DISPLACEMENT TRACKING MATRIX — NIGERIA EMERGENCY TRACKING TOOL (ETT)

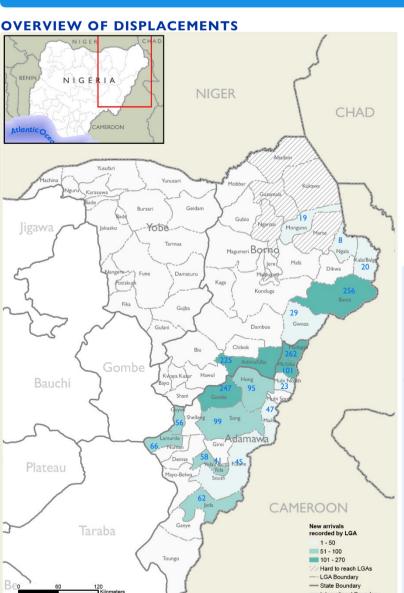


SUMMARY OF MOVEMENTS IN BORNO AND ADAMAWA STATES, 26 August - 01 September 2024

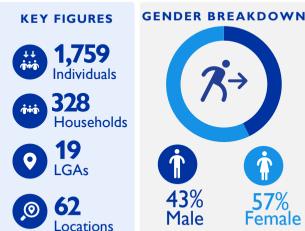
DASHBOARD: 395

DATA COLLECTION: Week 34, 2024

DATE OF PUBLICATION: 06 September 2024



This map is for illustration purposes only. Names and boundaries on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by ION.



METHODOLOGY The DTM Emergency

The DTM Emergency Tracking Tool (ETT) is deployed to track and collect information on large and sudden population movements, provide frequent updates on the scale of displacement and quantify the affected population when needed. As a sub-component of the mobility tracking methodology in Nigeria, ETT utilizes direct observations and a broad network of key informants to capture the best estimates of the affected population per location, enabling targeted humanitarian response planning.

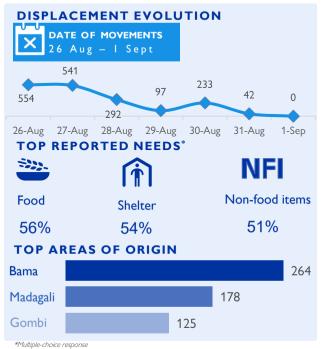
LIMITATIONS

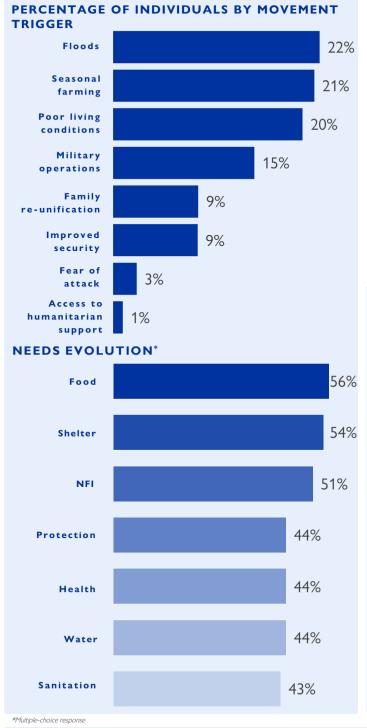
The ETT figures reported are not cumulative of all the affected persons thus far but rather provide a snapshot of the current displacement situation on the date indicated. The data and information reported on this dashboard are related solely to the movements caused by the triggers on page two between 26 August – 01 September 2024.

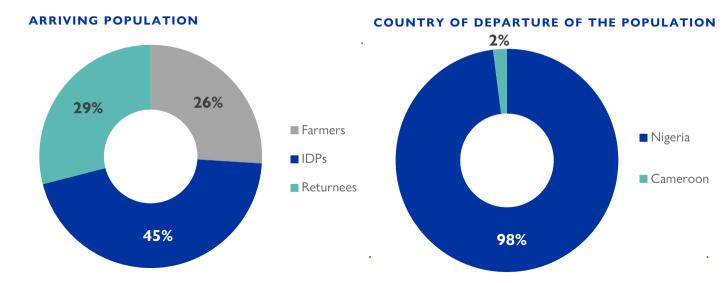
ALERT SUMMARY

Between 26 August and 01 September 2024, a total of 1,759 new arrivals were recorded at locations in Adamawa and Borno states. The new arrivals were recorded at locations in Askira/Uba, Bama, Gwoza, Kala Balge, Monguno and Ngala local government areas (LGAs) of the most conflict-affected Borno State, and in Fufore, Gombi, Guyuk, Hong, Jada, Lamurde, Madagali, Maiha, Michika, Mubi North, Song, Yola North and Yola South LGAs of Adamawa State.

ETT assessments identified the following movement triggers: flood (386 individuals or 22%), seasonal farming (376 individuals or 21%), poor living conditions (354 individuals or 20%), military operations (264 individuals or 15%), family re-unification (159 individuals or 9%), improved security (158 individuals or 7%), fear of attack (44 individuals or 3%) and access to humanitarian support (18 individuals or 1%).







