontaneous 6-17 IDPs from: 60+ Sindhupalchok (Listi ,6) and Sindhupalchok 101 TOTAL 93 Persons with special vulnerabilities Breastfeeding mothers: 12 Elderly-headed households: 3 Persons with disabilities: 2 Persons with chronic diseases/serious medical conditions: 10 Water **Hygiene / Sanitation** Location of the site's main water source: Off-site (Less than 20 minutes) People use toilets on or off site: On-site Condition of most of the latrines: Not so good (not hygienic) Main non-drinking water source: Spring/river Main drinking water source: Spring/river Functioning toilets on-site: 2 Average amount of water available per day/person: More than 15 liters Evidence of open defecation: Yes Drinking water treated before consumption: Filtered Evidence of hand-washing practices: Unknown Main problem with the water: None Garbage Disposal Type: Garbage pit **Food / Nutrition** Access to food: No Screening for malnutrition conducted in the area: No Access to a market near from the site: No Supplementary feeding availability for pregnant/lactating mother: No Supplementary feeding availability for children: No Most common source for food: Own cash Access to formal education facility: Yes Security on-site/settlement areas: Yes Access to non formal education facility: No Security incidents reported: No Distance to nearest formal education facility: Off-site (More than 20 minutes) Main security provider: Self organized Lighting in communal points: No lighting % of girls at the site attending school: More than 75% Health Prevalent health problems Distance to the closest functioning health facility: Off-site (More than 2 hours) 1st most: Cough Provider of on-site health facilities: Government 2nd most: Cold Access to psychosocial support in the last 4 weeks: No 3rd most: None Access to immunization services in the last 4 weeks: Yes Livelihood Communication Occupation of most of the households before EQ: Agriculture/Livestock Male IDPS get most information from: Authorities Occupation of most of the households after EQ: Agriculture/Livestock Female IDPS get most information from: Authorities Access to income generating activities: No Complaints being reported: Unknown Main topic of information requested: Livestock on site: Yes Shelter support IDPs have access to land for cultivation: Yes **Monsoon Specific** Site accessible in monsoon: No, no vehicular access Drinking water accessible in monsoon: No Shelters that can survive in monsoon: 25% or less Health facility accessible in monsoon No Water-proof shelters at site: 25% or less Education facility accessible in monsoon: Yes Wash facilities functional in monsoon: No Food support accessible in monsoon: No Shelter & NEIs % of HH living outside (no shelter): None % of HH have access to electricity: 25% or less % of HH living in tents: None % of HH have access to safe cooking facilities: None % of HH living in temporary shelter (CGIs): 25% or less 1st most needed type of NFI: CGIs % of HH living in emergency makeshift shelters: More than 75% 2nd most needed type of NFI: Kitchen sets

Displacement Tracking Matrix - International Organisation for Migration - Contact: nepaleqdtm@iom.int

