

# DISPLACEMENT TRACKING MATRIX — NIGERIA EMERGENCY TRACKING TOOL (ETT)

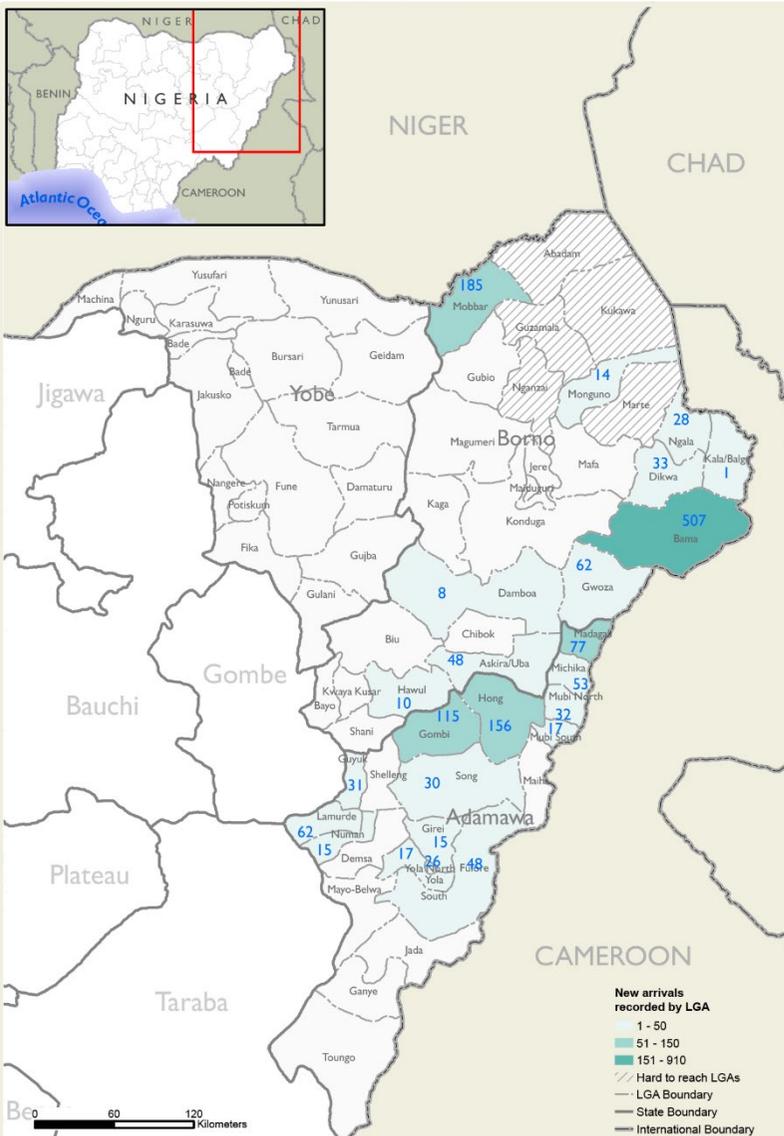
SUMMARY OF MOVEMENTS IN BORNO AND ADAMAWA STATES, 29 July – 04 August 2024

DASHBOARD: 391

DATA COLLECTION: Week 30, 2024

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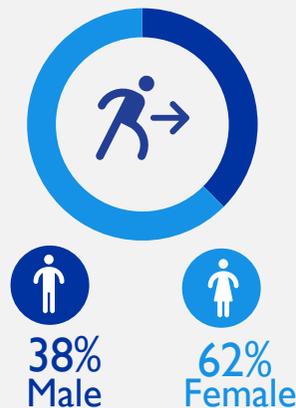
## OVERVIEW OF DISPLACEMENTS



### KEY FIGURES



### GENDER BREAKDOWN



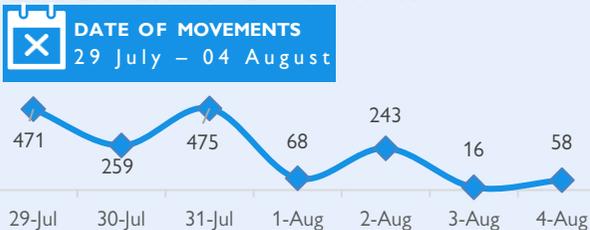
### METHODOLOGY

The DTM Emergency Tracking Tool (ETT) is deployed to track and collect information on large and sudden population movements, provide frequent updates on the scale of displacement and quantify the affected population when needed. As a sub-component of the mobility tracking methodology in Nigeria, ETT utilizes direct observations and a broad network of key informants to capture the best estimates of the affected population per location, enabling targeted humanitarian response planning.

