FLASH ALERT OVERVIEW

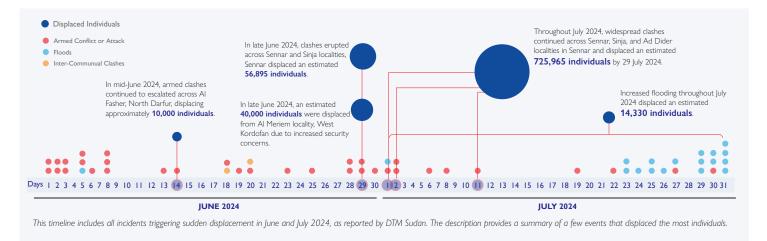
Update 002 | Publication Date: 13 August 2024 Reporting Period: 01 June - 31 July 2024





Graph 1: Types of Reported Incidents Triggering Displacement, 01 June - 31 July 2024

Note: DTM Sudan regularly releases Early Warning Flash Alerts to report on specific incidents that triggered sudden displacement in Sudan. Flash alerts provide preliminary estimates related to displacement due to a specific incident, pending on-going verification from DTM field teams. Figures in flash alerts therefore may or may not be indicative of broader displacement dynamics. Further information on displacement in Sudan is available on the DTM-IOM Sudan website and in the DTM Sudan Mobility Update. This report represents an analysis of Early Warning Flash Alerts released between 01 June and 31 July 2024.



Graph 2: Incidents Triggering Sudden Displacement in Sudan, 01 June – 31 July 2024

OVERVIEW

Between 01 June and 31 July 2024, DTM Sudan reported 55 incidents the escalation of clashes across Sennar state, which triggered natural hazards (18), attacks or fears of attacks (15), and inter-communal clashes (2). States with the most reported incidents River Nile.¹ were North Darfur (20), Sennar (5), and South Kordofan (4).

The increase in reported flash alerts between June and July reflected

that triggered sudden displacement, including armed clashes (20), widespread displacement both within the state and to other neighbouring states, including Gedaref, Blue Nile, Kassala, Red Sea and

> The overall increase in flash alerts throughout July also reflects displacement due to severe rain and floods reported across 11 states.²

* ARMED CLASHES

Of the 55 total reported incidents between 01 June and 31 July 2024, 35 incidents (63%) related to incidents of armed conflict, attacks, or increased security concerns. These reported incidents displaced an estimated total of 235,655 individuals.

The majority related to the escalation of clashes in Al Fasher town, North Darfur. While clashes during April and May 2024 primarily occurred in northern neighbourhoods, clashes during June and July 2024 were reported across western and southern neighborhoods of Al Fasher town.3 Several private and public facilities were reportedly impacted by the clashes, including Abu Shock IDP Camp, as well as schools and other public buildings hosting displaced communities. Field teams also noted many instances of secondary and tertiary displacement to locations south of Al Fasher locality as a result of the continued clashes.

Increased clashes across El Fula town, As Salam locality in West Kordofan also triggered widespread displacement during June 2024, while an estimated 40,000 individuals (8,000 households) were displaced from locations in Al Meriam locality due to increased security concerns.

In addition to increased clashes across North Darfur and West Kordofan, DTM Sudan reported widespread displacement due to clashes across Sennar state, including from Sinja, Sennar, Ad Dinder and As Suki localities. Between 25 June and 29 July 2024, an estimated 725,965 individuals were displaced due to the escalation of clashes in Sennar, many of whom were initially displaced from Khartoum or Aj Jazirah.4 Of those displaced, approximately 37 per cent (269,575 IDPs) were displaced from Sennar originally, while 63 per cent (456,025 IDPs) were initially displaced from other states and were displaced again due to the escalation in clashes across Sennar state.

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^{1.} For further information, see Focused Flash Alert: Sennar (Update 01)

^{2.} For further information see, Natural Disaster Displacement Summary: Floods (Update 001).

^{3 .}For further information, see Focused Flash Alert: North Darfur (Update 03) 4. For further information, see Focused Flash Alert: Se