3rd most needed type of NFI: Mosquito nets





% of HH living in emergency makeshift shelters: More than 75%

% of HH living in Other shelters (Open building): None

#### Gumbadaanda

Site profiles **DISPLACEMENT TRACKING MATRIX - R7 NEPAL EARTHQUAKE 2015** 

June 8, 2016 Published on: Bagmati, Sindhupalchok, Listi (27.5351, 85.533) Altitude: 1575. m Survey date: May 13, 2016 25 91 households IDPs 659 **Site Management** Site ID: Site open date: 26-Apr-2015 Male **Female** Site type: Open ground (park, playground, sports ground, other) Land ownership: Private Site Classification: Spontaneous 6-17 IDPs from: 60+ Sindhupalchok (Listi, 4) and Sindhupalchok (Listi,1) 44 47 TOTAL Persons with special vulnerabilities Breastfeeding mothers: 7 Elderly-headed household: 1 Persons with disabilities: 3 Person with chronic diseases/serious medical conditions: 1 Water **Hygiene / Sanitation** Location of the site's main water source: Off-site (More than 20 minutes) People use toilets on or off site: On-site Condition of most of the latrines: Not so good (not hygienic) Main non-drinking water source: Spring/river Main drinking water source: Spring/river Functioning toilets on-site: 11 Average amount of water available per day/person: More than 15 liters Evidence of open defecation: No Drinking water treated before consumption: No treatment Evidence of hand-washing practices: Unknown Main problem with the water: None Garbage Disposal Type: Burning **Food / Nutrition** Access to food: No Screening for malnutrition conducted in the area: Yes Access to a market near from the site: No Supplementary feeding availability for pregnant/lactating mother: No Supplementary feeding availability for children: Yes Most common source for food: Food distribution/donation Access to formal education facility: Yes Security on-site/settlement areas: No Access to non formal education facility: No Security incidents reported: No Distance to nearest formal education facility: On-site (Less than 20 minutes) Main security provider: Unknown Lighting in communal points: No lighting % of girls at the site attending school: More than 75% Health Prevalent health problems Distance to the closest functioning health facility: Off-site (More than 2 hours) 1st most: Cough Provider of on-site health facilities: Government 2nd most: Cold Access to psychosocial support in the last 4 weeks: No 3rd most: Diarrhea Access to immunization services in the last 4 weeks: Yes Livelihood Communication Occupation of most of the households before EQ: Agriculture/Livestock Male IDPS get most information from: Local leader Occupation of most of the households after EQ: Agriculture/Livestock Female IDPS get most information from: Local leader Access to income generating activities: Yes Complaints being reported: Unknown Main topic of information requested: Livestock on site: Yes Recovery plans IDPs have access to land for cultivation: Yes **Monsoon Specific** Site accessible in monsoon: No, no vehicular access Drinking water accessible in monsoon: No Shelters that can survive in monsoon: 25% or less Health facility accessible in monsoon No Water-proof shelters at site: 25% or less Education facility accessible in monsoon: Yes Wash facilities functional in monsoon: Yes Food support accessible in monsoon: No Shelter & NEIs % of HH living outside (no shelter): None % of HH have access to electricity: More than 75% % of HH living in tents: None % of HH have access to safe cooking facilities: 25% or less % of HH living in temporary shelter (CGIs): None 1st most needed type of NFI: CGIs

Displacement Tracking Matrix - International Organisation for Migration - Contact: nepaleqdtm@iom.int

2nd most needed type of NFI: Cooking gas

3rd most needed type of NFI: Mosquito nets





### **Danjal**

Site profiles
DISPLACEMENT TRACKING MATRIX - R7
NEPAL EARTHQUAKE 2015

Published on: June 8, 2016

Altitude: 1335. m Survey date: May 20, 2016 Bagmati, Lalitpur, Karyabinayak Municipality (27.63166, 85.30405) 30 200 households IDPs 660 **Site Management** Site ID: Site open date: 29-Apr-2015 Male Female Site type: Open ground (park, playground, sports ground, other) Community is taking part in SMC: None Land ownership: Private Site Classification: Spontaneous 6-17 IDPs from: 60+ (10, Lalitpur (Danjal(Nyovu) 87 113 TOTAL Persons with special vulnerabilities Breastfeeding mothers: 2 Elderly-headed household: 1 Person with disabilities: 0 Person with chronic diseases/serious medical conditions: 0 Water **Hygiene / Sanitation** Location of the site's main water source: Off-site (Less than 20 minutes) People use toilets on or off site: On-site Main non-drinking water source: Piped water supply Condition of most of the latrines: Good (Hygienic) Main drinking water source: Piped water supply Functioning toilets on-site: 8 Average amount of water available per day/person: 11-15 liters Evidence of open defecation: No Drinking water treated before consumption: Filtered Evidence of hand-washing practices: Unknown Main problem with the water: None Garbage Disposal Type: Garbage pit **Food / Nutrition** Access to food: Yes, On-Site Screening for malnutrition conducted in the area: No Access to a market near from the site: Yes Supplementary feeding availability for pregnant/lactating mother: No Supplementary feeding availability for children: No Most common source for food: Own cash Access to formal education facility: Yes Security on-site/settlement areas: No Access to non formal education facility: No Security incidents reported: No Distance to nearest formal education facility: Off-site (Less than 20 minutes) Main security provider: Unknown Lighting in communal points: Yes, there is lighting and it is adequate % of girls at the site attending school: More than 75% Health Prevalent health problems Distance to the closest functioning health facility: Off-site (1-2 hours) 1st most: Provider of on-site health facilities: Government Cough 2nd most: Cold Access to psychosocial support in the last 4 weeks: No 3rd most: None Access to immunization services in the last 4 weeks: No Livelihood Communication Occupation of most of the households before EQ: Craftsmen Male IDPS get most information from: Radio/Newspaper Occupation of most of the households after EQ: Craftsmen Female IDPS get most information from: Radio/Newspaper Access to income generating activities: Yes Complaints being reported: No Main topic of information requested: Livestock on site: No Access to services IDPs have access to land for cultivation: No **Monsoon Specific** Site accessible in monsoon: Yes Drinking water accessible in monsoon: Yes Shelters that can survive in monsoon: 25% or less Health facility accessible in monsoon Yes Water-proof shelters at site: 25% or less Education facility accessible in monsoon: Yes Wash facilities functional in monsoon: Yes Food support accessible in monsoon: Yes Shelter & NEIs % of HH living outside (no shelter): None % of HH have access to electricity: More than 75% % of HH living in tents: None % of HH have access to safe cooking facilities: More than 75% % of HH living in temporary shelter (CGIs): More than 75% 1st most needed type of NFI: Mosquito nets % of HH living in emergency makeshift shelters: None 2nd most needed type of NFI: Electric fans

