

MOBILITY SNAPSHOT – Round 50

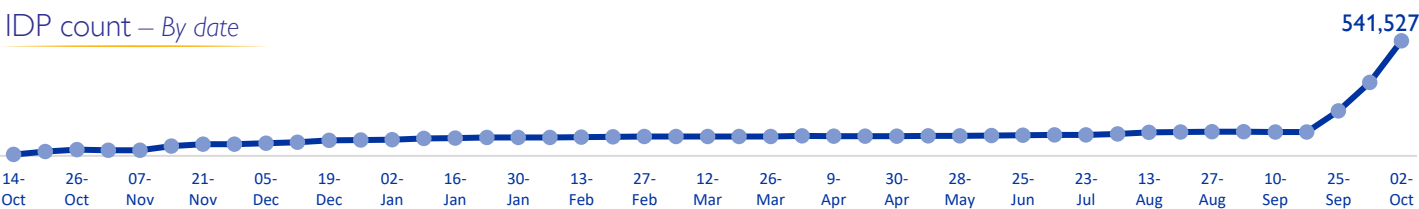
Report Production Date: 03 October 2024 | Data collected up till 4 pm on 02 October 2024

Overview

Armed confrontations have been occurring at the Southern Lebanese border since the 8 October 2023. As a consequence, families have fled their homes. The International Organization for Migration (IOM) conducts daily monitoring of population movements to inform preparedness and response planning. This work is carried out in partnership with the Disaster Risk Management (DRM) Unit, technically supported by the United Nations Development Programme (UNDP), to triangulate and mutually verify data from the IOM mobility tracking exercise and the household registration exercise conducted by the Lebanese Red Cross (LRC) through the Emergency Operation Rooms (EORs) at the Union of Municipality (UoM) level across the country.

Population numbers for collective shelters and registered individuals have been directly provided from the data collected at the level of the emergency operations rooms, supported by the LRC and the DRM Unit*.

IDP count – By date



IDPs by cadaster of arrival and district of origin



541,527 (52% female and 48% male)
Total displaced individuals



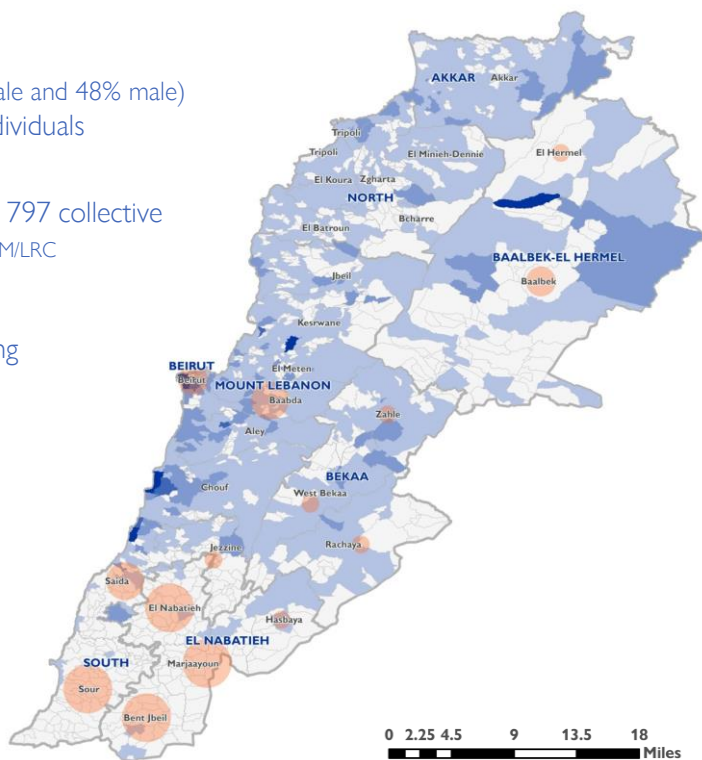
162,098
Registered IDPs in 797 collective shelters - Source: DRM/LRC



828
Cadastrers reporting arrival of IDPs

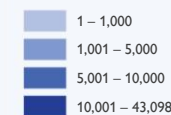


14
Districts reporting departure of IDPs

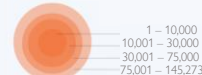


□ Governorate borders
□ District borders

Number of IDPs (Cadastrers)



Number of IDPs by origin (Districts)



This map is for illustration purposes only. Names and boundaries on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by IOM.