### LIMITATIONS

The ETT figures reported are not cumulative of all the affected persons thus far but rather provide a snapshot of the current displacement situation on the date indicated. The data and information reported on this dashboard are related solely to the movements caused by the triggers on page two between 29 July – 04 August.

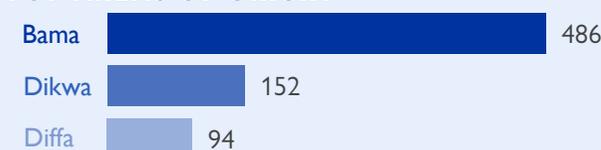
### DISPLACEMENT EVOLUTION



### TOP REPORTED NEEDS\*



### TOP AREAS OF ORIGIN



### ALERT SUMMARY

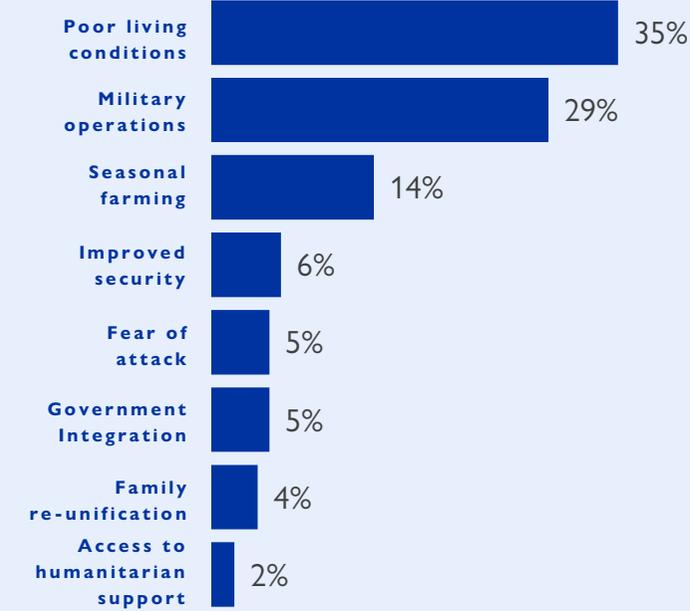
Between 29 July and 04 August 2024, a total of 1,590 new arrivals were recorded at locations in Adamawa and Borno states. The new arrivals were recorded at locations in Askira/Uba, Bama, Damboa, Dikwa, Gwoza, Hawul, Kala Balge, Mobbar, Monguno and Ngala Local Government Areas (LGAs) of the most conflict-affected Borno State, and in Fufore, Girei, Gombi, Guyuk, Hong, Lamurde, Madagali, Michika, Mubi North, Mubi South, Numan, Song, Yola North and Yola South LGAs of Adamawa State.

ETT assessments identified the following movement triggers: poor living conditions (564 individuals or 35%), military operation (461 individuals or 29%), seasonal farming (214 individuals or 14%), improved security (88 individuals or 6%), fear of attack (86 individuals or 5%), government re-integration (82 individuals or 5%), family re-unification (56 individuals or 4%) and access to humanitarian support (39 individuals or 2%).