Displacement Tracking Matrix - International Organisation for Migration - Contact: nepaleqdtm@iom.int

3rd most needed type of NFI: Mosquito repellents





#### Cholelnani

Site profiles
DISPLACEMENT TRACKING MATRIX - R7
NEPAL EARTHQUAKE 2015

Published on: June 8, 2016

Bagmati, Lalitpur, Karyabinayak Municipality (27.63097, 85.30304) Altitude: 1344. m Survey date: May 19, 2016 40 250 households IDPs 661 **Site Management** Site ID: Site open date: 26-Apr-2015 Male Female Site type: Open ground (park, playground, sports ground, other) Community is taking part in SMC: None Land ownership: Public/Government Site Classification: Spontaneous 6-17 IDPs from: 60+ Lalitpur (Cholelnani ,10) 123 TOTAL 127 Persons with special vulnerabilities Breastfeeding mothers: 4 Elderly-headed households: 40 Person with disabilities: 0 Persons with chronic diseases/serious medical conditions: 6 Water **Hygiene / Sanitation** Location of the site's main water source: Off-site (More than 20 minutes) People use toilets on or off site: On-site Main non-drinking water source: Piped water supply Condition of most of the latrines: Good (Hygienic) Main drinking water source: Piped water supply Functioning toilets on-site: 40 Average amount of water available per day/person: 11-15 liters Evidence of open defecation: No Drinking water treated before consumption: No treatment Evidence of hand-washing practices: No Main problem with the water: None Garbage Disposal Type: Garbage pit **Food / Nutrition** Access to food: No Screening for malnutrition conducted in the area: Yes Access to a market near from the site: Yes Supplementary feeding availability for pregnant/lactating mother: No Supplementary feeding availability for children: No Most common source for food: Own cash Access to formal education facility: Yes Security on-site/settlement areas: Yes Access to non formal education facility: No Security incidents reported: No Distance to nearest formal education facility: Off-site (Less than 20 minutes) Main security provider: Self organized Lighting in communal points: Yes, there is lighting and it is adequate % of girls at the site attending school: 51% to 75% Health Prevalent health problems Distance to the closest functioning health facility: Off-site (Less than 30 minutes) 1st most: Provider of on-site health facilities: Local Clinic/med practitioners None 2nd most: None Access to psychosocial support in the last 4 weeks: No Access to immunization services in the last 4 weeks: No 3rd most: None Livelihood Communication Occupation of most of the households before EQ: Agriculture/Livestock Male IDPS get most information from: Radio/Newspaper Occupation of most of the households after EQ: Craftsmen Female IDPS get most information from: Radio/Newspaper Access to income generating activities: Yes Complaints being reported: No Main topic of information requested: Livestock on site: Yes Access to services IDPs have access to land for cultivation: Yes **Monsoon Specific** Site accessible in monsoon: Yes Drinking water accessible in monsoon: Yes Health facility accessible in monsoon Yes Shelters that can survive in monsoon: 26% to 50% Water-proof shelters at site: None Education facility accessible in monsoon: Yes Wash facilities functional in monsoon: Yes Food support accessible in monsoon: Yes Shelter & NEIs % of HH living outside (no shelter): None % of HH have access to electricity: 26% to 50% % of HH living in tents: None % of HH have access to safe cooking facilities: 51% to 75% % of HH living in temporary shelter (CGIs): More than 75% 1st most needed type of NFI: Mosquito nets % of HH living in emergency makeshift shelters: None 2nd most needed type of NFI: Electric fans