Cross border movements via land, sea and air borders

Mode of travel	Regular		Irregular		Total
	Lebanese	Syrians	Lebanese	Syrians	
Land	82,264	66,470	-	85,709	234,443
Air	39,669	9,722	-	-	4,9391
Sea	867	193	-	-	1,060
Total	122,800	76,385	-	85,709	284,894



284,894
Lebanese and Syrian individuals have departed Lebanon since 23 September

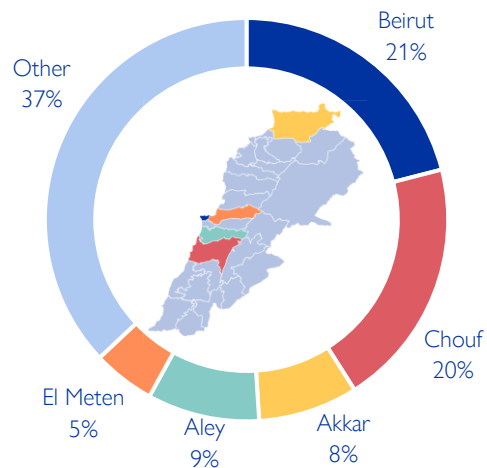
Source: Lebanese authorities (23 September - 3 October 2024)

*DRM/LRC conducts household level registration for IDPs to inform direct assistance. This complements IOMs mobility tracking which captures an estimate of the total IDP population to inform national preparedness and response planning, as well as resource mobilisation.

Displacement within Lebanon – By district of arrival

Governorate	District	# of Cadasters	# of Locations	IDPs
Beirut	Beirut	11	34	113,493
Mount Lebanon	Chouf	79	98	110,303
Akkar	Akkar	119	170	41,372
Mount Lebanon	Aley	57	69	46,622
Mount Lebanon	El Meten	71	86	24,687
South	Saida	29	43	38,146
Mount Lebanon	Kesrwane	47	57	10,254
Mount Lebanon	Jbeil	59	62	21,800
Baalbek-El Hermel	Baalbek	28	31	22,012
Bekaa	Zahle	39	43	19,808
Mount Lebanon	Baabda	42	48	16,260
Baalbek-El Hermel	El Hermel	3	4	640
Bekaa	West Bekaa	21	22	9,394
North	El Minieh-Dennie	38	52	11,816
North	Zgharta	24	24	11,435
North	Tripoli	10	14	8,672
North	El Batroun	44	44	4,993
North	El Koura	34	38	9,802
Bekaa	Rachaya	16	16	2,416
South	Jezzine	29	29	4,673
El Nabatieh	Hasbaya	9	9	1,759
El Nabatieh	El Nabatieh	5	5	1,136
North	Bcharre	8	8	656
El Nabatieh	Marjaayoun	2	2	339
El Nabatieh	Bent Jbeil	2	2	349
South	Sour	2	2	8,690
Total		828	1,012	541,527

Chart 1: IDPs distribution by district of arrival

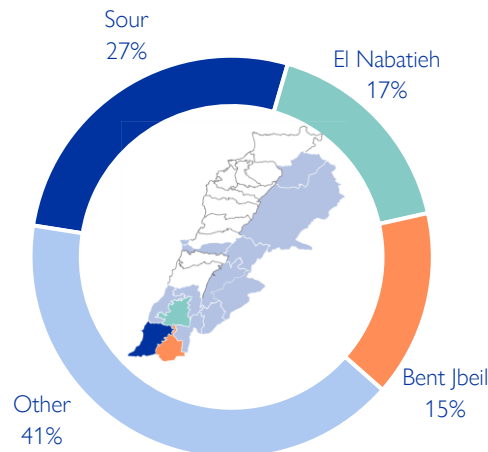


As of 2 October, Lebanon has recorded 541,527 internally displaced persons (IDPs), showing around 56% increase since 29 September. IDPs have sought safety in 1,012 locations (villages or neighbourhoods) across 828 cadasters throughout Lebanon. Displacement has been observed in 26 out of the 26 districts across all eight governorates. 63% of the IDPs are in five districts out of the total 26 districts hosting IDPs—specifically, Beirut, Chouf, Akkar, Aley, and El Meten.

Displacement within Lebanon – By district of departure

Governorate	District	IDPs
South	Sour	145,273
El Nabatieh	El Nabatieh	91,970
El Nabatieh	Bent Jbeil	82,042
El Nabatieh	Marjaayoun	78,798
Mount Lebanon	Baabda	54,648
South	Saida	32,163
Baalbek-El Hermel	Baalbek	27,984
Beirut	Beirut	14,175
El Nabatieh	Hasbaya	7,569
Bekaa	West Bekaa	2,993
South	Jezzine	1,615
Bekaa	Zahle	996
Bekaa	Rachaya	876
Baalbek-El Hermel	El Hermel	425
Total		541,527

Chart 2: IDPs distribution by district of departure



The majority of IDPs (59%) originate from three districts. These three districts span along the Southern border of Lebanon. Specifically, 27% are from Sour, 17% are from El Nabatieh, and 15% are from Bent Jbeil. The remaining 41% originate from 11 different districts.