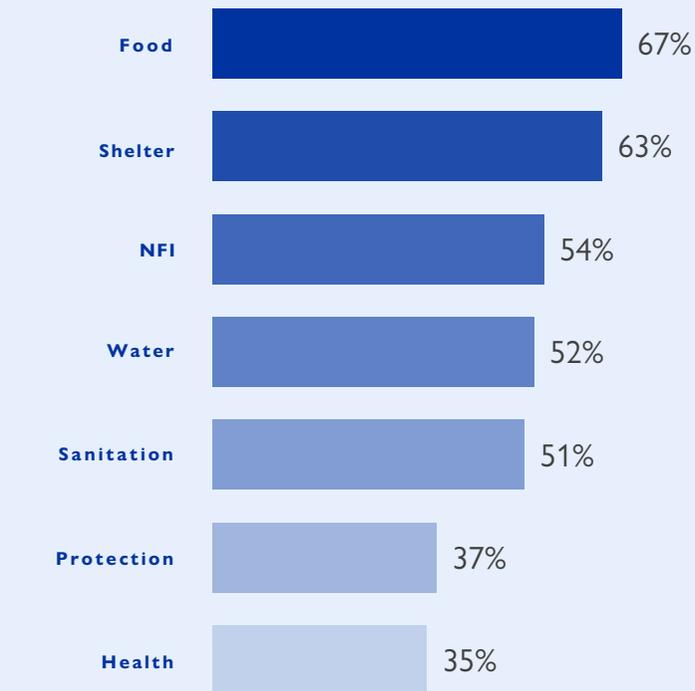
This map is for illustration purposes only. Names and boundaries on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by IOM.

\*Multiple-choice response

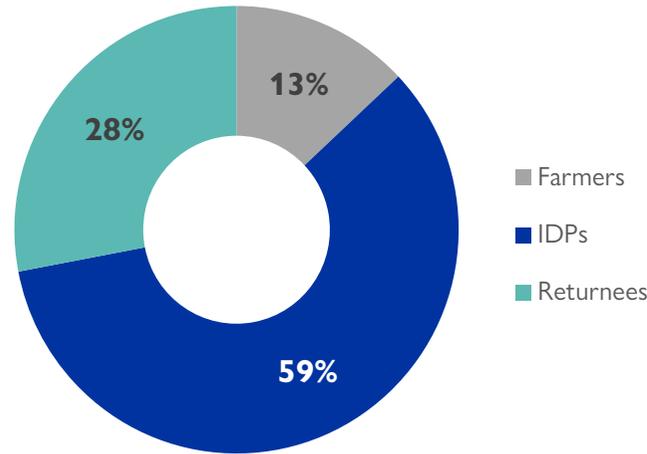
### PERCENTAGE OF INDIVIDUALS BY MOVEMENT TRIGGER



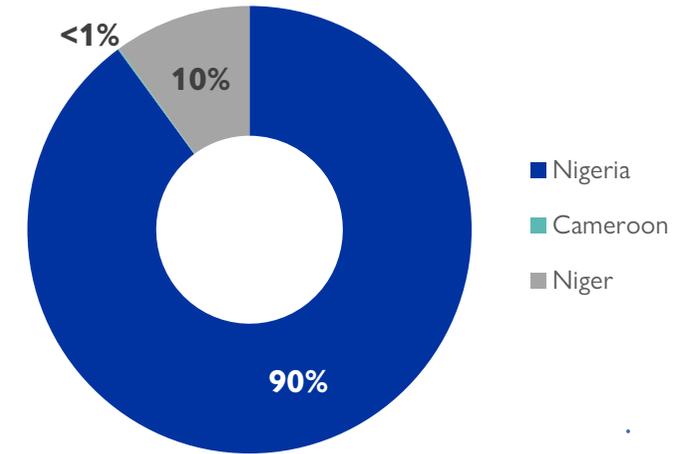
### NEEDS EVOLUTION\*



### ARRIVING POPULATION



### COUNTRY OF DEPARTURE OF THE POPULATION



### NEW ARRIVALS SCREENING BY NUTRITION PARTNERS



**227 MUAC**

Green: 122

Yellow: 47

Red: 58

Children (6 – 59 months)  
Screened for malnutrition.  
Category of screened children.

### MALNUTRITION SCREENING SUMMARY OF THE NEW ARRIVALS (CHILDREN 6 – 59 MONTHS)

Between 29 July and 04 August 2024, an exhaustive nutrition screening using Mid-Upper Arm Circumference (MUAC) and oedema for acute malnutrition was conducted by sector partners for 227 children aged 6-59 months. Of the 227 children screened, the MUAC reading indicated that 58 were recorded in the red category, 47 in the yellow category and 122 in the green category. No case of oedema was reported in the six LGAs assessed.