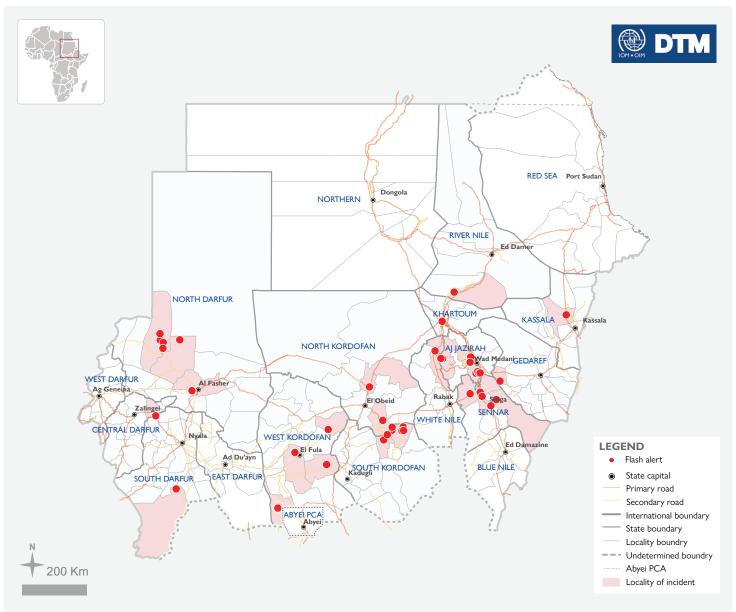
AUGUST 2024 FLASH ALERT OVERVIEW 02

MATURAL HAZARDS

DTM Sudan reported 18 incidents of heavy rain and floods, representing approximately 33 per cent of all reported incidents between June and July 2024. The majority (17 incidents) occurred in July 2024, when floods triggered displacement in multiple states, including Aj Jazirah, Central Darfur, Kassala, North Darfur, North Kordofan, Northern, Red Sea, River Nile, South Kordofan, West Darfur, and White Nile. Field teams reported that approximately 14,815 individuals (2,963 households) were displaced due to the floods and primarily sought shelter with host communities within the same locality of displacement.⁵

INTER-COMMUNAL CONFLICTS

Between June and July 2024, DTM Sudan reported two incidents of intercommunal conflict that displaced an estimated total of 460 individuals (92 households). Clashes between Hausa and Funj tribesmen reportedly displaced 460 individuals from Wad Al Mahi locality, Blue Nile on 18 June 2024, while clashes between Salamat and Habaniya tribesmen reportedly led to widespread displacement from Al Radoum locality, South Darfur on 20 June 2024.



All maps are for illustration purposes only. Names and boundaries on all maps do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by IOM. Map 1: Locations of Incidents Reported by DTM Early Warning Flash Alerts, 01 June - 31 July 2024

5. For further information, see Natural Disaster Displacement Summary: Floods (Update 001).

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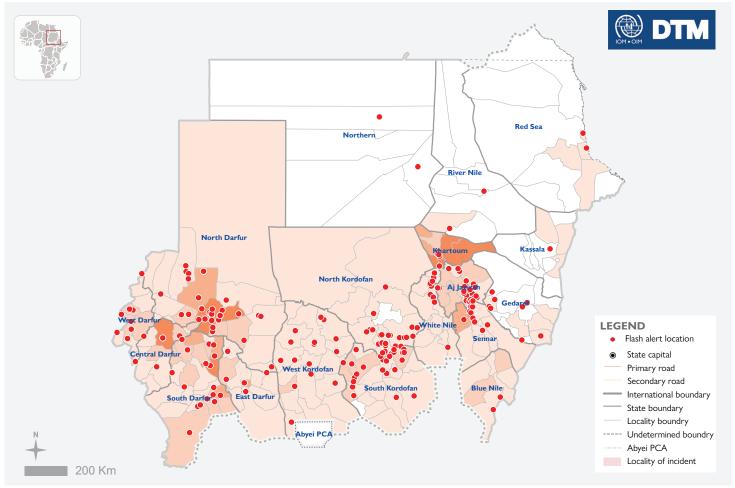
EARLY WARNING FLASH ALERTS SINCE 15 APRIL 2023

DTM Sudan released 308 Early Warning Flash Alerts since the outbreak of conflict on 15 April 2023, representing an average of 18 flash alerts per month. The most reported incidents were in North Darfur (79), South Kordofan (45) and South Darfur (35) states. The months with the most reported EWs were May 2024 (34), December 2023 (30), June 2024 (28), and July 2024 (27). The increase in flash alerts in May 2024 primarily reflected increased

displacement due to the escalation of conflict in North Darfur, while flash alerts in December 2023 reflected the expansion of conflict to Aj Jazirah. Flash alerts in May 2024 primarily reflected displacement due to the escalation of conflict in North Darfur. The increase during June and July 2024 reflected the spread of conflict to Sennar, as well as widespread flooding that triggered displacement across 11 states.



Graph 3: Types of Incidents Reported by DTM Early Warning Flash Alerts, 15 April 2023 - 31 July 2024



All maps are for illustration purposes only. Names and boundaries on all maps do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by IOM. Map 2: IDP Localities of Origin and Locations of Incidents Reported by DTM Flash Alerts, 15 April 2023 - 31 July 2024



ABOUT EARLY WARNING FLASH ALERTS

DTM Sudan regularly releases Early Warning Flash Alerts to report on specific incidents that triggered or may trigger sudden displacement across Sudan, including armed clashes, inter/intracommunal conflicts, attacks, or natural hazards (floods or wildfires). DTM Sudan usually releases a flash alert within 24 to 48 hours of a reported incident. Figures in flash alerts represent preliminary estimates of displacement due to a specific event, and therefore may or may not be indicative of broader displacement dynamics. More granular data on displacement and mobility in Sudan is available on the DTM-IOM Sudan website and in the DTM Sudan Mobility Update (5).

DTM Sudan also publishes a Natural Disaster Displacement Summary, which compiles DTM updates on displacement specifically due to fires between April and July, and floods between June and October.

DTM Sudan Early Warning Flash Alerts are distributed via the DTM Sudan mailing list.

DISCLAIMER AND METHODOLOGY

DTM Sudan is a suite of methodological tools which aims to track and monitor displacement. DTM collects primary data, with a focus on providing best estimates for the wider humanitarian community. Due to ongoing insecurity, DTM relies on a combination of face-to-face and remote interviews with key informants. For further information, see <u>DTM Sudan Methodological Note</u>.

Figures should be treated as preliminary findings only and are subject to change via future verification exercises.

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