FLOW MONITORING REGISTRY DASHBOARD

NON-YEMENI MIGRANT ARRIVALS IN JULY 2024

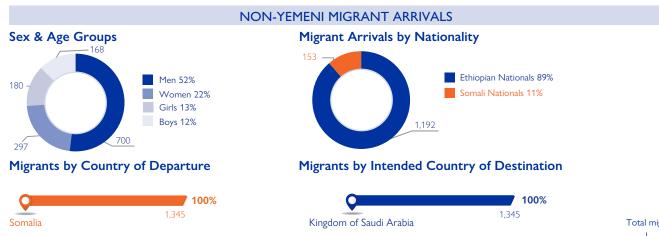


OVERVIEW: The Flow Monitoring Registry (FMR) of the IOM Yemen Displacement Tracking Matrix (DTM) monitors the arrival of migrants along Yemen's southern coastal border and the return of Yemeni nationals along its northern border with the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia (KSA) to identify migration patterns and provide quantitative estimates of the irregular migrant population entering the country. It's crucial to understand that the FMR does not capture all migration flows as demonstrated by departures to Yemen captured by IOM DTM Djibouti to areas along the West Coast of Yemen which have remained inaccessible for assessments. Instead, it provides indicative insights into migration trends based on a known total number of migrants arriving along monitored coast and land borders during the reporting period.

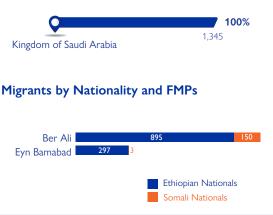
SUMMARY OF FINDINGS: In July 2024, the IOM Yemen DTM tracked 1,345 migrants entering Yemen, a 26 per cent decrease from the total figure reported in the previous month (1,820 migrants). All migrants (100%) left from Bari Region in Somalia.

Among the total migrants recorded, 26 per cent were children, 22 per cent were women, and 52 per cent were men.

Typically, Lahj serves as an entry point for migrants departing through Djibouti whereas Shabwah serves as an entry point for migrants departing through Somalia. During this reporting period, all recorded departed from Somalia to the coastal area of Shabwah Governorate. During the same period, no migrants departing from

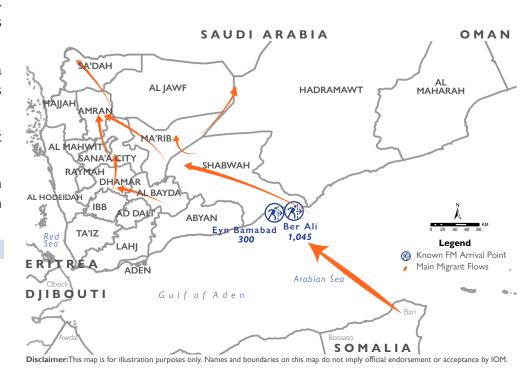




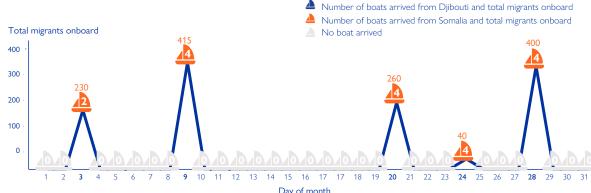




Djibouti to Lahj were tracked by IOM, likely due to measures taken by the government to combat smuggling. Since those measures were implemented, starting August 2023, the flow of migrants along this route has been nearly absent in the months that followed, with one exception in December 2023 when a boat brought 110 migrants to shore.







GLOBAL DATA INSTITUTE DISPLACEMENT TRACKING MATRIX

YEMENI MIGRANTS RETURNING TO YEMEN

NON-YEMENI MIGRANTS LEAVING YEMEN

4,172 **%** Yemeni Migrant Returnees



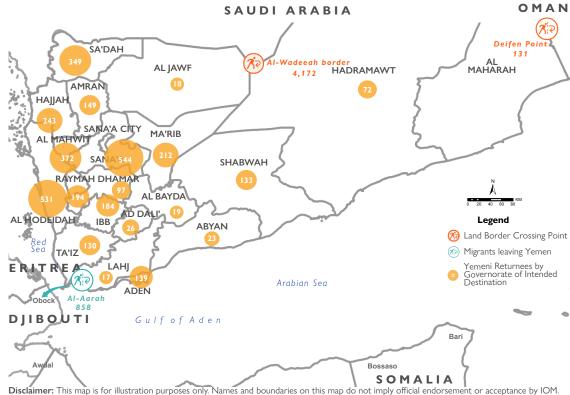
Non-Yemeni Migrants leaving Yemen

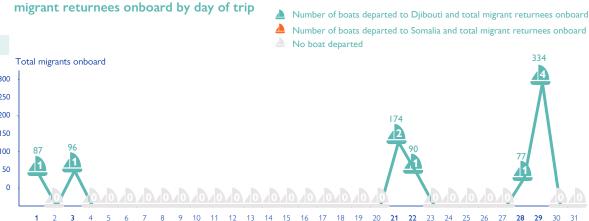
The DTM team identified 4,172 Yemeni returnees in July 2024, a 17 per cent increase compared to the number of returnees in June (3,556 individuals). Additionally, the team recorded a total of 131 migrants that were deported from Oman back to Deifen Point in Shahan district of Al Maharah Governorate, Yemen. The majority (92%) of deported migrants were Ethiopian nationals, while only eight per cent were Yemeni nationals.

While the worsening humanitarian crisis in Yemen has compelled some migrants to make the difficult decision to return to their home countries in the Horn of Africa, others have reportedly been returned by government authorities. In July 2024, DTM recorded a total of 858 migrants leaving Yemen either voluntarily or returned by boat from Yemen. This group was composed of 96 per cent men, two per cent women, and two per cent children.

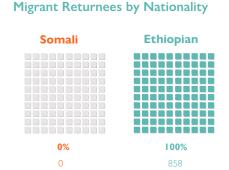
Furthermore, in July 2024, the Djibouti DTM team reported a total of 1,000 migrants (95% men, 4% women, and 1% children) arrived in Djibouti from Yemen. These figures underscore the significant challenges migrants in Yemen face and the desperate circumstances that have led them to risk dangerous sea voyages.

YEMENI MIGRANT RETURNEES Sex & Age Groups **Vulnerabilities** Number of Returnees by Travel Documents and Month 7,000 6.000 4,000 3.000 2.000 Sept 23 Oct 23 204 23 Dec 23 1817 24 Feb 24 MAR 24 Unaccompanied children Men 97% Boys 1% Elderly Persons (60+) Total number of boats and total non-Yemeni Women 1% Girls 1% Children less than 5 Years Yemenis returned with Travel Documents Pregnant or Lactating Yemenis returned without Travel Documents





NON-YEMENI MIGRANTS LEAVING YEMEN





Norwegian Ministry