New displacement within Lebanon – By district of arrival

Governorate	District	# of Cadasters	# of Locations	IDPs
Mount Lebanon	Chouf	58	72	39,486
Mount Lebanon	Aley	47	57	26,115
Akkar	Akkar	104	140	25,340
Beirut	Beirut	8	29	20,607
South	Saida	19	32	20,100
Mount Lebanon	Jbeil	50	52	15,918
Mount Lebanon	El Meten	42	52	10,256
Mount Lebanon	Baabda	36	41	7,173
Bekaa	Zahle	24	26	7,111
South	Sour	2	2	6,695
Baalbek-El Hermel	Baalbek	18	19	6,432
Bekaa	West Bekaa	6	6	6,169
North	El Koura	21	22	5,175
North	El Minieh-Dennie	21	26	5,034
Mount Lebanon	Kesrwane	32	37	4,698
North	Zgharta	14	14	4,250
North	El Batroun	33	33	3,297
North	Tripoli	9	13	2,165
El Nabatieh	Hasbaya	9	9	1,118
Bekaa	Rachaya	7	7	797
South	Jezzine	9	9	745
El Nabatieh	El Nabatieh	3	3	571
El Nabatieh	Marjaayoun	2	2	162
El Nabatieh	Bent Jbeil	2	2	116
Baalbek-El Hermel	El Hermel	1	2	105
North	Bcharre	4	4	79
Total		581	711	219,714

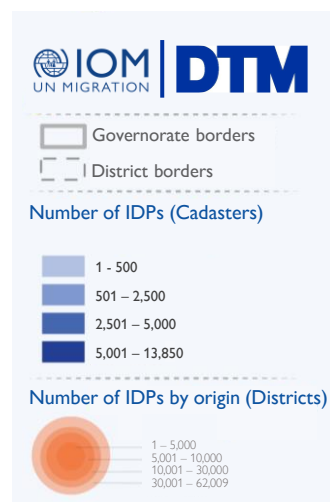
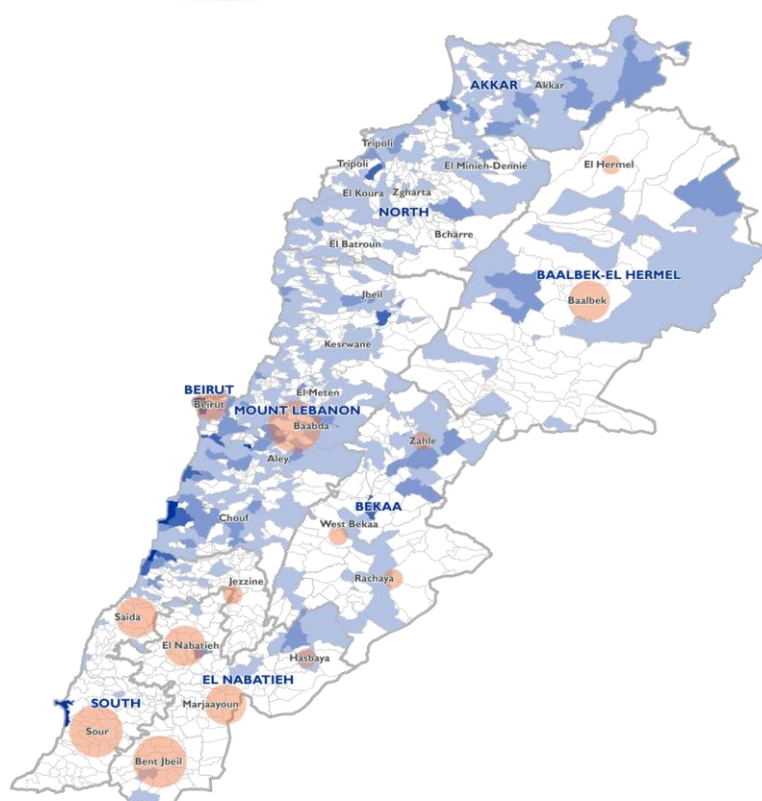
In the past week, there have been 165,088 new displacements. These individuals might be experiencing displacement for the first time or undergoing secondary movement.

