

OVERVIEW

Hurricane Beryl made landfall in Grenada and Saint Vincent and the Grenadines on the morning of 1 July 2024, before passing along the southwest of Jamaica between 2 and 3 July 2024. Extreme winds and storm surges in Grenada and St. Vincent and the Grenadines prompted a national level 1 emergency response with collaboration from the Caribbean Disaster Emergency Management Agency (CDEMA). This report provides profiles on shelter and NFI-related needs in assessed locations in Saint Vincent and the Grenadines and Grenada. As this was a rapid assessment, not all shelters could be covered, so these profiles serve as a baseline for displaced persons' locations post-Hurricane Beryl. Given the fluid situation and ongoing relief efforts, this report offers a snapshot of needs at the time of data collection.

METHODOLOGY

As part of the CDEMA-led Rapid Needs Assessment Team, in collaboration with National Emergency Management Office (NEMO -Saint Vincent and the Grenadines) and the National Disaster Management Agency (NaDMA – Grenada), data was collected by one IOM staff in each country. On one of the three days of data collection in Grenada, IOM staff assessed shelters together with NaDMA Shelter Committee and Ministry of Education representatives. Data was collected using a Displacement Tracking Matrix (DTM) Rapid Assessment form to structure the questions. Information was obtained through face-to-face semi-structured key informant interviews in both established and informal shelters, supplemented by observations from IOM staff.

DATA COLLECTION PERIOD

- 3 to 5 July in Saint Vincent and the Grenadines
- 6 to 8 July in Grenada

LIMITATIONS

Demographic Inconsistencies: Key informants could identify the total number of people in shelters, but age and sex breakdowns often did not match the totals reported by shelter managers.

Operational Constraints: Time limitations forced the team to focus on specific locations, ie Mainland in Grenada was not covered.

Closed Locations: The team sometimes arrived at locations with no interviewees, as people had moved or been evacuated for medical reasons.

15 TOTAL LOCATIONS ASSESSED

SAINT VINCENT AND THE GRENADINES

Coverage: Mainland, Union Island and Canouan



5 Shelters

GRENADA

Coverage: Carriacou and Petite Martinique



10 Shelters

15 interviews with shelter managers

27 people interviewed (key informants)



77.8% Female

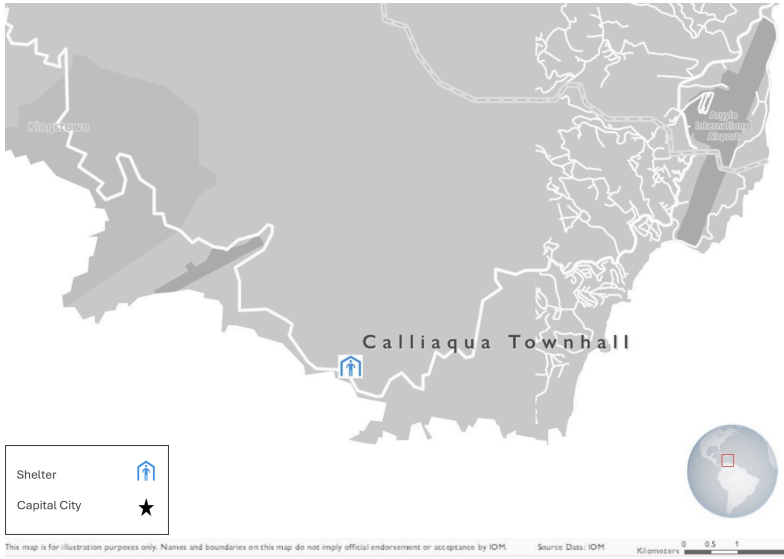


22.2% Male



St.Vicent and the Grenadines © IOM/ E.Loria 2024

Map 1. Location of Shelter



Perception about level of building damage in the community → **Mild (less than 10% of buildings in the community unusable due to damage / destruction)**

Basic services

Cell network for calls / SMS → **Fully functional**

	Before event	After event
Electricity services →	Functional (8+ hours per day)	Functional (8+ hours per day)

Population and displacement

- Residents staying in their pre-crisis homes → **No**
- Displaced from the same community (not able to stay in their pre-crisis homes) → **Yes**
- Displaced from a different community → **No**

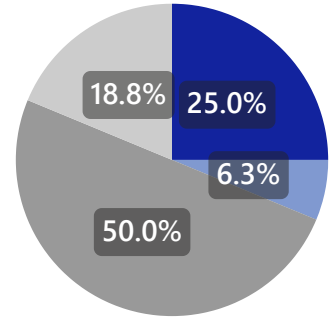
Challenges in displaced sites

Challenges
Lack of privacy inside shelter (no partitions, no doors)

Demographic profile

Total people
 16

- Males > 18
- Males < 18
- Females > 18
- Females < 18



Shelter needs

- Tarpaulin / plastic sheeting
- Bricks / stone blocks
- Concrete
- Basic electrical items (wiring, switches, sockets)
- Other (specify)

Percent of houses damaged

Completely destroyed	0
Severely damaged and inhabitable, structurally unsound	5
Significant damage but habitable, structurally sound	5
Minor damage	5
No damage	85