Displacement Tracking Matrix - International Organisation for Migration - Contact: nepaleqdtm@iom.int

3rd most needed type of NFI: Water filters





### **Nyagal**

Site profiles
DISPLACEMENT TRACKING MATRIX - R7
NEPAL EARTHQUAKE 2015

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Bagmati, Lalitpur, Karyabinayak Municipality (27.62819, 85.30224) Altitude: 1351. m Survey date: May 24, 2016 26 128 households IDPs 662 **Site Management** Site ID: Site open date: 06-May-2015 Male **Female** Site type: Open ground (park, playground, sports ground, other) Community is taking part in SMC: Yes Land ownership: Private Site Classification: Spontaneous 6-17 IDPs from: 60+ (12, Lalitpur (Nyagal 60 68 TOTAL Persons with special vulnerabilities Breastfeeding mothers: 6 Elderly-headed household: 0 Persons with disabilities: 2 Person with chronic diseases/serious medical conditions: 1 Water **Hygiene / Sanitation** Location of the site's main water source: Off-site (Less than 20 minutes) People use toilets on or off site: On-site Main non-drinking water source: Piped water supply Condition of most of the latrines: Good (Hygienic) Main drinking water source: Piped water supply Functioning toilets on-site: 3 Average amount of water available per day/person: More than 15 liters Evidence of open defecation: No Drinking water treated before consumption: No treatment Evidence of hand-washing practices: No Main problem with the water: None Garbage Disposal Type: Municipal collection **Food / Nutrition** Access to food: No Screening for malnutrition conducted in the area: No Access to a market near from the site: Yes Supplementary feeding availability for pregnant/lactating mother: No Supplementary feeding availability for children: No Most common source for food: Own cash Access to formal education facility: Yes Security on-site/settlement areas: No Access to non formal education facility: No Security incidents reported: No Distance to nearest formal education facility: Off-site (Less than 20 minutes) Main security provider: Unknown Lighting in communal points: Yes, there is lighting and it is adequate % of girls at the site attending school: More than 75% Health Prevalent health problems Distance to the closest functioning health facility: Off-site (Less than 30 minutes) 1st most: Provider of on-site health facilities: Local Clinic/med practitioners None 2nd most: None Access to psychosocial support in the last 4 weeks: Yes 3rd most: None Access to immunization services in the last 4 weeks: Yes Livelihood Communication Occupation of most of the households before EQ: Agriculture/Livestock Male IDPS get most information from: Radio/Newspaper Occupation of most of the households after EQ: Agriculture/Livestock Female IDPS get most information from: Radio/Newspaper Access to income generating activities: Yes Complaints being reported: No Main topic of information requested: Livestock on site: Yes Access to services IDPs have access to land for cultivation: Yes **Monsoon Specific** Site accessible in monsoon: Yes Drinking water accessible in monsoon: Yes Health facility accessible in monsoon Yes Shelters that can survive in monsoon: 25% or less Water-proof shelters at site: 25% or less Education facility accessible in monsoon: Yes Wash facilities functional in monsoon: Yes Food support accessible in monsoon: Unknown Shelter & NEIs % of HH living outside (no shelter): None % of HH have access to electricity: More than 75% % of HH living in tents: 25% or less % of HH have access to safe cooking facilities: More than 75% % of HH living in temporary shelter (CGIs): 26% to 50% 1st most needed type of NFI: Mosquito nets % of HH living in emergency makeshift shelters: 26% to 50% 2nd most needed type of NFI: Water filters

Displacement Tracking Matrix - International Organisation for Migration - Contact: nepaleqdtm@iom.int