The majority of newly displaced individuals come from Sour (28%), Bent Jbeil (16%), Baabda (15%), El Nabatieh (13%), and Marjaayoun (11%) districts. The remaining 17% relocated from Baalbek, Saida, Beirut, Hasbaya, West Bekaa, Rachaya, Zahle, Jezzine, and El Hermel districts.

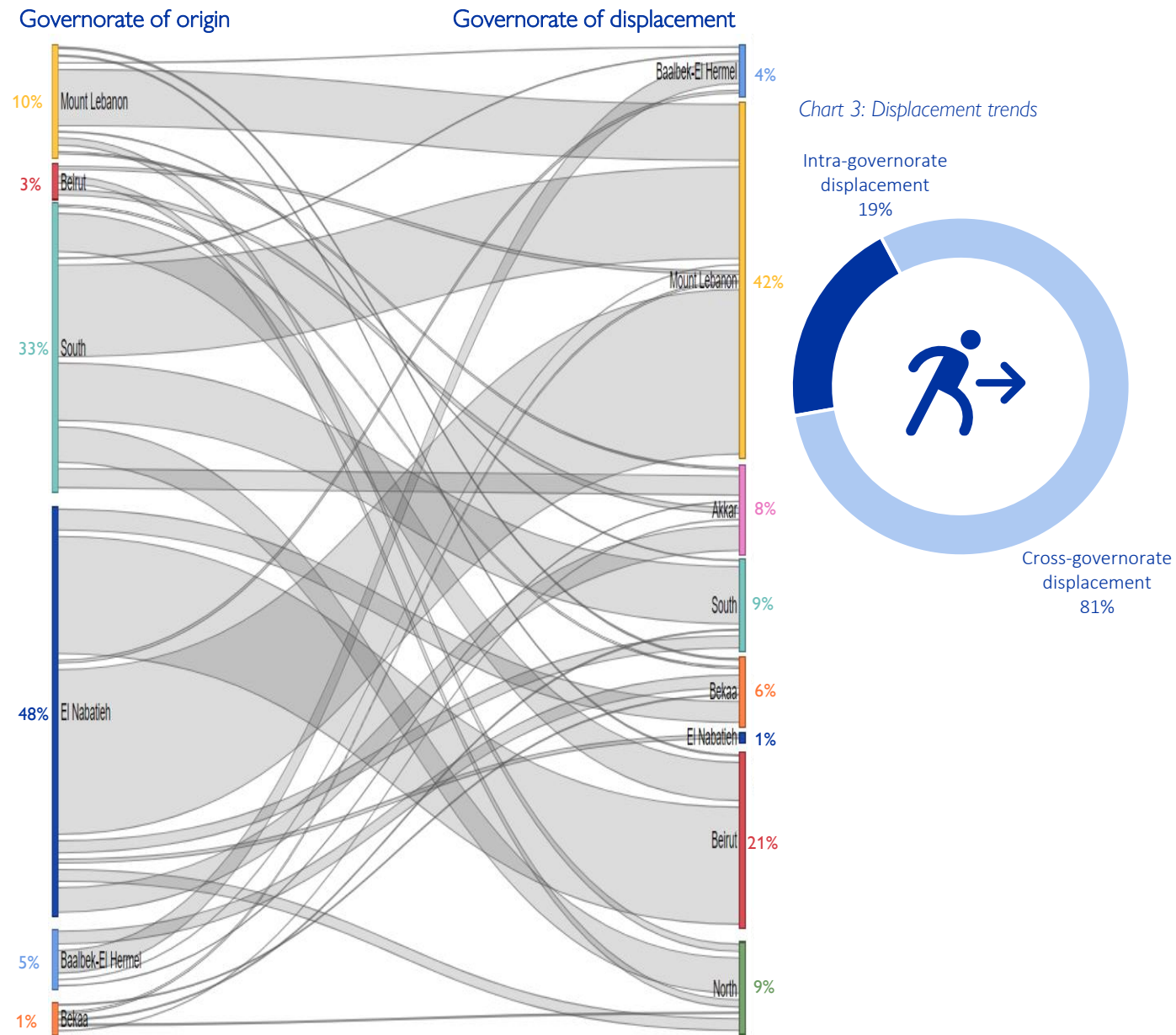
Over the past week, the top five destinations (districts) for newly displaced individuals were Chouf (18%), Aley (12%), Akkar (12%), Beirut (9%), and Saida (9%).