Priority needs

	1st	2nd	3rd
Water			
Food security			
Health			

Map 1. Location of Shelter



Perception about level of building damage in the community → **Mild (less than 10% of buildings in the community unusable due to damage / destruction)**

Basic services

Cell network for calls / SMS → **Fully functional**

Electricity services →

Before event	After event
Functional (8+ hours per day)	Functional (8+ hours per day)

Population and displacement

Residents staying in their pre-crisis homes → **No**

Displaced from the same community (not able to stay in their pre-crisis homes) → **No**

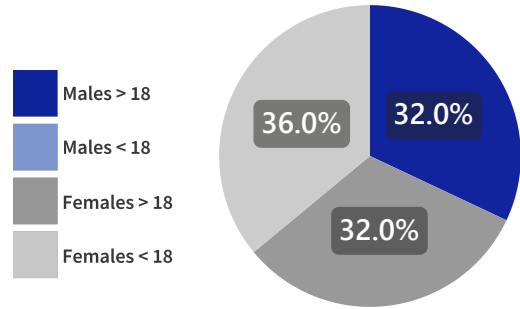
Displaced from a different community → **Yes**

Challenges in displaced sites

- Challenges**
- Lack of gender segregated bathing facilities
 - Lack of locks on latrines or bathing facilities

Demographic profile

Total people
25



Shelter needs

- UNKNOWN
- UNKNOWN
- UNKNOWN
- UNKNOWN
- UNKNOWN

Percent of houses damaged

Completely destroyed	0
Severely damaged and inhabitable, structurally unsound	5
Significant damage but habitable, structurally sound	5
Minor damage	5
No damage	85

Priority needs

	1st	2nd	3rd
	UNKNOWN	UNKNOWN	UNKNOWN

Map 1. Location of Shelter



Perception about level of building damage in the community



Not sure

Basic services



Cell network for calls / SMS



Fully functional

Electricity services



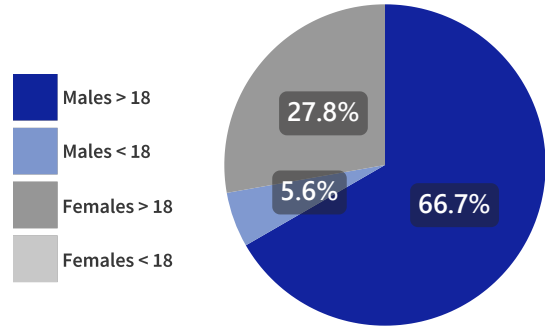
Before event	After event
Functional (8+ hours per day)	Not functional

Demographic profile

Total people



18



Shelter needs



- Generator
- Basic electrical items (wiring, switches, sockets)
- Other (specify)
- Dont answer
- Dont answer

Population and displacement



Residents staying in their pre-crisis homes



No

Displaced from the same community (not able to stay in their pre-crisis homes)



Yes

Displaced from a different community



No

Percent of houses damaged



Completely destroyed	Not sure
Severely damaged and inhabitable, structurally unsound	Not sure
Significant damage but habitable, structurally sound	Not sure
Minor damage	Not sure
No damage	Not sure

Challenges in displaced sites



Challenges

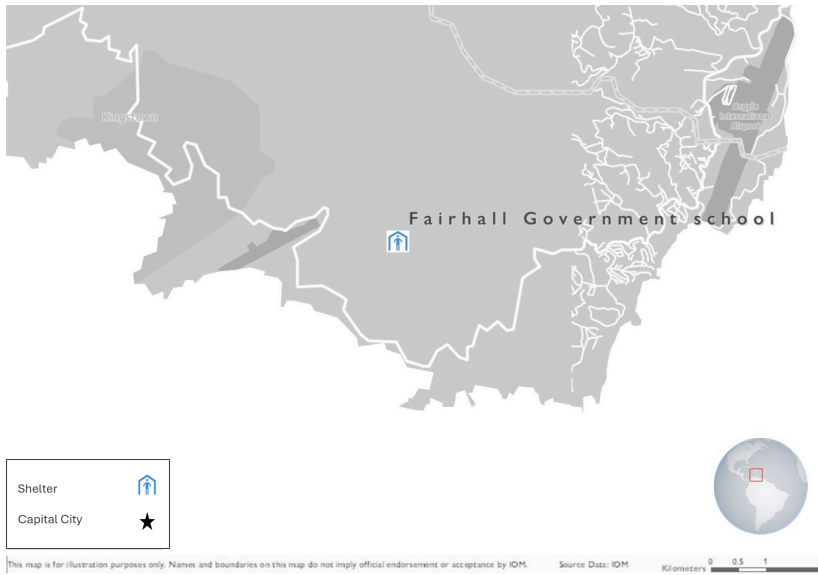
- Displacement sites are perceived not to be safe
- Lack of gender segregated bathing facilities
- Lack of gender segregated latrines
- Lack of lighting
- Lack of privacy inside shelter (no partitions, no doors)
- Shelters are too small / not enough space for entire households

