FLASH REPORT 175: HEAVY RAINFALL AND FLOOD North-west/North-central Nigeria

Benue, Katsina and Zamfara states — Nigeria



03 September 2024



8,578 Individuals Affected



10 Affected Locations



1,475
Damaged
Shelters



107 Casualties

Movement Trigger:





Event Overview

Between 27 and 30 August 2024, heavy rainfalls in Benue State caused extensive floodings in Makurdi and Tarka local government areas (LGAs). The floods affected the communities of Behind the Radio Benue in Bar ward, Kighir in Modern Market ward, and Agwan Kabawa in North Bank ward (Makurdi LGA) and Sunshine Secondary School areas in Mchaver Ikyondo ward and Market Square areas in Mbaikyo ward (Tarka LGA). The floods affected 1,487 individuals in 196 households. One injury was also reported. The affected individuals included 1,051 children, 268 women and 168 men.

On 26 and 30 August 2024, heavy rainfalls resulting in floods in the communities of Walawa in Magami ward of Mani LGA and Tigirmis in Dandagoro ward in Batagarawa LGA, all in Katsina State. There were reports of three injuries and one fatality. The flood affected 1,535 individuals in 182 households. The affected individuals included 1,006 children, 297 women and 232 men.

Also, between 26 and 31 August 2024, heavy rains led to flooding in the communities of Sabon Unguwa and Sibiri in Bungudu ward of Bungudu LGA, Sabon Gari, Alkalawa, Bakin Tasha, Bakin Marna, Ajiyawa, Jangeru and Shanawa in Shinkafi North ward of Shinkafi LGA, all in Zamfara State. There were reports of 100 injuries and one fatality. The floods affected 5,556 individuals in 1,042 households. The affected individuals included 3,116 children, 1,343 women and 1,097 men.

Of all the needs identified, non-food items (NFIs), food, and shelter were the most prevalent. Other needs included WASH, health and transport.

Following these events, DTM (Displacement Tracking Matrix) field staff conducted rapid assessments to inform the humanitarian community and Government/partners, and to enable a targeted response.

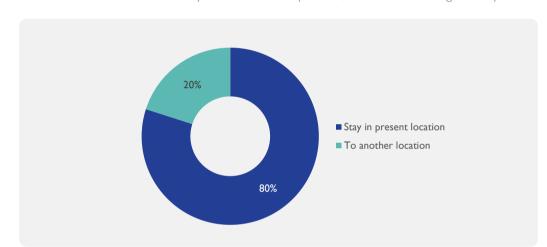
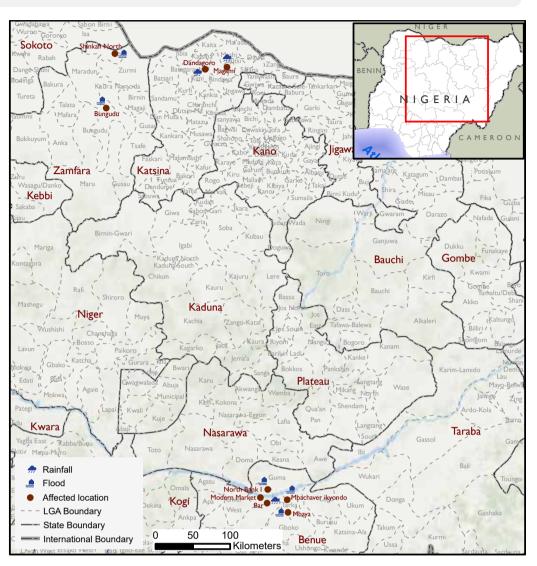


Fig. 1. Movement Intention



Fig. 2. Most needed assistance



Map 1. Showing locations affected.

This map is for illustration purposes only. The boundaries and names shown, and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the International Organization for Migration.

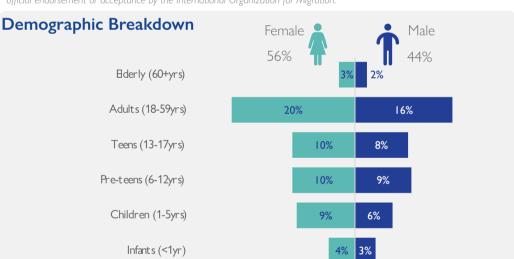


Fig. 3. Gender breakdown of affected population

Fig. 2. 1*10	ist needed assistai	nce	rig. 5. Gender breakdown of affected population							
State	LGA	Ward	Incident type	Number of Affected Household				Casualty		Number of fully Damaged
					Male	Female	Total	7	Damaged Shelters	Shelters
Benue	Makurdi	Bar	Rainfall	32	88	90	178	0	8	0
		Modern Market	Floods	90	218	331	549	0	0	0
		North Bank I	Floods	55	229	371	600	0	0	0
	Tarka	Mbachaver Ikyondo	Floods	15	43	77	120	1	1	0
		Mbaikyo/Mbayia	Floods	4	14	26	40	0	1	0
Katsina	Mani	Magami	Rainfall	6	21	23	44	0	0	6
	Batagarawa	Dandagoro	Rainfall	176	658	833	1,491	4	116	60
Zamfara	Bungudu	Bungudu	Floods	717	1,751	2,125	3,876	91	234	699
	Shinkafi	Shinkafi North	Floods	325	754	926	1,680	11	153	197
Total				1,420	3,776	4,802	8,578	107	513	962

Methodology: Crises and emergencies require the humanitarian community to act urgently. As a subcomponent of DTM's mobility tracking, flash reports utilise direct observation and a broad network of key informants to monitor sudden displacement resulting from events like natural disasters or attacks and collect information on the number, profile, and immediate needs of affected populations. In the initial 24 - 48 hours after an incident, DTM Nigeria activates a rapid assessment to document the event, urgent needs of affected individuals, demographic information, and impact. If displacement occurs, DTM Nigeria issues an Early Warning Flash/Incident report within 72 hours, notifying partners and stakeholders.

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