The increase in total number of IDPs may not always align with the number of new arrivals within a specific period. This difference often occurs when Key Informants (KIs) report cumulative totals that include previously uncounted IDPs.

Newly arrived IDPs by cadaster of arrival and district of origin

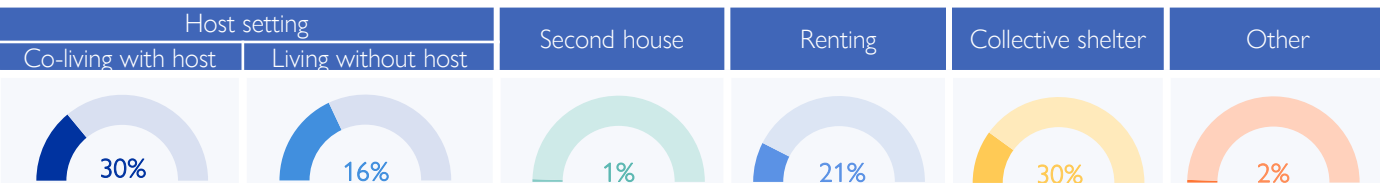


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Overall, 81% of the displacement has occurred outside the boundaries of the IDPs' governorate of origin. While 48% (260,375) of the IDPs originate from El Nabatieh, of this population 99% fled to locations outside the boundaries of the governorate. Similarly, in the South governorate, where 33% (179,051) of IDPs originated, 77% of these IDPs chose to move outside the boundaries of the governorate. However, in Mount Lebanon governorate, where 10% (54,648) of IDPs originated, 74% of these IDPs chose to move internally within the boundaries of the governorate.

IDPs distribution by shelter type – By Governorate



Around 46% of IDPs are currently living in host settings, around 30% are housed in 797 collective shelters, while 21% have opted for rental housing. Another 1% have relocated to their secondary residences. Meanwhile, 2% are living in unfinished buildings, tents, parks, on the streets, or self-settled.

Of the 46% in host settings, 165,062 are co-living with non-internally displaced families, while 86,023 reside separately. Notably, 67% of the 251,085 individuals in host settings are living in overcrowded conditions according to the perception of IOM DTM key informants.

Governorate	Host setting		Second house	Renting	Collective shelter	Other
	Co-living with host	Living without host				
Bekaa	40%	1%	0%	17%	41%	1%
Baalbek-El Hermel	13%	22%	4%	1%	50%	10%
Beirut	51%	3%	1%	2%	38%	5%
El Nabatieh	9%	35%	0%	25%	31%	0%
Mount Lebanon	26%	15%	1%	32%	26%	0%
North	13%	27%	0%	29%	28%	3%
South	25%	26%	0%	20%	29%	0%
Akkar	28%	36%	1%	15%	16%	6%

Displacement demographics

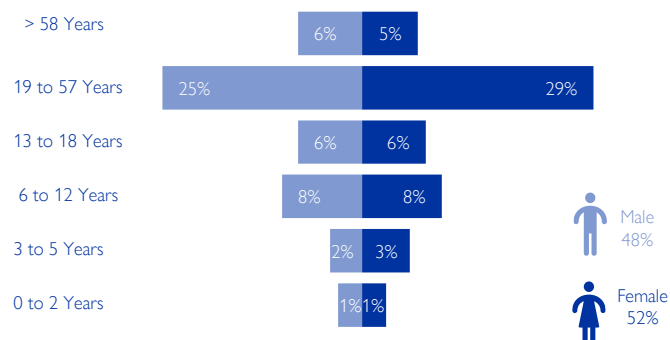


Chart 4: Displacement demographics – Based on Round 45

35% of IDPs are children (< 18 years), while 34% are female adults and 31% are male adults.

Note: These figures represent sample data of 2 households per location provided by key informants and do not reflect the entire IDP population in each area.

Methodology

The objective of the Mobility Snapshot is to support the humanitarian community in preparedness and response planning. Multi-layered data is routinely captured through Rounds using a suite of methodological tools designed to track and monitor displacement. These tools are in line with the [DTM Global Methodological Framework](#).

Data is collected nationwide through a combination of face-to-face and remote data collection methods, utilizing a network of over 50 enumerators and 1,500 key informants. These key informants consist of government officials, mukhtars, community representatives, and neighborhood focal points.

The following citation is required when using any data and information included in this information product: "International Organization for Migration (IOM), September 2024. DTM Mobility Snapshot, Round 50 IOM, Lebanon". For more information on terms and conditions of DTM reports and information products, please refer to <https://dtm.iom.int/terms-and-conditions>.