Priority needs



1st	2nd	3rd
Communication	Health	Education

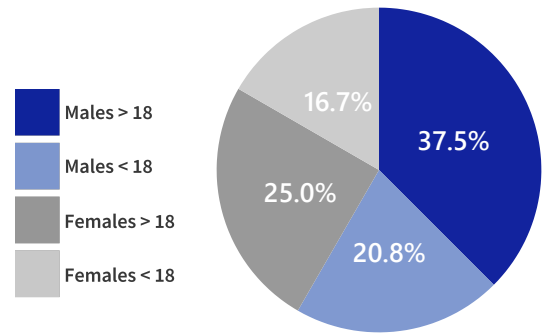
Map 1. Location of Shelter



Demographic profile

Total people

48



Perception about level of building damage in the community



Not sure

Basic services



Cell network for calls / SMS



Fully functional

Electricity services



	Before event	After event
Electricity services	Functional (8+ hours per day)	Functional (8+ hours per day)

Shelter needs



- Generator
- Basic electrical items (wiring, switches, sockets)
- Timber
- Roofing materials
- Windows / window frames

Population and displacement



Residents staying in their pre-crisis homes



No

Displaced from the same community (not able to stay in their pre-crisis homes)



Yes

Displaced from a different community



Yes

Percent of houses damaged



Completely destroyed	0
Severely damaged and inhabitable, structurally unsound	0
Significant damage but habitable, structurally sound	10
Minor damage	25
No damage	65

Challenges in displaced sites



Challenges

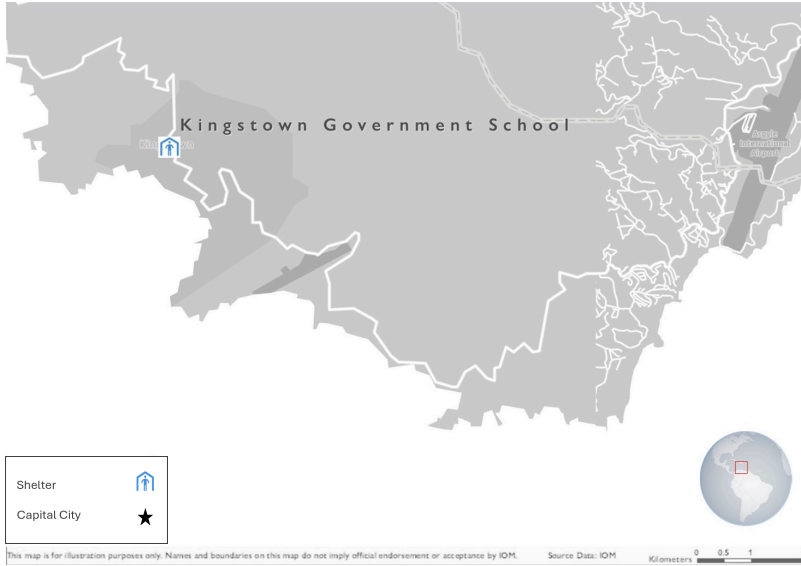
- Lack of privacy inside shelter (no partitions, no doors)
- Leaking during rain

Priority needs



	1st	2nd	3rd
Search and rescue			
Sanitation and hygiene			
Shelter			

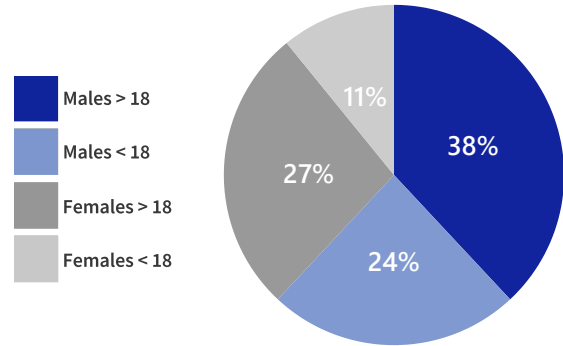
Map 1. Location of Shelter



Demographic profile

Total people

92



Perception about level of building damage in the community



Not sure

Basic services



Cell network for calls / SMS



Fully functional

Electricity services



	Before event	After event
Electricity services	DOES NOT APPLY	Not functional

Shelter needs



- Timber
- Basic tools (hammer, screwdriver, wrenches)
- Roofing materials
- Doors / doorframes
- Windows / window frames

Population and displacement



Residents staying in their pre-crisis homes



No

Displaced from the same community (not able to stay in their pre-crisis homes)



No

Displaced from a different community



Yes

Percent of houses damaged



Completely destroyed	Not sure
Severely damaged and inhabitable, structurally unsound	Not sure
Significant damage but habitable, structurally sound	Not sure
Minor damage	Not sure
No damage	Not sure

Challenges in displaced sites



Challenges

- Displacement sites are perceived not to be safe
- Lack of information available
- Lack of privacy inside shelter (no partitions, no doors)
- No feedback or complaint mechanism
- No potable water supply within walking distance

Priority needs



	1st	2nd	3rd
Water		Sanitation and hygiene	(Blank)