Among the 227 children screened, 21 arrived from neighbouring countries (19 in Mobbar LGA and 2 in Monguno LGA); of all the 21 children measured; 20 were in green, one was in yellow and none in the red category. All children found with acute malnutrition have been admitted to the treatment programme.

LGA	MUAC Categories						Total
	Green ( $\geq 12.5\text{cm}$ )		Yellow (11.5cm – 12.5cm)		Red ( $< 11.5\text{cm}$ )		
	Inaccessible	Accessible	Inaccessible	Accessible	Inaccessible	Accessible	
Bama	90	0	39	0	52	0	181
Dikwa	6	0	2	0	2	0	10
Gwoza	2	0	5	0	4	0	11
Mobbar	0	18	0	1	0	0	19
Monguno	2	2	0	0	0	0	4
Ngala	2	0	0	0	0	0	2
<b>Total</b>	<b>102</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>46</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>58</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>227</b>

Please note, the data presented above are not surveillance results and should be interpreted with caution.

■ Nourished

■ Moderate Acute Malnutrition (MAM)

■ Severe Acute Malnutrition (SAM)

\*Multiple-choice response

**DISPLACEMENT BREAKDOWN – only the movements with 12 persons and above are listed below.**

State	Arrival location		Movement location			Number of individuals
	LGA	Ward	State	LGA	Ward	
Adamawa	Fufore	Fufore	Adamawa	Yola South	Bole Yolde Pate	24
		Ribadu		Fufore	Wuro Bokki	24
	Girei	Girei I	Adamawa	Girei	Wuro Dole	15
	Gombi	Gombi North	Adamawa	Askira/Uba	Ngohi	52
				Yobe	Garbi/Bambori	44
	Guyuk	Chikila	Adamawa	Hong	Thilbank	19
				Mubi South	Dirbishi/Gandira	31
	Hong	Hong	Adamawa	Fufore	Ribadu	30
				Madagali	Duhu/Shuwa	58
				Yola North	Karewa	20
				Gombi	Gombi South	20
				Hong	Bangshika	12
	Lamurde	Lafiya	Adamawa	Lamurde	Waduku	34
			Gombe	Kaltungo	Ture I	28
	Madagali	Duhu/ Shuwa	Borno	Gwoza	Gwoza Town Gadamayo	18
		Gulak	Adamawa	Fufore	Beti	29
		Wula	Kaduna	Zangon Kataf	Kamuru Ikulu North	18
	Michika	Madzi	Adamawa	Hong	Thilbank	12
				Gombi	Ga'Anda	23
	Mubi North	Sabon Layi	Adamawa	Michika	Thukudou/Sufuku/Zah	20
				Yola South	Bole Yolde Pate	21
	Mubi South	Lamorde	Borno	Askira/Uba	Lassa	17
	Numan	Numan li	Adamawa	Mubi North	Vintim	15
	Song	Song Gari	Adamawa	Hong	Thilbank	15
Yola North	Jambutu	Adamawa	Maiha	Maiha Gari	12	
	Luggere		Gombi	Ga'Anda	14	
Yola South	Namtari	Benue	Guma	Abinsi	17	
Borno	Askira/Uba	Askira Esat	Borno	Chibok	Korongilim	14
		Zadawa/Hausari		Askira/Uba	Uba	25
	Bama	Buduwa/Bula Chirabe	Borno	Jere	Gomari	54
		Shehuri/Hausari/Mairi		Bama	Dipchari/Jere/Dar-Jamal/Kotembe	72
	Dikwa	Dikwa	Borno	Bama	Gulumba/Jukkuri/Batra	13
				Dikwa	Boboshe	20
	Gwoza	Gwoza Wakane/Bulabulin	Borno	Gwoza	Dure/Wala/Warabe	14
		Pulka Bokko		Bama	Dipchari/Jere/Dar-Jamal/Kotembe	14
	Mobbar	Damasak	Borno	Kukawa	Doro/Duguri	33
			Niger Republic	Diffa	Diffa	152
Ngala	Ngala	Borno	Konduga	Auno/Chabbol	28	