155 MUAC

Children (6 – 59 months)
Screened for malnutrition.
Category of screened children.

Green: 126

Yellow: 17

Red: 12

MALNUTRITION SCREENING SUMMARY OF THE NEW ARRIVALS (CHILDREN 6 – 59 MONTHS)

Between 26 August and 01 September 2024, an exhaustive nutrition screening using Mid-Upper Arm Circumference (MUAC) and oedema for acute malnutrition was conducted by sector partners for 155 children aged 6-59 months. Of the 155 children screened, the MUAC reading indicated that 12 were recorded in the red category, 17 in the yellow category and 126 in the green category. No case of oedema was reported in the seven LGAs assessed.

Among the 155 children screened, 28 arrived from neighbouring countries (28 in Mobbar LGA); of all the 28 children measured; 26 were in green, two were in yellow and none in the red category. All children found with acute malnutrition have been admitted to the treatment programme.

Please note, the data presented above are not surveillance results and should be interpreted with caution.

MUAC Categories							
Green (≥12.5cm)		Yellow (11.5cm – 12.5cm)		Red (<11.5cm)		Total	
Inaccessible	Accessible	Inaccessible	Accessible	Inaccessible	Accessible		
76	0	11	0	8	0	95	
3	0	2	0	1	0	6	
6	0	1	0	3	0	10	
0	3	0	0	0	0	3	
0	26	0	2	0	0	28	
10	0	0	0	0	0	10	
2	0	1	0	0	0	3	
97	29	15	2	12	0	155	
	76 3 6 0 10 2	Inaccessible	Inaccessible	Inaccessible Accessible Inaccessible Accessible Accessible	Inaccessible Accessible Inaccessible Accessible Inaccessible 76 0 11 0 8 3 0 2 0 1 6 0 1 0 3 0 3 0 0 0 0 26 0 2 0 10 0 0 0 0 2 0 1 0 0	Inaccessible Accessible Inaccessible Accessible Inaccessible Accessible A	

Nourished Moderate Acute Malnutrition (MAM) Severe Acute Malnutrition (SAM)



DISPLACEMENT BREAKDOWN - only the movements with 19 persons and above are listed below.

Arrival location				Number of individuals			
State	LGA	Ward	State	LGA	Ward	Number of individuals	
	Fufore	Fufore	Adamawa	Maiha	Sorau 'A'	26	
	ruiore	Ribadu	Addillawa	Yola South	Bole Yolde Pate	19	
			Adamawa	Girei	Dakri	23	
		Garkida	Borno	Askira/Uba	Ngulde	42	
				Hawul	Shaffa	34	
		Gombi North	Adamawa	Hong	Garaha	21	
	Gombi			Michika	Minkisi/ Wuro Ngiki	31	
		Gombi South		Song	Zumo	34	
		Guyaku		Girei	Damare	21	
				Song	Sigire	19	
		Tawa		Maiha	Maiha Gari	22	
	Guyuk	Guyuk	Adamawa	Guyuk	Banjiram	56	
		Bangshika		Madagali	K/Wuro Ngayandi	43	
	Hong	Kwarhi	Adamawa			52	
	Jada	Leko	Adamawa	Jada	Jada li	27	
		Lafiya	Adamawa	Lamurde	Waduku	30	
Adamawa	Lamurde	Ngbakowo	Gombe	Kaltungo	Ture I	36	
		Belel	Borno	Kwaya/Kusar	Kurba	20	
		Duhu/Shuwa		Askira/Uba	Husara/Tampul	36	
				Gwoza	Gwoza Wakane/Bulabulin	44	
	Madagali	K/Wuro Ngayandi	Adamawa	Hawul	Kwarhi	52	
		Madagali	Borno	Gwoza	Gwoza Wakane/Bulabulin	51	
		Pallam	<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>	Mubi South	Lamorde	30	
		Shelmi/Sukur/Vapura	Adamawa	Yola North	Jambutu	29	
	Maiha	Sorau 'A'	Adamawa	Madagali	Babel	21	
		Madzi		Michika	Thukudou/Sufuku/Zah	19	
	Michika	Michika I	Adamawa	Song	Song Waje	21	
		Minkisi/ Wuro Ngiki		Gombi	Gombi North	31	
	Mubi North	Lokuwa	Gombe	Akko	Kashere	23	
	Song	Song Gari		Fufore	Fufore	26	
		Song Waje	Adamawa	Michika	Michika I	21	
		Zumo		Gombi	Gombi South	34	
		Husara/Tampul	Adamawa	Madagali	Duhu/Shuwa	36	
		Mussa	Borno	Chibok	Kautikari	43	
Borno	Askira/Uba	Ngulde	Adamawa	Gombi	Garkida	42	
			Borno	Chibok	Mbalala	33	
		Zadawa/Hausari	Adamawa	Mubi North	Bahuli	23	
	Bama	Buduwa/Bula Chirabe	Borno	Bama	Dipchari/Jere/Dar-Jamal/Kotembe	202	









